

ASSIGNMENT 4

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Course: BTech CSE
(Data Science)

Task 1: Batch Processing Simulation (Python)

Write a Python script to execute multiple .py files sequentially, mimicking batch processing.

CODE

```
File Actions Edit View Help
GNU nano 8.0
import subprocess
import os

def batch_process(files):
    print("Starting Batch Processing ... \n")

    for file in files:
        if os.path.exists(file):
            print(f"Executing: {file}")
            result = subprocess.run(["python3", file])
            print(f"Finished: {file}\n")
        else:
            print(f"File not found: {file}")

    print("Batch Processing Complete.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Add the Python files you want to execute in sequence
    files_to_run = [
        "task1.py",
        "task2.py",
        "task3.py"
    ]
    batch_process(files_to_run)
```

OUTPUT

```
File Actions Edit View Help
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nano batch_processor.py

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ python3 batch_processor.py
Starting Batch Processing ...

File not found: task1.py
File not found: task2.py
File not found: task3.py
Batch Processing Complete.
```

Task 2: System Startup and Logging

Simulate system startup using Python by creating multiple processes and logging their start and end into a log file.

CODE

```
GNU nano 8.0
import multiprocessing
import logging

logging.basicConfig(
    filename="system_startup.log",
    level=logging.INFO,
    format"%(asctime)s - %(processName)s - %(message)s"
) File System

def service_task(service_name):
    logging.info(f"{service_name} STARTED")
    time.sleep(2) # Simulate work
    logging.info(f"{service_name} STOPPED")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Starting system boot ...")

    services = ["Network Manager", "Disk Manager", "User Authenticator"]
    processes = []

    for service in services:
        p = multiprocessing.Process(target=service_task, args=(service,))
        processes.append(p)
        p.start()

    for p in processes:
        p.join()

    print("System startup complete. Check system_startup.log for details.")
```

OUTPUT

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nano system_startup.py

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ python3 system_startup.py
Starting system boot ...
System startup complete. Check system_startup.log for details.

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ cat system_startup.log
2025-11-22 04:50:57,691 - Process-1 - Network Manager STARTED
2025-11-22 04:50:57,699 - Process-3 - User Authenticator STARTED
2025-11-22 04:50:57,698 - Process-2 - Disk Manager STARTED
2025-11-22 04:56:09,179 - Process-1 - Network Manager STARTED
2025-11-22 04:56:09,183 - Process-2 - Disk Manager STARTED
2025-11-22 04:56:09,185 - Process-3 - User Authenticator STARTED
2025-11-22 04:56:11,181 - Process-1 - Network Manager STOPPED
2025-11-22 04:56:11,184 - Process-2 - Disk Manager STOPPED
2025-11-22 04:56:11,187 - Process-3 - User Authenticator STOPPED
```

Task 3: System Calls and IPC (Python - fork, exec, pipe)

Use system calls (fork(), exec(), wait()) and implement basic Inter-Process Communication using pipes in C or Python.

- **ipc_pipe_fork.py** : parent and child communicate via an anonymous pipe (os.pipe + os.fork).

CODE

```
File Actions Edit View Help
GNU nano 8.0
import os

def main():
    r, w = os.pipe()

    pid = os.fork()

    if pid > 0:
        os.close(r)
        message = b"Hello from Parent Process!"
        os.write(w, message)
        os.close(w)
        os.wait()
        print("Parent: Child process finished.")
    else:
        os.close(w)
        data = os.read(r, 1024)
        os.close(r)
        print(f"Child received: {data.decode()}")
        print("Child now executing ls -l using exec()")
        os.execvp("ls", ["ls", "-l"])

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

OUTPUT

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nano ipc_pipe_fork.py

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ python3 ipc_pipe_fork.py
Child received: Hello from Parent Process!
Child now executing ls -l using exec()
total 96
drwxrwxr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Nov 20 08:15 assignment_2
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 598 Nov 22 04:40 batch_processor.py
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 21 2024 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 21 2024 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 22 2024 Downloads
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 1150 Nov 20 09:00 fcfs.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 531 Nov 22 05:02 ipc_pipe_fork.py
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 21 2024 Music
drwxrwxr-x 3 kali kali 4096 Nov 20 08:24 os_simulation
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Nov 20 09:00 Pictures
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 198 Nov 20 08:21 'process_task.py '
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 21 2024 Public
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 1739 Nov 20 09:24 round_robin.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 1293 Nov 20 09:06 sjf.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 558 Nov 22 04:56 system_startup.log
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 774 Nov 22 04:56 system_startup.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 763 Oct 6 00:15 task1_fork.py
-rw————— 1 kali kali 937 Oct 6 00:09 task1_fork.py.save
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 965 Oct 6 00:20 task2_exec.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 1392 Oct 6 00:27 task3_zombie_orphan.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 1767 Oct 6 00:32 task4_proc_inspect.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 kali kali 1456 Oct 6 00:41 task5_priority.py
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 21 2024 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 kali kali 4096 Aug 21 2024 Videos
Parent: Child process finished.
```

- **exec_with_pipe.py**: parent creates pipe, forks, child os.execvp() to run grep (or cat) and parent writes into pipe.

CODE



```
File Actions Edit View Help
GNU nano 8.0
import os
import sys

def main():
    r, w = os.pipe()
    pid = os.fork()
    if pid == 0:
        os.close(w)
        os.dup2(r, 0)
        os.close(r)
        os.execvp("grep", ["grep", "hello"])
    else:
        os.close(r)
        message = b"hello world from parent\nthis line does not match\nanother hello line\n"
        os.write(w, message)
        os.close(w)
        os.wait()
        print("Parent: Child finished grep execution.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

OUTPUT



```
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nano exec_with_pipe.py

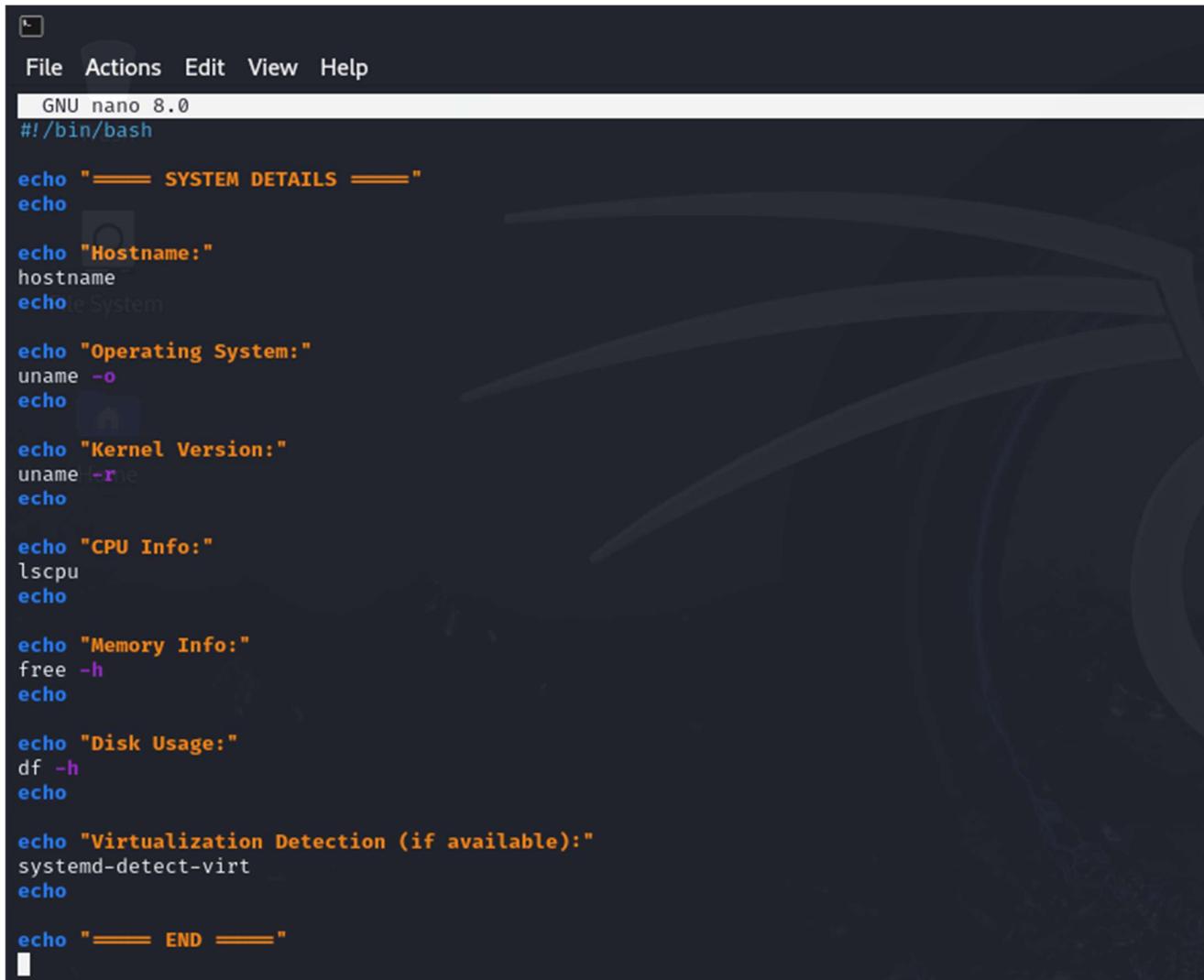
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ python3 exec_with_pipe.py
hello world from parent
another hello line
Parent: Child finished grep execution.
```

Task 4: VM Detection and Shell Interaction

Create a shell script to print system details and a Python script to detect if the system is running inside a virtual machine.

- Shell script to print system details

CODE



The screenshot shows a terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. At the top, there's a menu bar with "File", "Actions", "Edit", "View", and "Help". Below the menu, it says "GNU nano 8.0" and "#!/bin/bash". The main content of the terminal is a shell script that prints various system details:

```
GNU nano 8.0
#!/bin/bash

echo "==== SYSTEM DETAILS ===="
echo

echo "Hostname:"
hostname
echo System

echo "Operating System:"
uname -o
echo

echo "Kernel Version:"
uname -r
echo

echo "CPU Info:"
lscpu
echo

echo "Memory Info:"
free -h
echo

echo "Disk Usage:"
df -h
echo

echo "Virtualization Detection (if available):"
systemd-detect-virt
echo

echo "==== END ===="
```

OUTPUT

```
[kali㉿kali) ~]
$ nano system_details.sh
[kali㉿kali) ~]
$ chmod +x system_details.sh
[kali㉿kali) ~]
$ ./system_details.sh
== SYSTEM DETAILS ==
Hostname: kali
Operating System: GNU/Linux
Kernel Version: 6.6.15-0~mdv64

CPU Info:
Architecture: x86_64
CPU op-mode(s): 32-bit, 64-bit
Address sizes: 40 bits physical, 48 bits virtual
Byte Order: Little Endian
CPU(s): 4
On-line CPU(s) list: 0-3
Vendor ID: GenuineIntel
Model Name: 12th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-1255U
CPU Family: 6
Model: 154
Threads per core: 1
Core(s) per socket: 2
Socket(s): 2
Stepping: 4
BogomIPS: 5222.40
Flags: fpu vme de pse tsc msr pae mce cx8 apic sep mtrr pge mca cmov pat pse36 clflush nmx fxsr sse sse2 ss ht syscall nx rdtscp lm constant_tsc arch_perfmon nopl tsc_reliable nonstop_tsc cpuid tsc_known_freq pni pclmulqdq ssse3 fma cx16 sse4_1 sse4_2 movbe popcnt aes xsave avx hypervisor lahf_lm 3dnowprefetch pt1 arat

Virtualization features:
Hypervisor vendor: VMware
Virtualization type: full
Cores (sum of all):
L1d: 192 KiB (4 instances)
L1i: 128 KiB (4 instances)
L2: 5 MiB (4 instances)
L3: 24 MiB (2 instances)
```

```
NUMA:
NUMA node(s): 1
NUMA node0 CPU(s): 0-3
Vulnerabilities:
Gather data sampling: Not affected
Itlb multihit: KVM: Mitigation: VMX unsupported
L1tf: Mitigation; PTE Inversion
Mds: Vulnerable: Clear CPU buffers attempted, no microcode; SMT Host state unknown
Meltdown: Mitigation; PTI
Mmio stale data: Not affected
Retbleed: Not affected
Spec rstack overflow: Not affected
Spec store bypass: Vulnerable
Spectre v1: Mitigation; usercopy/swaps barriers and __user pointer sanitization
Spectre v2: Mitigation; Retpolines, STIBP disabled, RSB filling, PBRSB-eIBRS Not affected
Srbds: Not affected
Tsx async abort: Not affected

Memory Info:
total        used         free      shared   buff/cache    available
Mem:   1.9Gi     817Mi     829Mi      7.6Mi     471Mi     1.1Gi
Swap:  1.0Gi       0B     1.0Gi

Disk Usage:
Filesystem  Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
udev        943M   0  943M  0% /dev
tmpfs       197M  1.3M 196M  1% /run
/dev/sda1    79G   26  54G  29% /
tmpfs       984M   0  984M  0% /dev/shm
tmpfs       5.0M   0  5.0M  0% /run/lock
tmpfs      197M  128K 197M  1% /run/user/1000

Virtualization Detection (if available):
vmware

== END ==
```

- Python script to detect VM: detect_vm.py

CODE

```

File Actions Edit View Help                               kali@kali: ~
GNU nano 8.0                                         detect_vm.py *
import subprocess

def check_systemd_virt():
    try:
        output = subprocess.check_output(["systemctl-detect-virt"], text=True).strip()
        return output
    except:
        return "unknown"

def check_dmi_field(field):
    try:
        with open(f"/sys/class/dmi/id/{field}", "r") as f:
            return f.read().strip()
    except:
        return "unknown"

def check_cpu_flags():
    try:
        with open("/proc/cpuinfo", "r") as f:
            data = f.read()
            if "hypervisor" in data:
                return True
            else:
                return False
    except:
        return False

def detect_vm():
    print("==== VM Detection ====\n")

    systemd = check_systemd_virt()
    print("systemd-detect-virt:", systemd)

    bios_vendor = check_dmi_field("bios_vendor")
    product = check_dmi_field("product_name")
    print("BIOS Vendor:", bios_vendor)
    print("Product Name:", product)

    hypervisor_flag = check_cpu_flags()
    print("CPU Hypervisor Flag:", hypervisor_flag)

    vm_keywords = ["vmware", "virtualbox", "qemu", "kvm", "hyper-v", "xen"]
    combined = (bios_vendor + " " + product).lower()

detected = "Yes" if any(k in combined for k in vm_keywords) or hypervisor_flag else "No"
print("\nRunning Inside VM:", detected)

print("\n==== END ====")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    detect_vm()

```

OUTPUT

```

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nano detect_vm.py

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ python3 detect_vm.py
==== VM Detection ====

systemd-detect-virt: vmware
BIOS Vendor: Phoenix Technologies LTD
Product Name: VMware Virtual Platform
CPU Hypervisor Flag: True

Running Inside VM: Yes

==== END ====

```