

# Extra Long Factorials



The *factorial* of the integer  $n$ , written  $n!$ , is defined as:

$$n! = n \times (n - 1) \times (n - 2) \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

Calculate and print the factorial of a given integer.

For example, if  $n = 30$ , we calculate  $30 \times 29 \times 28 \times \cdots \times 2 \times 1$  and get **265252859812191058636308480000000**.

## Function Description

Complete the *extraLongFactorials* function in the editor below. It should print the result and return.

*extraLongFactorials* has the following parameter(s):

- $n$ : an integer

**Note:** Factorials of  $n > 20$  can't be stored even in a **64-bit** long long variable. Big integers must be used for such calculations. Languages like Java, Python, Ruby etc. can handle big integers, but we need to write additional code in C/C++ to handle huge values.

We recommend solving this challenge using BigIntegers.

## Input Format

Input consists of a single integer  $n$

## Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 100$$

## Output Format

Print the factorial of  $n$ .

## Sample Input

25

## Sample Output

15511210043330985984000000

## Explanation

$$25! = 25 \times 24 \times 23 \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$