

COMS 3110: Homework 5
Due: August 5th, 11:59pm
Total Points: 75

Submission format. Homework solutions will have to be typed. You can use word, LaTeX, or any other type-setting tool to type your solution. Your submission file should be in pdf format. Do **NOT** submit a photocopy of handwritten homework except for diagrams that can be hand-drawn and scanned. We reserve the right **NOT** to grade homework that does not follow the formatting requirements. Name your submission file: `<Your-net-id>-3110-hw5.pdf`. For instance, if your netid is `asterix`, then your submission file will be named `asterix-3110-hw5.pdf`. Each student must hand in their own assignment. If you discussed the homework or solutions with others, a list of collaborators must be included with each submission. Each of the collaborators has to write the solutions in their own words (copies are not allowed).

General Requirements

- When proofs are required, do your best to make them both clear and rigorous. Even when proofs are not required, you should justify your answers and explain your work.
- When asked to present a construction, you should show the correctness of the construction.

Some Useful (in)equalities

- $\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
 - $\sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$
 - $2^{\log_2 n} = n$, $a^{\log_b n} = n^{\log_b a}$, $n^{n/2} \leq n! \leq n^n$, $\log x^a = a \log x$
 - $\log(a \times b) = \log a + \log b$, $\log(a/b) = \log a - \log b$
 - $a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1} = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1}$
 - $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n} = 2(1 - \frac{1}{2^{n+1}})$
 - $1 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2^n = 2^{n+1} - 1$
-

1. **(20 points)** Design an efficient algorithm to solve the following problem. The algorithm that takes input the undirected graph $G = (V, E)$, weight function $w : E \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$, a minimum spanning tree $T \subseteq E$ with respect to w , an edge $\eta \in T$, and a number $\alpha \in \mathbb{N}$. It should compute and return a minimum spanning tree T' of G with respect to the weight function $w' : E \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ where

$$w'(e) = \begin{cases} w(e) & e \neq \eta \\ w(e) + \alpha & e = \eta \end{cases}$$

Analyze the runtime of your algorithm.

2. **(25 points)** Solve the following recurrence equations using the recurrence tree method. You must show the table as seen in lecture, but you do not need to draw a picture of the tree.

(a)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} T(n/5) + cn & (n > 1) \\ 1 & (n = 1) \end{cases}$$

(b)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 16T(n/2) + n^3 & (n > 1) \\ 1 & (n = 1) \end{cases}$$

3. **(30 points)** You're playing a game, and your character regularly encounters the following puzzle:

The character is placed in the northwest corner of a $M \times N$ grid, room $0, 0$. All of the rooms in the southernmost row, $M - 1$, have ladders allowing him to escape. Each room in the grid has a one-way door to each room directly south, east, and southeast of it. To pass through one of these doors, the character must pay a fee. These fees are 3 credits for a south door, 2 for a southeast door, and 1 for an east door. Each room in the grid also has a chest that can be opened without cost, awarding the character between 0 and 10 credits.

- (a) Give a recurrence relation that describes the optimal solution to the puzzle. The optimal solution is one that gets the character to an exit room with the greatest possible amount of credits.
- (b) Sometimes, your character is granted foreknowledge of the credits hidden in each room's chest. Design an efficient dynamic programming algorithm that takes as input C , the $M \times N$ table of credits, and returns the optimal escape route.
- (c) Analyze the worst-case runtime of your algorithm.