Started on	Tuesday, 29 April 2025, 10:16 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 29 April 2025, 10:34 AM
Time taken	17 mins 51 secs
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a python program to find the maximum contiguous subarray.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
maxSubArraySum(a,n)	8	Maximum contiguous sum is 7
	-2	
	-3	
	4	
	-1	
	-2	
	1	
	5	
	-3	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 

def maxSubArraySum(a,size):
       2
3
       max_till_now = a[0]
       max_ending = 0
4
5
       for i in range(0, size):
           max_ending = max_ending + a[i]
6
7
           if max_ending < 0:</pre>
8
              max_ending = 0
           elif (max_till_now < max_ending):</pre>
9
              max_till_now = max_ending
10
11
       return max_till_now
12
   n=int(input())
13
   a = [] #[-2, -3, 4, -1, -2, 1, 5, -3]
14 v for i in range(n):
15
       a.append(int(input()))
   print("Maximum contiguous sum is", maxSubArraySum(a,n))
16
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	maxSubArraySum(a,n)	8 -2 -3 4 -1 -2 1 5 -3	Maximum contiguous sum is 7	Maximum contiguous sum is 7	~
~	maxSubArraySum(a,n)	5 1 -2 -3 4 5	Maximum contiguous sum is 9	Maximum contiguous sum is 9	~

Marks for this submission	on: 20.00/20.00.		

```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Create a python program to find Minimum number of jumps to reach end of the array using naive method(recursion) using float values

For example:

Test	Input	Result
minJumps(arr, 0, n-1)	6	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2
	2.3	
	7.4	
	6.3	
	1.5	
	8.2	
	0.1	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 def minJumps(arr, 1, h):
        if (h == 1):
 2
 3
            return 0
4
        if (arr[1] == 0):
            return float('inf')
 5
        min = float('inf')
 6
 7
        for i in range(l + 1, h + 1):
            if (i < 1 + arr[1] + 1):</pre>
 8
                jumps = minJumps(arr, i, h)
9
                if (jumps != float('inf') and
10
11 ,
                           jumps + 1 < min):
12
                    min = jumps + 1
13
        return min
   arr = []
14
   n = int(input())
15
16 v for i in range(n):
        arr.append(float(input()))
17
   print('Minimum number of jumps to reach','end is', minJumps(arr, 0, n-1))
18
19
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	minJumps(arr, 0, n- 1)	6 2.3 7.4 6.3 1.5 8.2 0.1	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	~
~	minJumps(arr, 0, n-1)	10 3.2 3.2 5 6.2 4.9 1.2 5.0 7.3 4.6 6.2	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **3**Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to find the length of longest common subsequence using naive recursive method

For example:

Input	Result
AGGTAB GXTXAYB	Length of LCS is 4

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v def lcs(x,y,m,n):
2 ,
        if m==0 or n==0:
 3
            return 0
4
        elif x[m-1]==y[n-1]:
5
           return 1+lcs(x,y,m-1,n-1)
 6
        else:
            return max(lcs(x,y,m,n-1),lcs(x,y,m-1,n))
7
8
   X = input()
9
   Y = input()
    print ("Length of LCS is ", lcs(X , Y, len(X), len(Y)) )
10
11
12
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	AGGTAB GXTXAYB	Length of LCS is 4	Length of LCS is 4	~
~	saveetha engineering	Length of LCS is 2	Length of LCS is 2	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a Python program using A Naive recursive implementation of Minimum Cost Path Problem.

For example:

Input	Result
3	8
3	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
R = int(input())
2
   C = int(input())
3
   import sys
4
   def minCost(cost, m, n):
       5
       if (n < 0 or m < 0):</pre>
6
7
           return sys.maxsize
       elif (m == 0 and n == 0):
8
9
          return cost[m][n]
10 🔻
       else:
11
           return cost[m][n] + min( minCost(cost, m-1, n-1),
12
                                  minCost(cost, m-1, n),
                                 minCost(cost, m, n-1) )
13
   def min(x, y, z):
14 🔻
15
       if (x < y):
           return x if (x < z) else z
16
17
18
           return y if (y < z) else z
   cost= [ [1, 2, 3], [4, 8, 2],
19
20
21
           [1, 5, 3]]
   print(minCost(cost, R-1, C-1))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	8	8	~

Passed all tests! 🗸



Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **5**Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a Dynamic Programming python Implementation of Coin Change Problem.

For example:

Input	Result
3	4
4	
1	
2	
3	
	3 4 1 2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 def count(S, m, n):
        table = [[0 for x in range(m)] for x in range(n+1)]
 2
        for i in range(m):
 3
            table[0][i] = 1
 4
        for i in range(1, n+1):
 5
            for j in range(m):
    x = table[i - S[j]][j] if i-S[j] >= 0 else 0
 6
 7
 8
                y = table[i][j-1] if j >= 1 else 0
9
                table[i][j] = x + y
10
        return table[n][m-1]
11
   arr = []
   m = int(input())
12
13  n = int(input())
14 v for i in range(m):
        arr.append(int(input()))
15
16 print(count(arr, m, n))
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	count(arr, m, n)	3 4 1 2 3	4	4	*
~	count(arr, m, n)	3 16 1 2 5	20	20	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.