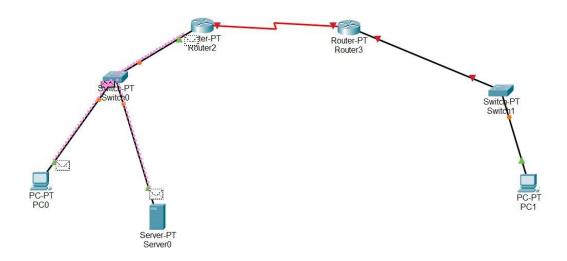
| <b>EX NO: 7</b> | <b>Examining Network Address Translation (NAT) using Cisco Packet</b> |
|-----------------|---|
| DATE:27.08.24   | Tracer  |

#### Aim:

To Examine Network Address Translation (NAT) using Cisco Packet Tracer

## 1. Setting Up the Network Topology

- Devices Required:
  - 1. Two PCs (for testing connectivity)
  - 2. Two router (to configure NAT)
  - 3. Two switch (to connect the PCs and the router)
  - 4. One server (to simulate an external network, like the internet)



## • Steps:

**1.Place the Devices:** Drag and drop the required devices onto the workspace.

**2.Connect the Devices:** Use the appropriate cables (copper straight-through for PCs to the switch, copper cross-over for switch to router) to connect the devices.

#### 3.Assign IP Addresses:

- Assign private IP addresses (10.10.10.0/20) to the PC1 and the router1 Internal interface.
- Assign a public IP address (50.50.50/30) to the router1 external interface.
- Assign an IP address to the server that simulates an external network (10.10.10.2).
- Assign private IP addresses (20.20.20.0/20) to the PC2 and the router2 Internal interface.
- Assign a public IP address (60.60.60/30) to the router2 external interface.

#### 2. Configuring NAT on the Router

**Steps:** 

**1.Access the Router CLI:** Click on the router and go to the CLI tab.

## 2.Enter Global Configuration Mode:

```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
```

### **3.**Configure Interfaces:

Set up the internal and external interfaces:

```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router (config) #
Router(config) #interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if) #ip nat inside
Router(config-if) #no shutdown
Router (config-if) #
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
Router(config-if) #Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router (config) #
Router(config) #interface FastEthernet1/0
Router(config-if) #ip address 200.0.0.1 255.255.255.252
Router(config-if) #ip nat outside
Router(config-if) #no shutdown
```

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## **Configure NAT Overload (PAT):**

Define an access list to match the internal IP range:

- Configure NAT to translate the internal addresses to the external address.
- This configures PAT (Port Address Translation), which allows multiple internal IPs to share a single external IP.

```
Router(config) #
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #access-list 1 permit 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config) #ip nat inside source list 1 interface fastethernet 0/1 overload
```

## 3. Testing NAT

#### **Steps:**

1. Ping from a PC to the External Network:

From one of the PCs, open the command prompt and try to ping the external server (e.g., ping 200.0.0.2).

2. Verify NAT Translations:

On the router CLI, check the NAT translation table to see the active translations:

```
Router#show ip nat translations
```

#### 3. Observe the Output:

The NAT translation table should show the mapping of the internal private IP addresses to the external public IP.

# 4. Observing the Traffic

• Use the simulation mode in Packet Tracer to visually observe the NAT process as packets move from the internal network to the external network.

# **5. Saving the Configuration**

Don't forget to save the configuration on the router to avoid losing the settings:

```
Router#copy running-config startup-config Destination filename [startup-config]? Building configuration...
[OK]
```

#### **Result:**

Thus, we successfully, we examine network address Translations(NAT) using Cisco Packet Tracer.