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#### IPC USING SHARED MEMORY

#### Aim:

To write a C program to do Inter Process Communication (IPC) using shared memory between sender process and receiver process.

# Algorithm:

## sender

- 1. Set the size of the shared memory segment
- 2. Allocate the shared memory segment using shmget
- 3. Attach the shared memory segment using shmat
- 4. Write a string to the shared memory segment using sprintf
- 5. Set delay using sleep
- 6. Detach shared memory segment using shmdt

#### receiver

- 1. Set the size of the shared memory segment
- 2. Allocate the shared memory segment using shmget
- 3. Attach the shared memory segment using shmat
- 4. Print the shared memory contents sent by the sender process.
- 5. Detach shared memory segment using shmdt

## **Program Code:**

### sender.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define SHM_SIZE 1024 // Shared memory size
#define FLAG_EMPTY 0 // Indicates shared memory is empty
#define FLAG_FULL 1 // Indicates shared memory is full
#define ARRAY_SIZE 5 // Number of integers to send
typedef struct {
    int status; // Flag to indicate status (empty/full)
    int data[ARRAY_SIZE]; // Array of numbers
```

```
} SharedMemory;
int main() {
       int shmid;
       SharedMemory *shm_ptr;
       key_t key = 1234; // Shared memory key
       // Step 1: Create or get the shared memory segment
       shmid = shmget(key, sizeof(SharedMemory), 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
       if (shmid == -1) {
       perror("shmget failed");
       exit(1);
       }
       // Step 2: Attach shared memory
       shm_ptr = (SharedMemory *)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
       if (shm_ptr == (SharedMemory *)(-1)) {
       perror("shmat failed");
       exit(1);
       // Step 3: Check if buffer is full
       if (shm_ptr->status == FLAG_FULL) {
       printf("Error: Shared memory buffer is full. Please wait for receiver to read it.\n");
       } else {
       // Step 4: Get user input for numbers
       printf("Enter %d numbers to send: ", ARRAY_SIZE);
       for (int i = 0; i < ARRAY\_SIZE; i++) {
       scanf("%d", &shm_ptr->data[i]);
       shm_ptr->status = FLAG_FULL; // Mark buffer as full
       printf("Sender: Numbers sent successfully.\n");
       // Step 5: Detach shared memory
       if (shmdt(shm_ptr) == -1) {
       perror("shmdt failed");
       exit(1);
       return 0;
}
```

## receiver.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define SHM_SIZE 1024
#define FLAG EMPTY 0
#define FLAG FULL 1
#define ARRAY_SIZE 5 // Number of integers to receive
typedef struct {
       int status;
       int data[ARRAY_SIZE];
} SharedMemory;
int main() {
       int shmid;
       SharedMemory *shm_ptr;
       key_t key = 1234;
      // Step 1: Get shared memory segment
       shmid = shmget(key, sizeof(SharedMemory), 0666);
       if (shmid == -1) {
       perror("shmget failed");
       exit(1);
       // Step 2: Attach shared memory
       shm_ptr = (SharedMemory *)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
       if (shm_ptr == (SharedMemory *)(-1)) {
       perror("shmat failed");
       exit(1);
       }
       // Step 3: Check if sender has written data
       if (shm_ptr->status == FLAG_EMPTY) {
       printf("Error: No numbers available. Sender has not written anything.\n");
       } else {
       // Step 4: Read and display numbers
       printf("Receiver: Received numbers - ");
       for (int i = 0; i < ARRAY\_SIZE; i++) {
       printf("%d", shm_ptr->data[i]);
       }
```

```
printf("\n");
shm_ptr->status = FLAG_EMPTY; // Mark buffer as empty
}
// Step 5: Detach shared memory
if (shmdt(shm_ptr) == -1) {
    perror("shmdt failed");
    exit(1);
}
return 0;
}
```

# **Sample Output:**

```
-(student⊕kali)-[~]
 _$ vi producer.c
   -(student⊗kali)-[~]
 _$ gcc producer.c -o producer
__(student⊗ kali)-[~]
$ ./producer
Enter 5 numbers to send: 1 2 3 4 5
Sender: Numbers sent successfully.
 —(student⊛kali)-[~]
Enter 5 numbers to send:
^c
 —(student⊛kali)-[~]
—$ ./producer
Enter 5 numbers to send: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Sender: Numbers sent successfully.
   -(student⊛kali)-[~]
 __(student)
_$ ./producer
Enter 5 numbers to send: 1 2 3 4 5
Sender: Numbers sent successfully.
Error: Shared memory buffer is full. Please wait for receiver to read it.
```

```
(student® kali)-[~]
$ vi consumer.c

(student® kali)-[~]
$ gcc consumer.c -0 consumer

(student® kali)-[~]
$ ./consumer

Receiver: Received numbers - 1 2 3 4 5

(student® kali)-[~]
$ ./consumer

Error: No numbers available. Sender has not written anything.
```

# **Result:**

Hence, IPC using Shared Memory is executed successfully