

# Replicate Replicate - How You Can Take Part

Intro session: Why replication? How is it done?
Where to find replication material?
Philosophy of Economics Working Group
September 8, 2022

Gustavo A. Castillo Alvarez (Universidad de los Andes)
Jan H. Höffler (ReplicationWiki)
Diana Soeiro (ISCTE-University Institute of Lisbon)



# **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature



## **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- 6 Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature





• The Institute for New Economic Thinking (INET): started after global financial crisis





- The Institute for New Economic Thinking (INET): started after global financial crisis
- Young Scholars Initiative (YSI)







- The Institute for New Economic Thinking (INET): started after global financial crisis
- Young Scholars Initiative (YSI)
- Working groups with regional or thematic focus





- The Institute for New Economic Thinking (INET): started after global financial crisis
- Young Scholars Initiative (YSI)
- Working groups with regional or thematic focus
- Philosophy of Economics group has (co-)organized for example groups for Discussion & Presentation, Writing, Peer Review, on Feminist Epistemology, workshops, and participated in events like the Turin Festival of Economics









#### **INET and YSI**







Founded in the wake of the 2009 global financial crisis, the Institute for New Economic Thinking (INET) systematically conducts and publishes research that aims to update the discipline of Economics by privileging equality and distribution, diversity, history, independence from powerful interests and a multidisciplinary approach.

Young Scholars Initiative (YSI) is a network of young scholars that facilitates the exchange of information and knowledge, individual collaborations and institutional partnerships.





#### **INET and YSI**







In 2013, it launched the "Curriculum Open-access Resources in Economics", the CORE curriculum project, providing a new approach to the design, content and way of teaching the core economics curriculum for undergraduates, by incorporating advances in economics research over the past three decades, lessons from economic history, and the comparative experience of different countries.













#### Favouring a pluralist education (e.g. Reardon 2009) in Economics:

- Economics can only evolve if future economists are given the tools to think critically about the discipline
- There is a lack of training in critical thinking in Economics undergraduate degrees, i.e. absolute and undisputable facts
- The situation represents one of the main obstacles that prevent undergraduate and master students from using their skills to replicate (often throughout their careers)









The premise is that just like other sciences,

Economics "should confront its proposed explanations with systematic testing using evidence from history, experiments, and data" (Johnson 2013).







# The role of replication in Economics and other social sciences

context and volume

# The role of replication in Economics and other social sciences



Between 1665 and 2009, more than 50 million of scholarly articles were published

In the 1990s, there were around 1 million articles published per year

### In 2007 it increased to 1.4 million

Between 1985 and 2009 the annual output for articles doubled showing the rapid increase of scientific output worldwide (Jinha 2010)

Q: Is all published content scientifically relevant?

Q: Does quantity stand for quality?

Replication plays a pivotal role in any scientific area, including in Economics and other social sciences





# What is the relation between Philosophy of Economics and replication?



#### **PHILOSOPHY ECONOMICS**

THEORY: POSITIVE:

epistemology descriptive

philosophy of science explanatory analysis of what is: 'facts'

metaphysics

PRACTICE: NORMATIVE:

aesthetics evaluative

analysis of ethics

political philosophy what ought to be: 'values'





In Philosophy of Economics boundaries blur between both disciplines being about critically assessing and reframing Economics' epistemological (HOW) and ontological foundations (WHAT and WHY) with relevant topics including methodology, values, causation, evidence, rationality and interaction (Heilmann and Reiss 2022).

Recent systematic replication projects for experimental findings in Psychology, Medicine, and Economics, revealed a disappointingly low replication rate in all featured disciplines (Peden and Sprenger, 2022).

Research methods are sometimes questionable (using a selective reporting of results, adding covariates, or eliminating outliers) in order to obtain a significant (and therefore publishable) finding. Other times, when significance tests are conducted, they lead to a depreciation of nonsignificant findings (even if methodologically they are sound) (Peden and Sprenger, 2022).







Replication goes beyond methodology and it is useful to evaluate not only the correct use of a given methodology but also its' scientific relevance and technical adequacy to answer a specific research question.

It often requires taking simultaneously a *theoretical, practical, positive and normative approach*, being closely related to the realm of Philosophy of Economics (Heilmann and Reiss 2022).







- Lectures by replication experts with live QA sessions
- Replication in Economics and other social sciences
- Participants from all levels are encouraged to participate and work on a proposed replication plan
- The Webinar's materials will be freely available to instructors

#### Organized by:

- Gustavo A. Castillo Alvarez (Universidad de los Andes)
- Jan H. Höffler (ReplicationWiki)
- Diana Soeiro (ISCTE-University Institute of Lisbon)







# **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature



#### Personal Motivation: Gustavo



- Best methods for empirical work?
- The need to use real data in undergrad courses, "truer" than simulations
- My first laboratory experiment and my first webinar on replication
- Statistical significance, "stargazing" \*\*\*
- A professor's (Andrés Moya, Univ. de los Andes) presentation on a failure to replicate a study on dishonesty (Dan Ariely's, et al. 2012 PNAS study)









#### **Personal Motivation: Diana**



- Background in Philosophy-Economics-Public Policy and work in the realm of Cities and Spatial Planning
- Replication in science assures that results are reliable and trustworthy
- Because it is impossible to be knowledgeable in every relevant scientific field, replication is crucial to validate scientific results that are used to inform public policy
- Key questions to be discussed in the webinar are:
  - How to choose an article or a study to replicate?
  - Which approaches can you take to replicate, which protocol to follow to assure you replicate well,
  - What obstacles can you expect to find and how to overcome them?
  - What is a successful replication and how to publish one?





### **Personal Motivation: Jan**



- first PhD supervisor pointed me to topic
- gave first seminars
- former professor of mine had been editor for pivotal article (Hamermesh 2007)
- first research I was working on did not seem replicable to me
- read about Institute for New Economic Thinking's grants
- suggested wiki collecting replications as grassroots activity









Thomas and Jan in San Francisco





# **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature



R

• learning about new methods, data sources







- learning about new methods, data sources
- critical thinking







- learning about new methods, data sources
- critical thinking
- make an own contribution: build on published findings, question them, detect errors, test robustness and generalizability





Working Group Philosophy of Economics Personal Motivations Why replication? How to replicate? Where to find replication material? Technical instruction

# Why replication?



- learning about new methods, data sources
- critical thinking
- make an own contribution: build on published findings, question them, detect errors, test robustness and generalizability



Carmen M. Reinhart World Economic Forum Flickr CC-BY-NC-SA 2.0



The New Hork Times

A Study That Set the Tone for Austerity Is Challenged

BY ANNIE LOWREY APRIL 16, 2013 2:36 PM

Source



Thomas Herndon Thomas Herndon CC-BY-SA 3.0









- learning about new methods, data sources
- critical thinking
- make an own contribution: build on published findings, question them, detect errors, test robustness and generalizability CLICK
- incentivize discussion, introduce more diverse perspectives to economics (dominated by researchers based in the US working with US data)







- learning about new methods, data sources
- critical thinking
- make an own contribution: build on published findings, question them, detect errors, test robustness and generalizability CLICK
- incentivize discussion, introduce more diverse perspectives to economics (dominated by researchers based in the US working with US data)
- When using different methodology or different data, no surprise that outcomes can be different, doesn't invalidate original research





# **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature



# How to replicate?



#### Narrow sense

rerun original studies' data & code: check results and **learn** how they are produced

should always be the first step if possible sounds easy, often isn't, even with available data & code plus: data can be proprietary or sensitive, not all hard- and/or software available to all researchers











### Narrow sense

rerun original studies' data & code: check results and learn how they are produced

should always be the first step if possible sounds easy, often isn't, even with available data & code plus: data can be proprietary or sensitive, not all hard- and/or software available to all researchers

#### Wider sense

updating or using entirely new data or methods to check for robustness and/or generalizability

replication can help to overcome the incentive to preferably publish "significant" results

Do results still hold in different contexts like time periods or countries?







# How to replicate?



## Prepare a preanalysis plan:

What are your hypotheses and how do you want to test them?







Working Group Philosophy of Economics Personal Motivations Why replication? How to replicate? Where to find replication material? Technical instruction

# Replication examples



Johnson et al *Journal of Monetary Economics* 2013 showed different versions of the Penn World Table lead to significantly different results in a number of studies

Bold & Broer *Journal of the European Economic Association* 2021 used data to empirically test the conclusions of a theoretical paper

Chang & Li *Critical Finance Review* 2022 replicated several dozen studies on US growth from top journals and describe the challenges they encountered

#### resistance from authors of original studies & editors

- editors of the Journal of Political Economy repeatedly blocked the publication of replications even when studies contained clear errors (Häring 2008, Klasen 2008), also Econometrica refused to publish a correction (Humphreys 2015)
- Acemoglu et al 2012 entitled working paper for response to replication of their work in American Economic Review: "Hither thou shalt come but no further"
- an editor of the Economic Journal even replied to a correction of a study that had been positively reviewed that they don't publish replications







# **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- 6 Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature





# data & code availability









# data & code availability

often an issue, difficult to detect reasons of deviations from original results if original ones cannot be obtained => but that can be an opportunity!

ReplicationWiki (3 min. video instructions here)









# data & code availability

- ReplicationWiki (3 min. video instructions here)
- Find Economic Articles with Data







# data & code availability

- ReplicationWiki (3 min. video instructions here)
- Find Economic Articles with Data
- journal archives







# data & code availability

- 11 7
- ReplicationWiki (3 min. video instructions here)
- Find Economic Articles with Data
- journal archives
- author websites









# data & code availability

often an issue, difficult to detect reasons of deviations from original results if original ones cannot be obtained

- => but that can be an opportunity!
  - ReplicationWiki (3 min. video instructions here)
  - Find Economic Articles with Data
  - journal archives
  - author websites

## **Most important:**

Search for a topic that you really care for! ♡







# **Outline**



- Working Group Philosophy of Economics
- Personal Motivations
- Why replication?
- 4 How to replicate?
- Where to find replication material?
- Technical instructions for the webinar series
- Literature



#### Instructions for the webinar series



- Check the schedule on the webinar series page and choose which presentations you'd like to participate in.
- Create accounts on the ReplicationWiki and on the YSI platform (both links direct to the pages to create your accounts).
- Watch the pre-recorded video lecture before the live sessions.
- Present your replication preparing a video for the live sessions
- Start a sub-page under the webinar site with your session's information (instructions here):

To prepare your session, link to your replication materials (if you wish to share publicly) *or* just summarize on the page what you have done.

 Participate in live Q & A sessions of your peers (if available) and contribute to discussion pages of your peers at the time of your convenience!







#### In brief...



# Actively engage during the webinar!



Created by ProSymbols

Participation by ProSymbols from Noun Project







#### Literature



- Acemoalu. Daron. Simon Johnson and James A. Robinson (2012), "The Colonial Origins of Comparative Development: An Empirical Investigation: Reply", American Economic Review, 102(6), 3077-3110. DOI: 10.1257/aer.102.6.3077
- Bold, Tessa, Tobias Broer (2021), "Risk Sharing in Village Economies Revisited", Journal of the European Economic Association. 19(6), 3207-3248, DOI: 10.1093/ieea/ivab043
- Chang, Andrew C., Phillip Li (2022), "Is Economics Research Replicable? Sixty Published Papers From Thirteen Journals Say "Often Not,"", Critical Finance Review 11(1), 185-206, DOI: 10.1561/104.00000053
- Häring. Nobert (2008). "No comment, please Steven Levitt blocks an undesired statement", Handelsblatt, June 23
- Hamermesh, Daniel S. (2007), "Viewpoint: Replication in economics", Canadian Journal of Economics, 40(3), 715-33. DOI: 10.1111/i.1365-2966.2007.00428.x
- Heilmann, C. and J. Reiss (2022) "Introduction" in The Routledge Handbook of Philosophy of Economics by C. Heilmann and J. Reiss, Eds. Routledge: New York and London, 1-19.
- Herndon, Thomas, Michael Ash, Robert Pollin (2014), "Does high public debt consistently stifle economic growth? A critique of Reinhart and Rogoff", Cambridge Journal of Economics, 38(2), 257-279. DOI: 10.1093/cje/bet075
- Humphreys, Macartan (2015), "What Has Been Learned from the Deworming Replications: A Nonpartisan View", Columbia University
- Jinha, A.E. (2010) "Article 50 million: an estimate of the number of scholarly articles in existence" Learned publishing 23:3, 258-263. DOI: 10.1087/20100308
- Johnson, Simon, William Larson, Chris Papageorgiou, Arvind Subramanian (2013), "Is newer better? Penn World Table Revisions and their impact on growth estimates", Journal of Monetary Economics, 60(2), 255-74. DOI: 10.1016/j.jmoneco.2012.10.022
- Johnson, R. (2013) "Institute for New Economic Thinking Launches Project to Reform Undergraduate Syllabus" in Institute for New Economic Thinking Website - Education, Nov 10, https://www.ineteconomics.org/perspectives/blog/institute-for-new-economicthinking-launches-project-to-reform-undergraduate-syllabus







#### Literature



- Klasen, Stephan (2008), "Hepatitis B and missing women: The rise and decline of a finding", VoxEU
- Peden, W. and J. Sprenger (2022) "Statistical Significance Testing in Economics" in The Routledge Handbook of Philosophy of Economics by C. Heilmann and J. Reiss, Eds, Routledge: New York and London, 423-432
- Reardon, J. (Ed.) (2009) The Handbook of Pluralist Economics Education, Routledge: London New York.
- RETRACTED: Shu, Lisa L., Nina Mazar, Francesca Gino, Dan Ariely, Max H. Bazerman (2012), "Signing at the beginning makes ethics salient and decreases dishonest self-reports in comparison to signing at the end", PNAS, 109 (38) 15197-15200. DOI: 10.1073/pnas.12097/46109
- Simmonsohn, Uri, Joe Simmons, and Leif Nelson (2021), "Evidence of Fraud in an Influential Field Experiment About Dishonesty", Data Colada blog.
- Webinar series that covers discussion on use of statistical significance for inference: The Statistics Wars and Their Casualties





#### Thank you for your attention!

