

# 11.6 Autoregressive Processes - 1

Monday, February 8, 2021 6:57 PM

$$y_t = \rho_1 y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t +$$

$\downarrow$  MA       $\downarrow \epsilon_t = 0$   
 $\downarrow \text{Var}(\epsilon_t) = \sigma^2$

} AR(1)

$\rho_1 = 1 \rightarrow \text{random walk}$

$y_0$  Fixed start

$$E(y_t) = y_0$$

$$y_t = \rho(y_{t-1} + \epsilon_{t-1}) + \epsilon_t$$

$$y_t = \rho^2 y_{t-2} + \rho \epsilon_{t-1} + \epsilon_t$$

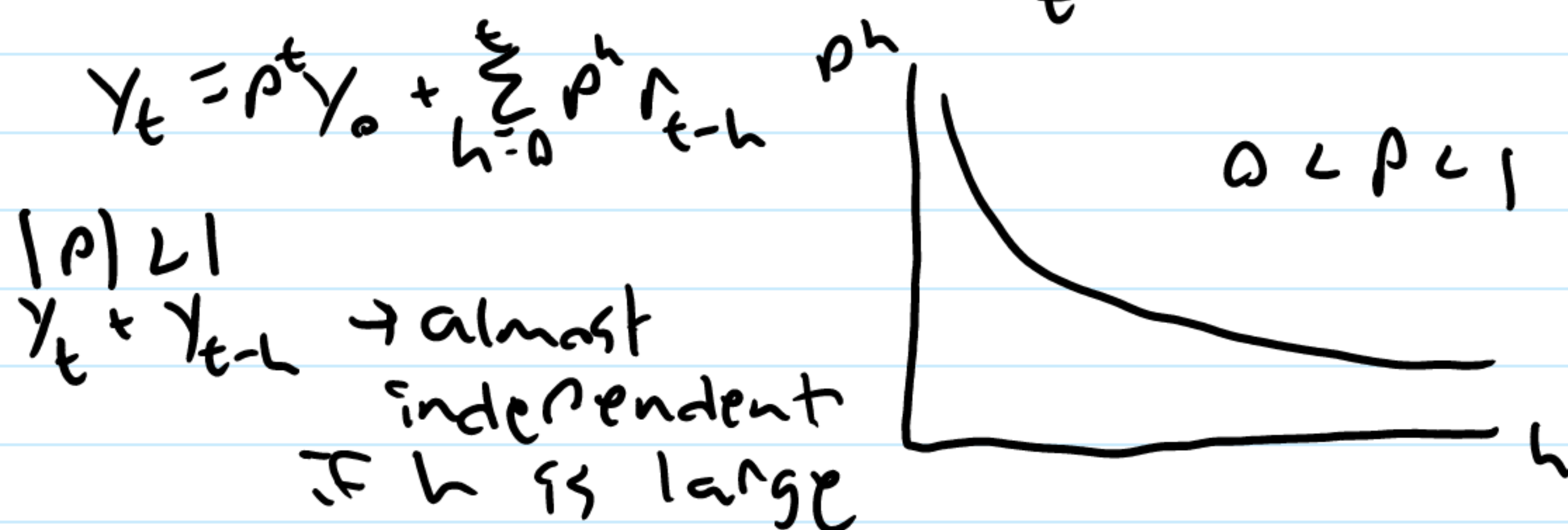
$$y_t = \rho^2 (\rho y_{t-3} + \epsilon_{t-2}) + \rho \epsilon_{t-1} + \epsilon_t$$

$$= \rho^t y_0 + \sum_{h=0}^{t-1} \rho^h \epsilon_{t-h}$$

$\Rightarrow \rho^0 = 1$   $h = \text{lag order}$

$$E(y_t) = \rho^t y_0 + \sum_{h=0}^{t-1} \rho^h E(\epsilon_{t-h})$$

$E(\epsilon) = 0$



$$y_t = \rho_1 y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t$$

$$\Delta y_t = y_t - y_{t-1} = \rho_1 y_{t-1} - y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t = (\rho_1 - 1) y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t$$

$$\Delta y_{t-1} =$$

$$y_t = \rho_1 y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t$$

$$\downarrow 0 < \rho < 1$$

$$\Delta y_t = y_t - y_{t-1} = (\rho_1 - 1) y_{t-1} + \epsilon_t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rho &= .9 \\ \rho - 1 &= -.1 \\ \rho &= .5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rho &= .7 \\ (\rho - 1) &= -.3 \\ (\rho - 1) &= -.5 \end{aligned}$$