

15.1 Homogeneous Product Markets 1

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2:46 PM

$$f = 1 - \beta p$$

beta = slope

$$F = 1 - p$$

$$NF = N(1 - p)$$

$$N = 1$$

$$Q = 1 - p$$

$$Q = 1 - 0 = 1$$

$$p = 1, Q = 1 - 1 = 0$$

monopoly

$$C(q) = cq + k\bar{q} + F \quad \triangleright k = \text{capacity cost}$$

$$\bar{q} \geq q \quad \triangleright \bar{q} = \text{capacity}$$

with no uncertainty $\bar{q} = q$

$$c = .01 \quad k = .005 \quad F = .05$$

$$\pi = (1 - p)q - .01q - .005q - F$$

$$1 - 2p = .015$$

$$q = (1 - .015)/2 = .4925$$

$$p = 1 - .4925 = .5075$$

Announces price meet all demand at that price

Bertrand competition

$$p_1 < p_2, q_2 = 0, q_1 = 1 - p \quad \triangleright \text{if prices equal, split market}$$

$$\bar{q} = (1 - c - k - \epsilon) \triangleright 1 - c - k - \epsilon/2 \quad \triangleright \text{excess capacity} = \frac{1 - c - k - \epsilon}{2}$$

Capacity is strategic choice