

Problem 10

Tuesday, February 9, 2021 6:09 PM



Inverse demand for movie tickets is:

$$p_s = 16 - 0.01q_s \text{ for senior citizens and } 0.01q_s + p_s = 16 \quad 0.01q_s = 16 - p_s \quad q_s = \frac{16 - p_s}{0.01}$$

$$p_A = 24 - 0.01q_A \text{ for others. } q_A = \frac{24 - p_A}{0.01}$$

The marginal cost of serving one more movie goer is \$4.

Determine the profit maximizing prices for each type of customer.

$$\pi = (16 - 0.01q_s)q_s + (24 - 0.01q_A)q_A - 4(q_s + q_A)$$

$$\frac{d\pi}{dq_s} = 12 - \frac{q_s}{50} \Rightarrow \frac{q_s}{50} = 12 \Rightarrow q_s = 12 \cdot 50 = 600 = q_s$$

~~I'm definitely missing the $q_H > q_L$ step~~
✓

	A	B	C	D	E
1		Quantity	Price	Cost	Total
2	Senior	600.000016	9.99999984	2400.00007	3600
3	Other	1000.00001	13.9999999	4000.00002	10000
4	A bit of solver to make sure I'm on the right track				13600

$$\frac{d\pi}{dq_A} = 20 - \frac{q_A}{50} \Rightarrow \frac{q_A}{50} = 20 \quad q_A = 1000$$

I'm not sure this is right.

$$p_s = 16 - 0.01(600) = 10 = p_s$$

$$p_A = 24 - 0.01(1000) = 14 = p_A$$

~~$$\pi_{\max} = 1300$$~~

$$\pi = (10 \cdot 600) + (14 \cdot 1000) - (4 \cdot 1600) = 13600$$

↑
 $q_A + q_s$