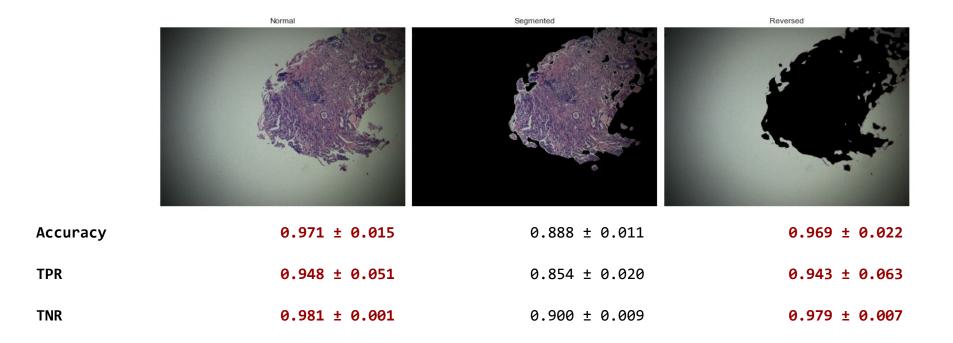
# Microscopic Images Binary Classification



🔬 SeeGene Project Report 🔬

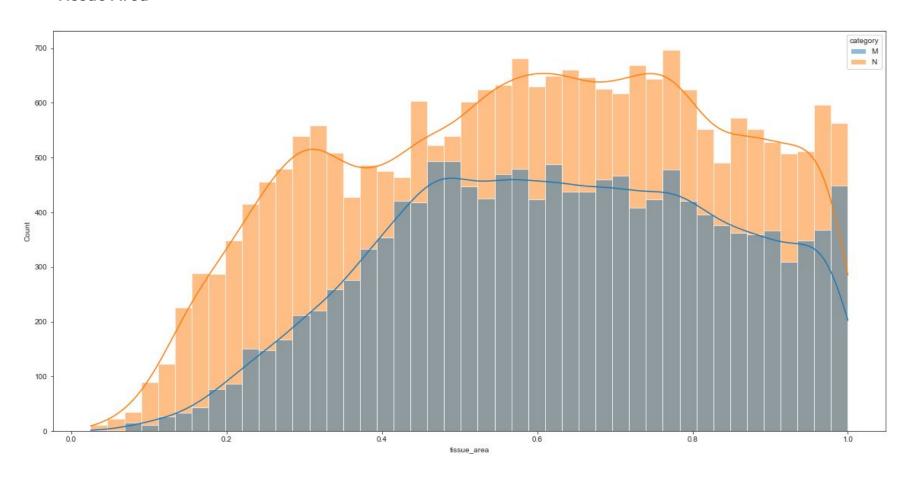


### > Background is Enough?

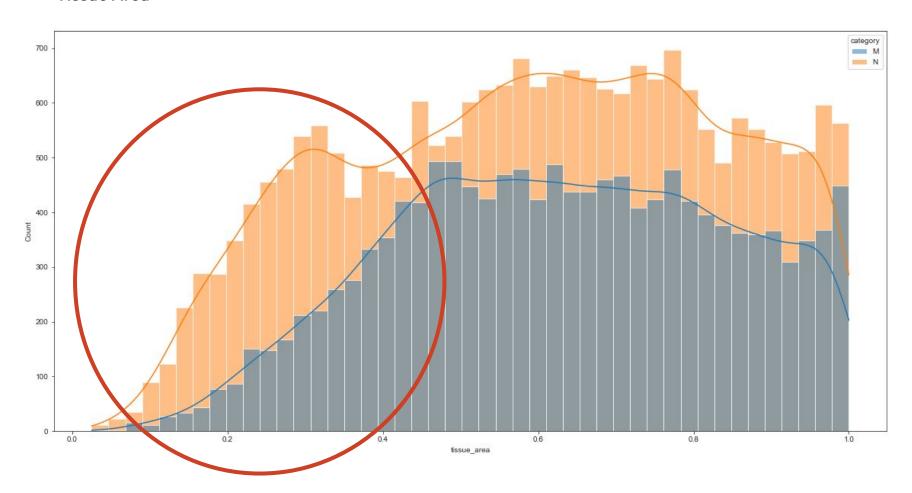


A model is able to accurately distinguish between malignant and benign without looking at the tissue

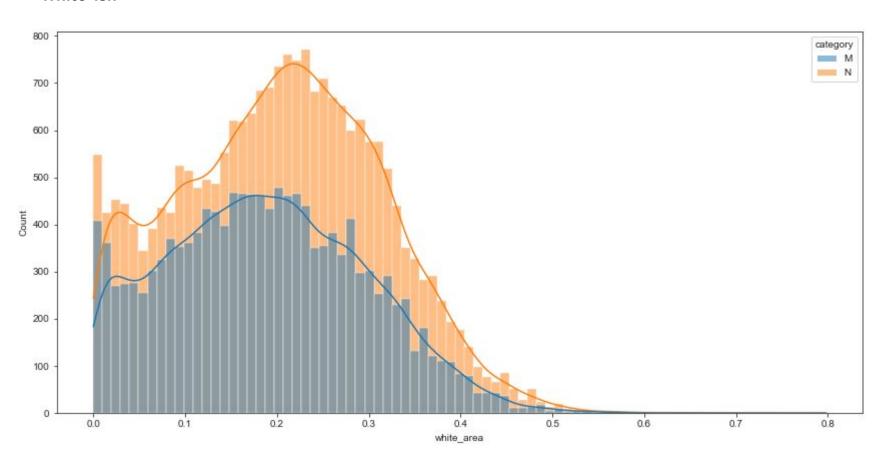
#### **Tissue Area**



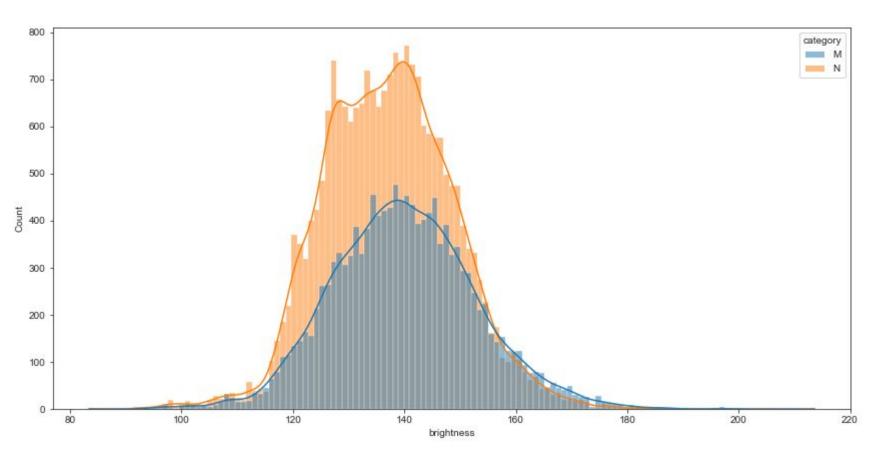
#### **Tissue Area**



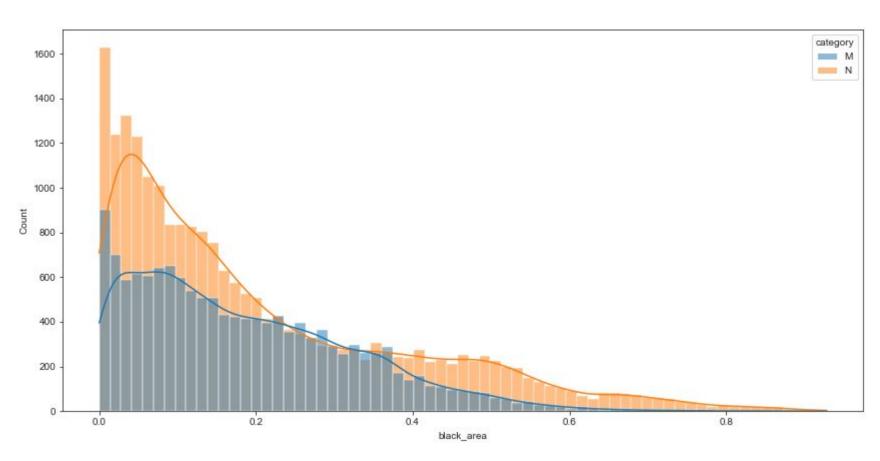
#### White-ish

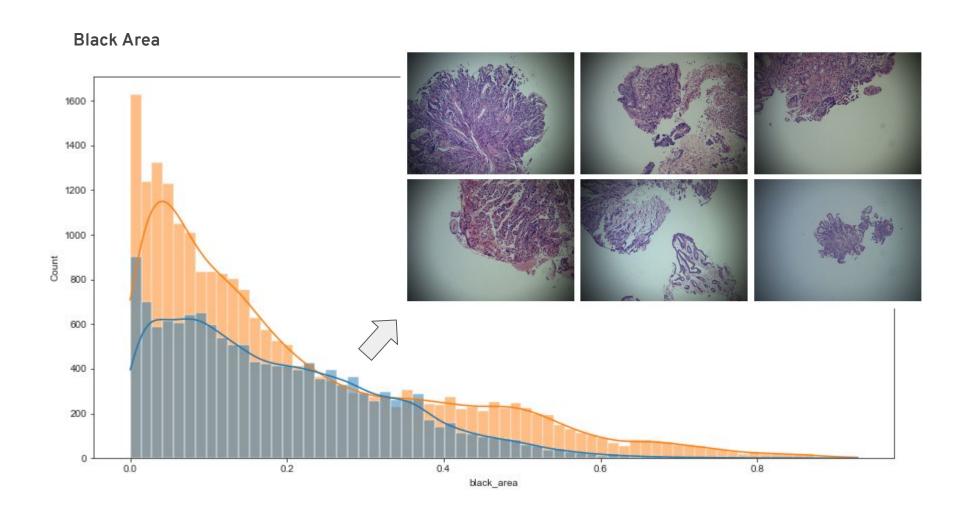


#### Brightness



#### **Black Area**

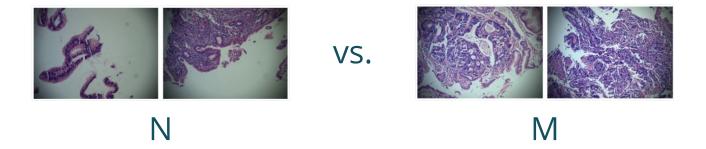




- N images tend to have less tissue than M images
- N images tend to be less bright than M images
- N dataset contains more 'zoom-out' images than the M dataset
- The model seems to pick spurious features from the background



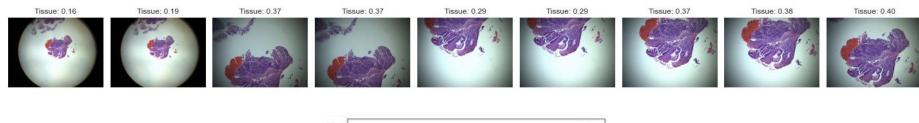
- N images tend to have less tissue than M images ⇒ No really
- N images tend to be less bright than M images ⇒ No really
- N dataset contains more 'zoom-out' images than the M dataset ⇒ Maybe
- The model seems to pick spurious features from the background ⇒ Yes

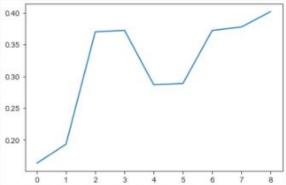


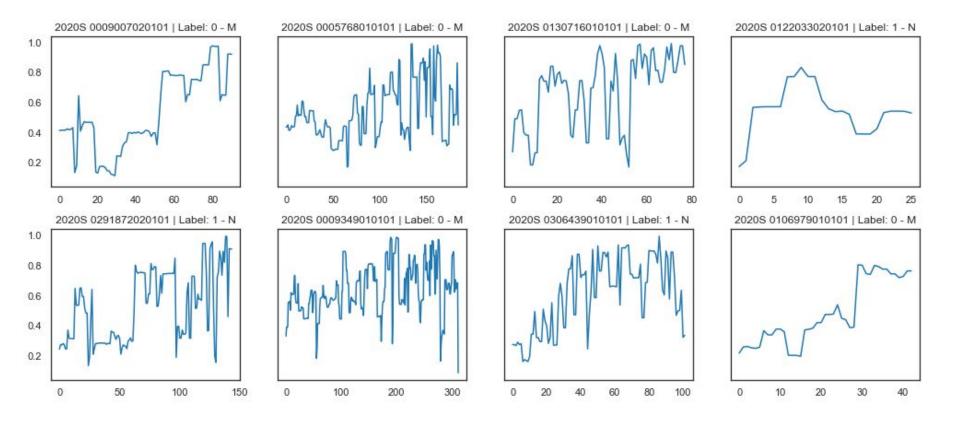
- Pathologists could transfer their inherent bias to the dataset through the way they examine
  the
  - Do pathologists move differently on Normal samples and Malignant samples?

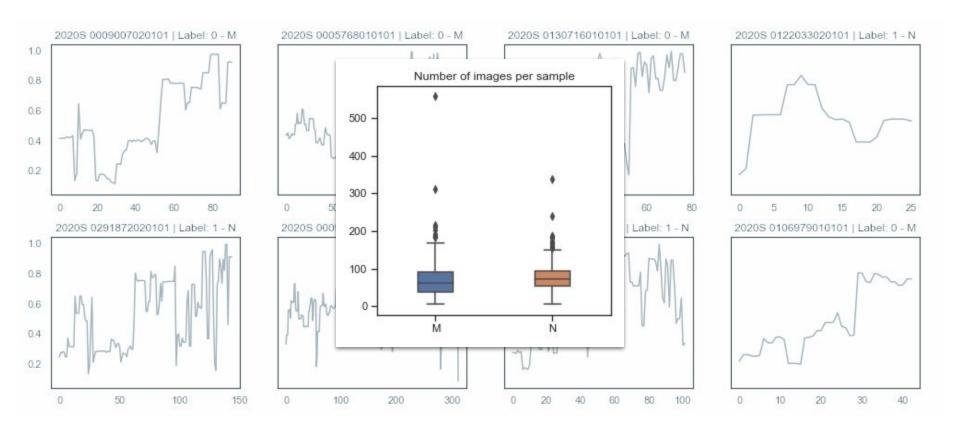


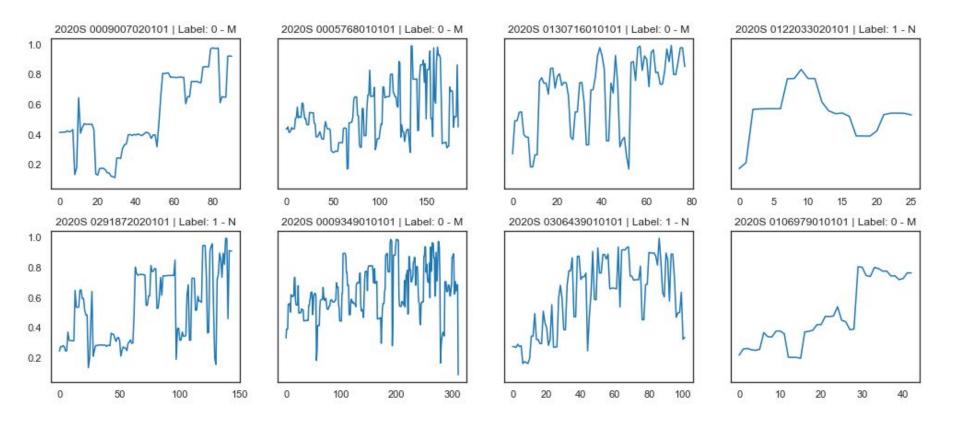
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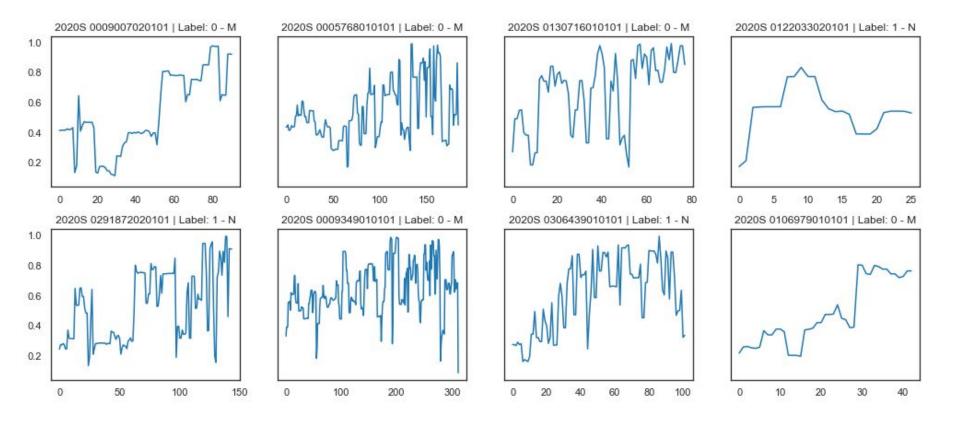








GOAL: Find differences between N and M using this data



Is there any difference?

#### Is there any difference?

• Vanilla RNN, Ir = 0.01, epochs = 50

	Pred M	Pred N
True M	28	30
True N	61	85

• LSTM, Ir = 0.01, epochs = 50

	Pred M	Pred N
True M	58	0
True N	146	0

More data?

Another approach?



# ~ THANK YOU ~