

Everyone set up?

<http://bit.ly/clj-workshop>

Intro to Clojure

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KODEMAKER

Clojure workshop

- Basic syntax
- Data structures
- Functions
- Reading code
- More functions
- Side effects
- Destructuring
- Structuring programs

Clojure

- General purpose
- Lisp (List Processing)
- Functional
- Compiled
- Dynamically typed



Literals

(class "String")	=> java.lang.String
(class #"regex")	=> java.util.regex.Pattern
(class 123)	=> java.lang.Integer
(class 2147483648)	=> java.lang.Long
(class 123M)	=> java.math.BigDecimal
(class 123N)	=> clojure.lang.BigInt
(class true)	=> java.lang.Boolean
(class false)	=> java.lang.Boolean
(class 42/43)	=> clojure.lang.Ratio
(class \c)	=> java.lang.Character
(class 'foo)	=> clojure.lang.Symbol
(class :bar)	=> clojure.lang.Keyword
(class nil)	=> nil

Collection literals

; List

'(3 2 1) -> (list 3 2 1)

; Vector

[1 2 3] -> (vector 1 2 3)

; Set

#{1 2 3} -> (hash-set 1 2 3)

; Map

{:one "one", :two "two", :three "three"} ->
(hash-map 1 "one", 2 "two", 3 "three")

This is a list

'(+ 1 2)

;=> (+ 1 2)

This is an expression (form)

(+ 1 2)

;=> 3

Prefix notation

(+ 1 2)

;=> 3

This is an expression (form)

(apply + '(1 2))
;=> 3

Functions

```
(fn [n] (* 2 n))
```

```
;=> #<core$eval1376$fn__377 user$eval1376$fn__377@5c76458f>
```

Functions

`((fn [n] (* 2 n)) 4)`
; \Rightarrow 8

Functions

(fn [n] (* 2 n))

#(* 2 %)

#(* 2 %1)

Functions & Vars

```
(def times-two  
  (fn [n] (* 2 n)))
```

```
;=> #'user/times-two
```

Functions & Vars

```
(def times-two  
  (fn [n] (* 2 n)))
```

```
(defn times-two  
  [n] (* 2 n))
```

Arity

```
(defn times [a b] (* a b))
```

```
(times 1 2)  
=> 2
```

```
(times 1 2 3)  
=> ArityException Wrong number of args (3) passed to: user/times ...
```

```
(defn times [& s] (apply * s))
```

```
(times 1)  
=> 1  
(times 1 2)  
=> 2  
(times 1 2 3)  
=> 6
```


Immutable and persistent data structures

```
(def my-list '(3 2 1))  
; => (3 2 1)
```



Immutable and persistent data structures

```
(def my-list '(3 2 1))  
; => (3 2 1)
```

```
(def my-other-list (cons 4 my-list))  
; => (4 3 2 1)
```



Immutable collections

```
; List  
'(3 2 1)
```

```
; Vector  
[1 2 3]
```

```
; Set  
#{1 2 3}
```

```
; Map  
{1 "one", 2 "two", 3 "three"}
```

One dash: `_` \Rightarrow 0

Two dashes: `__` \Rightarrow A function

Three dashes: `___` \Rightarrow A value (list)

```
(deftest very-basic-types  
  ; Which number is the same as 1? :)  
  (is (= 1 _)))
```

```
(deftest very-basic-types  
  ; Which number is the same as 1? :)  
  (is (= 1 1)))
```

```
(deftest basic-types-with-are
  (are [x y] (= x y)
    (+ 0 1) ____
    (= 1 1) ____))
```

```
(deftest basic-types-with-are
  (are [x y] (= x y)
    (+ 0 1) 1
    (= 1 1) true))
```


Light table

- Ctrl-space - Commands
- Tab - autocomplete
- Ctrl-d - Shows doc-string of current var
- Ctrl/Cmd-enter - Evaluate current form
- Ctrl/Cmd-shift-space - Evaluate entire file
- Instarepl
- lein midje :autotest

Exercise 1

- `lein midje :autotest`
- `test/clojure_workshop/ex_1.clj`
- Remove `#_` from each test
- Fix tests
- Lots of hints in the comments

<http://bit.ly/clj-workshop>

<http://clojure.github.io/clojure/>
<http://bit.ly/clojure-cheatsheet>

(Solutions in the solution branch)

Reading code

Nesting

(- 10 (+ 1 2 (+ 3 4)))

Reads inside out

(- 10 (+ 1 2 (+ 3 4)))

let

`(- 10 (+ 1 2 (+ 3 4)))`

```
(let [inner (+ 3 4)
      middle (+ 1 2 inner)
      ten 10
      result (- ten middle)]
  result)
```

Reads inside out

`(- 10 (+ 1 2 (+ 3 4)))`

```
(if true
  (println "true")
  (println "false"))
```

if

```
(if true  
  (println "true")  
  (println "false"))
```


Everything is an expression

```
(if true  
  "true"  
  "false")  
=> "true"
```

if

```
(if truthful  
  "true"  
  "false")
```

More functions

```
(count  
  (filter ifn?  
    (map #(var-get (second %))  
          (ns-publics 'clojure.core))))  
;=> 568
```

first

```
(first '(1 2 3))  
=> 1
```

```
(first [1 2 3])  
=> 1
```

```
(first #{1 2 3})  
=> 1
```

```
(first {:one "one" :two "two"})  
=> [:one "one"]
```

rest

```
(rest '(1 2 3))  
=> (2 3)
```

```
(rest [1 2 3])  
=> (2 3)
```

```
(rest #{1 2 3})  
=> (2 3)
```

```
(rest {:one "one" :two "two"})  
=> (:two "two")
```

rest

```
(rest '())  
=> ()
```

```
(rest [])  
=> ()
```

```
(rest #{})  
=> ()
```

```
(rest {})  
=> ()
```

next

```
(next '())  
=> nil
```

```
(next [])  
=> nil
```

```
(next #{})  
=> nil
```

```
(next {})  
=> nil
```

collections are functions

```
( ' (1 2 3) 0 )
```

```
( [1 2 3] 0 )
```

```
;=> 1
```

```
( #{3 2 1} 1 )
```

```
;=> 1
```

```
( { :one 1 :two 2 :three 3 } :one )
```

```
;=> 1
```


some collections are functions

```
('(1 2 3) 0)
```

```
;=> java.lang.ClassCastException: clojure.lang.PersistentList cannot be cast to clojure.lang.IFn
```

```
([1 2 3] 0)
```

```
;=> 1
```

```
(#{3 2 1} 1)
```

```
;=> 1
```

```
({:one 1 :two 2 :three 3} :one)
```

```
;=> 1
```

conj

(conj '(2 1) 3)

=> (3 2 1)

(conj [1 2] 3)

=> [1 2 3]

(conj #{1 2} 3)

=> #{1 2 3}

(conj {:k1 1} [:k2 2])

=> {:k2 2, :k1 1}

Filter

```
(defn filter
  "Returns a lazy sequence of the items in coll for which
  (pred item) returns true. pred must be free of side-effects."
  (pred coll)
  ...))
```

Filter

```
(filter #(= 0 (mod % 2)) [0 1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
=> (0 2 4)
```

Filter

```
(filter even? [0 1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
=> (0 2 4)
```

Map

```
(defn map
```

"Returns a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to the set of first items of each coll, followed by applying f to the set of second items in each coll, until any one of the colls is exhausted. Any remaining items in other colls are ignored. Function f should accept number-of-colls arguments."

```
{:added "1.0"  
 :static true}  
([f coll]  
 ...))
```

Map

```
(map #(+ 1 %) [1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
=> (2 3 4 5 6)
```

Map

```
(map inc [1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
;=> (2 3 4 5 6)
```


Reduce (Fold)

```
(defn reduce
```

"f should be a function of 2 arguments. If val is not supplied, returns the result of applying f to the first 2 items in coll, then applying f to that result and the 3rd item, etc. If coll contains no items, f must accept no arguments as well, and reduce returns the result of calling f with no arguments. If coll has only 1 item, it is returned and f is not called. If val is supplied, returns the result of applying f to val and the first item in coll, then applying f to that result and the 2nd item, etc. If coll contains no items, returns val and f is not called."

```
{:added "1.0"}
```

```
([f coll]
```

```
...)
```

```
([f val coll]
```

```
...))
```

Reduce (Fold)

```
(reduce #(+ %1 %2) [1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
;> 15
```

Reduce (Fold)

(reduce + [1 2 3 4 5])

==> 15

Reduce (Fold)

(reduce conj () [1 2 3 4 5])

==> (5 4 3 2 1)

Side-effects
IO
Mutability

IO (side-effects)

```
(defn foo []  
  (println "Doing IO, and returning 1")  
  1)
```

```
(do  
  (println "Doing IO, and returning 1")  
  1)
```

```
(if true  
  (do  
    (println "in true part")  
    1)  
  (do  
    (println "in else parte")  
    2)))
```

IO (side-effects)

```
(defn foo []  
  (println "Doing IO, and returning 1")  
  1)
```

```
(do  
  (println "Doing IO, and returning 1")  
  1)
```

```
(dotimes [x 10]  
  (println x))
```

```
(doseq [x (range 10)]  
  (println x))
```

Mutability (side-effects)

```
(atom 0)
```

```
;=> #<Atom@4b8baa34: 0>
```

```
(def an-atom (atom 0))
```

```
;=> #'user/an-atom
```

```
(swap! an-atom inc)
```

```
;=> 1
```

```
(deref an-atom)
```

```
;=> 1
```

```
@an-atom
```

```
;=> 1
```


Midje syntax

```
(fact "A couple of things about midje"  
  1 => 1  
  (throw (Exception.)) => (throws Exception))
```

Exercise 2

- `test/clojure_workshop_flatmap/ex_2.clj`
- Remove `#_` from each test
- Fix tests
- Lots of hints in the comments
- `lein midje :autotest`

<http://bit.ly/clojure-cheatsheet>

Destructuring

Destructuring

```
(defn foo [s]
  (let [one (first s)
        two (fnnext s)]
    (println one two)))
```

```
(defn foo [s]
  (let [[one two] s]
    (println one two)))
```

Destructuring

```
(defn foo [s]  
  (let [one (first s)  
        two (fnnext s)]  
    (println one two)))
```

```
(defn foo [s]  
  (let [[one two & r] s]  
    (println one two r)))
```

Destructuring

```
(defn foo [s]
  (let [one (first s)
        two (fnnext s)]
    (println one two)))
```

```
(defn foo [s]
  (let [[one two & r :as all] s]
    (println one two r all)))
```

Destructuring

```
(defn bar [m]
  (let [one (:one m)
        two (:two m)]
    (println one two)))
```

```
(defn bar [m]
  (let [{one :one two :two} m]
    (println one two)))
```

Destructuring

```
(defn bar [m]
  (let [{one :one two :two} m]
    (println one two)))
```

```
(defn bar [{one :one two :two}]
  (println one two))
```

```
(defn foo [s]
  (let [[one two] s]
    (println one two)))
```

```
(defn foo [[one two]]
  (println one two))
```


Putting an app together

- Organising code
- Namespaces
- Main

Namespaces

```
(ns clojure-workshop-flatmap.cat  
  (:use clojure.core)  
  (:require  
    [clojure.string :as string]))
```

```
(clojure.core/map inc [1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
(map inc [1 2 3 4 5])
```

```
(clojure.string/join \newline coll)
```

```
(string/join \newline coll)
```

Main

```
(ns clojure-workshop-flatmap.cat  
  (:gen-class :main)  
  (:require  
    [clojure.string :as string]))
```

```
(defn say-hello []  
  (println "Hello world!"))
```

```
(defn -main [& args]  
  (say-hello))
```

Exercise 3

- Implement the cat command. Tests are in test/clojure_workshop_flatmap/cat.clj
- Shell of program is there, you should provide logic
- Remove #_ from each test
- 'lein uberjar' build executable.
- 'java -jar target/cat.jar -h' for usage.

<http://bit.ly/clojure-cheatsheet>

Where to go next?

- Recursion
- Laziness
- Reference types (atoms, agents, refs, vars)
- Multi methods
- Protocols
- Macros
- Java interop
- Libraries

Where to go next?

<http://clojure.org>

<http://kodemaker.no/clojure>

<http://clojure.org/books>

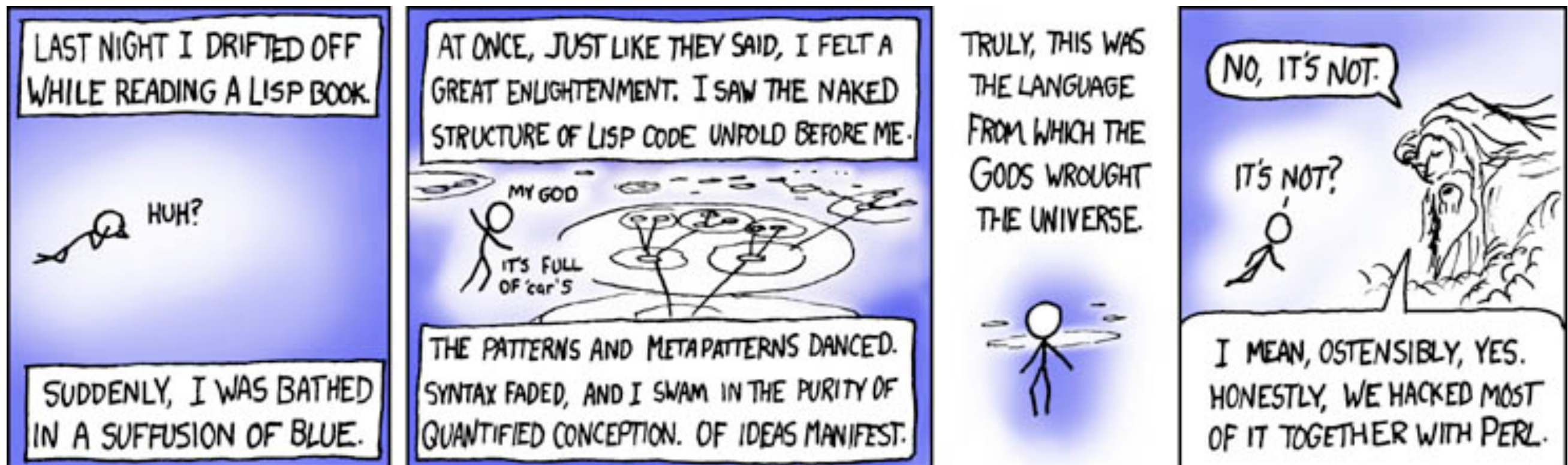
<http://irc.lc/freenode/clojure>

<https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/clojure>

<http://www.4clojure.com/>

Thank you!
clojure.org

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<http://xkcd.com/224/>