1 Lista 14 - Exercícios

1.1 Trigonometria

- 1. Prove que $\sin(a-b) = \sin(a)\cos(b) \sin(b)\cos(a)$
- 2. Prove que $tan(a+b) = \frac{tan(a) + tan(b)}{1 tan(a) \cdot tan(b)}$
- 3. Se a e b são ângulos positivos, mostre que sin(a+b) < sin(a) + sin(b)
- 4. Esboce o gráfico das funções abaixo:

(a)
$$f(x) = \sin(x)$$

(d)
$$f(x) = |3 \cdot \sin(x)|$$

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 (g) $f(x) = 1 + 2 \cdot \sin(\frac{x}{2})$

(b)
$$f(x) = -\sin(x)$$

(e)
$$f(x) = \sin(\frac{3}{x})$$

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$$f(x) = -\sin(x)$$
 (e) $f(x) = \sin(\frac{3}{x})$ (f) $f(x) = \sin(\frac{x}{2})$ (h) $f(x) = \sin(2x - \frac{\pi}{3})$

- 5. Simplifique $\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} x\right)$
- 6. Simplifique $y = \frac{\sin(2\pi x) \cdot \cos(\pi x)}{\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + x) \cdot \cot(\frac{3\pi}{2} x)}$