no other unexpected, premature, uncontrolled or unexpected termination of the program, else the final grade is 0. Use the appropriate flag.
You should never have to edit any file except the configuration file if it exists. If you want to edit a file, take the time to explicit the reasons with the evaluated student and make sure both of you are okay with this.

- You must also verify the absence of memory leaks. Any memory allocated on the heap must be properly freed before the end of execution.
You are allowed to use any of the different tools available on the computer, such as leaks, valgrind, or e_fence. In case of memory leaks, tick the appropriate flag.

Attachments

subject.pdf (https://cdn.intra.42.fr/pdf/pdf/11423/en.subject.pdf)

minilibx_opengl.tgz (https://projects.intra.42.fr/uploads/document/document/1829/minilibx_opengl.tgz)

minilibx_mms_20200219_beta.tgz (https://projects.intra.42.fr/uploads/document/document/1830/minilibx_mms_20200219_beta.tgz)

Mandatory part

Executable name

Check that the project compiles well (without re-link) when you excute the `make` command and that the executable name is `miniRT`.

Yes No

Configuration file

Check that you can configure camera(s), light(s), the window's size, the ambient light ratio and simple objects in the configuration file in accordance with the format described in the subject.
Also check that the program returns an error and exits properly when the configuration file is misconfigured or if the filename doesn't end with the `.rt` extension.

If not, the defence is over and the final grade will be 0.

Technical elements of the display Yes No

In this section we'll evaluate Technical elements of the display.
Run the program and execute the following 6 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- With only one parameter a window must open whenlaunching the program and stay open during the program's whole execution.

- Hide either part of the window or the whole window with another windowor the screen's borders, minimize the window and maximize it back.
In every case, the window's content must remain consistant.

- When you change the window resolution in the configuration file,the window's content must remain consistant.

- If the resolution set in the configuration fileis bigger than the display resolution the window resolution has to be limited to the display resolution.

- With the option `--save` as the 2nd parameter, check that the program doesn'topen a window but only generate a `.bmp` image of the render with the expected size.

- Pressing `ESC` or clicking the red cross of the windowexits the program properly.

Yes No

The 5 Basic Shapes

In this section we'll evaluate the 5 basic shapes. Run the program and execute the following 5 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- Place a sphere at the coordinates {0, 0, 0}. With thecamera facing the sphere, display the rendered image. The sphere should be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Place a plane with a 'z' value of null. With the camera facing the plane,display the rendered image. The plane should be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Place a square's center at the coordinates {0, 0, 0} with a side size of 10 and a blue {0,0,255} color extending along the y axis. With the camera facing the square, display the rendered image. The square should be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Place a cylinder extending along the y axis. With the camera facingthe cylinder, display the rendered image. The cylinder should be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Place a triangle with the following coordinatespoint1 {0,20,0} point2 {0,0,0} point3 {0,10,20} with a color set to {255, 255, 0}. Display the image rendered.
The triangle should be visible and displayed without glitching.

Translations and rotations

In this section we'll evaluate that rotation and translation transformations can be applied on the scene's objects. Run the program and execute the following 2 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- Place two spheres at the coordinates {0, 0, 0},the camera facing those spheres. Then put a translation on one of the two spheres oriented in a direction parallel to the camera's, of a greater distance than the sphere's diameter and display the rendered image. Both spheres should be visible and displayed without glitching.

Yes No

- Place a cylinder extending along the y axis, the camera facingthe cylinder. Then put a 90° rotation (PI/2 radian) along the z axis and display the rendered image. The cylinder should be visible and displayed without glitching.

Multi-objects

In this section we'll evaluate that it's possible to put several object in one scene. Run the program and execute the following 2 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- Place several intersecting objects on the scene, such asfor example a sphere and a cylinder, and display the rendered image. Both objects should be visible and displayed

Yes No

without glitching. (especially where both object intersect)

- Execute the same test, but ensure it's possible toplace the same object several times, for example two cylinders, two spheres and a plane.

Yes No

Camera's position and direction

In this section we'll evaluate that the camera conditions of the subject are respected. Run the program and execute the following 5 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- Generate a random scene and place the camera extendingalong the x axis pointed towards the coordinates {0, 0, 0} and display the rendered image. The scene must be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Generate a random scene and place the camera extendingalong the y axis pointed towards the coordinates {0, 0, 0} and display the rendered image. The scene must be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Generate a random scene and place the camera extendingalong the z axis pointed towards the coordinates {0, 0, 0} and display the rendered image. The scene must be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Generate a random scene and place the camera at a randomlocation which isn't on any axis or a diagonal, pointed towards the coordinates {0, 0, 0} and display the rendered image. The scene must be visible and displayed without glitching.

- Place three cameras in the configuration file and ask the studentto show you which keyboard keys they choose to switch between cameras.
You must be able to switch between camera without exiting the program. The scene must be visible and displayed from the new point of view without glitching.

Brightness 1/2

In this section we'll evaluate brightness on the scene's objects. Run the program and execute the following 2 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- Place a sphere at the coordinates {0, 0, 0}, the camerafacing the sphere, and put a spot left or right of the camera but positioned in such a way that the sphere will be lit sideways. Display the rendered image. The sphere should be visible, illuminated and displayed without glitching.

- Place a sphere at some coordinates resulting from a translation,the camera facing the sphere, and place a spot left or right of the camera but positioned in such a way that the sphere will be lit sideways. Display the rendered image. The sphere should be visible, properly illuminated and displayed without glitch. Properly means that the halo of light should be computed

Yes No

after translation not before.

Yes No

In this section we'll evaluate shadow management generated by the scene's objects. Run the program and execute the following 2 tests. If at least one fails, no points will be awarded for this section. Move to the next one.

- Place a vertical spot, a sphere and a plane. The spot lighting the sphere's position to create a sphere shadow on the plane. Put the camera aside so we can see the sphere, the plane and the sphere's shadow on the plane. The shadow must be properly displayed without glitching.

- Put a complex scene together with several objects like on illustration V.6 page 10 of the subject. Shadows must be properly displayed without glitching.

Yes No

Multi-spots

In this section we'll evaluate that it's possible to have several spots in the same scene. Run the program and execute the following test. If it fails, no points will be awarded for this section.

- Put together a scene with several objects including at least a plane on which shadows will be projected as well as 2 spots at the minimum. Check that brightness, shadows and shine effect (if implemented) work properly.

Yes No

Bonus

Many bonuses?

Look at the subject bonus part and add one point for each bonus implemented and fully functionnal.

1

And more?

Same as before, but add one point when two more bonuses of the list are well implemented and fully functionnal. Round it up if necessary (9 bonus is 5/5).

Ratings

Don’t forget to check the flag corresponding to the defense

Ok

Empty work No author file

Leaks

We will look at your bonuses if and only if your mandatory part is excellent. This means that your must complete the mandatory part, beginning to end, and your error management must be flawless, even in cases of twisted or bad usage. So if the mandatory part didn't score all the point during this defence bonuses will be totally ignored.

Rate it from 0 (failed) through 5 (excellent)

Rate it from 0 (failed) through 5 (excellent)

Outstanding project

W Invalid compilation Norme Cheat d Crash

l Forbidden function

Conclusion

Leave a comment on this evaluation

Finish evaluation