

## Reading Quiz Section 7.1

1. A relation  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq A \times B$  is \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) a nonempty subset of  $A \times B$
  - (b) a proper subset of  $A \times B$
  - (c) a function from  $A$  to  $B$
  - (d) a subset of  $A \times B$
2. If  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ , then the graph of a symmetric relation  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq A \times A$  has what kind of symmetry?
  - (a) reflection symmetry across the  $x$ -axis
  - (b) reflection symmetry across the  $y$ -axis
  - (c) reflection symmetry across the line  $y = x$
  - (d) symmetry across the origin
3. True or False: if  $\mathcal{R}$  is symmetric, then it must contain an even number of elements.

## Practice Problems Section 7.1

1. Given constants  $a, b, c$ , let  $L_{a,b,c} = \{(x, y) : ax + by = c\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ .
  - (a) Describe  $L_{a,b,c}$  geometrically.
  - (b) Let  $A = \mathbb{R}^2$  and  $B = \{L_{a,b,c} : a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}\}$ . Define  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq A \times B$  by

$$(x, y) \mathcal{R} L_{a,b,c} \iff ax + by = c$$

Determine whether each of the following is true or false.

- i.  $(1, 0) \mathcal{R} L_{1,1,1}$
- ii.  $(3, -2) \mathcal{R} L_{1,1,1}$
- iii. If  $(x, y) \mathcal{R} L_{a,b,c}$  and  $(x, y) \mathcal{R} L_{d,e,f}$  for some  $(x, y)$  then  $L_{a,b,c} = L_{d,e,f}$
- iv. Suppose  $(x, y) \mathcal{R} L_{a,b,c}$ . Then there exists  $d, e, f \in \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$(x, y) \mathcal{R} L_{d,e,f} \text{ and } L_{a,b,c} \cap L_{d,e,f} = \emptyset$$

2. Let  $X$  be a set. Let  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(X) \times \mathcal{P}(X)$  be the relation  $A \mathcal{R} B \iff A \subseteq B$ .
  - (a) Show that  $A (\mathcal{R} \cap \mathcal{R}^{-1}) B$  implies  $A = B$ .
  - (b) If  $X = \{a, b\}$ , compute  $\mathcal{R}^{-1}$  explicitly as a set of ordered pairs.