

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000219

Issue 2

EPD

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

SAS International

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for:

SAS System 510 Metal Waveform Baffle



Parc Crescent Waterton Industrial Estate Bridgend CF31 3XU



Laura Critien

Operator

05 May 2020

13 November 2018

Signed for BRE Global Ltd

12 November 2023

Date of First Issue

Expiry Date



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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000219

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules						
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013						
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool						
SAS International 31 Sutton Business Park Reading UK RG6 1AZ	BRE LINA Version 2.0.8						
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage						
1m ² of SAS System 510 metal waveform baffle	Manufacturer specific product average.						
EPD Type	Background database						
Cradle to Gate with options	ecoinvent v3.2						
Demonstration of Verification							

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR a

Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 □Internal \boxtimes External

> (Where appropriate b)Third party verifier: Kim Allbury

a: Product category rules

b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



Information modules covered

	Product		Const	ruction		Use stage					End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond		
	rioduc		Const	ruction	Rel	ated to	the bui	lding fa	bric		ed to uilding	. ⊨na-oi-iile			the system boundary	
A 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$	V													$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

SAS International Waterton Industrial Estate Bridgend South Wales UK

Construction Product:

Product Description

The System 510 consist of powder coated steel waveform baffle. System 510 acoustic waveform baffles offer a visually engaging alternative to suspended acoustic ceiling systems, ideal for exposed soffit areas. Standard baffle lengths are 1200mm, 1500mm, 1800mm and 3000mm. Baffle depths are between 150 mm and 1000mm, however bespoke size are available on request.

System 510 can be plain or perforated to meet acoustic and client requirements. Baffles offer exceptional absorption characteristics, effectively controlling reverberation within these highly sound reflective interiors. The radii of the baffles can form individual elements or continual rhythmic lines stretching across a ceiling plane.

Technical Information

Property

System components are manufactured and tested in accordance with BS EN 31964:2014.

Essential Characteristics Performance:

Reaction to Fire: (up to) A2-S1-D0 European Reaction to Fire classification system (Euroclasses)

Release of Formaldehyde: CLASS E1 Release of Asbestos: NO CONTENT

Sound Absorption: (up to) Single Value $\alpha \omega = 1.00$ class A

Durability: CLASS B



Main Product Contents

The raw material quantities have been taken for all variations of the system and modelled as a single dataset. The main product contents listed below represent the average values derived from this dataset, with a weight of 6.055Kg/ m²

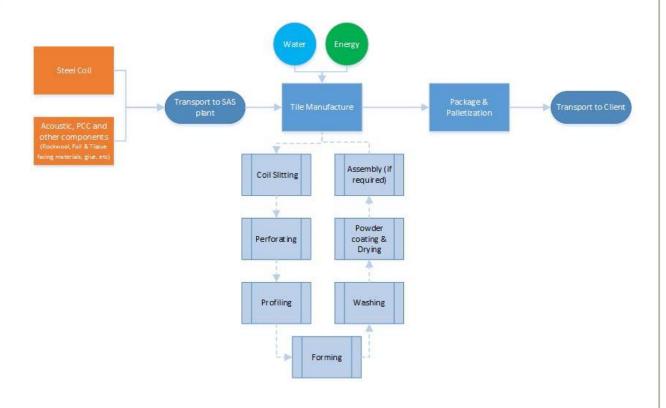
Material/Chemical Input	%
Steel	95.5%
Polyester Powder Coating	4.5%

Manufacturing Process

The Bridgend factory is split into two separate units; Unit 1 is where the tile systems are formed, including the addition of the various types of acoustic padding. Key Unit 1 processes include: slitting of the steel/aluminium coils, perforating, washing, spray coating and drying. These processes account for the most energy intensive stages of the products life cycle. Unit 2 is where the grid systems are rolled and formed; it houses less energy-intensive processes than Unit 1.

Process flow diagram

SAS Ceiling Steel Tile Manufacturing Process





Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

 $1m^2$ of SAS System 510 (6.055Kg/ m^2) - Polyester powder coated steel waveform baffle for use in ceiling applications.

System boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate with options LCA, reporting all production life cycle stages of modules A1 to A3, and end of life disposal module C4 in accordance with EN15804:2012+A1:2013.

Data sources, quality and allocation

The supporting LCA study was carried out using BRE LINA v2.0.8 using manufacturer specific data provided by SAS International for the production period of the 12 months of 2017 Raw material quantities have been taken from recorded production/manufacture data and product geometry from the Syteline internal production system, for all variations of the SAS 510 steel baffle only systems made in the 12 month period.

SAS International manufacture other products in addition to the System 510 so some allocation of primary data has been carried out. Since the manufacturing steps responsible for slitting, perforating and drying the coated metal are the most energy intensive processes of the site, it is assumed that the gas and electricity consumption is the same for every m² of metal product produced. This same allocation was applied to total site water usage. Production waste has been allocated to individual products by applying a percentage wastage rate (based on historical values and used for stock management) to each quantity of raw material. All packaging and non-production waste (waste packaging) has also been allocated using this methodology with applied percentage based on planned/estimated packaging and waste requirements for each product/system/components.

Secondary data has been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.29 and the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2. Upstream extraction and/or processing of inputs are included within the use of the background datasets within LINA. Emissions from fuels used are included within the relevant datasets.

Cut-off criteria

No inputs or outputs have been excluded and all raw materials, packaging and transport, energy, water use and wastes, are included, except for direct emissions to air, water and soil, which are not measured.



LCA Results

Results per declared unit 1m² (6.055Kg/m²) of this SAS System 510 with acoustic inserts, for the declared modules can be found in the following

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
	GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF				
			kg CO₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO ₂ equiv.	kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.		
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	1.46e+1	1.06e-6	1.65e-1	6.14e-2	1.57e-2	1.96e-3	2.04e+2		
	Transport	A2	1.25e-1	2.37e-8	4.28e-4	1.13e-4	8.63e-5	2.34e-7	1.94		
	Manufacturing	A3	5.51	5.43e-7	2.97e-2	7.30e-3	2.19e-3	9.04e-6	1.03e+2		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.03e+1	1.63e-6	1.95e-1	6.88e-2	1.80e-2	1.97e-3	3.09e+2		
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements;

ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy										
				PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT		
		MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ			
	Raw material supply	A1	1.53e+1	3.41e-4	1.53e+1	2.16e+2	0	2.16e+2		
	Transport	A2	2.90e-2	7.78e-8	2.90e-2	1.93	0	1.93		
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	1.94e+1	1.48e-5	1.94e+1	1.26e+2	0	1.26e+2		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.47e+1	3.56e-4	3.47e+1	3.44e+2	0	3.44e+2		
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0	0	0		

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water										
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW				
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³				
	Raw material supply	A1	0	0	0	3.81e-1				
	Transport	A2	0	0	0	4.48e-4				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0	0	0	3.12e-2				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	4.12e-1				
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0				

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories								
			HWD	NHWD	RWD			
			kg	kg	kg			
	Raw material supply	A1	3.19	1.36	4.83e-4			
	Transport	A2	7.49e-4	1.54e-1	1.35e-5			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	2.07e-2	1.72e-1	5.90e-4			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.21	1.68	1.09e-3			
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0			

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life										
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE				
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier				
	Raw material supply	A1	0	0	0	0				
	Transport	A2	0	0	0	0				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0	4.35e-1	0	0				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	4.35e-1	0	0				
	Disposal	C4	0	6.06	0	0				

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information								
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results					
C4 disposal at end of life	It is assumed that as the main element of the 510 system is steel and a valuable material, 100% of the product is recycled at end of life.							

References

BSI. Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products. BS EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. London, BSI, 2013.

BSI. Environmental labels and declarations – Type III Environmental declarations – Principles and procedures. BS EN ISO 14025:2010 (exactly identical to ISO 14025:2006). London, BSI, 2010.

BSI. Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework. BS EN ISO 14040:2006. London, BSI, 2006.

BSI. Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – requirements and guidelines. BS EN ISO 14044:2006. London, BSI, 2006.

BS EN 31964:2014 Suspended Ceiling requirements and tests methods