Ejercicio interpolación de Newton-Gregory. Curso de Física Computacional

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1. Problema

Con la técnica de interpolación de Newton-Gregory, a partir del siguiente conjunto de datos:

estima el valor de interpolación para: x = 0.43, 0.49, 0.5, 0.55, 0.73, 0.75, 0.91, 0.95

2. Código

```
1 from numpy import *
  def NewtonGregory(x1, deltaX, f, xt):
      n = len(f)-1
4
      deltaF = zeros([n+1,n+1])
      deltaF[:,0] = f
6
7
      for j in range (1, n+1):
         for i in range (n-j+1):
8
             deltaF\,[\,i\;,j\,]\;=\;deltaF\,[\,i\,+1,j\,-1]-deltaF\,[\,i\;,j\,-1]
      deltaF = deltaF [0:n,1:n+1]
10
11
      s = (xt-x1)/deltaX
12
13
      yt = []
14
      for t in range(len(xt)):
15
         sum = f[0]
16
         for i in range(n):
17
             sum += combinaciones (s[t], i+1)*deltaF[0, i]
18
19
         yt += [sum]
20
      return yt
21
22
```

```
23 | \mathbf{def} | \mathbf{combinaciones} (s, k) :
      res = 1.0
24
       if k!=0:
25
26
           for i in range (1, k+1):
              res *= (s-i+1)/i
27
28
      return res
29
  x = array([0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0], float)
   f = array([0.423, 0.684, 1.030, 1.557], float)
32
33 | xt = array([0.43, 0.49, 0.5, 0.55, 0.73, 0.75, 0.91, 0.95])
34
   ft = NewtonGregory(x[0],x[1]-x[0],f,xt)
35
36
                         ft'
  print 'xt
37
38 print
39 for i in range (len(xt)):
        \mathbf{print} \ \ '\%4.2\,f \ \ \%9.5\,f \ ' \ \ \%(xt\,[\,i\,]\,\,, \ \ ft\,[\,i\,]\,)
```