MATLAB Assignment 1

Spring 2018, Section B

- 1. Creating Scalar Variables Create the following variables. Each construction should be done in **one** line. Make sure to use the assigned variable names.
- (a) $a = \frac{5.7\pi}{6.9}$
- (b) $b = 239 + e^5 2.5 \times 10^{23}$
- (c) $c = ln(4.23) \times sin^{-1}(0.7)$
- (d) $z = (3+2j) \times (4+5j)$
- 2. Complex Operations Find the real part, imaginary part, magnitude, phase and complex conjugate of z calculated in question 1e.
- **3. Vector and Matrix Variables** Create the following variables. Make sure to use the assigned variable names. When doing part c and d, make sure you know when to use the colon operator:, and when to use *linspace*.
- (a) Create a row vector where $aVec = \begin{bmatrix} 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \end{bmatrix}$, and generate matrices A1 and A2 with **repmat** and concatenation respectively, where

$$A1 = A2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \\ 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \\ 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Create the column version of aVec, with both matrix constructor operation [] and transpose function in MATLAB. Name the variables bVec1 and bVec2 respectively.
- (c) Create a row Vector *cVec* where the numbers ranges from -5 to 5 in increasing order and at an interval of 0.1 between consecutive numbers.
- (d) Create a column vector dVec where there are 100 evenly spaced points between -5 and 5. Do not use the same operator in part c. **Optional**: Can you do it in one line?

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- (e) Create a matrix B where $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1+2j & 10^{-5} \\ e^{j2\pi} & 3+4j \end{bmatrix}$
- (f) Use eye to ATTEMPT to create a 1,000,000 \times 1,000,000 identity matrix.

- (g) Use speye to create a $1,000,000 \times 1,000,000$ sparse identity matrix. (Suppress the output with a semicolon)
- **4. Vector and Matrix Operations** Using the variables made in question 3, perform the following operations:
- (a) Use magic and divide by 65 to create a 5×5 doubly stochastic matrix A.
- (b) Create a 5×5 matrix, B, such that each element is drawn from standard normal distribution. (Note: You'll need to look up how to make it).
- (c) Compute C = BA.
- (d) Compute D = BA, but different from part c, perform element wise multiplication.
- (e) Compute $F = \frac{1}{4}A^3 + \frac{1}{4}A^2 + \frac{1}{3}A + \frac{1}{6}I$.
- (f) Compute $G = A^{-1}$.