

MATLAB Assignment 1

Spring 2019, Section B

This homework is designed to teach you to think in terms of matrices and vectors because this is how MATLAB organizes its data. You will find that complicated operations can be resolved by one to two lines of code if you use the correct function and store data in the appropriate form. The other purpose of this homework is to make you feel comfortable with using **help** and **doc** functions, as well as MATLAB's extensive documentation.

As with all the homeworks, please submit it as a *.m* file, with suppressed output. Remember that all lectures and homeworks may be found at github.com/guybaryosef/ECE210-materials. Homework is due on ———to guybymatlab@gmail.com.

1. Creating Scalar Variables Create the following variables. Each construction should be done in **one** line. Make sure to use the assigned variable names.

(a) $a = \frac{5.7\pi}{6.9}$

(b) $b = 239 + e^5 - 2.5 \times 10^{23}$

(c) $c = \ln(4.23) \times \sin^{-1}(0.7)$

(d) $z = (3 + 2j) \times (4 + 5j)$

2. Complex Operations Find the real part, imaginary part, magnitude, phase and complex conjugate of z calculated in question 1(d).

3. Vector and Matrix Variables Create the following variables. Make sure to use the assigned variable names. When doing part c and d, make sure you know when to use the colon operator **:**, and when to use **linspace**.

(a) Create a row vector where $aVec = [3.14 \quad 15 \quad 9 \quad 26 + 0.1j]$, and with it generate two matrices, $A1$ using **repmat** and $A2$ using concatenation, such that:

$$A1 = A2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \\ 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \\ 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Create two versions of the column version of $aVec$, using the matrix constructor operation **[]** and **transpose** function in MATLAB. Name the variables $bVec1$ and $bVec2$ respectively.

(c) Create a row Vector $cVec$ where the numbers range from -5 to 5 in increasing order and at an interval of 0.1 between consecutive numbers.

(d) Create a column vector $dVec$ with 100 evenly spaced points between -5 and 5. Do not use the same operator in part c.

- (e) Create a matrix A where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + 2j & 10^{-5} \\ e^{j2\pi} & 3 + 4j \end{bmatrix}$.
- (f) Use ***magic*** and divide by 65 to create a 5×5 doubly stochastic matrix B .
- (g) Create a 5×5 matrix, C , such that each element is drawn from the standard normal distribution. (Note: You'll need to look up how to make it).

4. Vector and Matrix Operations Using the variables made in question 3, perform the following operations:

- (a) Compute the dot product between $aVec$ and $bVec$, using both the ***dot*** function as well as element-wise multiplication followed by the ***sum*** function. Label the results $d1$ and $d2$ respectively.
- (b) Compute $E = BA$.
- (c) Compute $G = \frac{1}{4}A^3 + \frac{1}{4}A^2 + \frac{1}{3}A + \frac{1}{6}I$.
- (d) Compute $H = A^{-1}$.
- (e) Save the dimensions of $cVec$ and $dVec$ in the variables $cVec_dim$ and $dVec_dim$ respectively.