## MATLAB Assignment 1

Spring 2020, Section B

This homework is designed to get you used to thinking in terms of matrices and vectors, as this is how MATLAB stores its data. You will find that complicated operations can be resolved by one to two lines of code if you use the correct function and store data in the appropriate form. The other purpose of this homework is to get you comfortable with using the **help** and **doc** functions.

As with all the homeworks, please submit it as a .m file, with suppressed output. Remember that all lectures and homeworks may be found at github.com/guybaryosef/ECE210-materials. This homework is due by 4:00 PM on January 29th to guybymatlab@gmail.com. Remember to also bring a hardcopy in to class!

- 1. Creating Scalar Variables: Create the following variables. Each construction should be done in **one** line. Please use the assigned variable names.
- (a)  $a = \frac{5.7\pi}{6.9}$
- (b)  $b = 239 + e^5 2.5 \times 10^{23}$
- (c)  $c = ln(4.23) \times sin^{-1}(0.7)$
- (d)  $z = (3+2j) \times (4+5j)$
- 2. Complex Operations Find the real part, imaginary part, magnitude, phase and complex conjugate of z calculated in question 1(d), choosing appropriate variable names for each.
- **3. Vector and Matrix Variables** Create the following variables. Make sure to use the assigned variable names. When doing parts c and d, make sure you know when to use the colon operator :, and when to use *linspace*.
- (a) Create a row vector where  $aVec = \begin{bmatrix} 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26+0.1j \end{bmatrix}$ , and with it generate two matrices, A1 using **repmat** and A2 using concatenation, such that:

$$A1 = A2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \\ 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \\ 3.14 & 15 & 9 & 26 + 0.1j \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Create two versions of the column version of aVec, using the matrix operation .' and transpose function in MATLAB. Name the variables bVec1 and bVec2 respectively.
- (c) Create a row Vector cVec where the numbers range from -5 to 5 in increasing order and with an interval of 0.1 between consecutive numbers.

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- (d) Create a column vector dVec with 100 evenly spaced points between -5 and 5. Do not use the same operator as in part c.
- (e) Create a matrix A where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1+2j & 10^{-5} \\ e^{j2\pi} & 3+4j \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (f) Use magic and divide by 65 to create a  $5 \times 5$  doubly stochastic matrix B.
- (g) Create a  $5 \times 5$  matrix, C, such that each element is drawn from the standard normal distribution. (Note: You'll need to look up how to make it).
- **4. Vector and Matrix Operations** Using the variables made in question 3, perform the following operations:
- (a) Compute the dot product between aVec and bVec, using both the dot function as well as element-wise multiplication followed by the sum function. Label the results d1 and d2 respectively.
- (b) Compute E = BC.
- (c) Compute  $G = \frac{1}{4}A^3 + \frac{1}{4}A^2 + \frac{1}{3}A + \frac{1}{6}I$ .
- (d) Compute  $H = A^{-1}$ .
- (e) Save the dimensions of cVec and dVec as the variables  $cVec\_dim$  and  $dVec\_dim$ , respectively.