HyperDrive documentation

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1 Introduction

HyperDrive is a Python script that implements hyperplasticity based models. The script has been developed in the Spyder environment, but will probably run correctly in other Python environments.

In the following, all text in *italics* should be substituted by strings or numbers as appropriate. Optional arguments are enclosed in square brackets [].

In its most basic form Hyperdrive requires just two additional supporting files:

- A further Python script "model_file.py" that provides definitions for the basic functions of hyperplasticity theory and their derivatives for a particular constitutive model (see Section 2.1).
- A data file "input file.dat" that specifies the test to be simulated (see Section 2.2).

Hyperdrive offers the following options for analyses:

- Rate independent or rate-dependent analysis
- Analysis based on the f and y functions (f and w for rate dependent) or the g and y functions (g and w for rate dependent).
- Derivatives based either on analytical expressions provided by the user, or determined numerically.
- Strain control, stress control or (for multidimensional models) mixed control.

Output is available in tabulated form (also as a .csv file) and as a variety of different plots (also as .png files).

HyperDrive requires the Python scripts HyperDrive.py, HyperUtils.py, HyperCommands.py and (optionally) HyperCheck.py.

2 Running HyperDrive

On starting HyperDrive the user is prompted for name of "input_file". The ".dat" extension is assumed if not given. The file of course must be present in the appropriate directory. See also section 2.3 for how to access HyperDrive routines directly from Python without the need for an input file.

2.1 Specification of "model file"

The Python script "model_file" contains a series of function definitions as follows:

code import numpy as np import importlib hu = importlib.import_module("HyperUtils") file = "filename" name = "brief description of model" mode = ndim = n_int = n_y = Necessary for almost all models Necessary if following line included Necessary for some models Omit the .py extension

```
[check eps = ...code...]
                                                             Optional value used in HyperCheck
[check sig = ...code...]
                                                             Optional value used in HyperCheck
[check_alp = ...code...]
                                                             Optional value used in HyperCheck
[check chi = ...code...]
                                                             Optional value used in HyperCheck
                                                             Other utility functions as required
[...code...]
def deriv():...code...
                                                             Derives certain necessary further values
                                                             Ensure that derived values are obtained on
deriv()
                                                             loading
                                                             Implements f = f(\varepsilon, \alpha)
[def f(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements df/d\varepsilon
[def dfde(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements df/d\alpha
[def dfda(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^2f/d\varepsilon d\varepsilon
[def d2fdede(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^2f/d\varepsilon d\alpha
[def d2fdeda(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^2f/d\alpha d\varepsilon
[def d2fdade(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^2f/d\alpha d\alpha
[def d2fdada(eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements q = q(\sigma, \alpha)
[def g(sig,alp) ...code...]
[def dgds(sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dq/d\sigma
[def dgda(sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dg/d\alpha
                                                             Implements d^2q/d\sigma d\sigma
[def d2gdsds(sig,alp): ...code]...
                                                             Implements d^2q/d\sigma d\sigma
[def d2gdsda(sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^2q/d\sigma d\sigma
[def d2gdads(sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^2g/d\sigma d\sigma
[def d2gdada(sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^f = d^f(\dot{\alpha}, \varepsilon, \alpha)
[def d_f(alpdot,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements y^f = y^f(\chi, \varepsilon, \alpha)
[def y f(chi,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dy^f/d\chi
[def dydc f(chi,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dv^f/d\varepsilon
[def dyde f(chi,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dv^f/d\alpha
[def dyda_f(chi,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements d^g = d^g(\dot{\alpha}, \sigma, \alpha)
[def d_g(alpdot,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements y^g = y^g(\chi, \sigma, \alpha)
[def y g(chi,sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dv^g/d\gamma
[def dydc_g(chi,sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dv^g/d\sigma
[def dyds g(chi,sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dy^g/d\alpha
[def dyda_g(chi,sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements w^f = w^f(\chi, \varepsilon, \alpha)
[def w_f(chi,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dw^f/d\chi
[def dwdc_f(chi,eps,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements w^g = w^g(\chi, \sigma, \alpha)
[def w_g(chi,sig,alp): ...code...]
                                                             Implements dw^f/d\chi
[def dwdc_f(chi,sig,alp): ...code...]
[def update(t,eps,sig,alp,chi,dt,deps,dsig,dalp,dchi): ...code...]
```

[def plot(rec, pname): ...code...]

At the start of the module code must set values of (at least) the following variables: mode, const.

Note that functions f, g are optional, as they are currently not used by HyperDrive unless numerical differentiation is used. They are used by HyperCheck.

The functions d_f and d_g are optional, as they are currently not used by HyperDrive at all.

Functions w_f, dwdc_f, w_g and dwdc_g are only required if the rate-dependent formulation is used. Conversely, y_f, dydc_f, dyde_f, dyda_f, y_g, dydc_g, dyde_g and dyda_g are only required if the rate-independent formulation is used.

Function plot is only required is special plots are used for this model.

Function update is only required for certain more complex models.

If only strain-controlled increments are used or the keyword "*f-form" is specified (see section 2.2), then only the functions setvals, deriv, dfde, d2fdede, d2fdeda, d2fdada, d2fdada, y_f, dydc_f, dyde_f and dyda_f are required.

Alternatively, if only stress-controlled increments are used or the keyword "*g-form" is specified (see Section 2.2), then only the functions setvals, deriv, dgds, d2gdsds, d2gdsda, d2gdada, d2gdada, y_g, dydc_g, dyds_g and dyda_g are required.

If any first or second derivative is not provided, numerical differentiation will be used to obtain the derivative (in which case the base function will of course be required). Numerical differentiation call also be forced by using the keyword "*numerical" in the input file.

2.1.1 Modes of operation

HyperDrive operates in three possible "modes".

- Mode 0: Strain and stress variables are scalars and are treated within Python each as a single variable (eps and sig). Allowance is made, however, for multiple internal variables and their corresponding generalised stresses (alp and chi), each of which is of the form numpy.array(n_int) where n_int is the number of internal variables. Allowance is made also for multiple yield surfaces, so that each yield function is of the form numpy.array(n_y) where n_y is the number of yield surfaces. For many simple models n_y = n_int, but allowance is made for the possibility that this is not the case.
- Mode 1: Strain and stress variables are vectors and are implemented as one dimensional arrays numpy.array(ndim), where ndim is the dimensionality. Internal variables and their corresponding generalised stresses are of the form numpy.array([n_int,ndim]).
- Mode 2 (not yet fully implemented): Strain and stress variables are second order tensors and are implemented as two dimensional arrays numpy.array([ndim,ndim]). Internal variables and their corresponding generalised stresses are of the form numpy.array([n int,ndim,ndim]).

The dimensionalities of the relevant variables for the different modes are given in Table 1.

Table 1: dimensionality of principal variables

Variables	Mode 0	Mode 1	Mode 2
f, g, d^f, d^g, w^f, w^g	Scalar	Scalar	scalar
ε , σ , $\frac{\partial f}{\partial \varepsilon}$, $\frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma}$	Scalar	array(n _{dim})	array(n _{dim} , n _{dim})
$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon \partial \varepsilon}, \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma \partial \sigma}$	Scalar	array(n _{dim} , n _{dim})	array(n _{dim} , n _{dim} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})

α , χ , $\frac{\partial f}{\partial \alpha}$, $\frac{\partial g}{\partial \alpha}$, $\frac{\partial w^f}{\partial \alpha}$, $\frac{\partial w^g}{\partial \alpha}$	array(n _{int})	array(n _{int} , n _{dim})	array(n _{int} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})
$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon \partial \alpha}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \alpha \partial \varepsilon}, \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma \partial \alpha}, \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \alpha \partial \sigma}$	array(n _{int})	array(n _{int} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})	array(n _{int} , n _{dim} , n _{dim} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})
$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \alpha \partial \alpha}, \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \alpha \partial \alpha}$	array(n _{int} , n _{int})	array(n _{int} , n _{int} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})	array(n _{int} , n _{int} , n _{dim} , n _{dim} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})
y^f , y^g , Λ^f , Λ^g	array(n _y)	array(n _y)	array(n _y)
$\frac{\partial y^f}{\partial \varepsilon}, \frac{\partial y^g}{\partial \sigma}$	array(n _y)	array(n _y , n _{dim})	array(n _y , n _{dim} , n _{dim})
$\frac{\partial y^f}{\partial \chi}, \frac{\partial y^g}{\partial \chi}, \frac{\partial y^f}{\partial \alpha}, \frac{\partial y^g}{\partial \alpha}$	array(n _y ,n _{int})	array(n _y , n _{int} , n _{dim})	array(n _y , n _{int} , n _{dim} , n _{dim})

2.1.2 Example model file

An example model file for a simple Mode 0 model "h1epk" (see Section 3.1.3) is given below. This implements a simple elastic-plastic model with linear kinematic hardening, for the case of a single stress and strain variable. Note particularly the dimensionality returned for each of the derivatives.

```
import numpy as np
import HyperUtils as hu #necessary for some but not all models
check eps = 0.3
check sig = 8.0
check alp = np.array([0.2])
check\_chi = np.array([-1.09])
file = "h1epk"
name = "1D Linear Elastic - Plastic with Kinematic Hardening"
mode = 0
ndim = 1
n_{int} = 1
n_y = 1
n_{const} = 3
name_const = ["E", "k", "H"]
const = [100.0, 1.0, 5.0]
mu = 0.1
def deriv():
    global E, k, H
    E = const[0]
    k = const[1]
    H = const[2]
deriv()
def f(eps,alp): return E*((eps-alp[0])**2)/2.0 + H*(alp[0]**2)/2.0
def dfde(eps,alp): return E*(eps-alp[0])
def dfda(eps,alp): return np.array([-E*(eps-alp[0]) + H*alp[0]])
def d2fdede(eps,alp): return E
def d2fdeda(eps,alp): return np.array([-E])
def d2fdade(eps,alp): return np.array([-E])
def d2fdada(eps,alp): return np.array([[E + H]])
```

```
def g(sig,alp): return -(sig^{**2})/(2.0^*E) - sig^*alp[0] + H^*(alp[0]^{**2})/2.0
def dgds(sig,alp): return -sig/E - alp[0]
def dgda(sig,alp): return np.array([-sig + H*alp[0]])
def d2gdsds(sig,alp): return -1.0/E
def d2gdsda(sig,alp): return np.array([-1.0])
def d2gdads(sig,alp): return np.array([-1.0])
def d2gdada(sig,alp): return np.array([[H]])
def d f(alpr,eps,alp): return k*abs(alpr)
def y_f(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([np.abs(chi[0]) - k])
def dydc f(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([[hu.S(chi[0])]])
def dyde_f(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([0.0])
def dyda f(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([[0.0]])
def d_g(alpr,eps,alp): return k*abs(alpr)
def y_g(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([np.abs(chi[0]) - k])
def dydc_g(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([[hu.S(chi[0])]])
def dyds g(chi,sig,alp): return np.array([0.0])
def dyda_g(chi,sig,alp): return np.array([[0.0]])
def w_f(chi,eps,alp): return (hu.mac(abs(chi[0]) - k)**2)/(2.0*mu)
def dwdc_f(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([hu.S(chi[0])*hu.mac(abs(chi[0])-k)/mu])
def w g(chi,eps,alp): return (hu.mac(abs(chi[0]) - k)**2)/(2.0*mu)
def dwdc g(chi,eps,alp): return np.array([hu.S(chi[0])*hu.mac(abs(chi[0])-k)/mu])
```

2.2 Commands listed in "input file"

Commands should be listed in a file "input file.dat".

Any line beginning with # is treated as a comment and ignored.

Blank lines are also ignored.

2.2.1 Specifying the model

*title title

*mode mode [ndim]

Set mode:

mode = 0 – stress and strain variables are scalars (and ndim not required) mode = 1 – stress and strain variables are vectors of length ndimmode = 2 – stress and strain variables are tensors of dimension (ndim, ndim)

*model model

Functions and their derivatives will be as defined in file "model.py". The ".py" extension is assumed.

*const constants...

The constants used in the specified model. Different models require different numbers of constants see specifications of models in Section 3).

*tweak const_name value

Change the value of material constant with const name to value.

*const from curve modtype curve

2.2.2 Options for analysis

*analytical

Set analytical differentiation mode (default). All first and second differentials are evaluated analytically if possible (*i.e.* if analytical versions are supplied by the model).

*numerical

Set numerical differentiation mode. All first and second differentials are evaluated numerically. The default is to not to use numerical differentiation, but to use analytical values, unless these are not provided, in which case numerical differentiation is used.

*f_form

Use models derived from f (Helmholtz free energy)

*g form

Use models derived from g (Gibbs free energy)

*rate [mu]

Use rate-dependent analysis. Optional mu value over-rides value in model.

*rateind

Use rate-independent analysis (default)

*acc acc

Specify the acceleration factor used in yield surface correction (see Section 5 for rate-independent incremental algorithms).

2.2.3 Initialisation and flow control

*start

Start the test.

*restart

Restart a new test.

- *init_stress sig1 [sig2...ndim]
- *init_strain eps₁ [eps_{2...ndim}]

*end

Stop processing

2.2.4 Stress and strain increment commands

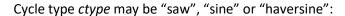
*general_inc S E Tdt dt nprint nsub

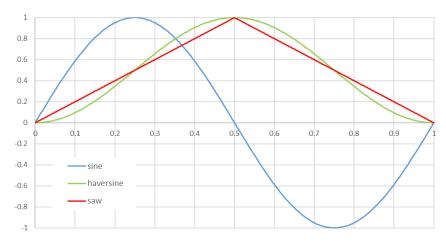
Use the control statement $S_{ij}d\sigma_j + E_{ij}d\varepsilon_j = T_idt$ to define an increment. S and E give the terms in the matrices S_{ij} and E_{ij} and E_{ij}

*general_cyc S E Tdt tper ctype ncyc nprint nsub

Use the control statement $S_{ij}d\sigma_j + E_{ij}d\varepsilon_j = T_idt$ to define cycles. Matrices S and E and vector Tdt are as for *general_inc. Each cycle is divided into *nprint* printing (or plotting) points each calculated using *nsub* substeps. This option allows very versatile control of cycles, including those in which (for

instance) some directions are stress-controlled and other strain-controlled, or in which ratios between certain variables are to be enforced.





*stress_inc dt dsig1 [dsig2...ndim] nprint nsub

Stress controlled increment by *dsig*. Print (or plot) data for *nprint* equal steps, each of which is divided into *nsub* calculation substeps.

*strain_inc dt deps₁ [deps_{2...ndim}] nprint nsub

Strain controlled increment by *deps*. Print (or plot) data for *nprint* equal steps, each of which is divided into *nsub* calculation substeps.

*stress_targ dt sigtarg1 [sigtarg2...ndim] nprint nsub

Stress control from current stress *sig* to target of *sigtarg*. Print (or plot) data for *nprint* equal steps, each of which is divided into *nsub* calculation substeps.

*strain targ dt epstarq₁ [epstarq_{2...ndim}] nprint nsub

Strain control from current strain *eps* to target of *epstarg*. Print (or plot) data for *nprint* equal steps, each of which is divided into *nsub* calculation substeps.

*stress_cycle t_{per} sigcyc₁ [sigcyc_{2...ndim}] ctype ncyc nprint nsub

Stress controlled cycling *ncyc* times from current stress *sig* to *sig* + *sigcyc* and back to *sig*. Output for each cycle is given for *nprint* equal steps, each of which is divided into *nsub* calculation substeps. Cycle type *ctype* as for *general_cyc.

*strain_cycle t_{per} epscyc₁ [epscyc_{2...ndim}] ctype ncyc nprint nsub

Strain controlled cycling *ncyc* times from current strain *eps* to *eps* + *epscyc* and back to *eps*. Output for each cycle is given for *nprint* equal steps, each of which is divided into *nsub* calculation substeps. Cycle type *ctype* as for *general_cyc.

*strain_test filename nsub

Read data from file "filename.csv" (lines eps_1 [$eps_{2...ndim}$] sig_1 [$sig_{2...ndim}$]) and treat the strain data as input. The ".csv" extension is assumed if not given.

nsub calculation substeps are used for each strain increment (i.e. each line in the input file).

*stress_test filename nsub

Read data from file "filename.csv" (lines eps_1 [$eps_{2...ndim}$] sig_1 [$sig_{2...ndim}$]) and treat the stress data as input. The ".csv" extension is assumed if not given.

nsub calculation substeps are used for each strain increment (i.e. each line in the input file).

*strain path filename nsub

Read data from file "filename.csv" (lines eps_1 [eps_2 ...ndim]) and use the strain data as input strain path. The ".csv" extension is assumed if not given.

nsub calculation substeps are used for each strain increment (i.e. each line in the input file).

*stress_path filename nsub

Read data from file "filename.csv" (lines $sig_1 [sig_{2...ndim}]$) and use the strain data as input stress path. The ".csv" extension is assumed if not given.

nsub calculation substeps are used for each stress increment (i.e. each line in the input file).

*start_history

Start recording a history of strain and/or stress changes (specified by *stress_inc etc.) which can later be repeated using *run_history as a shorthand for the entire sequence.

*end history

End recording of history.

*run_history [N]

Run a previously recorded history. If the optional parameter N is included the history will be run N times.

2.2.5 Control of plotted and printed output

*plot [plotfile]

Plot the results. If *plotfile* is specified the plot will also be output to "*plotfile*.png" (the .png extension is assumed if not provided). Otherwise the plot is output to "hyper *model*.png".

*graph xaxis yaxis [plotfile]

Plot a graph, where *xaxis* and *yaxis* are the specified variable names. For example "*graph t sig" will plot (for a mode 0 model with default names) stress against time. If *plotfile* is specified the plot will also be output to "*plotfile*.png" (the .png extension is assumed if not provided). Otherwise the plot is output to "hyper_model.png".

*specialplot [plotfile]

Plot the results using special plotting format for the particular model. If *plotfile* is specified the plot will also be output to "*plotfile*.png" (the .png extension is assumed if not provided). Otherwise the plot is output to "hyper_model.png".

*colour col

Set colour for subsequent plotted curves, col values:

- r red
- g green
- b blue (default)
- c cvan
- m magenta
- y yellow
- k black
- w white (not much use if background is white)

See https://matplotlib.org/3.1.0/gallery/color/named colors.html for many other available colours.

*high

Start highlighting within plots (must be matched with *unhigh). May be used several times in one run.

*unhigh

Stop highlighting within plots

*stoprec

Stop recording of stress-strain data (useful to shorten very long plots and files when there are many cycles).

*rec

Restart recording of stress-strain data (the default state).

*printrec [printfile]

Print the strains and stresses. If *printfile* is specified the data will also be output to "*printfile*.csv" (the .csv extension is assumed if not provided). Otherwise the data is output to "hyper_model.csv".

Comment

*pause

Pause output. Hit return to continue.

2.2.6 Example input file

File entry

An example input file is given below:

*title Hyperplasticity test run	Title
*mode 0	Set mode
*model h1epk	Choose model
*const 200.0 1.2 25.0	Constants override model default values
*start	Start test
*strain_inc 1.0 0.04 200 10	Increment strain by 0.4
*stress_targ 1.0 0.0 100 10	Unload to zero stress
*strain_targ 1.0 0.05 100 10	Strain to 0.5
#highlight this section	A comment – will be ignored
*high	Set highlighting
*stress_inc 1.0 -1.5 150 10	Unload by stress increment -1.5
*unhigh	Unset highlighting
	Blank line will be ignored
*stress_cyc 1.0 1.2 saw 5 120 10	5 "sawtooth" stress cycles of amplitude 1.2
*plot	Plot the results
*end	Finish

The figure plotted at the end of the test is shown in Figure 1.

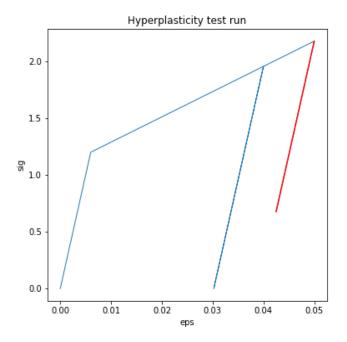


Figure 1: output figure from example data, note the highlighted section. The cyclic loading at the end of the test is simply elastic

2.3 Running HyperDrive directly from Python without an input file

HyperDrive may also be run by directly invoking a series of commands from Python, in which case an input data file is not needed. The commands are exactly as defined above (without the leading "*") and the arguments (if required) are provided in the form of a list. The necessary commands must be imported from "HyperCommands.py", using for instance the form of code below.

Thus exactly the same result as described using the input file given above can be achieved with the following Python code:

```
from HyperCommands import startup
from HyperCommands import Commands as H
startup()
H.title(["Hyperplasticity test run"]
H.mode([0])
H.model(["h1epk"])
H.const([200.0, 1.2, 25.0])
H.start()
H.strain_inc([1.0, 0.04, 200, 10])
H.stress_targ([1.0, 0.0, 100, 10])
H.strain_targ([1.0, 0.05, 100, 10])
H.high()
H.stress_inc([1.0, -1.5, 150, 10])
H.unhigh()
H.stress_cyc(1.0, 1.2, "saw", 1.2, 5.0, 120, 10])
H.plot()
H.end()
```

3 Models available

Models currently available are outlined here. Table 2 (at end of document) gives information on the current status of each model.

3.1 Mode 0 models

3.1.1 h1e – Elastic

$$f = \frac{E\varepsilon^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E}$$

Constant	Ε
Default	100.0

3.1.2 h1ep – Elastic perfectly plastic

$$f = \frac{E(\varepsilon - \alpha)^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2F} - \sigma \alpha$$

$$y = |\chi| - k$$

Constant	Ε	k	
Default	100.0	1.0	

3.1.3 h1epi – Elastic isotropic hardening plastic

$$f = \frac{E(\varepsilon - \alpha)^2}{2} + \frac{H\alpha^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2F} - \sigma\alpha + \frac{H\alpha^2}{2}$$

$$y = |\chi| - (k_0 + k_1 \beta) + \chi_\beta$$

Note – uses second internal variable for hardening parameter $\boldsymbol{\beta}$.

Constant	Ε	<i>k</i> ₀	<i>k</i> ₁
Default	100.0	1.0	5.0

3.1.4 h1epk – Elastic kinematic hardening plastic

$$f = \frac{E(\varepsilon - \alpha)^2}{2} + \frac{H\alpha^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2F} - \sigma\alpha + \frac{H\alpha^2}{2}$$

$$y = |\chi| - k$$

$$w = \frac{\left\langle \left| \chi \right| - k \right\rangle^2}{2\mu}$$

Note - uses the series implementation.

Constant	Ε	k	Н
Default	100.0	1.0	5.0

3.1.5 h1epmk_ser – Elastic multisurface kinematic hardening plastic (series)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y^n = |\chi_n| - k_n$$
, $n = 1...N$

Constant	Ν	Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$
Default	4	100.0	0.1, 0.3, 0.6, 1.0	100.0, 33.33, 20.0, 10.0

3.1.6 h1epmk ser b – Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (series, bounding variant)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{\chi_n^2}{k_n^2}} - 1$$

Constant	Ν	Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$
Default	4	100.0	0.165, 0.432, 1.613, 1.140	100.0, 33.33, 20.0, 10.0

3.1.7 h1epmk ser h – Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (series, HARM variant)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n - \alpha_r \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n - \sigma \alpha_r + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y^{n} = \frac{|\chi_{n}|}{k_{n}} - 1.0 + \frac{R}{k_{ref}} (|\chi_{r}| - |\sigma|), n = 1...N$$

$$\dot{\alpha}_n = \frac{\Lambda^n}{k_n} S(\chi_n), n = 1...N, |\dot{\alpha}_n| = \frac{\Lambda^n}{k_n}, n = 1...N$$

$$\dot{\alpha}_r = \frac{R}{k_{ref}} S(\chi_r) \sum_{n=1}^{N} \Lambda^n = \frac{R}{k_{ref}} S(\sigma) \sum_{n=1}^{N} k_n |\dot{\alpha}_n|$$

Note – the ratcheting strain is included as the (N+1)th internal variable.

Constant	Ν	Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$	R/k _{ref}
Default	4	100.0	0.103, 0.324, 0.645, 1.053	100.0, 33.33, 20.0, 10.0	0.1

3.1.8 h1epmk_par – Elastic multisurface kinematic hardening plastic (parallel)

$$f = \frac{E_{\inf}}{2} \varepsilon^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n (\varepsilon - \alpha_n)^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y^n = |\chi_n| - k_n$$
, $n = 1...N$

Constant	N	E _{inf}	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$
Default	4	100.0	1.0	10.0

3.1.9 h1epmk_par_b - Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (parallel, bounding variant)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{\chi_n^2}{k_n^2}} - 1$$

Constant	N	E	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$
Default	4	100.0	1.0	10.0

3.1.10 h1epmk_par_h - Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (parallel, HARM variant)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{\chi_n^2}{k_n^2}} - 1$$

Note – the ratcheting strain is included as the (N+1)th internal variable.

Constant	N	Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$	R
Default	4	100.0	1.0	10.0	0.1

3.1.11 h1epmk nest – Elastic multisurface kinematic hardening plastic (nested)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y^n = |\chi_n| - k_n$$
, $n = 1...N$

Constant	N	Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$
Default	4	100.0	1.0	10.0

3.1.12 h1epmk nest b – Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (nested, bounding variant)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{\chi_n^2}{k_n^2}} - 1$$

Constant N		Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n = 1N\}$	
Default	4	100.0	1.0	10.0	

3.1.13 h1epmk nest h – Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (nested, HARM variant)

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n \right)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma^2}{2E} - \sigma \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_n^2}{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{\chi_n^2}{k_n^2}} - 1$$

Note – the ratcheting strain is included as the $(N+1)^{\text{th}}$ internal variable.

Constant	N	Ε	$\{k_n, n = 1N\}$	$\{H_n \ n=1N\}$	R
Default	4	100.0	1.0	10.0	0.1

3.2 Mode 1 models

3.2.1 hnepmk ser – Elastic multisurface kinematic hardening plastic (series)

With summation over dimension *i* (which is of dimension *ndim*):

$$f = \frac{E}{2} \left(\varepsilon_i - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_{ni} \right) \left(\varepsilon_i - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_{ni} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_{ni} \alpha_{ni}}{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma_i \sigma_i}{2E} - \sigma_i \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha_{ni} + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{H_n \alpha_{ni} \alpha_{ni}}{2}$$

$$y^n = \frac{\chi_{ni} \chi_{ni} - k_n^2}{2}, n = 1...N$$

Constants required:

ndim, (+ parameters as for h1epmk ser)

3.2.2 hnepmk ser b – Elastic multi-kin hardening plastic (series, bounding surface variant)

With summation over dimension *i* (which is of dimension *ndim*):

$$\begin{split} f &= \frac{E}{2} \left(\epsilon_i - \sum_{n=1}^N \alpha_{ni} \right) \left(\epsilon_i - \sum_{n=1}^N \alpha_{ni} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{H_n \alpha_{ni} \alpha_{ni}}{2} \\ g &= -\frac{\sigma_i \sigma_i}{2E} - \sigma_i \sum_{n=1}^N \alpha_{ni} + \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{H_n \alpha_{ni} \alpha_{ni}}{2} \\ y &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\chi_{ni} \chi_{ni}}{k_n^2} \right) - 1 \right) \end{split}$$

Constants required:

ndim, (+ parameters as for h1epmk_ser_b)

3.2.3 hfrict – Simple frictional model

$$f = \frac{K}{2} (\varepsilon_{v} - \alpha_{v})^{2} + \frac{3G}{2} (\varepsilon_{s} - \alpha_{s})^{2}$$

$$g = -\frac{\sigma_p^2}{2K} - \frac{\sigma_q^2}{2 \times 3G} - \sigma_p \alpha_v - \sigma_q \alpha_s$$

$$y = |\chi_{q}| - N\chi_{p} - M\sigma_{p}$$

Constant	К	G	М	N
Default	100.0	80.0	1.0	0.3

3.2.4 hmcc – Modified Cam Clay

$$f = p_r \kappa * \exp\left(\frac{\varepsilon_v - \alpha_v}{\kappa^*}\right) + \frac{3G}{2} (\varepsilon_s - \alpha_s)^2$$

$$g = -p_r \kappa * i \log \left(\frac{\sigma_p}{p_r}\right) - \frac{\sigma_q^2}{2 \times 3G} - \sigma_p \alpha_v - \sigma_q \alpha_s$$

where ilog(x) = x log(x) - x

$$y = \chi_p^2 + \frac{\chi_q^2}{M^2} - \chi_p p_c$$

Constant	p _r	λ*	κ*	М	G	p_{co}
Default	100.0	0.2	0.05	1.0	200.0	20.0

3.3 Mode 2 Models

None yet implemented.

4 HyperCheck

HyperCheck is a utility program that checks the differentials of the basic functions against numerically derived values. If this is used it is recommended (for ease of operation) that suitable values of *check_eps*, *check_sig*, *check_alp* and *check_chi* be given in the relevant model file. These are then used to define parameter sets at which the numerical checks are made. HyperCheck currently carries out 32 checks on model consistency.

5 Notes on incremental forms: rate independent

5.1 Methods based on *f-y* functions

5.1.1 Basic functions and their derivatives

$$f(\varepsilon_i,\alpha_j^m)$$

$$y^p(\chi_i^m, \varepsilon_j, \alpha_k^n)$$

Derivatives

$$\sigma_i = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varepsilon_i}$$

$$\chi_i^m = -\frac{\partial f}{\partial \alpha_i^m}$$

Increments

$$d\sigma_{i} = \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} d\varepsilon_{j} + \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{j}^{m}$$

$$d\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{i}} d\varepsilon_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n}$$

Consistency condition and flow rule during yield

$$dy^{p} = -ay_{o}^{p} = \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} d\chi_{i}^{m} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{i}} d\varepsilon_{i} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m}$$
$$d\alpha_{i}^{m} = \Lambda^{p} \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}}$$

5.1.2 Development for strain control

Assume $d\varepsilon_i$ specified.

Substitute for generalized stress increment in consistency condition

$$\begin{split} -ay_{o}^{p} &= \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \Biggl(-\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} d\varepsilon_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n} \Biggr) + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{i}} d\varepsilon_{i} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\varepsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\varepsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\varepsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\varepsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\varepsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\varepsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}}$$

Re-arrange to solve for plastic multipliers as function of strain increment

$$-\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}}\right) \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}} \Lambda^{q} = ay_{o}^{p} + \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}}\right) d\varepsilon_{j}$$

5.1.3 Development for stress control

Assume $d\sigma_i$ specified.

Obtain compliance matrix

$$C_{ij} = \left(\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j}\right)^{-1}$$

Re-arrange increment and substitute compliance matrix

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j} d\varepsilon_j = d\sigma_i - \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \alpha_j^m} d\alpha_j^m$$

$$C_{ki} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j} d\varepsilon_j = d\varepsilon_k = C_{ki} \left(d\sigma_i - \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \alpha_j^m} d\alpha_j^m \right)$$

Substitute for generalized stress increment in consistency condition

$$\begin{split} -ay_{o}^{p} &= \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \Biggl(-\frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} d\epsilon_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n} \Biggr) + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{i}} d\epsilon_{i} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} \Biggl(d\sigma_{k} - \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \epsilon_{k} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} d\alpha_{i}^{n} \Biggr) + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{m} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \gamma_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\ \Biggl(- \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \gamma_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) C_{jk} d\sigma_{k} + \\$$

Re-arrange to solve for plastic multipliers as function of strain increment

$$\begin{split} &\left(\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}}-\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}}\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \varepsilon_{j}}\right)C_{jk}\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{k}\partial \alpha_{l}^{n}}-\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{l}^{n}}-\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}}\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \alpha_{l}^{n}}\right)\right)\frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{l}^{n}}\Lambda^{q}=\\ &ay_{o}^{p}+\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}}-\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}}\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \varepsilon_{j}}\right)C_{jk}d\sigma_{k} \end{split}$$

5.1.4 Development for general control

Assume control statement of the form:

$$S_{ij}d\sigma_i + E_{ij}d\varepsilon_i = T_i dt$$

Re-arrange control statement

$$S_{ij}\left(\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \varepsilon_{k}} d\varepsilon_{k} + \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}\right) + E_{ik} d\varepsilon_{k} = T_{i} dt$$

$$\left(E_{ik} + S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \varepsilon_{k}}\right) d\varepsilon_{k} = T_{i} dt - S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}$$

Derive modified control statement

$$P_{ik} = \left(E_{ik} + S_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_j \partial \varepsilon_k}\right)^{-1}$$

$$P_{li}\left(E_{ik} + S_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_j \partial \varepsilon_k}\right) d\varepsilon_k = d\varepsilon_l = P_{li}\left(T_i dt - S_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_j \partial \alpha_k^m} d\alpha_k^m\right)$$

Substitute for generalized stress increment in consistency condition

$$\begin{split} -ay_{o}^{p} &= \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \Biggl(-\frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \epsilon_{j}} d\epsilon_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n} \Biggr) + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} d\epsilon_{j} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) d\epsilon_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) P_{jr} \Biggl(T_{r} dt - S_{rl} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \epsilon_{l}\partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m} \Biggr) + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) P_{jr} T_{r} dt + \\ \Biggl(-\Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \epsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \epsilon_{j}} \Biggr) P_{jr} S_{rl} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \epsilon_{l}\partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}\partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} \Biggr) \Biggr) d\alpha_{k}^{n} \end{aligned}$$

Re-arrange to solve for plastic multipliers

$$\begin{split} &\left[\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}}\right) P_{jr} S_{rl} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{l} \partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} - \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{k}^{n}}\right)\right] \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{k}^{n}} \Lambda^{q} = \\ &ay_{o}^{p} + \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \varepsilon_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}}\right) P_{jr} T_{r} dt \end{split}$$

5.2 Methods based on *q-y* functions

5.2.1 Basic functions and their derivatives

$$g(\sigma_i, \alpha_j^m)$$
$$y^p(\chi_i^m, \sigma_i, \alpha_k^n)$$

Derivatives

$$\varepsilon_{i} = -\frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_{i}}$$

$$\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}}$$

Increments

$$d\varepsilon_{i} = -\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\sigma_{j}}d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\alpha_{j}^{m}}d\alpha_{j}^{m}$$

$$d\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{i}} d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n}$$

Consistency condition and flow rule during yield

$$dy^{p} = -ay_{o}^{p} = \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} d\chi_{i}^{m} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{i}} d\sigma_{i} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m}$$
$$d\alpha_{i}^{m} = \Lambda^{p} \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}}$$

5.2.2 Development for stress control

Assume $d\sigma_i$ specified.

Substitute for generalized stress increment in consistency condition

$$-ay_{o}^{p} = \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \left(-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n} \right) + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{i}} d\sigma_{i} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \right) d\sigma_{j} + \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \right) d\alpha_{j}^{n}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \right) d\sigma_{j} + \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \right) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}}$$

Re-arrange to solve for plastic multipliers as function of stress increment

$$-\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}}\right) \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{j}^{n}} \Lambda^{q} = ay_{o}^{p} \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}}\right) d\sigma_{j}$$

5.2.3 Development for strain control

Assume $d\varepsilon_i$ specified.

Obtain stiffness matrix

$$D_{ij} = \left(-\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma_i \partial \sigma_j}\right)^{-1}$$

Re-arrange increment and substitute stiffness matrix

$$-\frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \sigma_{i} \partial \sigma_{j}} d\sigma_{j} = d\varepsilon_{i} + \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \sigma_{i} \partial \alpha_{j}^{m}} d\alpha_{j}^{m}$$

$$D_{ki} \left(-\frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \sigma_{i} \partial \sigma_{j}} \right) d\sigma_{j} = d\sigma_{k} = D_{ki} \left(d\varepsilon_{i} + \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \sigma_{i} \partial \alpha_{j}^{m}} d\alpha_{j}^{m} \right)$$

Substitute for generalized stress increment in consistency condition

$$\begin{split} -ay_{o}^{p} &= \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \Biggl(-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n} \Biggr) + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{i}} d\sigma_{i} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) D_{jk} \Biggl(d\varepsilon_{k} + \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{k} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} d\alpha_{i}^{n} \Biggr) + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) D_{jk} d\varepsilon_{k} + \\ \Biggl(\Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) D_{jk} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{k} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} \Biggr) \Biggr) d\alpha_{i}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) D_{jk} d\varepsilon_{k} + \\ \Biggl(\Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) D_{jk} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{k} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} \Biggr) \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{n}} \\ \Biggl(\Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) D_{jk} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{k} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} \Biggr) \Biggr) \Lambda^{q} \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{n}} \end{aligned}$$

Re-arrange to solve for plastic multipliers in terms of strain increment

$$\left(-\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}}\right) D_{jk} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{k} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} - \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{i}^{n}}\right)\right) \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{n}} \Lambda^{q} = ay_{o}^{p} + \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}}\right) D_{jk} d\varepsilon_{k}$$

5.2.4 Development for general control

Assume control statement of the form:

$$S_{ij}d\sigma_i + E_{ij}d\varepsilon_i = T_i dt$$

Re-arrange control statement

$$S_{ik}d\sigma_{k} + E_{ij} \left(-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\sigma_{k}} d\sigma_{k} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m} \right) = T_{i}dt$$

$$\left(S_{ik} - E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\sigma_{k}} \right) d\sigma_{k} = T_{i}dt + E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}$$

Derive modified control statement

$$Q_{ik} = \left(S_{ik} - E_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma_j \partial \sigma_k}\right)^{-1}$$

$$Q_{li}\left(S_{ik} - E_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma_j \partial \sigma_k}\right) d\sigma_k = d\sigma_l = Q_{li}\left(T_i dt + E_{ij} \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma_j \partial \alpha_k^m} d\alpha_k^m\right)$$

Substitute for generalized stress increment in consistency condition

$$\begin{split} -ay_{o}^{p} &= \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \Biggl(-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n} \Biggr) + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} d\sigma_{j} + \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}} d\alpha_{i}^{m} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) d\sigma_{j} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) Q_{jr} \Biggl(T_{r} dt + E_{rl} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{l} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m} \Biggr) + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) d\alpha_{j}^{n} \\ &= \Biggl(\Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) Q_{jr} T_{r} dt + \Biggl(\Biggl(\Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \Biggr) Q_{jr} E_{rl} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{l} \partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} + \Biggl(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} \Biggr) \Biggr) d\alpha_{k}^{n} \end{aligned}$$

Re-arrange to solve for plastic multipliers

$$\left(-\left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \right) Q_{jr} E_{rl} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \sigma_{l} \partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} - \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{k}^{n}} \right) \right) \frac{\partial y^{q}}{\partial \chi_{k}^{n}} \Lambda^{q} = ay_{o}^{p} + \left(\frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \sigma_{j}} - \frac{\partial y^{p}}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \sigma_{j}} \right) Q_{jr} T_{r} dt$$

6 Notes on incremental forms: rate dependent

6.1 Methods based on f-w functions

6.1.1 Basic functions and their derivatives

$$f\left(\varepsilon_{i},\alpha_{j}^{m}\right)$$

$$w\left(\chi_{i}^{m},\varepsilon_{j},\alpha_{k}^{n}\right)$$

Derivatives

$$\sigma_{i} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i}}$$

$$\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m}}$$

Increments

$$d\sigma_{i} = \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} d\varepsilon_{j} + \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \alpha_{j}^{m}} d\alpha_{j}^{m}$$

$$d\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} d\varepsilon_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \alpha_{i}^{m} \partial \alpha_{j}^{n}} d\alpha_{j}^{n}$$

$$d\alpha_{i}^{m} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_{i}^{m}} dt$$

6.1.2 Development for strain control

Assume $d\varepsilon_i$ specified.

$$d\alpha_i^m = \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_i^m} dt$$

Then

$$d\sigma_{i} = \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \varepsilon_{j}} d\varepsilon_{j} + \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \alpha_{j}^{m}} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_{j}^{m}} dt$$

6.1.3 Development for stress control

Assume $d\sigma_i$ specified.

Obtain compliance matrix

$$C_{ij} = \left(\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j}\right)^{-1}$$

Re-arrange increment and substitute compliance matrix

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j} d\varepsilon_j = d\sigma_i - \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \alpha_j^m} d\alpha_j^m$$

$$C_{ki} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j} d\varepsilon_j = d\varepsilon_k = C_{ki} \left(d\sigma_i - \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \alpha_j^m} d\alpha_j^m \right)$$

Substitute rate of internal variable

$$d\varepsilon_{k} = C_{ki} \left(d\sigma_{i} - \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \alpha_{j}^{m}} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_{j}^{m}} dt \right)$$

6.1.4 Development for general control

Assume control statement of the form:

$$S_{ij}d\sigma_i + E_{ij}d\varepsilon_i = T_idt$$

Re-arrange control statement and derive modified control (as for rate independent case)

$$S_{ij}\left(\frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \varepsilon_{k}} d\varepsilon_{k} + \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}\right) + E_{ik} d\varepsilon_{k} = T_{i} dt$$

$$\left(E_{ik} + S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \varepsilon_{k}}\right) d\varepsilon_{k} = T_{i} dt - S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}$$

$$P_{ik} = \left(E_{ik} + S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \varepsilon_{k}}\right)^{-1}$$

$$P_{li}\left(E_{ik} + S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \varepsilon_{k}}\right) d\varepsilon_{k} = d\varepsilon_{l} = P_{li}\left(T_{i} dt - S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{i} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}\right)$$

Substitute internal variable rate

$$d\varepsilon_{l} = P_{li} \left(T_{i} dt - S_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial \varepsilon_{j} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_{k}^{m}} dt \right)$$

6.2 Methods based on g-w functions

6.2.1 Basic functions and their derivatives

$$g\left(\sigma_{i},\alpha_{j}^{m}\right)$$

$$w\left(\chi_{i}^{m},\sigma_{j},\alpha_{k}^{n}\right)$$

Derivatives

$$\varepsilon_{i} = -\frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_{i}}$$

$$\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_{i}^{m}}$$

Increments

$$d\varepsilon_{i} = -\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\sigma_{j}}d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\alpha_{j}^{m}}d\alpha_{j}^{m}$$

$$d\chi_{i}^{m} = -\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\alpha_{i}^{m}\partial\sigma_{j}}d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\alpha_{i}^{m}\partial\alpha_{j}^{n}}d\alpha_{j}^{n}$$

$$d\alpha_{i}^{m} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial\gamma_{i}^{m}}dt$$

6.2.2 Development for stress control

Assume $d\sigma_i$ specified.

$$d\alpha_i^m = \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_i^m} dt$$

Then

$$d\varepsilon_{i} = -\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\sigma_{j}}d\sigma_{j} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\alpha_{i}^{m}}\frac{\partial w}{\partial\chi_{i}^{m}}dt$$

6.2.3 Development for strain control

Assume $d\varepsilon_i$ specified.

Obtain stiffness matrix

$$D_{ij} = \left(-\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \sigma_i \partial \sigma_j}\right)^{-1}$$

Re-arrange increment and substitute stiffness matrix

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\sigma_{j}}d\sigma_{j}=d\varepsilon_{i}+\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\alpha_{j}^{m}}d\alpha_{j}^{m}\\ &D_{ki}\Biggl(-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\sigma_{j}}\Biggr)d\sigma_{j}=d\sigma_{k}=D_{ki}\Biggl(d\varepsilon_{i}+\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\alpha_{j}^{m}}d\alpha_{j}^{m}\Biggr)\\ &d\sigma_{k}=D_{ki}\Biggl(d\varepsilon_{i}+\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{i}\partial\alpha_{j}^{m}}\frac{\partial w}{\partial\chi_{j}^{m}}dt\Biggr) \end{split}$$

6.2.4 Development for general control

Assume control statement of the form:

$$S_{ij}d\sigma_j + E_{ij}d\varepsilon_j = T_i dt$$

Re-arrange control statement and derive modified control (as for rate independent case)

$$S_{ik}d\sigma_{k} + E_{ij} \left(-\frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\sigma_{k}} d\sigma_{k} - \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m} \right) = T_{i}dt$$

$$\left(S_{ik} - E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\sigma_{k}} \right) d\sigma_{k} = T_{i}dt + E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m}$$

$$Q_{ik} = \left(S_{ik} - E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\sigma_{k}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$Q_{li} \left(S_{ik} - E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\sigma_{k}} \right) d\sigma_{k} = d\sigma_{l} = Q_{li} \left(T_{i}dt + E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2}g}{\partial\sigma_{j}\partial\alpha_{k}^{m}} d\alpha_{k}^{m} \right)$$

Substitute for internal variable rate

$$d\sigma_{l} = Q_{li} \left(T_{i} dt + E_{ij} \frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \sigma_{j} \partial \alpha_{k}^{m}} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \chi_{k}^{m}} dt \right)$$

Table 2: Current models available THIS TABLE NEEDS REFORMATTING AND UPDATING

			<i>f</i> -form					<i>g</i> -form					
					General control					General control			
Model		Passes HyperCheck	Strain control	Stress control	Strain inc.	Stress inc.	Mixed inc.	Strain control	Stress control	Strain inc.	Stress inc.	M ix e d in c.	R at e fo r m
Mode 0 models													
h1e		✓	✓	✓	n/a	n/a	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	n/a	n / a	
h1ep		✓	✓	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	✓	*	n/a	n/a	n / a	
h1epi													
h1epk		✓	✓	✓	n/a	n/a	n/a	√	✓	n/a	n/a	n / a	✓
h1epmk_ser		√	✓	✓	n/a	n/a	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	n/a	n / a	✓
h1epmk_ser_b		√	✓	✓	n/a	n/a	n/a	√	✓	n/a	n/a	n / a	
Mode 1 models	,		1						1				
h2epmk_ser		✓			✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	
h2epmk_ser_b		✓					✓					✓	

hfrict			✓	✓			✓			
hmcc			✓	✓			✓			
		Mode 2 mo	dels							