```
%solve.m
function [solution] = solve(UV)
   solution = zeros(size(UV, 1), 1);
   for i = size(UV, 1):-1:1
      UV(i, :) = UV(i, :) / UV(i, i);
       for j = 1:(i - 1)
         UV(j, :) = UV(j, :) - UV(j, i) / UV(i, i) *
UV(i, :);
      end
      solution(i) = UV(i, size(UV, 2));
   end
end
3.
%p124.m
UV = [4, -1, 2, 2, -1, 4;
   0, -2, 6, 2, 7, 0;
   0, 0, 1, -1, -2, 3;
   0, 0, 0, -2, -1, 10;
   0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 6];
solution = solve(UV);
\therefore x1 = 5
  x2 = 4
  x3 = 1
  x4 = -6
  x5 = 2
\therefore D = 4 * (-2) * 1 * (-2) * 3 = 48
4.(a) c21 = a21 * b11 + a22 * b21 + a23 * b31 = 0
     c31 = a31 * b11 + a32 * b21 + a33 * b31 = 0
     c32 = a31 * b12 + a32 * b22 + a33 * b32 = 0
%eliminate.m
function [UY] = eliminate(AB)
   for i = 2:size(AB, 1)
      for j = 1:(i - 1)
          AB(i, :) = AB(i, :) - AB(i, j) / AB(j, j) *
AB(j, :);
      end
   end
   UY = AB;
```

```
%p137.m
AB1 = [2, 4, -6, -4;
   1, 5, 3, 10;
   1, 3, 2, 5];
UV1 = eliminate(AB1);
solution1 = solve(UV1);
AB9 = [2, 4, -4, 0, 12;
   1, 5, -5, -3, 18;
   2, 3, 1, 3, 8;
   1, 4, -2, 2, 8];
UV9 = eliminate(AB9);
solution9 = solve(UV9);
1. \therefore 2 4 -6 -4
      0 3 6 12
      0 0 3 3
   \therefore x1 = -3
      x2 = 2
      x3 = 1
2. : 2 4 -4 0 12
      0 3 -3 -3 12
      0 0 4 2 0
      0 0 0 3 -6
   \therefore x1 = 2
     x2 = 3
     x3 = 1
      x4 = -2
1.
%p153t1.m
L = [1, 0, 0;
   1/2, 1, 0;
   1/2, 1/3, 1];
B = [-4;
   10;
   5];
U = [2, 4, -6;
```

```
0, 3, 6;
    0, 0, 3];
A = [2, 4, -6;
   1, 5, 3;
   1, 3, 2];
Y = L \setminus B;
X1 = U \setminus Y;
X2 = A \setminus B;
\therefore Y = [-4; 12; 3]
   X1 = [-3; 2; 1]
   X2 = [-3; 2; 1]
∴ X1 = X2
%factorize.m
function [L, U] = factorize(A)
   U = A;
    for i = 2:size(A, 1)
       for j = 1:(i - 1)
           U(i, :) = U(i, :) - U(i, j) / U(j, j) *
U(j, :);
       end
   end
   L = A / U;
end
%p153.m
A4a = [4, 2, 1;
   2, 5, -2;
   1, -2, 7];
[L4a, U4a] = factorize(A4a);
A4b = [1, -2, 7;
   4, 2, 1;
    2, 5, -2];
[L4b, U4b] = factorize(A4b);
A6 = [1, 1, 0, 4;
    2, -1, 5, 0;
   5, 2, 1, 2;
    -3, 0, 2, 6];
[L6, U6] = factorize(A6);
```

```
4. (a) : L =
                     0
                              0
            1
            0.5
                     1
                              0
            0.25
                     -0.625
                              1
         U =
                     2
            4
                              1
                              -2.5
            0
                     4
            0
                     0
                              5.1875
   (b) \therefore L =
                     0
            1
                              0
            4
                     1
                              0
                     0.9
            2
                              1
         U =
            1
                     -2
            0
                     10
                              -27
            0
                              8.3
                     0
6. ∴ L =
                           0
         1
                  0
                                    0
         2
                  1
                           0
                                    0
         5
                  1
                           1
                                    0
         -3
                  -1
                           -1.75
                                    1
     U =
         1
                  1
                           0
                                    4
                           5
         0
                  -3
                                    -8
         0
                  0
                                    -10
                           -4
         0
                  0
                                    -7.5
                           0
%jacobi.m
function [P] = jacobi(A, B, P0, k)
   P = zeros(size(A, 2), k);
   coef = [-A, B];
   for i = 1:size(A, 1)
       coef(i, :) = coef(i, :) / A(i, i);
       coef(i, i) = 0;
   end
   P(:, 1) = coef * [P0; 1];
   for i = 2:k
       P(:, i) = coef * [P(:, i - 1); 1];
   end
end
```

```
%gauss seidel.m
function [P] = gauss seidel(A, B, P0, k)
   P = zeros(size(A, 2), k);
   coef = [-A, B];
   for i = 1:size(A, 1)
      coef(i, :) = coef(i, :) / A(i, i);
      coef(i, i) = 0;
   end
   P(:, 1) = P0;
   for j = 1:size(A, 2)
      P(j, 1) = coef(j, :) * [P(:, 1); 1];
   end
   for i = 2:k
      P(:, i) = P(:, i - 1);
      for j = 1:size(A, 2)
          P(j, i) = coef(j, :) * [P(:, i); 1];
      end
   end
end
%gauss seidel parallel.m
function [P] = gauss seidel parallel(A, B, P0, k)
   P = zeros(size(A, 2), k);
   coef = [-A, B];
   for i = 1:size(A, 1)
      coef(i, :) = coef(i, :) / A(i, i);
      coef(i, i) = 0;
   end
   coef ex = coef;
   for i = 2:size(A, 1)
      for j = 1:i - 1
          coef ex(i, :) = coef ex(i, :) + coef(i, j) *
coef ex(j, :);
          coef ex(i, j) = 0;
      end
   end
   P(:, 1) = coef ex * [P0; 1];
   for i = 2:k
      P(:, i) = coef ex * [P(:, i - 1); 1];
   end
end
%d.m
function [res] = d(A)
```

```
res = zeros(1, size(A, 2) - 1);
   for i = 1:size(A, 2) - 1
       sum(abs(A(:, i + 1) - A(:, i)))
       res(1, i) = sum(abs(A(:, i + 1) - A(:, i)));
   end
end
%p165.m
A1 = [4, -1;
   1, 5];
B1 = [15; 9];
P11 = jacobi(A1, B1, zeros(size(A1, 2), 1), 3);
P12 = gauss seidel(A1, B1, zeros(size(A1, 2), 1), 3);
P13 = gauss seidel parallel(A1, B1, zeros(size(A1, 2),
1), 3);
d11 = d(P11);
d12 = d(P12);
A3 = [-1, 3;
   6, -21;
B3 = [1; 2];
P31 = jacobi(A3, B3, zeros(size(A3, 2), 1), 3);
P32 = gauss seidel(A3, B3, zeros(size(A3, 2), 1), 3);
P33 = gauss seidel parallel(A3, B3, zeros(size(A3, 2),
1), 3);
d31 = d(P31);
d32 = d(P32);
A5 = [5, -1, 1;
   2, 8, -1;
   -1, 1, 4];
B5 = [10; 11; 3];
P51 = jacobi(A5, B5, zeros(size(A5, 2), 1), 3);
P52 = gauss seidel(A5, B5, zeros(size(A5, 2), 1), 3);
P53 = gauss seidel parallel(A5, B5, zeros(size(A5, 2),
1), 3);
d51 = d(P51);
d52 = d(P52);
1. \therefore Jacobi: P1 = 3.75
                   1.8
              P2 = 4.2
                    1.05
```

$$P3 = 4.0125$$
 0.96

$$\therefore$$
 d = 1.2, 0.2775
Yes

$$\therefore$$
 d = 0.315, 0.01575

3.
$$\therefore$$
 Jacobi: P1 = -1
-1
P2 = -4
-4
P3 = -13

$$\therefore$$
 d = 6, 18

∴ Gauss-Seidel: P1 =
$$-1$$
-4

p2 = -13
-40

p3 = -121
-364

$$\therefore$$
 d = 48, 432

```
\therefore d = 0.6875, 0.25703125
```

∴ Yes

 \therefore d = 0.2099609375, 0.0624084472656249

1.00173950195313

∴ Yes