

# The Design of a PocketQube Satellite Communication System

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## Nomenclature

#### Variables and functions

V Voltage

I Current

R Resistance

#### Acronyms and abbreviations

GS GroundStation

 ${\rm PQ} \qquad \qquad {\rm PocketQube}$ 

## Abstract

#### English

The English abstract.

#### **Afrikaans**

Die Afrikaanse uittreksel.

## 1. Introduction

This project aims to design and implement a wireless communication system for a miniaturised satellite called a PocketQube (PQ). The PocketQube standard was created to define physical and electronic requirements for so-called "nano satellites". The goal of this is to allow for easy integration of various sub-modules into one physical enclosure. One common use-case of these satellites is to collect sensory information from the atmosphere. These can either be placed into orbit, are attached to a high-altitude balloons (e.g. a large, helium balloon). In this project, such a balloon will been provided by the department, and a communication system for this satellite balloon will be designed.

This project consists of the design of three sub-systems. The communication system to be designed will involve both a tracking ground station (GS), as well as a PQ 'unit'. The general idea is that the GS will mechanically track the PQ while it communicates with it, enabling realtime data transmission and telemetry. An existing two-axis antenna mount has been provided for the GS, which a newly-designed PCB will be placed into. The GS will mechanically the balloon, allowing bi-directional wireless communication. The PQ unit should conform to the PQ standard and fit inside a provided housing. The third sub-system is the integration of a proprietary Radiosonde (atmospheric telemetry device) into the newly-designed communication system.

Literature will be consulted in order to investigate the various design approaches and decisions. Since the project focuses on system design and integration, a number of components and sub-modules will ultimately be combined to form the final system. Different electronic components and their specifications will be compared based on gathered project requirements. This will require trade-offs to be made, since the system design is limited in time, cost, form-factor and several other factors. This report documents the trade-offs and decisions made, with the goal of being of use to future designers of similar systems.

## 2. Problem Definition

## 2.1 Requirements

The requirements for this project are defined by analysing general existing balloon-satellite systems, as well as taking into account the planned launch that this specific PQ will be used in. In these systems, the high-altitude balloons can drift to a height of around 30 km [1].

## 3. Conclusion

The conclusion

## **Bibliography**

[1] "Weather Balloons — weather.gov," https://www.weather.gov/bmx/kidscorner\_weatherballoons#:~:text=The%20balloon%20flights%20last%20for,20%20miles)%20in%20the%20atmosphere!, [Accessed 12-08-2023].

## A. Appendix A

#### A.1 Project Planning Schedule

Week 01 (24/07 to 30/07): Problem formulation; requirements gathering Week 02 (31/07 to 06/08): Initial research; component selection Week 03 (07/08 to 13/08): System-level design; initial system layout; components ordered Week 04 (14/08 to 20/08): PCB design without traces; initial circuit design Week 05 (21/08 to 27/08): Component prototyping; Full circuit design; antenna design; Week 06 (28/08 to 03/09): Mechanical design; Custom protocol investigation; PCB design with traces Week 07 (04/09 to 10/09): (Test week) Week 08 (11/09 to 17/09): Initial build Week 09 (18/09 to 24/09): Software design; initial testing Week 10 (25/09 to 01/10): Software design; debugging Week 11 (02/10 to 08/10): Reporting Week 12 (09/10 to 15/10): Design improvement Week 13 (16/10 to 22/10): Testing Week 14 (23/10 to 29/10): Reporting Week 15 (30/10 to 05/11):