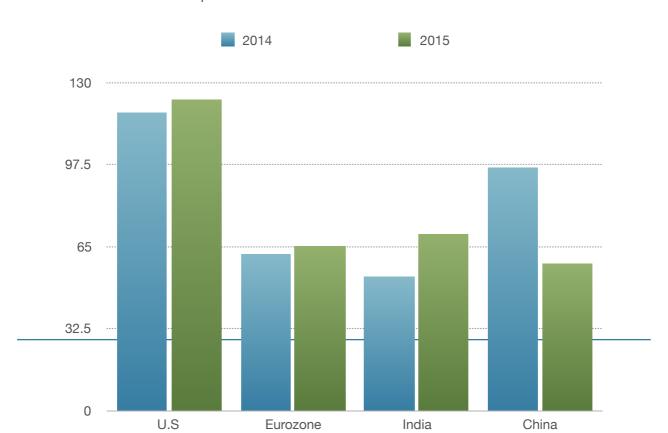
Summary Of My Research for Patent proposal

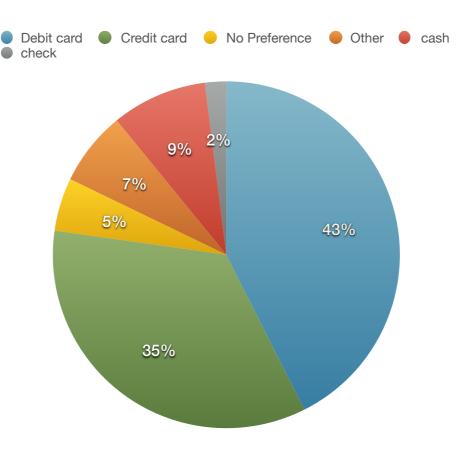
Objective

Enabling faster and secure method for cashless transactions through Virtual Card system, prioritising the transaction speed to 4x to complete the transaction in Less than 30 Seconds with out (One -time Password) and Giving it a more advanced approach with advanced Security.

Prospects for Research

- ->Increased Global Transactions
- -> Increased cashless payments
- -> concern for security
- -> Present Model
- -> Proposed Model
- -> how this model influence the present Model
- -> Present Model
- -> Proposed Model
- -> how this model influence the present Model





SUMMARY

INCREASED GLOBAL TRANSACTIONS - The growth Narrative for the cash less payments obtains a substantial Increase in reaching 358 billion people between 2014-15 ,Expecting a Minimum increase of 2X in the case of 2015-16.Both mature and Emerging markets Experienced the case of maximum volume growth has Put forward the Extremist research methods for Safe and faster cash less truncations .

ONLINE PAYMENTS INCREASED USAGE- Towards faster Transaction Advancements, Increased online payments make a wider approach to propose this model.

Study-_ Recent Stats from Wb shows that 77 % of the transactions are cashless, which happen through Mobile phone resulting in delivering the Transaction through Online cash and Subsequent Similar Methods available in various countries ...

CONCERN FOR SECURITY- with all the Recent News about online Fraud and data Breach, Consumers started to Overlook their transaction process and system , This Awareness has manifested Itself in shifts in payment choices . for Instance after a banking system Breach in 2015 December payments through debit card dropped upto 13 % seeking other alternatives ,During the same time a Report said that 85 % of the Credit card users fell prey for the online frauds (Financial fraud report 2015) Which eventually dropped the use of credit cards from 85 % to 82 % . In addition there are also many other Reasons which made a shift away from debit card payment

PROSPECTS FOR MODEL-

PRESENT MODEL -

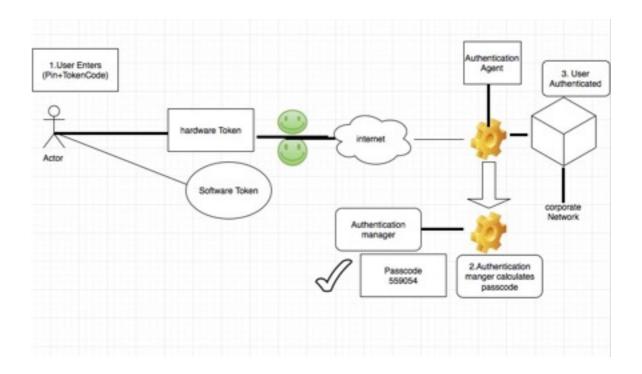
This OTP is based on the very popular algorithm HMAC SHA. The HMAC SHA is an algorithm generally used to perform authentication by challenge response. It is not an encryption algorithm but a hashing algorithm that transforms a set of bytes to another set of bytes. This algorithm is not reversible which means that you cannot use the result to go back to the source

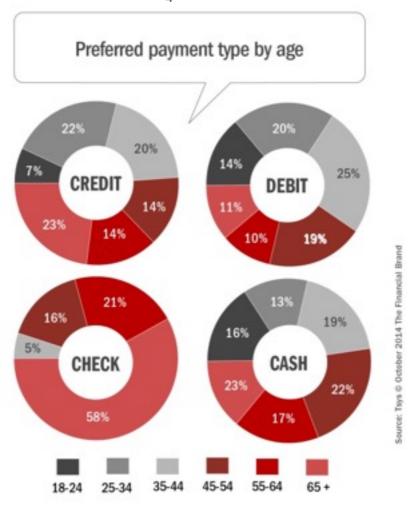
A HMAC SHA uses a key to transform an input array of bytes. The key is the secret that must never be accessible to a hacker and the input is the challenge. This means that OTP is a challenge response authentication.

The secret key must be 20 bytes at least; the challenge is usually a counter of 8 bytes which leaves quite some time before the value is exhausted.

The algorithm takes the 20 bytes key and the 8 bytes counter to create a 8 digits number. This means that there will obviously be duplicates during the life time of the OTP generator

but this doesn't matter as no duplicate can occur consecutively and an OTP is only valid for a couple of minutes.



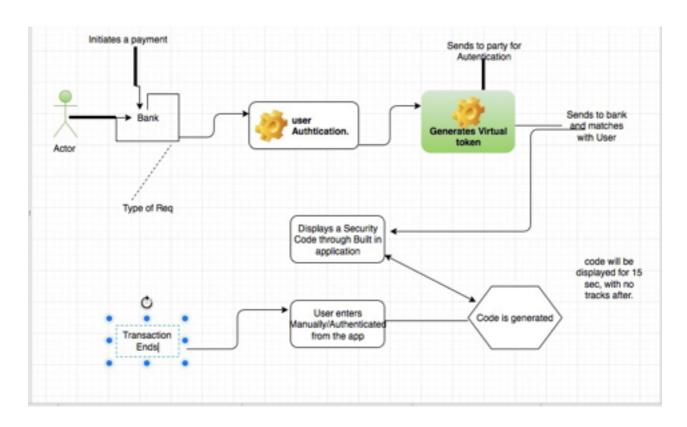


Why OTP is Not Robustly Secure - OTP is based on a popular algorithm HMAC SHA. The HMAC SHA is generally used to perform Authentication by challenge response, its not an encryption algorithm but a hashing algorithm that transforms a set of bytes to another set of bytes. The algorithm takes 20 bytes key and 8 bits counter to create an 8 digit number this means that there will be obviously duplicates during the life time of OTP Generation.

With the help of Double D-DOS attack it is possible to try all the numbers combination is less than 15 seconds which obviously gives a lucky pie to the hacker. If in case the OTP is a combination of Both alphabets, special Characters and numbers then its the impossibility case.

OTP process some adverse failure cases with possible error from server side during sending message at some intense times

PROSPOSED MODEL-



Model Explanation- Prior to earlier model, the proposed model is a Simple step process with high authentication levels and Security.

Possibilities and Influences on present model.

Why is it Very safe? - This model used virtual card truncation system, where transaction initiates when both bank and user has the same virtual card

prior to old OTP model this uses no logs /tracks in server.

It doesn't used a complete numeric based passcode for authentication with gives no Pie for hackers.

With no tracks or logs hackers cant access any logs after the transaction.

Possibility to automate the code , where user don't need t type the pass code .It automates the process if virtual card matches

and the virtual card screen stays only for 15 seconds where it is next to impossible to initiate the complete Transaction in 15 seconds

Even in network failure you need to request a new top and initiate process whereas in this model those are not Necessary because its an Automated process.

Even there are 10 % possibilities of failure OTP's because of failure from Server and Network side, which cant be seen in this process.

All the Transaction happen with just a tap.with saves time a lot .

Why Mobile- As per our research and influence on present market more than 65 % of transactions happen through mobile, and Lot of companies are defending over mobile market completely eliminating the web portals .india is next bigger place for any new Idea / technology wth more than 70% using Mobile phones for all Possibilities, so we want to keep it that way.