



# ZL ... On The Air

## *A home for portable radio operators and activities in New Zealand*

*Version 0.2 (2025-09-03) – Matt, ZL4NVW*

The ontheair.nz website combines information for all current organised portable award programmes that operate in New Zealand. A one-stop-shop where you can see proposed activations (alerts) and current operations (spots) across all award programmes. A single place in which you can enter and upload logs for all schemes and track your progress in them. And home to the national ZL On the Air (ZLOTA) award programme.

ZLOTA provides a national awards programme to fill the gaps left by the international schemes. Covering a range of portable activities it has options suitable for all physical abilities, and in all areas of the country. The ZLP/ parks programme, for example, with its 3500+ registered locations provides a wide choice of places to visit, activate or chase in everyone's neighbourhood. Or the ZLB/ Beacons and Lighthouse scheme with 100-odd coastal lights and beacons, providing the realistic chance to activate or chase every light and beacon in the country. ZLOTA aims to provide something for everyone.

Our goals are: to support the outdoor portable amateur radio community in all they do; to encourage existing amateurs to get out there and explore our wonderful back-country and conservation estate; and to provide the information, enjoyment and activities that might just attract the next generation of amateurs.

*“Here in New Zealand, our own program – ZLOTA (ZL on the Air) – is the one I’m most invested in. It celebrates our unique landscapes and gives activators like me a chance to put special places on the air for hunters across the country and beyond. Whether it’s a park, a lake, or even the rim of volcano, ZLOTA ties the experience to our home turf and makes every activation feel connected to something bigger.*

*I also enjoy Parks on the Air (POTA) and World Wide Flora and Fauna (WWFF). POTA links me to activators and hunters around the world, while WWFF adds a conservation angle that resonates with me. But for me, ZLOTA is at the heart of it – it’s ours, and it feels like carrying a bit of New Zealand radio spirit wherever I go.*

*There’s always a bit of friendly rivalry with my mates, competing for the most contacts or who can reach the furthest station. It pushes me to keep going and makes every activation more thrilling and fun”*

*Ian - ZL1HIM*

# Table of Contents

Terminology.....	4
Activating.....	5
Finding places to go.....	5
Alerting.....	7
... via ontheair.nz.....	7
... via SMS.....	8
Spotting.....	9
... via ontheair.nz.....	9
... via SMS.....	10
Entering logs.....	11
... Your Details.....	11
... Other Party's details.....	12
Uploading logs.....	13
... Advanced options.....	13
Forwarding logs to other award programmes.....	15
Chasing:.....	16
Spots page.....	16
Alerts page.....	18
Logging chases.....	20
... From a spot.....	20
... As a chaser log.....	20
Honour Rolls and Awards.....	22
Honour Rolls.....	22
Awards.....	23
Award Programmes.....	25
Summary of differences.....	25
ZLOTA / NZART Rules.....	26
ZLOTA General Rules.....	26
NZART General Rules.....	28
Huts.....	29
ZLOTA Rules.....	29
NZART.....	29
Parks.....	30
ZLOTA Rules.....	31
NZART Rules.....	31
Islands.....	33
ZLOTA Rules.....	33
NZART.....	33
Lakes.....	35
ZLOTA Rules.....	35
NZART Rules.....	35
Beacons and Lighthouses.....	37
ZLOTA Rules.....	37
NZART Rules.....	38
Volcanos.....	39
ZLOTA Rules.....	39
NZART.....	39
SOTA.....	40
Rules.....	40
Logging.....	41
... Exporting SOTA logs from ontheair.nz.....	42
... Importing into SOTAdata.....	43
POTA.....	44
Rules.....	44
Logging.....	45
... Exporting POTA logs from ontheair.nz.....	46

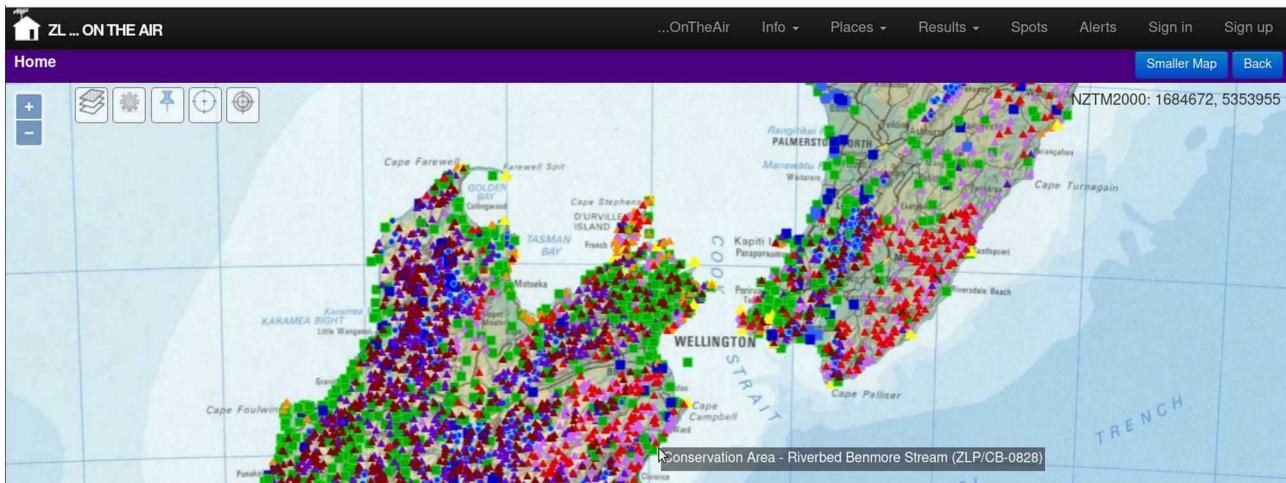
... Importing into POTA.....	48
WWFF.....	49
Rules.....	49
Logging.....	50
... Sending WWFF logs from ontheair.nz.....	51
HEMA.....	52
Rules.....	53
Logging.....	54
... Sending HEMA logs from ontheair.nz.....	55
Other information.....	57
Common SSB Frequencies.....	57
Legal access in New Zealand.....	58
SOTAmat Spotting.....	61
InReach Spotting / Alerting.....	63
When chaser logs which do not match your own.....	64
Using secondary and club callsigns.....	65
Subscribing / unsubscribing to Spot / Alert mailing lists.....	66

# Terminology

A wee bit of jargon before we start – so we all know what we’re talking about:

<b>Activating</b>	Operating portable from a park, summit, lake, or other portable location
<b>Chasing</b>	Contacting a station who is operating portable. Called <b>hunting</b> by some award programmes
<b>Qualifying</b>	Making the minimum number of contacts from a portable location to qualify for points, awards, recognition of the activation in a given award scheme. Minimum QSO numbers vary between schemes.
<b>Asset</b>	A location belonging to one of the recognised award schemes (e.g. park, lake, summit, lighthouse, etc)
<b>Alert</b>	A notification published on a website or mailing list alerting others to the fact that you plan to be operating portable at a specific time and place
<b>Spot</b>	A notification published on a website or mailing list informing others that you are currently operating portable at a specific place
<b>Activation Zone</b>	The area surrounding an asset within which an activation is valid. This area will vary between asset types and award programmes – see the programme-specific section for details. Also known as <b>AZ</b>

# Activating



## Finding places to go

The ontheair.nz website details all registered assets within NZ that can be activated for the various award programmes. A good place to start is with the map. If you are on a mobile device or small browser window, you may need to click the **Larger Map** button to display the map.



You can use the layers menu to choose which type of assets you wish to display on the map. They are not all displayed by default as it gets too crowded. Click the Layers icon and scroll down to Point Layers in the popup. Tick all the map layers you wish to see, and click apply. You can also switch between basemaps to show topomaps, airphotos, or public access land details.

Enabling polygon layers will show you the boundaries for locations such as parks. Polygon layers use quite a lot of data / memory – so keep them off by default.



If you are using a device with a GPS, then you can show your current position on the map by clicking the GPS button. Your position will be shown as a large pink dot (note that the map does not recentre automatically, so you may need to zoom out or scroll to find the dot).

As you zoom the map, more detailed mapping will be shown with 1:50,000 topomaps shown at the highest zoom levels.

Assets are shown as coloured points as follows:

Symbol	Reference*	Type
■	ZLP/XX-###	Park
■	ZLL/####	Lake (public access land within AZ)
■	NZ-####	Lake (AZ entirely on private land)
■	ZLFF-####	POTA Park
■	ZL#/XX-###	WWFF Park
▲	ZL#/XX-###	SOTA Summit (public access land within AZ)
▲	ZL#/HXX-###	SOTA summit (AZ entirely on private land)
▲	ZL#/HXX-###	HEMA summit (public access land within AZ)
▲	ZL#/HXX-###	HEMA summit (AZ entirely on private land)
■	ZLI/XX-###	Island
■	ZLV/XXX-###	Volcano
■	ZLB/###	Beacon / Lighthouse
■	ZLH/XX-###	Back-country hut

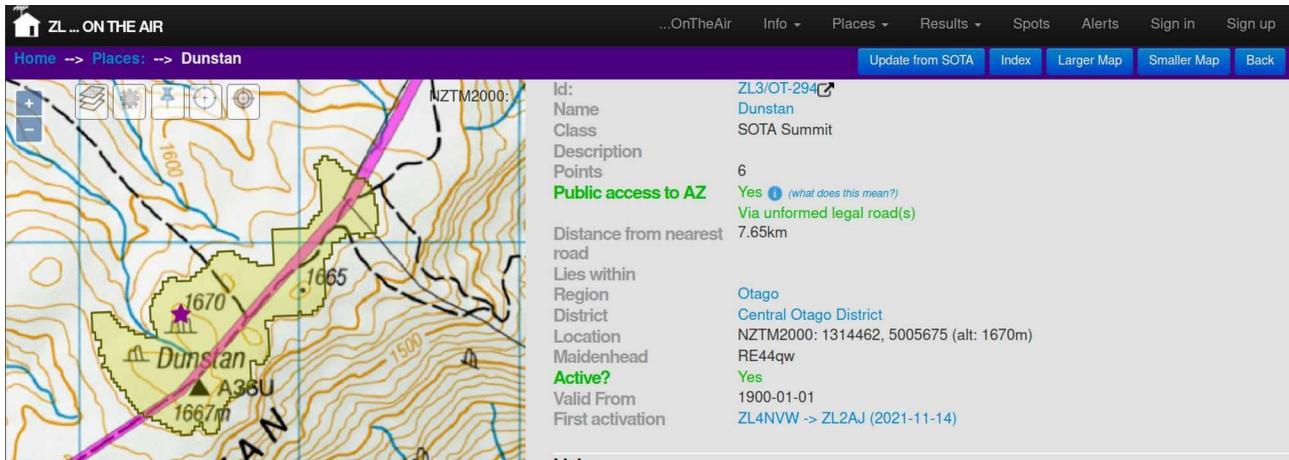
\* X – letters, # digits.

If you click on an asset on the map then the right-hand side of the screen will display details about that place (if you are on a mobile or in a small window you will need to click **Smaller Map** to see the right-hand panel).

The Public Access section is important. This gives an indication whether land with a right of public access exists within the activation zone of this asset. It will list the means of public access if they have been found. See the Legal Access section of this document for more details about public access to different types of land in NZ.

If the asset has been activated or chased, you'll see by who. You can click on their logs ([View](#)) to see what bands they used. They may have added photographs or comments in the sections at the bottom of the page.

The Activation Zone (AZ) for the asset will be shown on the map in yellow.



[Add Alert](#)

# Alerting

An **alert** is an indication that you intend to activate a specific location at a specific **future time**.

Once you've decided where to go, and when to go there, then placing an Alert is a good idea. Sometimes you might head out at the last minute or make an ad-hoc activation just because you are passing, but otherwise - if you have time beforehand - chasers will be grateful if you post an Alert. The best time to post an alert is a day or two before you go. This gives chasers the chance to plan to be near a radio when you are activating.

An alert is an indication of your intent to activate a specific location at a specific time. You can also include details of the bands and modes you will be activating. It's a statement of intent – not a promise. For example if weather conditions change, no-one expects you to head out in unsafe conditions just because you've alerted.

You can do this in many ways – the most common is via the [ontheair.nz](#) website, or by SMS. Other options include by InReach satellite messenger – this is dealt with in a separate section near the end of this document.

*... via [ontheair.nz](#)*

Click the **Add Alert** button (it's at the top of the home page and alerts page), and enter details of your planned activation.

You will need to include:

Callsign:	Your callsign for the activation
On Air From	Date and Time you will start activating
Duration	Expected length of the activation (in hours)

Make sure you use the correct timezone (UTC / local time) for your alert. You can set your preferred timezone in your profile (under your callsign, top-right). *Note that most other websites and apps use UTC for all times by default.*

Frequency and Mode are optional, but will give chasers an idea where to listen, especially if you are not able to spot from the field.

If you are operating from a known reference in an award scheme, then you can type this reference code in the **Operating From** field. You will need to make sure you get the formatting exactly right (though it is not case-sensitive). Or (safer) you can use the **Or select place** dropdown to choose the location from a list or from the map. If you make a mistake, then select Clear to clear the incorrect entry before adding a new one.

If you are going portable to an ad-hoc location, you can simply type the name of the location in under Operating From.

By default the alert will include any assets which contain the place you have selected. For example, if you select a summit and it lies within a park, then the park will be included in your Alert. If you do not want this to happen then check the checkbox to disable this feature:

- I will specify parks manually – do not add automatically

Click **Create Post** when done.

### *... via SMS*

You can alert via SMS to the ontheair SMS gateway. This is handy if you have poor coverage as SMS will often work where mobile data connections are not available.

The number is **027 3105319**

The SMS ALERT format is:

ALERT <callsign> <reference> <frequency in MHz> <mode> <YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM> <comment>

e.g.

ALERT ZL4NVW ZLL/0006 7.090 SSB 2025-10-31 11:00 Quick activation on my way past

Note that all SMS alerts must use **UTC** timezone. Alerts created by SMS will always have a duration of 1 hour.

*(you can test SMS alerting by sending an alert with DEBUG as the first word in the comments. Debug alerts will appear in the Test Alerts channel under the Info menu in the website and will not be emailed out to other users).*

[Add Spot](#)

# Spotting

A **spot** is a report that a particular operator is on the air **now**, activating a given location.

Once you arrive at your asset's activation zone, and are set up then sending out a **spot** allows chasers to know that you are on air. You can do this in many ways – if you have internet access you can spot through a logging app (PoLo, iPnP, VKPortaLog all support ZLOTA spotting) or through the ontheair website, or alternatively by SMS. SMS works in many locations where coverage is too marginal for mobile data connections to be successful. Other options include by InReach satellite messenger, or over FT8 using SOTAmat. These are dealt with in separate sections near the end of this document.

You can also spot for someone else who you've heard on-air, or who has asked you to do so.

*... via ontheair.nz*

Click the [Add Spot](#) button (it's at the top of the page on the home page or Spots page).

Operating callsign:	ZL4NVW		
Freq(s) (MHz):	7.090	Mode(s):	SSB
Operating from:	ZL3/HOT-002	Or select place ▾	[ZL3/HOT-002] Boundary Spur
Description			
Matt calling CO			
<input type="checkbox"/> I will specify parks manually - do not add automatically			
<a href="#">Create Post</a>			

Fill in the form. You'll need to enter:

Callsign:	The callsign of the person making the activation
Freq	Frequency (in MHz)
Mode	FM, AM, SSB, FT8, etc

If you are operating from a known reference in an award scheme, then you can type the reference code in the **Operating From** field. You will need to make sure you get the formatting exactly right (though it is not case-sensitive). Or (safer) you can use the [Or select place](#) dropdown to choose the location from a list, from the map, or using your device's GPS (if it has one).

Note that when using the **from GPS** option, you may get a message saying **GPS not ready**. If so, wait for the GPS to lock (a pink dot will appear on the map showing your location) and try again. The GPS option will check your current location against all known assets and add any that you are in the activation zone of. If you just get a set of coordinates and no list of assets, it means you are not yet within any AZ.

If you make a mistake, then select **Clear** to clear the incorrect entry before adding a new one.

If you are just going portable to an ad-hoc location, you can simply type the name of the location, or its lat, long coordinates, under **Operating From**.

By default the spot will include any assets which contain the place you have selected. For example, if you select a summit and it lies within a park, then the park will be included in your Spot. If you do not want this to happen then check the check-box to disable this feature:

I will specify parks manually – do not add automatically

Click [Create Post](#) when done.

### *... via SMS*

You can spot via SMS to the ontheair SMS gateway. This is handy if you have poor coverage as SMS will often work where mobile data connections are not available.

The number is **027 3105319**

The SMS format is:

(SPOT) <callsign> <reference> <frequency in MHz> <mode> <comment>

e.g.

ZL4NVW ZL3/SL-285 7.090 SSB 10 minutes on 40m then QRT

or:

SPOT ZL4NVW ZLL/0001 14.310 SSB Matt needing 1 more contact!

*(you can test SMS spotting by sending a spot with DEBUG as the first word in the comments. Debug spots will appear in the Test Spots channel under the Info menu in the website and will not be emailed out to other users).*

[Add Log](#)

## Entering logs

For those who prefer paper logs (or digital notepad apps) in the field over logging programmes, the easiest way to get logs into ontheair (and all the other awards schemes) is to enter them using the ontheair website.

Click **My Logs** on the menu bar to go to your logs page, and click the [Add Log](#) button.

The screen is in two halves.

The **top** half is for details of **your** location and setup.

The **bottom** half of the screen is for the contacts you made and the **other parties** locations

### *... Your Details*

Your Details:					
Callsign	ZL4NVW	Date:	18/08/2025	QRP?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Timezone:	Pacific/Auckland	Power:	10	Portable?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Description	[ZL3/HOT-002] Boundary Spur	Add Place			
<input type="button" value="Save my details"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> I will specify parks manually - do not add automatically			

Fill in the **Your Details** form. You'll need to enter:

Callsign:	The callsign you used for the activation
Date	Date the activation commenced (in timezone indicated)
QRP	Check this if you were QRP (needed to claim QRP points)
Portable	Check this for all but Home-based operation
Power	Optionally, enter your tx power

If you were operating from a known reference in an award scheme, then you can type the reference code in the **Description** field. You will need to make sure you get the formatting exactly right (though it is not case-sensitive).

Or (safer) you can use the [Add place](#) dropdown to choose the location from a list or from the map. If you make a mistake, then select **Clear** to clear the incorrect entry before adding a new one.

If you were just going portable to an ad-hoc location, you can simply type the name of the location in under **Description**.

By default the log will include any assets which contain the place you have selected. For example, if you select a summit and it lies within a park, then the park will be included in your log. If you do not want this to happen then check the check-box to disable this feature:

I will specify parks manually – do not add automatically

Click the [Save my details](#) button when done.

*... continues overleaf*

## ... Other Party's details

Once you have saved your details, a spreadsheet-style grid will appear for you to enter the details of your contacts and their locations.

You'll need to enter:

Time:	Time of the QSO (HH:MM or HHMM – using 24hr clock)
Callsign:	The callsign of the person you contacted
QRP	Check this if the <b>other party</b> was QRP
Portable	Check this if the <b>other party</b> was portable
Mode	The mode used for the contact (AM, FM, SSB, FT8, etc)
Freq	Frequency of the contact (in MHz)
Sent RS(T)	Signal report you sent to other party (in ## or ### format)
Rcd RS(T)	Signal report you received from other party (in ## or ### format)
Name	(optional) Name of the other party

If the other party was operating from a known reference in an award scheme, then you can type this in the **Description** field. You will need to make sure you get the formatting exactly right (though it is not case-sensitive). Or you can use the [Add place](#) dropdown to choose the other party's location from a list or from the map. If you make a mistake, then select **Clear** to clear the incorrect entry before adding a new one. You can also add a textual description (e.g. Wellington) in **Description**.

By default the contact will include any assets which contain the place you have selected for the other party. For example, if you select a summit and it lies within a park, then the park will be included in the contact. If you do not want this to happen then check the **Mn?** (manual) checkbox to disable this feature.

Once you have entered one contact, you can add the remainder in the remaining rows. **Mode** and **Frequency** will automatically be copied down as you start to enter the next row's details.

Once you are finished, click the [Save Log](#) button to save the contacts. If you are entering a large number of QSOs, it is worth saving the log every now and then as you go along so that you do not lose data if things go wrong. **Data Saved** will appear in the box above the spreadsheet once the save is complete - do not navigate away from the page after saving until Data Saved is displayed.

[Upload Log](#)

## Uploading logs

For those who use logging apps when in the field, it is far easier to upload your log from there than type it in again. Export the log from your app in ADIF format. In PoLo you are recommended to use the **Export All** rather than **Export ZLOTA** option, as the 'All' option will include all details of your contacts across all award schemes, not just ZLOTA.

In ontheair.nz, click **My Logs** on the menu bar to go to your logs page, and click the [Upload Log](#) button.

Select your log and click the 'Upload' button. Logs must be in ADIF format or SOTA CSV V2 format

[Advanced options v](#)

I will specify parks manually - do not add automatically:

Filename:  
 No file selected.

[Upload log](#)

By default the log created at ontheair will include any assets which contain the place you have activated. For example, if you upload a log for a summit and it lies within a park, then the park will be included in your log. If you do not want this to happen then check the checkbox to disable this feature:

- I will specify parks manually – do not add automatically

Browse for the logfile and click [Upload Log](#) when done.

### ... Advanced options

Some logging programmes, not designed specifically for activations, do not include all the details we need to create an activator log. For example the log may be missing the **activator callsign** or the **reference** for the asset you were activating. You can specify these manually under [Advanced Options](#).

...ON THE AIR

Home --> Logs --> Upload

Select your log and click the 'Upload' button. Logs must be in ADIF format or SOTA CSV V2 format

[Advanced options v](#)

Some log programs do not include callsign or location for your station or operator. Select a default to apply where no station/operator or location is specified for you in the log. You can ignore this if you know the log contains correct callsign / location information.

Station callsign:

Station location reference (e.g. ZLL/0001):

Import only contacts with current registered users:

Ignore errors and save valid contacts:

I will specify parks manually - do not add automatically:

Filename:  
 No file selected.

[Upload log](#)

For larger FT8 activations (e.g. 50+ contacts), consider limiting the QSOs uploaded to those with registered users. This keeps our database size manageable whilst still crediting registered users with the contacts. You can do this by checking

- Import only contacts with current registered users

Where logs contain invalid entries we will show error messages indicating what went wrong. By default the entire log is rejected if it contains one invalid entry. You can tell the system to instead ignore and continue with the rest of the contacts by checking:

- Ignore errors and save valid contacts

## Forwarding logs to other award programmes

If you activated assets from award programmes such as POTA, WWFF, SOTA and HEMA, then you should forward your logs to those programmes too. Do this even if you are not interested in that award scheme yourself – your logs will be needed so that chasers get their credits in that programme. And some of your chasers will almost certainly want that.

The screenshot shows the ZL... On The Air website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for ...OnTheAir, Info, Places, Results, My Logs, Spots, Alerts, and a dropdown for 'ZL4NVW'. Below the navigation is a search bar and a 'Find' button. A sidebar on the right contains links for Admin, Profile, My Awards (beta), My Contacts, Unmatched contacts with Me, Lake Activator Log, Lake Chaser Log, SOTA Logs, HEMA Logs, POTA Logs, WWFF Logs, Mail, Users, and Sign out. The main content area displays a list of recent spots under 'Latest Oceania Spots' with columns for Call Sign, Location, and Log Details. At the bottom left, there are 'Top Ten' and 'More' buttons.

Call Sign	Location	Log Details
VK6ASK	@ VKFF-1425	de: VK6ASK
VK2OKR	@ VKFF-1303	de: VK3GCD
VK2OKR	@ AU-2029	de: VK3GCD

You can find options to export your SOTA and POTA logs in ADIF format under your callsign (top-right) on the menu bar. These ADIF files can then be uploaded to each scheme's official website.

WWFF logs can be emailed to the ZL WWFF coordinator from the same menu.

HEMA logs can be uploaded directly to HEMA from the menu – but you'll need a HEMA account and will be prompted to enter your HEMA username and password. Usernames and passwords are sent directly to HEMA – they are not saved or logged at ontheair.nz

Full details of other individual award programmes, and how to submit logs to them, are given later in this document.

# Chasing:

Spots

## Spots page

The Spots page shows all current portable operations that have been reported by the various ZL, VK and worldwide spotting sites. By default the screen will show you all spots reported in Oceania in the previous hour.

The screenshot shows the 'Spots' section of the ZL ... ON THE AIR website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for 'Home', 'Spots', 'Alerts', and 'ZL4NVW'. Below the navigation, a banner displays 'Active Alerts' with three entries: 'VK1ACE@VK1/AC-002', 'VK3XE@AU-8615', and 'ZL2JML@ZLL/0829 ZLP/OT-0287'. The main content area is titled 'Spots' and lists recent activations. Each entry includes the mode (PnP: WWFF, PnP: SOTA, SOTA), date (2025-08-22), time (e.g., 15:42:47, 15:40:52, 15:40:52), location (Churchill National Park, Andrew VK portalog, Andrew [VK port-a-log]), activator callsign (VK3TDK, VK1DA/P, VK1DA/P), spotter callsign (@ VKFF-0621, @ VK1/AC-043, @ VK1/AC-043), and frequency (14.315-SSB, 14.062-CW, 14.062-CW). Each row also has a 'Log chase' link.

Info source	Time spotted	Activator callsign	Reference / location	Spotter callsign	Frequency - Mode
	Comments ( <a href="#">actions</a> )				

Columns are:

Info source	Time spotted	Activator callsign	Reference / location	Spotter callsign	Frequency - Mode
	Comments ( <a href="#">actions</a> )				

The top few lines allow you to **filter** the results by continent, scheme and mode.

Clicking Show all ... will clear that filter.

E.g. clicking Show all DXCC will clear the Oceania-only filter and show all spots worldwide. You will then get the option of filtering back down to a specific continent.

Below the filters a grey banner lists all current **Alerts** – that is all alerts matching your filter where users planned to be active at the current time. The Alerts banner can be scrolled / swiped sideways if reaches the end of the screen.

You can switch to the full alerts screen to see more details of alerts, as well as past and upcoming alerts, by clicking the [Active Alerts](#) link.

The majority of the screen is taken up by the list of current **spots**. These are ordered by time with most recent at the top. As spots are sourced from a range of sites around the world, the same spot may be listed multiple times against various sources (e.g. SOTA and PnP in the above example).

If you make contact with any of these activations you can immediately log your contact from this screen by clicking [Log chase](#) against the spot

You can also create a new spot for the activation and add your own comments, report frequency changes, etc by clicking [Respot](#) against the spot

Hovering over a callsign with the mouse will show you the country and continent of the call – handy for unfamiliar DX!

Spots are pulled from remote sources by the server once per minute and are also refreshed on you screen once per minute. This means there may be up to a 2 minute delay between a spot being posted on a remote server (e.g. SOTAWatch) and appearing on your screen. You can refresh your view from the ontheair server by clicking Refresh Now.

The auto-refresh will stop if the internet connection times out, and Timed Out will be displayed instead of the latest retrieved time. This will also occur on a mobile device if your browser does not have permissions to continue operating when the screen is off. Click Refresh Now to restart the updates.

You can also subscribe to receive emailed notifications of all new ontheair spots. See the **Email Subscriptions** section for details

## Alerts

# Alerts page

The **Alerts** page looks similar to the pots page, but shows planned activations rather than current ones.

The screenshot shows the 'Alerts' page with a header '... ON THE AIR' and navigation links for 'Info', 'Places', 'Results', 'Spots', 'Alerts', 'Sign in', and 'Sign up'. Below the header, there are buttons for 'Larger Map', 'Smaller Map', and 'Back'. The main content area is titled 'Going portable - Alerts' and shows a table of alerts. The table has columns for 'PnP:', 'Date', 'Callsign', 'Location', and 'Band'. The first alert is for 'KRMNPA' on 2025-11-08 at 00:00 UTC, located in Murray-Sunset National Park, with callsign VK5MAZ/P and band 7.144-SSB. The second alert is for 'KRMNPA' on the same date, located in Wyperfeld National Park, with callsign VK5PAS/P and band 7.144-SSB. The third alert is for 'KRMNPA' on the same date, located in Wyperfeld National Park, with callsign VK5MAZ/P and band 7.144-SSB.

PnP:	Date	Callsign	Location	Band
KRMNPA	2025-11-08 00:00 (UTC)	VK5MAZ/P	Murray-Sunset National Park -	7.144-SSB
KRMNPA	2025-11-08 00:00 (UTC)	VK5PAS/P	Wyperfeld National Park -	7.144-SSB
KRMNPA	2025-11-08 00:00 (UTC)	VK5MAZ/P	Wyperfeld National Park -	7.144-SSB

As with spots you can filter the alerts based on continent and programme. By default all Oceania alerts are listed.

Clicking Show all ... will clear that filter. E.g. clicking Show all DXCC will clear the Oceania-only filter and show all spots worldwide. You will then get the option of filtering back down to a specific continent.

Alerts may be posted days, weeks or even months in advance. The latest start-date is shown at the top.

The screenshot shows a long list of alerts. The first few alerts are highlighted in yellow, indicating they are for the current calendar day. The first highlighted alert is for 'WWFF' on 2025-08-24 at 00:00 UTC, located in Unnamed NoHA1196 Heritage Agreement, with callsign VK5LA and band 7.144-SSB. The second highlighted alert is for 'ZLOTA View' on 2025-08-22 from 22:30 to 23:30 UTC, located in Neal and Guppy Parks Recreation Reserve, with callsign ZL2TME and band 7.085-SSB. The third highlighted alert is for 'POTA' on 2025-08-22 from 03:01 to 06:02 UTC, located in Cape Howe Wilderness Zone, with callsign VK3XE and band 7090.0. Subsequent alerts are listed in green, indicating they are for future dates. The alerts include various programmes like ZLOTA, POTA, SOTA, and SiOTA, with details about the location and callsign.

PnP: WWFF	2025-08-24 00:00 (UTC)	VK5LA	@ VKFF-4036 ↗	7.144-SSB
ZLOTA View	2025-08-22 22:30 - 2025-08-22 23:30 (UTC)	ZL2TME	@ ZLP/TM-0185	7.085-SSB
POTA	2025-08-22 03:01 - 2025-08-22 06:02 (UTC)	VK3XE	@ AU-8615 ↗	7090.0-
SOTA	2025-08-22 03:00 - 2025-08-22 04:00 (UTC)	VK1ACE	@ VK1/AC-002	7.0-
ZLOTA View	2025-08-22 02:00 - 2025-08-22 03:00 (UTC)	ZL2JML	@ ZLL/0088	7.09-SSB
SOTA	2025-08-22 02:00 - 2025-08-22 03:00 (UTC)	VK3XE	@ VK3/VG-146	7.0-
SOTA	2025-08-22 02:00 - 2025-08-22 03:00 (UTC)	VK1DA/P	@ VK1/AC-043	0.0-
PnP: SiOTA	2025-08-22 00:00 (UTC)	VK3GCM ↗	@ GREDGWIN VK-GRN3	7.0-SSB
SOTA	2025-08-22 00:00 - 2025-08-22 01:00 (UTC)	VK3XE/P	@ VK3/VG-141	7.0-
SOTA	2025-08-21 23:00 - 2025-08-22 00:00 (UTC)	ZL1BYZ	@ ZL1/WK-113	7.0-

As the list can be long, the current calendar day's alerts are highlighted in yellow to help you locate them in the list.

The calendar day used depends on your account's timezone setting: if you have selected UTC then the current UTC day will be highlighted. If you have selected Pacific/Auckland then the current local day will be highlighted. Edit your profile (under your callsign – top right) to change your timezone setting.

Alerts which span the current time (start before now, end after now) are highlighted green. These are the same alerts that appear on the brief alerts banners on the Spots and Home page.

ZLOTA alerts will have a [View](#) link that takes you to the original post that created the alert. Here you will find further information including a map (if a location was specified)

ZL2JML updated in Alerts - Going Portable on 2025-08-21

ZL2JML Alerts - Going Portable on/from 2025-08-22 02:00 (UTC) for 1 hour(s)

[ZLL/0088] Diamond Lake

7.090 - SSB



You can also subscribe to receive emailed notifications of all new ontheair alerts. See the **Email Subscriptions** section for details

## (log chase) Logging chases

Some award programmes, notable SOTA and HEMA have a requirement for chasers to log spots. Some, such as POTA and WWFF rely entirely on activators to upload logs (and if they don't – chasers miss out). ZLOTA allows both parties to upload logs.

The recommendation is that you log chases:

- For all SOTA and HEMA chases
- For ZLOTA chases where you want to ensure you get credited with the contact

### ... From a spot

The simplest way to log a chase is at the time, using the [Log Chase](#) link on the spots screen as discussed in the **Spots** section above.

My Call	ZL4NVW
Activator Call	VK6ASK
Activating	VKFF-1425
Date	18/08/2025
Time	08:09:00.000 am
Freq (MHz)	21.244
Mode	SSB
QRP?	<input type="checkbox"/>
/P?	<input type="checkbox"/>
RS(T) sent	59
RS(T) recd	59
Comments	

This will take you to a simple single-contact log screen where you can enter details of the QSO. The callsigns, time, mode, frequency and activator's location will already be completed for you based on the spot.

All you need to do is enter the signal report you sent to the other operator – RS(T) sent, and the signal report you received from the other operator – RS(T) recd. These should be entered in ## or ## format – e.g. 59 or 599.

Other optional fields can be completed as you require.

Click **Log Chase** when done.

A chaser log will be created containing this single QSO.

### ... As a chaser log

Alternatively you can create a single log for all chases on a given day. See the **Entering Logs** section under **Activations** for details of how to do this. The only difference for a chaser log is that you do not need to specify a reference under **Your Details** as you are not activating yourself, but you do need to select or specify a location for the party you are chasing against their QSO.

... ON THE AIR

...OnTheAir Info Places Results My Logs Spots Alerts ZL4NVW

Home --> Logs --> 4399 --> Edit Delete Cancel Index Larger Map Smaller Map Back

**Your Details:**

Callsign	ZL4NVW	Date:	28/02/2025	QRP?	<input type="checkbox"/>
Timezone:	Pacific/Auckland	Power:		Portable?	<input type="checkbox"/>
Description		Add Place			
<a href="#">Update your details</a>		I will specify parks manually - do not add automatically <input type="checkbox"/>			

**Contact logs:**

[Save Log](#) Enter your contacts below. Click 'Save Log' when done.

Time	Callsign	QRP	Port	Mode	Freq (MHz)	Snt	RS	Rcd	R\$	Name	Description	Mnl?	codes	name
11:14	ZL3MR	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SSB	14.31	55	35				Add Place	<input type="checkbox"/>		[ZL3/CB-474] Cloudy Hill [NZ-0147] Korowai/Torlesse Tussocklands Conservation Park [ZLP/CB-0015] Korowai/Torlesse Tussocklands Park [ZLFF-0027] Korowai - Torlesse Tussocklands Conservation Park

Once you have logged your SOTA and HEMA chases at ontheair.nz, you should also forward them to the SOTA or HEMA websites. You'll see 'Chaser Log' listed under both your **SOTA Logs** and **HEMA Logs** lists. See the relevant section of this document for SOTA / HEMA to see how to send these through.

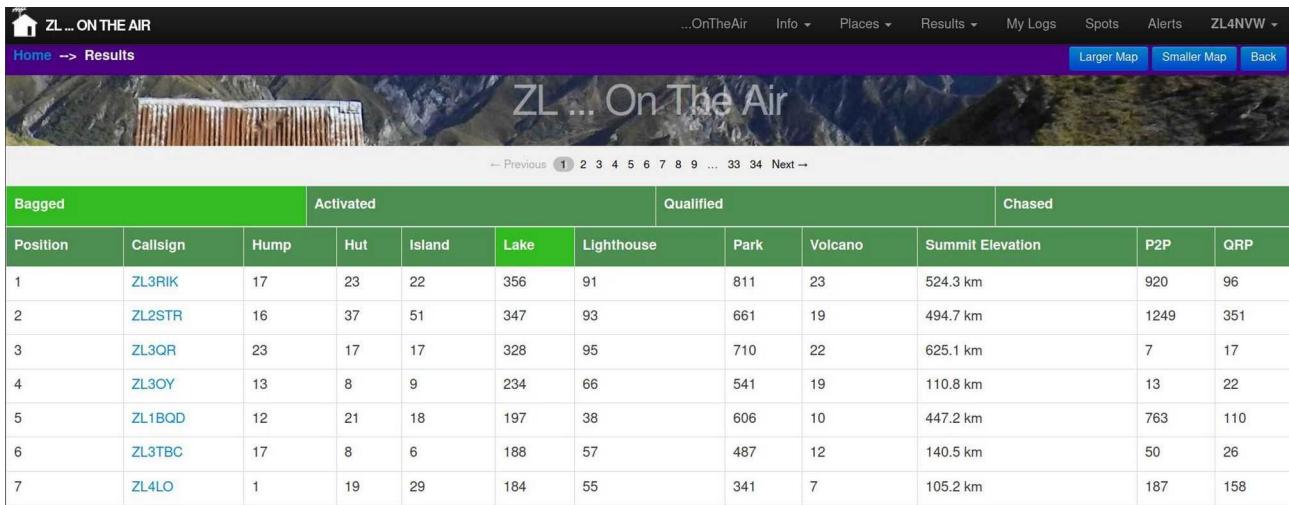
# Honour Rolls and Awards

Results ▾

## Honour Rolls

As with SOTA, POTA and others, ZLOTA is not intended to be a competitive sport. However, tracking your progress and those of others around you can be part of the fun. As such we include Honour Rolls for each class of asset in the ZLOTA scheme.

You can see the **Honour Rolls** under the **Results** menu at the top of the screen.



Bagged		Activated					Qualified				Chased	
Position	Callsign	Hump	Hut	Island	Lake	Lighthouse		Park	Volcano	Summit Elevation	P2P	QRP
1	ZL3RIK	17	23	22	356	91		811	23	524.3 km	920	96
2	ZL2STR	16	37	51	347	93		661	19	494.7 km	1249	351
3	ZL3QR	23	17	17	328	95		710	22	625.1 km	7	17
4	ZL3OY	13	8	9	234	66		541	19	110.8 km	13	22
5	ZL1BQD	12	21	18	197	38		606	10	447.2 km	763	110
6	ZL3TBC	17	8	6	188	57		487	12	140.5 km	50	26
7	ZL4LO	1	19	29	184	55		341	7	105.2 km	187	158

The first line on the honour rolls screen lists the four categories that are tracked:

- |           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Bagged    | The <b>unique</b> assets you have chased <b>or</b> activated  |
| Activated | The number of assets you have <b>activated</b> making at <b>least one QSO</b> , with revisits allowed once per calendar year.   |
| Qualified | The number of assets you have <b>activated</b> making at least the <b>minimum required number of QSO</b> for that asset type, with revisits allowed once per UTC calendar year. |
| Chased    | The number of assets you have <b>chased</b> , with additional chases of the same asset allowed once per UTC calendar day.   |

Click on a heading to display the statistics for that category.

The second line lists the classes of asset for which statistics are kept, e.g Lighthouse, Park, Volcano. Click on the heading to sort the table by that category.

Additional categories are listed for:

- |                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Summit Elevation | Total cumulative <b>summit elevation</b> for SOTA, HEMA and volcanos  |
| P2P              | Number of <b>Portable-to-Portable</b> contacts where at least one participant is in a ZLOTA asset and the other is in an asset in any recognised award scheme (ZOTA, SOTA, POTA etc)  |
|                  | Note that you get one P2P for each asset each operator is activating – so if you are on a summit in a park then you get one P2P contact for each asset (2 total)  |
| QRP              | Number of contacts for which you were operating <b>QRP</b> . This relies on the <b>QRP</b> tickbox in <b>Your Details</b> in your logs, so make sure you tick it if relevant. If you operate QRP for only part of an activation, you will need to submit two logs (sorry!). |

## Awards:

# Awards

ZLOTA doesn't hand out trophies, or certificates for your wall. But you do receive virtual awards listed against your callsign on the ontheair website. These can give operators targets to aim for, if that is their thing.

You can view your awards from the **Awards** link in the menu under your callsign (top-right of the screen).

There are three categories of awards on the system:

### Threshold awards

Awards:			
Award	Score	Achieved	Next
Hut Activator (qualified)	55	Silver (30)	Gold (100)
Hut Chaser	69	Silver (30)	Gold (100)
Island Activator (qualified)	25	Silver (30)	Gold (100)
Island Chaser	11	Bronze (10)	Silver (30)
Kilometers High Club (activator)	669.585	Emerald (300)	Diamond (1000)
Kilometers High Club (chaser)	225.572	Gold (100)	Emerald (300)
Lake Activator (qualified)	82	Silver (30)	Gold (100)
Lake Chaser	163	Gold (100)	Emerald (300)
Lake Uniques (bagged)	179	Gold (100)	Emerald (300)

Threshold awards are based on your result in the honour rolls and give you an award for activating / chasing / bagging 10, 30, 100, 300, etc assets of a given type (or kilometers, for summit elevation).

### Worked all Region awards

Worked-all-Region Awards: ( <a href="#">show progress</a> )			
Region	Class	Activity	Date awarded
Taranaki Region	Chaser	Lighthouses (1/1)	2024-06-24
Worked-all-District Awards: ( <a href="#">show progress</a> )			
District	Class	Activity	Date awarded
Central Otago District (Otago )	Activator	Islands (2/2)	2023-03-31
Central Otago District (Otago )	Activator	Lakes (20/20)	2023-03-31
Invercargill City (Southland )	Chaser	Lakes (1/1)	2023-03-31
Invercargill City (Southland )	Activator	Summits (2/2)	2023-12-05
Tauranga City (Bay of Plenty )	Chaser	Summits (1/1)	2023-07-22

Work all Region awards are awarded for chasing or activating every asset of the specified type in a regional council region. Some are easy (how many lighthouses are there in Taranaki?). Others are immensely challenging (summits in Fiordland, anyone?).

### Worked all District awards

Regions can be very big - activating all the summits in Otago seems a little over the top - so we break some categories down to district council districts.

The threshold-based awards table shows you your current score, the latest award threshold you have achieved, and the next threshold award you can aim for.

For worked all region or worked all district awards you will need to click on the [Show Progress](#) link to see your progress towards any yet-unclaimed awards.

### **Other people's awards**

If you want to see what awards other people have achieved you can view the same information by clicking on the [Show Awards](#) link on their **Profile** page. You can find their profile page either by clicking on their callsign anywhere it appears, or by searching for them in the **Users** page (which you'll find in the menu under your callsign, top-right).

### **But I want a certificate!**

For those wanting certificates, the ZLOTA programmes align, where possible, with NZART awards. You will likely be able to claim an equivalent award certificate from the NZART awards manager. See the details in the **Award Programmes** section of this document for details of NZART awards available.

### **But I still want a ZLOTA certificate**

The position of ZLOTA awards manager is vacant for anyone with the skills and time to produce the required professional quality certificates. Make yourself known to [admin@ontheair.nz](mailto:admin@ontheair.nz) if you are interested.

# Award Programmes

Six national and four international award programmes operate within New Zealand. Each has its own set of rules and objectives, so it is worth taking some time to study the details before you participate in each. Additionally, there are some subtle differences between the national ZLOTA programmes hosted at ontheair.nz and the equivalent NZART award.



## Summary of differences

The following table summarises the differences between award programme rules. See the individual programme's section for full details.

Programme	Reference format	No QSO to qualify	Activation Zone	Allow activator: From Vehicle	Multiple assets in same scheme	Multiple callsigns? (8)	Allow chaser: Multiple bands / modes? (8)	Chasing via SDR
<b>ZLOTA</b>								
Huts	ZLH/XX-###	1	100m (1)	Yes	N/A	No	No	Yes (4)
Parks	ZLP/XX-####	4	Within boundary (2)	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes (4)
Islands	ZLI/XX-###	5	Onshore, inter-tidal, moored, anchored	Yes	N/A	No	No	Yes (4)
Lakes	ZLL/###	2	Within 500m	Yes	(5)	No	No	Yes (4)
Lighthouses & Beacons	ZLB/###	4	Within specified radius or within sight	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes (4)
Volcanos	ZLV/XXX-###	4	Within specified radius	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes (4)
<b>International programmes</b>								
SOTA	ZL#/XX-###	4	Within 25m vertical (3)	No	N/A	No	No	? (7)
HEMA	ZL#/HXX-###	4	Within 25m vertical (3)	No	N/A	No	No	No
POTA	NZ-####	10	Within boundary (2)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	? (7)
WWFF	ZLFF-####	44 (6)	Within boundary (2)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

(1) Within 100m or on designated campsite

(2) All equipment and operator within (or along) boundary

(3) Operator within AZ, equipment can extend beyond

(4) SDR use by chasers permitted for ZLOTA so long as it is within same DXCC as chaser

(5) ZLOTA allows multiple lakes to be activated simultaneously, but the NZART award does not.

(6) 44 contacts for international WWFF awards. 10 contacts for national ZL awards

(7) Not explicitly prohibited

(8) Some programmes count an additional QSO with the same operator on a new band, mode or using a new callsign as a new contact counting towards your total. Others count this as a single contact.

# ZLOTA / NZART Rules

The ZLOTA award programme covers a number of asset types, all of which come with slightly different rules. See the sections below for a guide to each type of asset and details for activating / chasing it.

The latest rules for the programme can be viewed by selecting **ZLOTA – Rules** from the **Info** menu at <https://ontheair.nz>

Where possible ZLOTA aligns with the equivalent NZART award programme. Where discrepancies exist (where NZART requirements are incompatible with ZLOTA in a way that cannot be accommodated at the ZLOTA end) we are working to eliminate them through updating the NZART ruleset.

## ZLOTA General Rules

### G. Scoring

1. You will receive activator points for a qualifying activation of a location once per UTC calendar **year**. Reactivating it within the year is a valid activation but will not add to your points.
2. You will receive chaser points for chasing a location once per UTC calendar **day**. Contacting another operator at the same location on the same day is a valid contact, but will not add to your chaser points.
3. Contacts between the same operators and locations on multiple bands or modes count only as a single contact for ZLOTA (but check rules for other award schemes - e.g. POTA/WWFF)
4. Your bagged score is the list of unique locations you have either activated or chased. Locations can be bagged only once by each operator.
5. The first person to activate or chase a hut, park, lake, lighthouse or island gets bragging rights for participating in the *first activation* of that location.

### H. Required information

1. You must exchange, at minimum: callsigns and signal reports (or equivalent verbal information where a signal meter is not present). Exchange of references is also encouraged.
2. Your log must include (at minimum): time, date, frequency/band, mode, both callsigns, location/reference of the activating party(s), and both signal reports.

### I. Callsigns

1. Contacts and awards belong to the operator, not the callsign. So if you have held multiple **personal callsigns**, then all resulting contacts are combined.
2. If a **club callsign** is registered as a separate ontheair account, contacts logged are to the club, otherwise contacts can count towards the operator's personal tally.

### J. General

1. The programme is open-ended and has no closing date.
2. Historic (pre 2020) contacts can be included
3. Activators must operate off-grid (you must be powered by a power supply you brought with you).
4. Operation from within a vehicle or structure is permitted for ZLOTA (but check rules for other awards schemes, specifically SOTA)
5. There is no limit on power. QRP or QRO - all welcome. It's your call how much radio gear you wish to lug into the backcountry!
6. Participants must comply with their license conditions and all published legislation, bylaws and park regulations.
7. The **operator** must be **within the activation zone**. Antennas and support can extend beyond the activation zone if required.



## **NZART General Rules**

### **Rules for all NZART Awards**

1. NZART stresses the ‘honour system.’ Award applicants do not have to hold QSL cards for claimed contacts. It is sufficient to merely certify that the QSO was legitimately made. This rule applies to all NZART sponsored awards.
2. QSOs made by IRLP, Echolink, or other Internet enabled communication are not acceptable for any award. All QSOs must be by two-way conversation made by radio. D-Star and other DV modes are only acceptable if they are radio to radio contacts with no Internet linking.
3. Cross-band operation is not acceptable for any awards.
4. Repeater QSOs are valid only when specifically stated in the individual award rules.
5. Awards are open to SWL (shortwave listeners) as well as amateur radio operators worldwide.
6. Satellite and EME contacts are acceptable if they are radio to radio contacts with no Internet linking.

*Note that point 2 is explicitly contradicted in many individual award rules which allow SDR use so long as the SDR is in the same DXCC as the operator. The individual award rules should be assumed to take precedence over the general rules in this case.*

# Huts



Huts on the Air was the starting point for the ZLOTA programme. A small number of QRP operators who worked, volunteered of spent recreational time in the backcountry regularly put their radios on 3.690KHz of an evening to talk to each other, and to all comers. The atmosphere was more informal than a typical activation – a mix of some folks calling in for a ragchews, others wanting to ‘bag’ a quick contact with the hut. Rather than the activator calling CQ, they would alert in advance the time and frequency, and chasers would call in at their leisure. Increasingly a following of chasers grew and we put together the predecessor of this website so that chasers and activators alike could track which huts they had contacted.

The original group has drifted away since then, but some activators keep up this tradition – leaving the radio on for the evening to see who calls in. Others treat huts no differently to a park or lake – calling CQ until they have the numbers in the log that they require. As activator, the choice, naturally, is all yours!

All DOC huts are included in the programme, as is any backcountry hut listed on the <https://hutbagger.co.nz> website. Club huts and private huts can also be included so long as they are off-grid, off-road and backcountry. If you have a hut you want adding, contact [admin@ontheair.nz](mailto:admin@ontheair.nz) with details and we’ll check its validity and add it if it qualifies. There are currently about 950 public DOC huts, and a little over 1100 total huts in the ZLOTA scheme.

With the exception of a few roadend shelters, most huts are several kilometers from a road, and will require foot (or sometimes bicycle or boat) access.

When activating a hut, be considerate to other users – not everyone is there to listen to you play radio! To aid you in this, ZLOTA allows activations from anywhere within 100m of the hut, or from within its official designated campsite – where one exists.

## ZLOTA Rules

### A. Huts - [ZLH/XX-###]

1. A **single** contact from a backcountry hut is all it takes to *qualify* an activation of a hut
2. The *activation zone* for a hut is within **100m** of the hut, or from within its associated / designated camping area.
3. Huts must be either DOC or club huts or off-grid, back country private huts to be valid for ZLOTA.

## NZART

There is currently no NZART huts award. However, DOC huts count towards the DOCLands award. See the NZART website for details.



The ZLOTA Parks list was established to create a definitive list of genuine parks in New Zealand. At that time the number of parks in both POTA and WWFF were very limited, and POTA especially was an ad-hoc collection of people's favourite places, many of which weren't even official parks (both POTA and WWFF have since improved considerably – see their sections for details).

There are about 35,000 gazetted parks in New Zealand – that is parcels of land owned by the Crown and protected under one of the various acts – Conservation Act, Reserves Act, National Parks Act, Local Government Act, etc. Unfortunately, the vast majority of these, by number, are marginal strips / Queen's chain – sections of crown-owned riverbank with a right of public use, but in most cases no practical access. The list also contains numerous cemeteries, rugby pitches, land set aside for future schools, ports, etc. - also not well suited for amateur radio activations.

As such, to keep things manageable, and to ensure practical access, we applied 3 restrictions to inclusion of parks in the ZLOTA ZLP Parks list:

- Must be  $\geq 10\text{ha}$
- Must not be a marginal strip, Queen's chain, esplanade reserve
- Must not be a 'local or government purpose reserve' dedicated to a purpose that does not guarantee public access

With the above condition, a little over 3700 parks in New Zealand qualify for inclusion in ZLOTA.

The ontheair.nz website lists all currently valid parks, and displays them on the map. We source this data from the government official sources details below, and update it from time to time:

- The full list of official parks managed by DOC and district councils in New Zealand can be downloaded from LINZ – the government agency charged with recording land status and title.  
<https://data.linz.govt.nz/layer/53564-protected-areas/>
- For regional parks, gazetted under S.160 of the Local Government Act, you will need to source the information from the regional council or unitary authority in question. Under the act, these parks must be recorded as regional parks in the regional plan / unitary plan and have a documented Park Management Plan.

- Note that both district and regional councils often also own freehold land which is not gazetted as a park, has no legal protection, can be sold or used at any time in the future for development, but is treated as a park in the interim. Such land does not qualify as a park in ZLOTA or any of the other awards schemes.

To activate a park, you and your antenna must be within the park. For clarity: running an antenna along the boundary fence of the park is permitted.

## ZLOTA Rules

### B. Parks - [ZLP/XX-#####]

1. A single contact from an park is required to *activate* that park for ZLOTA
2. **Four** contacts from a park is all it takes to *qualify* an activation of a park
3. The *activation zone* is the area **within the park boundary**.
4. To be valid for ZLOTA, parks must be listed in the LINZ 'Protected Areas' database, or listed by a Regional Council as a Regional Park; *and*
5. Parks must be  $\geq 10\text{Ha}$  in size; *and*
6. Parks must not be classified as 'marginal strips' (a.k.a esplanade reserves, queen's chain) or 'local purpose reserves' (e.g. scout huts, community halls, etc)
7. For marine parks (that is any park established to protect areas of sea, who's extent is bounded by the high/low/mid tide mark) the activation zone extends 100m onshore beyond the high tide mark
8. All parks listed at [ontheair.nz](https://ontheair.nz) count towards the NZART Parklands award.

## NZART Rules

### New Zealand Parklands Award

This Award is for Activating and/or Chasing gazetted Crown-owned Protected Areas or Regional Parks, henceforth referred to as 'parks'. Parks must have to be in the ZLP list, that is they have been assigned a ZLP/XX-##### reference. To qualify for inclusion in the ZLP list the park must be:

- Either:
  - listed in the Land Information New Zealand (LINZ) protected areas database
  - Or: designated by a regional council or unitary authority as a regional park.
- $\geq 10\text{ha}$  in size
- Not be classified as a 'marginal strip' or 'local purpose reserve'

All qualifying ZLP parks are listed at: <https://ontheair.nz/parks>. As of May 2024, a total of 3,795 parks are included.

The general rules for all NZART Awards apply.

Use of internet-connected SDRs by Chasers is permitted so long as the SDR is located in the same DXCC as the Chaser

### NZ PARKLANDS Award Rules.

1. Four (4) contacts required to activate a park. Chasers only require one (1) contact for each Park.  
All contacts must be made within a single UTC calendar day. Contacts on different UTC days will count as separate activations when determining whether the minimum QSOs per activation has been achieved..
2. Both activator and Antenna/s are to be within the Park Boundaries.
3. Simplex only on any band within the activators license privileges. Ie. No repeaters but satellite contacts are permitted.
4. Any Mode permitted. Certificates will be awarded for mixed modes, same band, same Mode,
5. Multiple parks are allowable from the same location providing they are ZLP/xx-####
6. Certificates will be issued for Activators and Chasers. Once a activator has earned their award then they can claim an award for "chasing" the same parks. (To clarify it does not matter in which order, Activating or Chasing, a Park is done.)
7. Certificates will be issued for.

Bronze	10 parks
Silver	30 parks

Gold	60 parks
Merit	100 parks

Merit Certificates will then be issued in multiples of 500 parks

ZLP/xx-##### Parks can be logged into the ontheair.nz website and this will be used to check logs submitted for Award Certificates.

# Islands



The ZLOTA Islands award was adapted from the QRPers NZ group's inshore islands award. The rules have remained consistent, except for the addition of the requirement to make a minimum of five contacts to qualify the activation – bringing the award into line with the requirements of the equivalent NZART award.

As with ZL Lakes, the NZ Gazetteer (formerly NZGDB / 'official placenames database') is used as the definitive source for the list of islands in New Zealand to be included in the award. When you hear of a peak being officially named after a famous person, or the name of a town being changed to reflect the correct Maori spelling, it is the official NZ Gazetteer that is being updated.

At the time of writing, there are currently 1289 islands included in the ZLOTA Islands award. We pull updates from the NZ Gazetteer from time-to-time. If you find an island that you believe should be included, check first if it is the Gazetteer – if it's not there, then we cannot include it in the Island award.

We have found that a number of riverine islands listed in the Gazetteer no longer exist, either due to erosion eliminating the island, or land / river modification draining the surrounding land and resulting in the island becoming part of one bank or the other. Where such modification is reported, we will retire the island from the award programme.

To cover both terrestrial and maritime-mobile activators, an island can be activated from either onshore (including the intertidal zone), or from a boat moored / anchored adjacent to the island.

The original NZART inshore islands award is, at the time of writing, under review with the aim of bringing it into line with the equivalent ZLOTA award (specifically by recognising fresh-water islands as well as salt-water ones). The *italic* text in the rules below indicates which rules are likely to be relaxed / recoked.

## ZLOTA Rules

### C. Islands - [ZLI/XX-###]

1. A **single** contact from an island is required to *activate* an island for ZLOTA
2. **Five** contacts from an island are required to *qualify* an activation for the NZART minor islands award
3. The *activation zone* is: on the ground of; within the inter-tidal zone of; or on a craft tied to a mooring, wharf, jetty, or anchorage adjacent to the island. For islands linked to the mainland at low tide, the island's intertidal zone can be considered to start at the half-way point between the mainland and island high-tide mark.
4. All islands listed in the LINZ 'NZ Gazetteer' qualify for the ZLOTA Islands awards.
5. *Only salt-water islands, not connected to the mainland by land at low tide count towards the NZART minor islands award.*

## NZART

The Minor Islands Award is awarded for contacts with or from minor islands off the New Zealand coast. For example, Kapiti Island, Portland Island, Great Barrier Island, Little Barrier Island, Waiheke Island, D'Urville Island, Rangitoto Island, Kawau Island, and Motutapu Island. *There are currently 141 islands on the list. Other minor islands may be acceptable at the Award Manager's discretion\**.

1. Contact with 5 different islands is required. Endorsements for ten, twenty, or thirty islands.

2. Stations operating from minor islands must work a minimum of 5 New Zealand stations from 5 different islands. 25 contacts in total. Endorsements for operating from ten, twenty, or thirty islands.
3. *Islands which are connected to the mainland by a causeway and rocks covered by water at high tide are not eligible. Islands in rivers or lakes are not eligible.*
4. The ‘island’ station must be located on the island, or on a boat tied to a mooring, wharf, jetty, or anchorage adjacent to the island.
5. The award is for working stations located on or nearby the small islands around the New Zealand coastline, including islands in harbours, sounds and fiords. The list includes Stewart Island but excludes ZL0, ZL8, ZL9 and other islands that have their own DXCC identifier

*\* This award is pending updates at NZART, including the proposed deletion of Rule #3 to make the two awards compatible. The awards manager has stated that in the interim, ‘any island valid on ZLOTA will be accepted for the NZART award’.*

# Lakes



In 2020 a group of four amateurs proposed the ZL Lakeside award programme as a more leisurely, accessible pursuit than SOTA.

A number of potential sources of data on lakes were considered, but the most reliable and consistent was found to be the NZ Gazetteer (formerly NZGDB / ‘official placenames database’). When you hear of a peak being officially named after a famous person, or the name of a town being changed to reflect the correct Maori spelling, it is the official NZ Gazetteer that is being updated.

There are currently 1163 lakes listed in the NZ Gazetteer, and thus included in the ZLOTA / NZART Lakeside awards. We pull updates from the NZ Gazetteer from time-to-time. If you find a lake that you believe should be included, check first if it is the Gazetteer – if it’s not there, then we cannot include it in the Lakeside award.

To make access realistic, you can activate a lake from anywhere within 500m of the lake shore. The extent of this 500m AZ is shown in yellow on the ontheair.nz map when you view the lake’s page.

Just two contacts are required (but if the lake lies within a park, why not try for at least 4 to qualify the park too?)

## ZLOTA Rules

### D. Lakes - [ZLL/#####]

1. A single contact from a lake is required to *activate* that lake for ZLOTA
2. **Two** contacts from a lake are required to *qualify* the activation of a lake.
3. The *activation zone* is the lake surface, the full extent of any islands contained by the lake, or within **500m** of the lakeshore
4. All lakes listed in the LINZ NZ Gazetteer qualify for the ZLOTA Lakes awards.
5. All lakes listed in the LINZ NZ Gazetteer qualify for the NZART Lakes awards.

## NZART Rules

### NZLA – New Zealand Lakeside Award

The New Zealand Lakeside Award is designed to promote operation from New Zealand’s scenic freshwater lakes and to stimulate mobile and portable operation. Estuaries and inlets are not counted as lakes. The award is open to all amateur radio operators.

### General Rules

- Contacts can be made on any band or mode, but not via repeaters or the Internet. Satellite contacts are valid for this award.
- The LOG must contain the date, band, mode, station worked, and LINZ lake number (or name) for each QSO.
- Endorsements are available for all contacts being achieved on a single band, or mode, or for satellites.

### Rules for Activators

- The Basic Activator Award is awarded for 10 unique lake activations. A minimum of 2 contacts is required to qualify as an activation.
- You can only activate one lake at a time, and you can't go back to it once you move on to the next one
- Activating Stations must be located within 500m of the lake shore.
- An Activator must supply each contact with at a minimum the lake number or the name of the lake
- Activator endorsements are available for each additional unique 10 lakes activated.
- An Activator Honour Award is awarded for 50 unique activations.
- Full rules are on the NZLA Log Sheet which is available from the Award Manager

### **Rules for Hunters**

- For the Basic Hunter Award, contacts are required with stations operating from 10 unique freshwater lakes in New Zealand. There are currently 1184 lakes on the list (which is based on a LINZ list). Download from the NZART website.
- Hunter endorsements are available for each additional group of 10 lakes.
- A Hunter Honour Award is available for contacts with 50 or more lakes.
- Activating Stations must be located within 500m of the lake shore.

# Beacons and Lighthouses



The ZLOTA **Beacon & Lighthouses** (ZLB/###) award and NZART **Coastal Lights** award were developed in collaboration between ZLOTA and the NZART awards manager. The objective was to bring information and logging for the NZ lighthouses online, and add a wider range of lights to activate compared to the previous NZART Lighthouse award.

There is no definitive list of lighthouses in NZ, so information is taken from two sources. To be included in the award, a lighthouse or beacon must be either:

- Listed by Maritime NZ on their published list of coastal beacons and lighthouses; or
- Shown and named on LINZ Topo50 maps

At the time of writing there are 57 qualifying lights in the North Island and 44 in the South Island.

Lighthouses are designed to be seen, so we accept activations from any location within sight of the lighthouse. Additionally, as many are remote, an activation zone radius has been chosen individually for each light, such that all lights can be activated from the nearest public road (or anywhere else within a circle of that radius). As such it should be possible for activators of all fitnesses to activate all lights in New Zealand. A few lights do, however, require ferry crossings: to Great Barrier Island, Stewart Island and West Arm (4WD access also available in the last case). See the individual beacon/lighthouse page for details of the activation zone for the light you are interested in – the AZ will be shown in yellow on the map when you view the light's page.

Four contacts are required for an activation to be qualified, and operation from a vehicle is permitted.

Note that the NZART award is for unique lights chased / activated – so repeats are not included in your NZART tally, whilst repeats are included in your ZLOTA chased / qualified scores.

## ZLOTA Rules

### E. Beacons and Lighthouses - [ZLB/###]

1. A single contact from a maritime beacon or lighthouse is required to *activate* that beacon or lighthouse for ZLOTA
2. **Four** contacts from a maritime beacon or lighthouse is required to *qualify* the activation of that beacon or lighthouse
3. The *activation zone* for beacons/lighthouses is defined as either: within sight of the lighthouse; or where not in sight, within a specified distance from the lighthouse which varies from 1-70km depending on the remoteness of the light (where the specified distance has been chosen to include the nearest public road). See the individual beacon/lighthouse page for details of the individual activation zone for that light.
4. All lighthouses shown on LINZ topo50 maps and either named on the map, or listed by Maritime NZ are valid for the ZLOTA lighthouse award
5. All listed beacons and lighthouses qualify for the NZART *Coastal Lights* award

## **NZART Rules**

### **RULES**

1. Lights as listed on ontheair.nz
2. Activation must be within the AZ radius. The AZ of the lights in general is to be with-in sight of the light being activated. However some are very remote and these can be activated from the nearest road. These AZ are shown on the [ontheair.nz](http://ontheair.nz) website.
3. Any Band, Mode.
4. No Repeater or Internet use.
5. One (1) Point is allocated per light.
6. Lights logged from 1st November 1998 or later.
7. Four (4) contacts to activate Light. Chasers require only one (1).

### **CERTIFICATES**

Awarded for Activators and for Chasers. Apply to [awards@nzart.org.nz](mailto:awards@nzart.org.nz) for Check Log sheets.

There will be a range of Certificates available. Three for North Island, Three for South Island and Three for All of New Zealand.

	Basic	Intermediate	Gold	Masters
New Zealand (101lights)	25	50	90	101
North Island (57)	10	20	40	57
South Island (44)	10	20	35	44

# Volcanos



NZ Volcanos on the Air was started by ZL1PSH, covering the Auckland Volcanic Field (ZLV/AK). The motivation behind the scheme was to offer an award programme that gave opportunities to activate in the Auckland metropolitan area where SOTA and HEMA had very limited options. The programme was developed with the philosophy that all assets should be attainable by all activators – that is:

- Activation Zones are chosen so that it is possible to activate every asset from public land: i.e. the nearest road, park, track suitable to all ability levels.

The ZLV/ programme has since been expanded to cover most volcanic fields in the country. There are a vast number of volcanic features in NZ ranging from those visible and active in the present day, to cryptic traces of volcanic activity dating back 550 million years or more. The majority of the older fields are long buried and detectable only by expert observation of rock-types identifiable in small outcrops, quarries, cuttings, core samples, etc. In choosing what assets to include when expanding the programme to other areas we added a couple more objectives / guidelines:

- All volcanic assets must be an observable geographic feature visible to the activator on the ground
- All volcanic assets must be sourced from a reputable source such as peer reviewed academic publication, government department or geological publication.

Unlike other ZLOTA awards ZL Volcanos is broken down by volcanic field name, rather than political boundary. QMap from GNS is a good source of mapping data on the subject, for those who are keen.

## ZLOTA Rules

### F. Volcanos

1. **Four** contacts from a volcano or volcanic feature are required to qualify the activation of that volcano
2. The activation zone for volcanos is defined as within a specified distance from the feature, usually 800m but sometimes larger - where the specified distance has been chosen to include the nearest public road, track or park. See the individual volcano page for details of the activation zone for that volcano.
3. To be included in the scheme a volcano must be: a) publicly accessible; b) a visible feature on the ground that can be seen from publicly accessible land in the activation zone; c) associated with a known, documented volcanic field shown in the NZ geological survey (GNS QMap); d) described in a reputable publication such as an academic journal / book / thesis, encyclopedia, or government publication / study
4. The NZ VOTA award scheme is administered by ZL1PSH. Please contact him for details of awards.

*Addition of new volcanos can be requested by submitting the above information to the admin of this site. Please notify admin of any volcanos currently included that do not meet the above criteria.*

## NZART

There is currently no NZART volcano award

# SOTA



SOTA ([www.sota.org.uk](http://www.sota.org.uk)) was launched in the UK in 2002 and arrived in New Zealand in 2015. The scheme provides an award programme for radio operations from the summit of hills and mountains, and a points structure to reward the amount of effort involved in reaching the peak.

There are clearly a lot of hills in the world and to create a definitive list SOTA needed to adopt a criteria for what could be included in the programme. To be included as a SOTA summit, a peak must be a **Maralyn**. And to be a Maralyn, the summit must have a prominence of 150m or more (a.k.a. p150) .

**Prominence** is the elevation difference between the summit and the highest col (saddle) which connects it to another higher peak. Mt Cook's High Peak (3,724m) has a prominence of 3,724m – because there are no saddles connecting it to a higher peak. Whereas Mt Earnslaw's west peak (2,820m), only has a prominence of 220m, as a 2,600m saddle connects it to the higher East Peak.

SOTA assigns points to peaks (from 1 to 10) based on their summit elevation. The scales used vary from DXCC to DXCC and so are different in ZL1 and ZL3. SOTA also offers activators 3 bonus points for winter activations – between the 1<sup>st</sup> June and 15<sup>th</sup> September (ZL1) or end of September (ZL3).

SOTA require four contacts to qualify a peak for an activator. Contacts with the same operator on different bands, modes or callsigns do not count. Operation from on **or near** a vehicle is not permitted. To activate a SOTA summit you must be within 25 vertical meters of the summit, and not have any dip or saddle lower than that 25m between you and it. Only the operator needs to be within the AZ – antennas can stretch beyond.

An active SOTA community from around the world communicate via the SOTA Reflector: <https://reflector.sota.org.uk> – you are encouraged to take a look

## Rules

Full rules are available at:

<https://www.sota.org.uk/Joining-In/General-Rules>

The most important are summarised below:

- All operations must comply with the amateur radio licensing regulations and must use the permitted amateur radio bands of the country in which the Association is based.
- Operations must not be in, or in the close vicinity of, a motor vehicle. No part of the station may be connected in any way to the motor vehicle.
- The Operating Position must be within the Activation Zone. The operating position must lie within a closed contour line at the permitted maximum Vertical Distance below the summit. (Typically the contour line is 25 metres below peak height of the summit). The Operating Position is taken to be the position of the operator.

- All equipment must be operated from a portable power source (batteries, solar cells, etc). Operation is expressly forbidden using permanently installed power sources or fossil-fuel generators of any kind.
- At least one QSO must be made from the Summit to qualify an activation. In order for the activation to qualify for the points attributed to that Summit, a minimum of four QSOs must be made, each of which must be with a different station. QSOs must comprise an exchange of callsigns and signal reports; it is strongly recommended that the summit identifier be given during each contact.
- QSOs via terrestrial repeaters do not count towards the QSO total. Contacts via artificial satellites or free balloon borne repeaters are permitted.

Points:

<b>ZL1 Elevation</b>	<b>Points</b>	<b>ZL3 Elevation</b>
<500m	1	<700m
500m-699m	2	700m-1099m
700m-899m	4	1100m-1499m
900m-1199m	6	1500m-1799m
1200m-1499m	8	1800m-2199m
>=1500m	10	>=2200m

Winter Bonus points:

<b>ZL1 Elevation</b>	<b>Bonus Points</b>	<b>ZL3 Elevation</b>
>1200m	3	>700m

## ***Logging***

SOTA require all SOTA activators and chasers to submit logs before they can claim SOTA points and awards. This is done by uploading an ADIF (or CSV or FLE) file to the SOTADATA website: <https://www.sotadata.org.uk>.

To do this you will need to have created a SOTA account. One account will allow you to access all SOTA sites except the SOTA Reflector discussion forum – <https://reflector.sota.org.uk/> which requires a separate login.

If you use a portable logging app such as VK-PortaLog, iPnP or PoLo then you will be able to export SOTA ADIF logs directly from your logging app. You'll need to see the help for your logging app to find out how to do this.

You can also export SOTA logs from the ontheair.nz website for any SOTA activation (or combined activation) that you have logged here. Details of how to do that are in the next section.

## ... Exporting SOTA logs from ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the ontheair.nz website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links like "...OnTheAir", "Info", "Places", "Results", "My Logs", "Spots", "Alerts", and a dropdown for "ZL4NVW". Below the navigation is a purple header bar with "Home" and buttons for "Add Spot" and "Add Alert". The main content area features a banner with the text "ZL ... On The Air" over a background image of a mountain. Below the banner is a green navigation bar with categories: HEMA Humps, Huts, Islands, Lakes, Light houses, Parks, POTA Parks, and SOTA Summits. To the right of the main content is a sidebar for the user "ZL4NVW" with options like Admin, Profile, My Awards (beta), My Contacts, Unmatched contacts with Me, Lake Activator Log, Lake Chaser Log, and SOTA Logs.

You'll find a SOTA Logs link on the menu under your callsign (top-right) at ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the "SOTA Logs" page for the user "ZL4NVW". The page title is "Home --> SOTA Logs". It displays a table of activations:

Summit	SOTA Code	Date (UTC)	Contacts	
CHASER			7	<a href="#">Submit New</a> <a href="#">Resend All</a>
Tahuakai	ZL3/MB-227	2025-07-30	9	<a href="#">Resend Log</a>
ZL3/MB-244	ZL3/MB-244	2025-07-30	22	<a href="#">Submit Log</a>

In your SOTA ILogs page you'll see a list of all your SOTA activations, plus a line at the top tallying your unsubmitted chaser contacts.

New (never-exported) activations will have a button to **Submit Log** to SOTA. An activation that you have already downloaded for export will have the option to **Resend Log**.

Click on the log you wish to export / submit.

The screenshot shows the "SOTA Log" details page for the log file "ZL4NVW@ZL3\_MB-227-20250730.adif". The page title is "Home --> SOTA Logs". The log content is displayed as ADIF format text:

```
<call:6>ZL3RIK<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0145<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:5>ZL2FT<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0146<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:6>ZL2TME<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0148<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:5>ZL3QR<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0150<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:6>ZL1GUD<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0152<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:5>ZL1TM<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0154<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:5>ZL4QN<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0158<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:5>ZL2MS<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0158<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
<call:6>ZL2GBX<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>40m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250730<time_on:4>0159<my_sota_ref:10>ZL3/MB-227<eor>
```

At the bottom, it says "Invalid contacts rejected: 0" and has "Download Log" and "Cancel" buttons.

The log will be displayed in ADIF format, and any 'invalid' contacts will be listed. Contacts will be classed as invalid for SOTA if they are: duplicates, invalid frequencies (which do not map to a valid band), or are missing mandatory information.

Click on **Download Log** to save the log to your computer in ADIF format.

## *... Importing into SOTAdata*

Go to <https://sotadata.org.uk> and click on the **Uploads** link at the top of the page

The screenshot shows the SOTAdata website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for ZL4NVW, Logs, Honour Rolls, Summits, Uploads (which is highlighted in blue), Statistics, and Challenges. Below the navigation is a banner with a landscape image and the text "SOTA Results and Summits Database". Underneath the banner, the main content area has a title "Upload Logs" and several buttons: Add Chaser QSO, Add Activation, Import CSV, Import ADIF, Import FLE, and Manage Uploads.

Click **Import ADIF**

Select the ADIF file you just exported (it's probably in your **Downloads** folder) and click **Import**

Click the **Verify Log** button – SOTAdata will check the contents look valid.

This screenshot shows a log entry for ZL3/MB-227 dated 30 Jul 2025. The log contains the following QSOs:

Time	Other Callsign	Frequency	Mode	S2S Summit	Comments	Delete
01:45	ZL3RIK	7MHz	SSB			
01:46	ZL2FT	7MHz	SSB			
01:48	ZL2TME	7MHz	SSB			
01:50	ZL3QR	7MHz	SSB			
01:52	ZL1GUD	7MHz	SSB			
01:54	ZL1TM	7MHz	SSB			
01:58	ZL2MS	7MHz	SSB			
01:58	ZL4QN	7MHz	SSB			
01:59	ZL2GBX	7MHz	SSB			

At the bottom of the log entry, there is a blue "Submit Log" button.

Any issues with the log will be listed. You can click the down-arrow to expand and view the log prior to submission and make edits / changes to the log if required. Click **Submit Log** when you're happy.

Agree to the Terms & Conditions, and click **Submit** a final time.

## POTA



Parks on the Air – POTA (<https://pota.app>) evolved in the US out of a one-off National Parks On The Air event (participants just didn't want to stop when it ended). As such, POTA was viewed for a long time as more US-focussed than other award programmes. However, in recent years they have made great efforts to expand across the globe, and to improve their website – making the award programme both locally available and easy to participate in.

The rules for inclusion of parks in the POTA scheme is similar to that for ZLOTA – the parks must be crown-owned, have a right of public access, and be officially registered as protected land. Unlike other schemes, POTA specifically exclude ‘municipal parks’ from the scheme, meaning that district-council owned land is not included, unless co-managed with either DOC or the regional council. Native-title protected areas (e.g. Te Uruwera) are probably also not valid.

POTA currently includes all parks in the LINZ Protected Areas database that are over 500ha in size and are not municipal parks. Additionally, Forest Parks and Regional Parks are all included irrespective of size. At the time of writing there are 860 parks in the POTA scheme in NZ.

To qualify a POTA park as an activator, you must make 10 contacts. Contacts with the same operator on different modes, bands or under different callsigns are each valid.

Only the activator logs to the POTA website, so chaser scores depend entirely on the activator to submit their log. As such you are encouraged to submit logs for any POTA parks you activate, even if you're not interest in the POTA scheme: your chasers will be depending on you to do so.

## Rules

The full POTA rules can be found on the POTA website: <https://docs.pota.app/>

An indicative summary is below.

- Operator and equipment must be within the park boundary. For ZL activations, an antenna erected on the boundary fence is considered to be valid
- Operation from a vehicle *is* permitted
- Multiple parks may be activated concurrently, where they overlap
- 10 QSOs are required to qualify an activation
- Operator must have a current POTA account
- Activator logs must be uploaded or emailed to the POTA website.

## ***Logging***

POTA require all POTA activators to submit logs before they can claim POTA points and awards. Chasers are awarded points and awards based on information in activator logs only. So even if you're not interested in POTA yourself, submit your logs so that chasers can get their points.

The preferred method to send logs to POTA is by uploading an ADIF file to the [pota.app](https://pota.app) website: <https://pota.app>. You can also email an ADIF log to the POTA representative, but this method is deprecated and will cease to be supported at some point.

To submit POTA logs you will need to have created a POTA account at <https://pota.app>.

If you use a portable logging app such as VK-PortaLog, iPnP or PoLo then you will be able to export POTA ADIF logs directly from your logging app. You'll need to see the help for your logging app to find out how to do this.

You can also export POTA logs from the [ontheair.nz](#) website for any POTA activation (or combined activation) that you have logged here. Details of how to do that are in the next section.

## ... Exporting POTA logs from ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the ontheair.nz homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for "Home", "Add Spot", "Add Alert", "ZL4NVW", "Admin", "Profile", "My Awards (beta)", "My Contacts", and "Unmatched contacts with Me". Below the navigation bar is a banner with the text "ZL ... On The Air". A green navigation bar below the banner includes links for "HEMA Humps", "Huts", "Islands", "Lakes", "Light houses", "Parks", "POTA Parks", and "SOTA Summits". The main content area has sections for "What's New" and "New Awards". The "New Awards" section lists recent achievements: ZL1GGL: Park Chaser (300), ZL1KRH: Park Chaser (300), ZL2AUB: Lake Chaser (30), and ZL2MS: Park Chaser (30). To the right of the main content is a sidebar with links for "Lake Activator Log", "Lake Chaser Log", "SOTA Logs", "HEMA Logs", "POTA Logs", and "WWFF Logs".

You'll find a POTA Logs link on the menu under your callsign (top-right) at ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the POTA Logs page for the callsign ZL4NVW. The page title is "Home --> POTA Logs". It displays a table of activations:

Park	POTA Code	Date (UTC)	Contacts	
Lake Tekapo Regional Park	NZ-0053	2025-08-01	20	<a href="#">Submit Log</a>
Tahuakai Scenic Reserve	NZ-0395	2025-07-30	31	<a href="#">Resend Log</a>

In your POTA Logs page you'll see a list of all your POTA activations. New (never-exported) activations will have a button to **Submit Log** to POTA. An activation that you have already downloaded for export will have the option to **Resend Log**.

Click on the log you wish to export / submit.

The screenshot shows the log submission confirmation page for the activation ZL4NVW/NZ-0053/20250801. The page title is "Home --> POTA Logs --> ZL4NVW / NZ-0053 / 20250801". It contains the following text:

Please check that the following log is correct, and click the **Send Log** button to email it to POTA, or the **Download Log** button to save the log so that you can upload it to the POTA website.

Filename: ZL4NVW@NZ-0053-20250801.adif  
Email to send to: K4@parksontheair.com

```
<call:5>F5NZO<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>20m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250801<time_on:4>0543<my_sig_info:7>NZ-0053<eor>
<call:6>VK2USH<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>20m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250801<time_on:4>0558<my_sig_info:7>NZ-0053<sig_info:8>AU-10573<eor>
<call:6>HB9GUC<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>20m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250801<time_on:4>0559<my_sig_info:7>NZ-0053<eor>
<call:5>PD2BA<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>20m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250801<time_on:4>0606<my_sig_info:7>NZ-0053<eor>
<call:5>VK4EW<station_callsign:6>ZL4NVW<band:3>20m<mode:3>SSB<qso_date:8>20250801<time_on:4>0610<my_sig_info:7>NZ-0053<eor>
```

Contacts accepted: 18 Duplicate contacts rejected: 2  
Contact: 64869 ZL4NVW<->EC4AT  
Contact: 64863 ZL4NVW<->F5NZO  
Invalid contacts rejected: 0

[Send Log](#) [Download Log](#) [Cancel](#)

The log will be displayed in ADIF format, and any 'invalid' contacts will be listed. Contacts will be classed as invalid for POTA if they are: duplicates, invalid frequencies (which do not map to a valid band), or are missing mandatory information.

Click on **Download Log** to save the log to your computer in ADIF format.

Alternatively, clicking **Send Log** will email your log to the POTA representative for them to upload. This method is deprecated and may not be supported in the future.

## *... Importing into POTA*

Log into the <https://pota.app> website.

Active Spots Data will refresh in 34 seconds. [refresh]

Band: All 14 Mode: All 14 Program: All 14 QRT: Show 14 Hunted: Show 14 Sort: Time

KF0MSJ @ US-7948	AE7WE @ US-3176	KL7AC @ US-7234
US-7948 Wilson State Wildlife Area	US-3176 Curlew Lake State Park	US-7234 Harding Lake State Recreation Site
US-KS	US-WA	US-AK
7074.0 kHz (FT8)	7074.0 kHz (FT8)	14074.0 kHz (FT8)

At a park

- [View Profile](#)
- [My Awards](#)
- [My Stats](#)
- [My Activations](#)
- [My Hunter Log](#)
- [My Log Uploads](#) (highlighted)
- [My Account](#)
- [Sign Out](#)

Select **My Log Uploads** from the menu under your callsign

My Log Uploads

Upload Activation Logs

Click here or drag and drop to upload ADIF logs from your activation

ZL4NVW@NZ-... 250801.adif (2.3 kB)

1 files (2.3 kB in total)

Filename	QSO Date(s)	Callsign	Park	Location	Phone	CW	Data	Total
ZL4NVW@NZ-0053-20250801.adif	2025-08-01	ZL4NVW	NZ-0053 Lake Tekapo Regional Park	NZ-CAN	18	0	0	18

All files must be compliant with the ADIF specification, see <https://adif.org>. Please refer to the [ADIF for POTA Technical Reference](#) for a list of required ADIF fields.

Need help? See the [Submitting Logs](#) section of the POTA Activator Reference or contact the support team by clicking the Request Support button.

My logs are correct and I understand that logs cannot be modified once uploaded

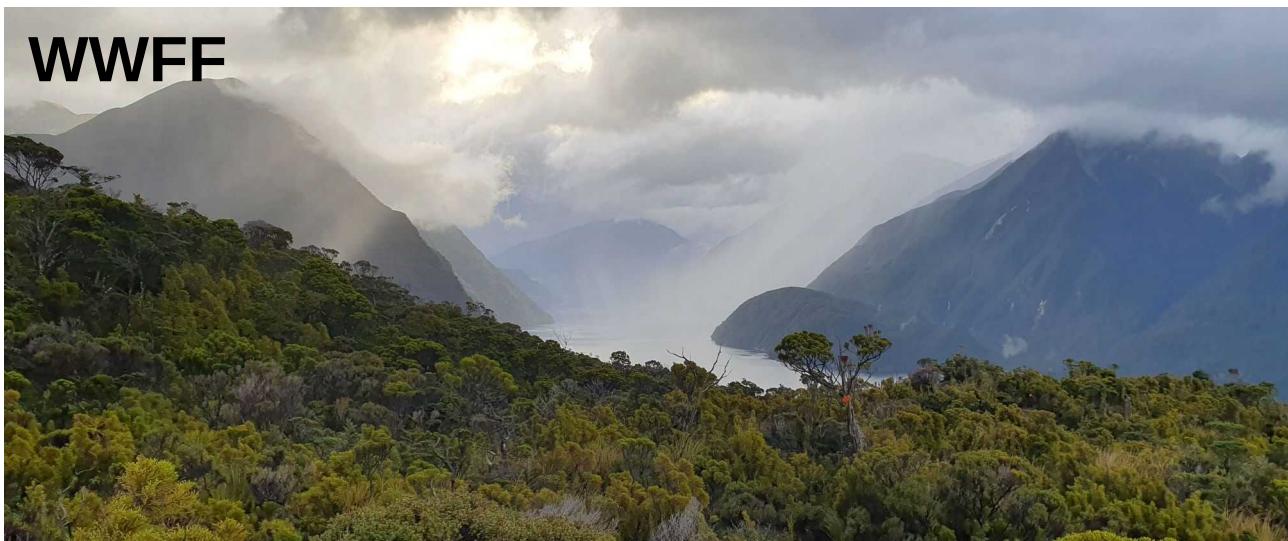
My logs are for activations that conform to the Parks on the Air [Rules](#) and [Code of Conduct](#)

**UPLOAD FILE FOR VALIDATION**

Select the ADIF file you just exported (it's probably in your **Downloads** folder). Tick the boxes to agree that your logs are **Correct** and meet the **Rules**. Then click **Upload File for Validation**.

A list of all your uploaded logs will be displayed. It can take up to a day for your log to be **Processed**.

# WWFF



World Wide Flora & Fauna – WWFF - (<https://wwff.co/>) has for long been the most popular portable awards programme in Australia, and has a huge following on that side of the Tasman – which makes for an amazing pool of potential chasers to tap into. If conditions are right, there is also a good European base. Whilst the number of parks available in NZ was for a long time very limited (49!), the programme has expanded considerably in recent years with more parks added and more to come soon.

WWFF is very-much conservation-land focussed, and as such has stricter rules than many other award programmes on the inclusion of parks. Parks must meet the IUCN conditions for inclusion and be assigned to an IUCN category. This excludes parks solely for recreation purposes, but does allow those where ‘sustainable use’ for recreation is permitted so long as there are conservation / landscape protection goals in place. As such, all DOC-administered land qualifies, but council-administered parks need to be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Currently there are 233 WWFF parks in New Zealand: all qualifying parks over 1,000ha in size are in the WWFF scheme, with the exception of Regional Parks. Regional Parks have been submitted to the scheme along with evidence of their conservation status (Park Management Plans) but to date, none have been formally accepted or added.

*The details of all DOC-administered parks over 500ha was requested, and has sent through to WWFF in mid-2025, but to date (August 2025) have not been added. Once added, this will bring WWFF into line with POTA by including all DOC-administered land over 500ha.*

Unlike other awards programmes, WWFF tracks unique parks activated / chased (akin to the ‘bagged’ score in ZLOTA) rather than a tally of total chases / activations. As such there may be less motivation to re-activate or re-chase a park you already have in your tally. However, it’s still worth getting on the radio and supporting any activator out there in a park, even if there are no points in it for you.

The other major difference between WWFF and other award schemes is that a much higher number of QSOs (44 QSOs) are required. However, the WWFF programme allows you to achieve that number across multiple days and multiple activations – i.e. you can keep going back to a park until you hit the 44 QSO count and qualify the park.

As with POTA, only activators submit logs in WWFF – chasers’ scores are based upon activator logs. As such you are encouraged to submit logs for any WWFF parks you activate, even if you’re not interest in the WWFF scheme: your chasers will be depending on you to do so.

## Rules

WWFF rules are an amalgam of extensive global rules (<https://wwff.co/rules-faq/how-to-activate-a-wwff-reference/>) and a simple set of local rules (<http://www.wwffnewzealand.com/>).

The local ZLFF page summarises them in brief form:

The rules for ZLFF are quite simple:-

1. Ensure you are in a qualifying ZLFF reference area. Only qualifying ZLFF reference areas are valid for the ZLFF program.
  2. Ensure that you are within the park boundary and that access is allowed.
  3. Valid contacts will include an exchange between the activator and the hunter of their respective call signs, a signal report, and wherever possible the ZLFF reference number.
  4. Repeaters, IRLP, Echolink are not allowed.
  5. The use of amateur satellites is allowed.
  6. Mobile operation is allowed.
  7. Relays are not allowed.
  8. Activators can only activate one reference at a time (please see the ZLFF rules).
  9. Contacts with other activators within the same reference are not valid.
  10. QSL cards are not required.
- 10 QSOs required - ZLFF awards.
  - 44 QSOs required - global WWFF awards.

*Note that multiple contacts with the same operator on different modes, bands, on different days or using different callsigns are valid.*

## **Logging**

WWFF require all WWFF activators to submit logs before they can claim WWFF parks. Chasers are awarded points and awards based on information in activator logs only. So even if you're not interested in WWFF yourself, submit your logs so that chasers can get their points.

Logs are submitted by emailing an ADIF log to the WWFF representative (currently simmopa@iprimus.com.au).

To submit WWFF logs you will need to have created a WWFF account at <https://wwff.co>

If you use a portable logging app such as VK-PortaLog, iPnP or PoLo then you will be able to export WWFF ADIF logs directly from your logging app. You'll need to see the help for your logging app to find out how to do this.

You can also email WWFF logs from the ontheair.nz website for any WWFF activation (or combined activation) that you have logged here. Details of how to do that are in the next section.

## ... Sending WWFF logs from ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the ontheair.nz website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for ...OnTheAir, Info, Places, Results, My Logs, Spots, Alerts, and a dropdown for 'ZL4NVW'. Below the navigation is a purple header bar with a house icon and the text 'ZL ... ON THE AIR'. The main content area has a banner 'ZL ... On The Air' over a background image of mountains. A green navigation bar at the top of the content area includes links for HEMA Humps, Huts, Islands, Lakes, Light houses, Parks, POTA Parks, and SOTA Summits. To the right is a sidebar for 'ZL4NVW' with sections for Admin, Profile, My Awards (beta), My Contacts, Unmatched contacts with Me, Lake Activator Log, Lake Chaser Log, SOTA Logs, HEMA Logs, POTA Logs, and WWFF Logs.

You'll find a WWFF Logs link on the menu under your callsign (top-right) at ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the 'WWFF Logs' page for the callsign 'ZL4NVW'. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'WWFF Logs', 'Show Submitted', 'Larger Map', 'Smaller Map', and 'Back'. The main content table lists two parks: Hawea Conservation Park and Mount Aspiring National Park. Each row contains the park name, WWFF Code (ZLFF-0081 for Hawea, ZLFF-0006 for Mount Aspiring), the number of contacts (4 for Hawea, 1 for Mount Aspiring), and a 'Submit Log' button.

In your WWFF Logs page you'll see a list of all WWFF activations which have unsubmitted contacts. A **Submit Log** button allows you to submit the log to WWFF. If you wish to resend a past activation that has already been submitted, you'll need to click the **Show Submitted** button at the top of the page to display previously-submitted logs.

Click on the log you wish to export / submit.

The screenshot shows the log submission page for the file 'ZL4NVW@ZLFF-0081\_20231126.adi'. It includes fields for 'Filename' and 'Email to send to'. The log content is displayed in ADIF format, showing station callsigns, operators, bands, modes, and times. At the bottom, it shows 'Invalid contacts rejected: 0' and 'Duplicate contacts rejected: 0'.

The log will be displayed in ADIF format, and any 'invalid' contacts will be listed. Contacts will be classed as invalid for WWFF if they are: duplicates, invalid frequencies (which do not map to a valid band), or are missing mandatory information.

Clicking **Send Log** will email your log to the WWFF representative for them to upload. A copy of the log will also be sent to your registered email address.

# HEMA



Humps Excluding Maralyns (<https://hema.org.uk>)

How do you define a summit, when at the right scale, the top of every grain of sand could be viewed as having its own peak?

SOTA have a requirement that all summits must be a Maralyn to be included in their scheme. And to be a Maralyn, the summit must have a prominence of 150m or more. **Prominence** is the elevation difference between the summit and the highest col (saddle) which connects it to another higher peak.

Another classification of peak is also common amongst peak-baggers around the world: the Hump. A Hump is a peak that stands 100m or more above the highest col (saddle) which connects it to another higher peak. Thus is born the HEMA scheme: Humps Excluding Maralyns. That is **all peaks that have >=100m and <150m of prominence** – or to put it another way, all Humps not valid for inclusion in the SOTA scheme.

HEMA was introduced to New Zealand in 2024 to provide an enlarged choice of summits, particularly summits close to the main population centres, than the SOTA scheme alone. A wider choice of summits, and fewer kilometers of driving to reach them – that sounded like a win!

HEMA is being rolled out across New Zealand as LINZ complete aerial LiDAR surveys of each region, giving high accuracy elevation data. At this stage, all the mainland except for Fiordland, Manawatu-Whanganui and parts of Otago are included. Other areas will be added as data becomes available. There are currently around 3500 HEMA summits in New Zealand.

To activate a HEMA summit you must be within 25 vertical meters of the summit, and not have any dip or saddle lower than that 25m between you and it. Only the operator needs to be within the AZ – antennas can stretch beyond. As with SOTA you are not permitted to operate from your vehicle, or powered by it. As with SOTA you must make a minimum of four contacts from the summit. Unlike many schemes, multiple contacts with the same operator on different bands, or using different calls do not count. The use of internet-connected SDRs is not permitted.

Unlike SOTA there is no points system based on elevation. You get 1 point per activation and 1 point per chase, irrespective of the summit elevation – making HEMA a level playing field for activators of all walking/climbing abilities.

Both activators and chasers must submit logs to the official HEMA website (<http://hema.org.uk>) to claim HEMA points. This can be done through the ontheair website (see **HEMA Logs** under your callsign, top-right).

HEMA summits also qualify for the ZLOTA ‘Kilometers High’ award, so in addition to your one HEMA point, you will earn the summit elevation (in kilometers) towards the ZLOTA award.

## **Rules**

See <http://hema.org.uk/rulesWebsite.jsp> for the latest version

### **General Rules**

1. First and foremost these rules are not meant to be exhaustive. Other programmes can be overburdened with endless rules and we hope basing this one on honesty and the "spirit" of amateur radio that it will be easier for all.
2. These rules are written up 12th April 2018 and supplant any previous version. Activations/Chases which were valid based upon older rules are still valid in the database but activity subsequent to the new rules date must abide by this revision. i.e. old points won't be taken away because they were valid at the time but aren't now under any new rules.
3. The HEMA programme is available only to licensed radio amateurs who must solely use such frequencies, power levels and modes as are permitted by their licences.
4. Contacts via any "relay" (satellites, repeaters, the Internet, Echolink etc...) are not permitted.
5. The summits used in these Awards must be HEM summits as defined in the HEMA programme. HEMA is expanding all the time and it's understood the list of summits will increase as we add new DXCCs to the programme.
6. Contacts can take place using any callsign you are allowed to use. For example, you may use a club callsign as long as you subsequently submit to the database using your own account and specify the callsign used.
7. Participation in the HEMA Scheme is on the condition that any activating or chasing is undertaken entirely at the activators or chasers own risk.
8. ALL Award claims are checked and the Awards Manager must, to his satisfaction, be able to verify that the claimed contacts took place.

### **For Activators**

9. Activations must take place within the Activation Zone (AZ).
10. The summit is considered to have been "activated" and relevant points earned (but see 11 below), when four "successful QSOs" are obtained. The four QSOs must be with different stations and operators. This is a noteworthy revision from previous versions of the rules - where four different callsigns were valid. This will stop multiple "contacts" with the same operator holding many callsigns which, it's believed, is contradictory to the spirit of the programme.
11. Only your first activation of a summit will qualify for a point in the Uniques Table. However, you may repeat your activation of a summit once per calendar year and this will attract a point in the "Qualified" Table. Whilst you might be at liberty to operate from HEMA summits as often as you wish, only those activations that meet the above rules can qualify for points. Awards are available for both Uniques and Qualifying points. Please see the "awards" section for further details.
12. HEMA is a mixture of outdoor pursuit and amateur radio. To this end it's expected the equipment and operator arrive at the operating position by traditional means (walking, cycling, etc...) and the equipment is powered by a portable energy source (battery, solar panel etc...). The "spirit" of the programme here is key. For example, operating from a vehicle or ascending by quad bike is not permitted as a result.
13. Contacts between two or more stations within the AZ on the same summit are not permitted even if that summit is assigned two different references (e.g. on a border between countries).
14. Right of access to summits listed in HEMA must not be assumed. If needed, permission to operate from a summit or to access land must be obtained. (Please see our guidance note on this matter)

15. Activators should always follow whatever guidance exists in the Association in respect of good conduct - e.g the Countryside Code in the UK. As a hobby, amateur radio is regarded with a good level of respect by the wider community. It should be the intention of the activator to uphold this reputation.

#### **For Chasers**

16. A valid "chase" occurs when the chaser has one "Successful QSO" with an activator.

17. Only your first chase of a summit will qualify for a point in the Uniques Table. However, you may repeat your chase and accrue chaser points of the same summit once per day and this will attract a point in the Qualified Points Table. Awards are available for both Uniques and Qualifying points. Please see the "awards" section for further details.

\* Activators with disabilities who require the use of a motorised device to reach the summit should contact the administrator for advice. Our intention is always to be as inclusive as possible.

## ***Logging***

HEMA require all HEMA activators and chasers to submit logs before they can claim HEMA points and awards. This can be done through ontheair.nz or entering your log manually into the HEMA website: <https://www.hema.org.uk>.

To do this you will need to have created a HEMA account.

You can upload HEMA logs directly to HEMA from the ontheair.nz website for any HEMA activation (or combined activation) that you have logged here. Details of how to do that are in the next section.

If you wish to upload an ADIF log from your logging app to HEMA, the only way to do that currently is to upload it first to ontheair.nz, and then send it from there to HEMA.

## ... Sending HEMA logs from ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the ontheair.nz website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for "OnTheAir", "Info", "Places", "Results", "My Logs", "Spots", "Alerts", and a dropdown for "ZL4NVW". Below the navigation is a purple header bar with "Home", "Add Spot", "Add Alert", and "Admin". The main content area has a banner "ZL ... On The Air" over a background image of a wooden hut. Below the banner is a green navigation bar with links for "HEMA Humps", "Huts", "Islands", "Lakes", "Light houses", "Parks", "POTA Parks", and "SOTA Summits". A "What's New" section follows, with a "Hide" button. Under "New Awards", there are links for "More..." and several awards: ZL1GGL: Park Chaser (300), ZL1KRH: Park Chaser (300), ZL2AUB: Lake Chaser (30), and ZL2MS: Park Chaser (30). To the right, a sidebar titled "Admin" lists "Profile", "My Awards (beta)", "My Contacts", and "Unmatched contacts with Me". Further down the sidebar are links for "Lake Activator Log", "Lake Chaser Log", "SOTA Logs", "HEMA Logs", "POTA Logs", and "WWFF Logs".

You'll find a HEMA Logs link on the menu under your callsign (top-right) at ontheair.nz

The screenshot shows the "HEMA Logs" page. The top navigation bar includes "OnTheAir", "Info", "Places", "Results", "My Logs", "Spots", "Alerts", and "ZL4NVW". Below the navigation is a table listing three activations:

Summit	HEMA Code	Date (UTC)	Contacts	
CHASER			0	<a href="#">Submit New</a> <a href="#">Resend All</a>
Dun Mountain	ZL3/HMB-132	2025-07-19	8	<a href="#">Resend Log</a>
Mt Stewart	ZL3/HMB-117	2025-07-19	17	<a href="#">Submit Log</a>

In your HEMA Logs page you'll see a list of all your HEMA activations, plus a line at the top tallying your unsubmitted chaser contacts.

New (never-exported) activations will have a button to **Submit Log** to HEMA. An activation that you have already downloaded for export will have the option to **Resend Log**.

Click on the log you wish to export / submit.

The screenshot shows the "Log Submission" form. The top navigation bar includes "OnTheAir", "Info", "Places", "Results", "My Logs", "Spots", "Alerts", and "ZL4NVW". Below the navigation is a login panel for HEMA:

HEMA Username:   
 HEMA Password:

Below the login panel is a summary table:

Callsign	ZL4NVW	Date:	2025-07-19	QRP?	No
Location	z13/hmb-117	ZL3/HMB-117 ZLP/MB-0002 NZ-0062 ZLFF-0055			

At the bottom is a detailed log table:

Time	Callsign	Mode	Freq	Location	RST Sent	RST Rec'd
11:49 NZST	ZL3NLA	SSB	7.085	NZ-0605 ZLP/CB-4628	57	59
11:50 NZST	ZL2STR	SSB	7.120		59	58

Details of your log will be displayed, along with a login panel for the HEMA Website. If you are happy with the log, enter your HEMA login details and click Submit. Your HEMA details are not stored or logged at ontheair.nz and are only used to validate your HEMA account for the log upload process.

The upload process sends each contact one-at-a-time, and takes 2-3 second per contact – be patient!

The screenshot shows the OnTheAir software interface with the following details:

- Top navigation bar: ...OnTheAir, Info, Places, Results, My Logs, Spots, Alerts, ZL4NVW.
- Sub-navigation bar: Home --> HEMA Logs.
- Message: Check the uploaded log below that was returned by the HEMA website, and click 'Finalise' if it is correct. Logs on HEMA cannot be edited once 'Finalised'. **Finalise** **Cancel**
- Text: ZL3HMB-117 - Mt Stewart  
ZL4NVW - 19/07/2025
- Table: A grid showing uploaded contacts. The columns are Callsign, Band/Mode, and Comments. Two entries are present:

Callsign	Band/Mode	Comments
ZL3NLA	7MHz (SSB)	[Red status icon]
ZL2STR	7MHz (SSB)	[Red status icon]

After the log upload has completed, ontheair will display the summary of the uploaded contacts that the HEMA website returned. If you are happy with them, click **Finalise** to complete submission of the log (the log is not accepted at HEMA until the Finalise button is clicked).

# Other information

## Common SSB Frequencies

There is no ‘official’ allocation of frequencies for the ZLOTA scheme, and of course – ‘no-one owns a frequency’ in amateur radio. But the following table shows commonly used centre-of-activity frequencies, with operators spreading out on either side when things are busy.

<b>Band</b>	<b>SOTA Frequency</b>	<b>ZLOTA Frequency</b>	<b>VK Parks frequency</b>
80m	3.585	3.690*	3.644
60m		5.363**	
40m	7.090	7.085	7.144
20m	14.310	14.310	14.144 / 14.244
15m	21.300	21.300	21.144 / 21.244
10m	28.480	28.3-28.6	
2m	146.500	146.500	

\* Note that this is the designated QRP calling frequency and so non-QRP operation may be frowned upon.

\*\* USB. Note that power limits apply – see your license.

# Legal access in New Zealand

The ontheair.nz website lists all assets in each award programme in New Zealand. The list is not restricted to those that are on Crown-owned land or have a right of public access. Places listed at ontheair include many that are:

- On private land with no access rights
- On private land accessible by easements, covenants or legal walkways
- Commercial forests subject to Public Access Easements (PAE's) along forestry roads
- On crown land with a right of public access
- On crown land subject to access restrictions for reasons of conservation (e.g Takehe protected area)
- On islands that have restriction on landings
- On areas that are closed due to safety (e.g active volcanic sites)
- In areas subject to rahui
- Tapu sites of significance to their traditional owners

It is **always** the operator's responsibility to ensure that they have a right of / permission for access prior to visiting a site. It is the operators responsibility to ensure that radio operations from that site are in compliance with their license regulations and conditions.

## Indications of public access shown on this site

For each place listed on ontheair we give an indication of whether the activation zone includes land with public access or not. Where this site indicates 'Yes' there is public access this means:

- We have found land with a right of public access *somewhere in the activation zone*. This does not mean that the actual lakeshore or the actual summit has public access.
- The specific type of public access land will be shown (formed road, legal road, DOC walkway, DOC / council park or reserve)
- We *do not* verify whether there is continuous public access from the nearest road to the activation zone. Where we indicate that public access land exists in the AZ, it may be isolated from roads by private land and only accessible by air or boat without neighbouring landowner permission.
- We do not verify that there is practical access through the public access land. Bluffs, rivers, swamps may mean that access, though legally allowed, is impractical.

## Classes of public access land

The following is a collection of online resources about access to various classes of land in New Zealand, along with my summaries of their contents. Note that my summary does not constitute legal advice. The Walking Access Commission is a good place to start for information and advice.

<https://www.walkingaccess.govt.nz/>

### Conservation land

Public Conservation Land (PCL) in NZ comes with a default right of public access. Public Conservation Land is shown in green on the Walking Access Commission's maps.

Note, however, there are situations in which the conservation act or national parks acts allow access to be restricted. Offshore islands, breeding sites, and areas of active vulcanism are examples.

DOC can also administratively 'close' a facility if they believe it is not up to their standards. Such closures indicate that the facility is not fit for purpose, but do not remove the right of public access to the area.

DOC currently allow amateur radio activity on DOC land by default - i.e. radio operation is permitted except where it is explicitly prohibited. Note however, that other activities related to an amateur radio activity (e.g. erection of temporary structures, overnight camping) may be restricted.

<https://doc.govt.nz>

#### ***Private land:***

Whilst there is no 'right to access' over private land in NZ, the law (trespass act 1980) does not prohibit access unless you fail to leave when asked. This situation creates a lack of clarity and expectations about access that can lead to confusion and conflict.

<https://communitylaw.org.nz/community-law-manual/not-rated/trespassing/>

<https://www.walkingaccess.govt.nz/knowledge/access/do-i-have-the-right-to-walk-over-private-land-to-get-to-public-land/>

When considering access over private land - note that:

- There are legislated locations where access permission is a legal requirement under other acts (e.g plantation forestry, ports, etc).
- Most landowners will not be happy about accessing their land without permission irrespective of what the trespass law actually says or doesn't say
- Any access implied by the trespass act may not translate into a right to operate an amateur radio station
- Farms have critical times of year when disturbance to stock or farming operations can have massive impacts and costs to the landowner. Unless you ask, you may not be aware of these until it is too late.

#### ***Easements, agreements, walkways and covenants***

There are many situations in which public access has been provided across private land. But these are often buried in easements and covenants on the property title and not published elsewhere. DOC and WAMS can give advice on some of these but do not know of all public access easements and covenants.

<https://www.doc.govt.nz/map/index.html>

<http://wams.org.nz/>

For former pastoral leases that have completed tenure review the 'full substantive proposal' signed by LINZ and the leasee will list access easements and covenants over the resulting freehold land.

<https://www.linz.govt.nz/crown-property/crown-pastoral-land/status-and-location-crown-pastoral-land>

For other private land the only definitive way to determine access rights is by requesting the title from LINZ, which is subject to a fee.

<https://lrs.linz.govt.nz/search/>

#### ***Forestry Public Access Easements (PAEs)***

When crown-owned NZFS production forests were privatised in the '90s, existing rights of public access that existed along many of the roads within the forests were preserved as Public Access Easements (PAEs). These easements are recorded in the license issued to the forestry company, and not in the land-title register. Unlike normal access easements across private land, which are guaranteed, PAEs may be 'temporarily closed' at the discretion of the forestry owner for 'operational purposes' or 'safety'. This means that they are very unreliable forms of ongoing access. There are cases (e.g. Lower Windley Hut access) where they have been suspended indefinitely - which may or may not be legally valid.

Walking Access have added a PAE layer to their maps - it is unclear at this time how complete the data in that layer is. At the time of writing (2025-01-01) it included just 157 easements, and was missing many that are referenced elsewhere (DOC, Te Araroa trust).

<https://www.herengaauku.govt.nz/types-of-access/public-access-easements>

#### ***Unformed legal roads:***

Legal roads are owned by the crown, not by the neighbouring landowner. The existence of a legal (unformed) road may not be visible on the ground or acknowledged by the neighbour. It is your responsibility to ensure that you remain

within the bounds of that road. If you find access to a legal road blocked by barriers or stock, a complaint to the territorial authority is the appropriate step. Legal roads are shown in purple on the Walking Access Commission's maps.  
<https://www.walkingaccess.govt.nz/knowledge/access/unformed-legal-roads/>  
<https://fmc.org.nz/campaigns/same-as-sh1/>

### **Marginal strips and riverbeds**

Marginal strips (Queen's chain) run along the banks of many rivers and lakes in NZ, but not all. Even where they are present they may not be continuous and may not accurately follow the current course of the waterway. Some are 'movable marginal strips' which change as the river course changes, others are fixed and may be nowhere near the current riverbed.

Most marginal strips are crown-owned public conservation land (DOC-managed) and come with a right of public access (that is their purpose). They are 11m or 22m wide and start from the edge of the legal riverbed. Older marginal strips are legal roads, managed by LINZ. Marginal strips are shown on the walking access commission's maps as either purple (roads) or green (conservation land). Note that it is your responsibility to ensure that you remain within the limits of the marginal strip and that access may not always be physically practical. A GPS with the boundaries on it can be a big help.

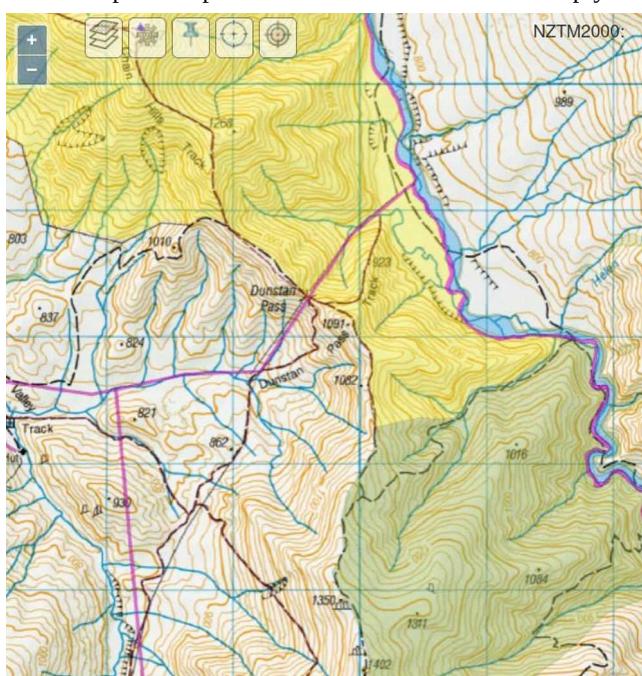
<https://www.walkingaccess.govt.nz/knowledge/rivers-lakes-and-coast/what-is-a-marginal-strip/>

The crown owns the beds of most major rivers in NZ, often including dry beds and channels. These are shown as blue 'hydro' areas on the Walking Access Commission's maps. This land is managed by LINZ, not DOC. Where a riverbed is bordered by private land LINZ **may** agree for its use (to the centre-line) by the neighbouring landowner - in this case there is no right of public access. Where the riverbed is bordered by public conservation land (e.g. marginal strip) or a legal road then DOC/LINZ are the neighbouring landowner and access will be allowed to the centre-line.

<https://www.walkingaccess.govt.nz/knowledge/rivers-lakes-and-coast/access-along-rivers-lakes-and-the-coast/#9>

### **How do I tell what class land / a track falls in to?**

The walking access commission provides maps of 'public access land', indicating where there is a right of public access. These maps are reproduced here on ontheair.nz - simply select the 'Public access land' layer from the map layers menu.



# SOTAmat Spotting

SOTAmat provides an application and web-server that allows spotting of portable activations via FT8 using your mobile phone speaker and your HF radio. It works like this:

Before you go:

- You pre-program the server (<https://sotamat.com>) with the lists of parks, peaks, etc that you plan to visit and the frequencies you might use
- The server then allocates an abbreviated message suitable for transmission via FT8 to each combination you have created
- You sync this list off the server to the SOTAmat app on your phone.

In the field:

- You tune your radio to the normal FT8 frequency (both 7.074 or 14.074 are well monitored in ZL/VK)
- Select USB, and turn off audio compression / speech processing
- Key the mic and play the FT8 audio into the mic using the SOTAmat app, being careful to keep the volume / distance from the mic such that you do not trigger the radio's ALC.
- The audio will be repeated 4 times on different sub-frequencies within the 3KHz FT8 channel, to avoid failures due to collisions
  - One or more SOTAmat or PSKreporter monitoring stations receive your FT8 message and pass it to the SOTAmat server
  - The SOTAmat server sends a correctly-formatted SPOT message to the appropriate server for the award programme you are activating

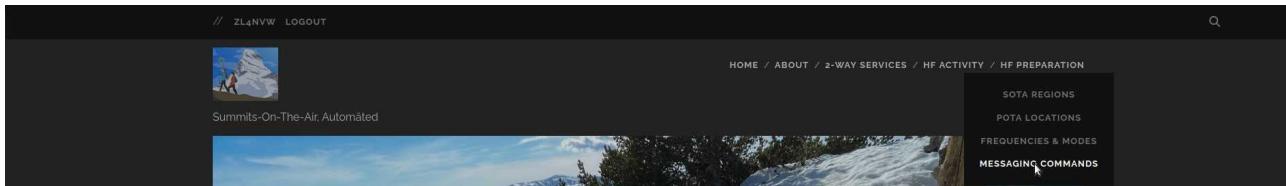
There are an increasing number of SOTAmat dedicated listening stations around the world monitoring the FT8 frequencies for SOTAmat messages and forwarding them immediately to the SOTAmat server. Supplementing that is the full worldwide PSK reporter network which also forwards SOTAmat messages – though only once every five minutes – so you may need to allow for that delay.

There are good guides for using SOTAmat for spotting SOTA and POTA on the SOTAmat website – check them out.

Sadly, SOTAmat does not support ZLOTA (or HEMA or WWFF) intrinsically, and as such spotting these schemes via SOTAmat is way fiddlier than SOTA or POTA spotting from SOTAmat. But it can be done as follows.

In the **SOTAmat webpage**:

- Go to **HF Preparation -> Messaging Commands** and select **+ New Entry**



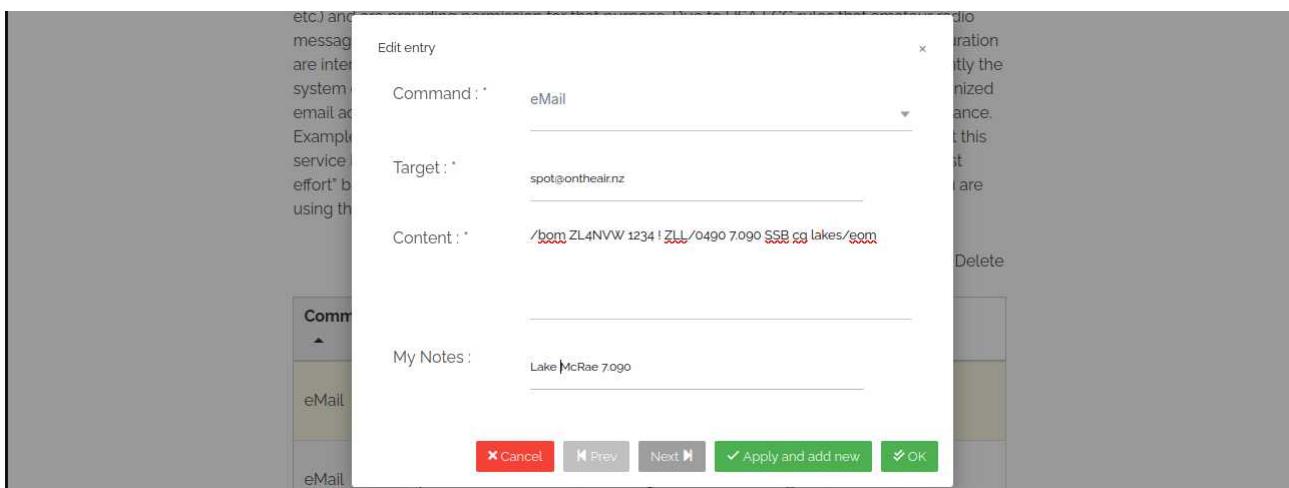
Enter something like:

Command: email

Target: [spot@ontheair.nz](mailto:spot@ontheair.nz)

Content: /bom ZL4NVW 1234 ! ZLL/0003 7.090 SSB Calling CQ now. /eom

Notes: **ZLL/0003 7.090**



where:

- [spot@ontheair.nz](mailto:spot@ontheair.nz) is the spotting gateway address at ontheair.nz
- ZL4NVW is your account callsign as registered at ontheair.nz
- 1234 is your ontheair PIN (see you profile under your callsign, top-right, at ontheair.nz)
- ! means you are spotting your own call. You can replace ! with another call if you are spotting for someone else or using a club call, etc
- ZLL/0003 is the lake, hut, island, lighthouse, park, (or even WWFF park) you are activating
- 7.090 is the frequency you plan to use. You will need to define multiple messages if you plan to use multiple bands (or just put those details in the notes)
- SSB is the mode you plan to use
- Calling CQ now is what will be placed in the comments field of the spot. Obviously change this to whatever you want!
- /bom and /eom mark the beginning and end of the spot message. They are required as SOTAmat adds all sorts of junk to the start / end of the email it sends.
- Notes is what shows up in the SOTAmat app when you select from your list of predefined messages

Then sync your **SOTAmat app** with the server to pick up the new message

- **(Setup -> Load config from server)**

==

In the field:

You can then select '**message**' from the bottom line of the SOTAmat app, and select the message you defined above.

Click on **Play FT8 Audio** to send the ZLOTA spot via FT8. I just hold the mic against the phone speaker and watch the ALC does not trigger on the radio (having turned off audio compression first). Seems to work ok.

I've tried this via both my own always-on SOTAmat-connected FT8 monitor on 7.074 (instant) and via VK5HW and PSKreporter on 14.074 (up to 5 minute delay).

Be aware that if you do this, your ontheair PIN will be logged at the SOTAmat website. So do not use any PIN for ontheair that you use to protect anything else if you try this!

## InReach Spotting / Alerting

Users of InReach can create spots and alerts on OnTheAir and ParksNPeaks from their InReach device whilst in the backcountry. This will also work from any device capable of sending a message to an email address.

**To create a spot send an InReach message. On your InReach, create a message as follows:**

- To: spot@ontheair.nz
- Containing a message like: ZL4NVW 1234 ZL1THH ZLH/0001 3.690 SSB Calling CQ now inr.ch

Where ZL4NVW is your callsign, 1234 is your PIN (this is different to your password. Set your PIN in your profile)

Creates a spot for: ZL1THH 'calling CQ now' from ZLH/0001 on 3.690 SSB. The inr.ch terminator (as also required by SOTA) is there to mark the end of your message, as inreach adds other information to the end of what you send. Note that the subject of the email is ignored.

**To self-spot:**

- To: spot@ontheair.nz
- ZL4NVW 1234 ! ZLFF-0001 3.690 SSB On air in 5 mins inr.ch

If you are spotting yourself you can replace the 'calling callsign' with !, as above

**To create an alert:**

- To: alert@ontheair.nz
- ZL4NVW 1234 ! ZLFF-0002 3.690 SSB 2021-05-26 02:00 Time approx inr.ch

Alerting: ZL4NVW will be in ZLFF-0002 3.690 SSB at 02:00 on 26/05/2021\*\*\*UTC\*\*\*. You can specify a different callsign instead of '!' to alert for someone else.

Note that all InReach alerts must use **UTC** timezone

*All spots and alerts for NZ entities will be notified on both OnTheAir and ParksNPeaks. VK entities will only spot/alert on ParksNPeaks*

*If the comment contains the word 'debug' then the spot / alert will be verified and displayed on ontheair but not forwarded to other schemes, and not sent to the email lists*

## When chaser logs which do not match your own

When a chaser uploads a log recording you activating the wrong location, that location shows up in your scores and lists of places activated - which can be annoying. We now check chaser logs against activator logs and if a chaser records you in (for example) a park that does not match your own activation log then that **chase** of you in that park is now flagged as 'unmatched'.

Bagged			Activated				Qualified				Chased	
Position	Callsign	Hump	Hut	Island	Lake	Lighthouse	Park	Volcano	Summit Elevation	P2P	QRP	
1	ZL1ACK	0	0	0	1	0	8	28 <sup>+</sup>	4.1 km	0	35	
2	ZL1YX	0	0	5	11	7	59	14	3.9 km	0	6	
3	ZL1SKL	0	0	4 <sup>+</sup>	0	0	45 <sup>+</sup>	13 <sup>+</sup>	113.4 km	0	18	
4	ZL3GA	0	0	1	12 <sup>+</sup>	6 <sup>+</sup>	68 <sup>+</sup>	12 <sup>+</sup>	368.0 km	0	23	

Scores in the honour roll which include unmatched contacts submitted by a chaser are highlighted with a small blue <sup>+</sup> to indicate that they may be incorrect.

You can view the list of chaser logs that do not match your own activations in the menu under your callsign by clicking **Unmatched Contacts with Me**.

	Callsign1	Callsign2	Date	Time	Freq (MHz)	Mode	Location1	Location2
Confirm Refute	ZL1PSH	ZL4NVW	2025-08-08	17:48 NZST	7.000	SSB		[NZ-0106] Okuru Waiatoto Conservation Area [ZLP/WC-0024] Conservation Area - Okuru-Waiatoto [ZLFF-0176] Okuru-Waiatoto Conservation Area

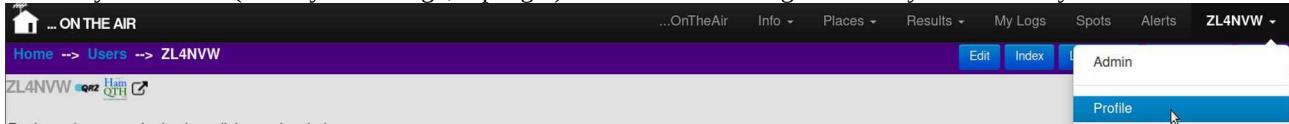
You have the choice to either **Confirm** or **Refute** each unmatched chaser contact:

- **Confirm** will add a record of that QSO to your own logs, confirming the contact and adding the location to your list of places activated.
- **Refute** will 'comment out' the chaser's recorded location for you in their log, and indicate that the recorded location is not correct. It will *not* delete the chaser's contact.

# Using secondary and club callsigns

Ontheair.nz supports the use of secondary and club callsigns in spots, alerts and logs.

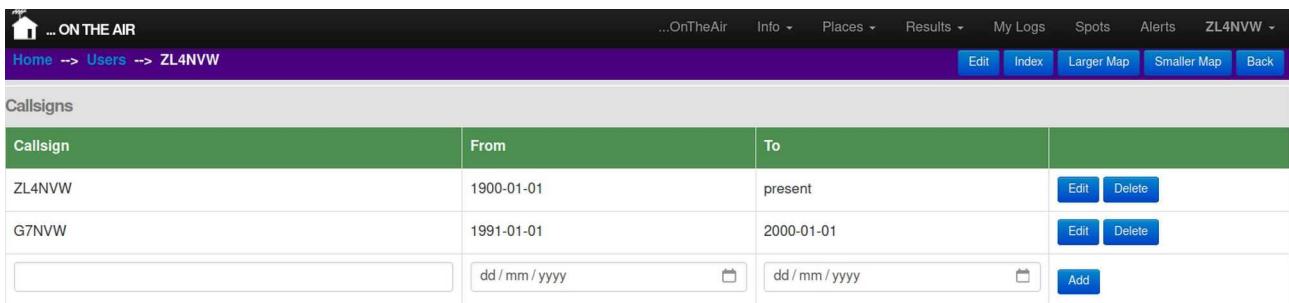
Look at your **Profile** (under your callsign, top-right) to see a list of callsigns currently allocated to your account.



The screenshot shows the Ontheair.nz user interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for ...OnTheAir, Info, Places, Results, My Logs, Spots, Alerts, and a dropdown for 'ZL4NVW'. Below the navigation is a purple header bar with the text '... ON THE AIR' and 'Home --> Users --> ZL4NVW'. To the right of the header are buttons for 'Edit', 'Index', 'Admin', and 'Profile'. The main content area is titled 'Profile' and contains a list of callsigns associated with the user 'ZL4NVW'. The callsigns listed are 'ZL4NVW', 'G7NVW', and an empty input field for adding a new callsign.

If you have an additional secondary callsign, you can add it here. Use the date it was awarded / the date you started using it for a start date. Leave end date blank.

If you plan to use a club callsign for a specific period of time then add that callsign to your list. Make sure you enter the start and end dates accurately for the period you will be using the call. Failure to enter a start or end date will prevent other people for using that club callsign at otheair.nz



The screenshot shows the 'Callsigns' section of the Ontheair.nz profile page. It displays a table with three rows of data. The columns are 'Callsign', 'From', and 'To'. The first row has 'ZL4NVW' in the 'Callsign' column, '1900-01-01' in 'From', and 'present' in 'To'. The second row has 'G7NVW' in the 'Callsign' column, '1991-01-01' in 'From', and '2000-01-01' in 'To'. The third row is a blank form with empty input fields for 'Callsign', 'From' (dd/mm/yyyy), and 'To' (dd/mm/yyyy). There are 'Edit' and 'Delete' buttons next to each row entry, and an 'Add' button at the bottom right of the table.

Callsign	From	To	
ZL4NVW	1900-01-01	present	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
G7NVW	1991-01-01	2000-01-01	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> dd / mm / yyyy <input type="button" value=""/>	<input type="text"/> dd / mm / yyyy <input type="button" value=""/>	<a href="#">Add</a>

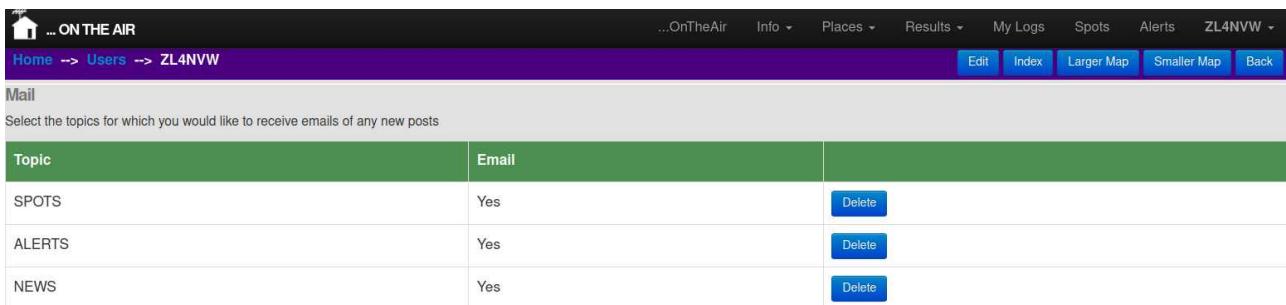
## Subscribing / unsubscribing to Spot / Alert mailing lists

You need to be a registered user to receive emails and have supplied your valid email address. Once you have registered, view your **profile** under your callsign at the top of the screen.



The screenshot shows the navigation bar of the ...ON THE AIR website. The top bar includes links for ...OnTheAir, Info, Places, Results, My Logs, Spots, Alerts, and ZL4NVW. Below this, a secondary menu for the user 'ZL4NVW' is displayed, featuring options for Edit, Index, Admin, and Profile. The 'Profile' option is highlighted with a blue background and white text.

You can **Add** or **Delete** your subscription to receive emails for the Alerts and Spots topics from your profile page.



The screenshot shows the 'Mail' section of the profile settings. The title 'Mail' is at the top, followed by the instruction 'Select the topics for which you would like to receive emails of any new posts'. A table lists three topics: SPOTS, ALERTS, and NEWS, each with a 'Yes' selection and a 'Delete' button.

Topic	Email	
SPOTS	Yes	<button>Delete</button>
ALERTS	Yes	<button>Delete</button>
NEWS	Yes	<button>Delete</button>

Only spots and alerts created here at ontheair.nz will be emailed to you. Spots/alerts received from ParksNPeaks, SOTA, POTA, etc are displayed on the site, but not sent out by email.