BSPC CLINIC DATABASE

COMP 5531 DATABASE PROJECT

GROUP LTC55311



Concordia University 8-18-2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contents

SECTION 1.1	2
BSPC CLINIC Bahamas Sports Physio Center - INTRODUCTION	N
USER GUIDE	
SECTION 1.2	14
ASSUMPTIONS	14
SECTION 1.3	17
ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	17
SECTION 2.1	17
LIST OF TABLES	17
CREATE STATEMENTS	18
INPUT STATEMENTS	27
SECTION 2.2	28
DATABASE STRUCTURE	28
ER DIAGRAM	29
SECTION 2.3	29
TRIGGERS	29
STORED PROCEDURES	37
ROUTINES	52
SECTION 3.1	53
PHP SCRIPT	53
SECTION 3.2	54
REPORTS	52

SECTION 1.1

BSPC CLINIC Bahamas Sports Physio Center - INTRODUCTION

Bahamas Sports Physio Center – BSPC caters to the physio treatment needs for patients with varying physio problems. Patients are referred to the clinic by an external specialist who also recommends a course of treatment. The physio center handles receiving the patient, registering them, scheduling therapy appointments, administering physio care and keeping track of patient records.

The physio center employs receptionist/admin personnel to manage day to day activities and doctors/ therapists for administering care. Our mandate was to develop and implement a database system to store all the physio center information as well as an online application to interface with the underlying database. Below is a description of the application and its usage as well as implementation details for the database.

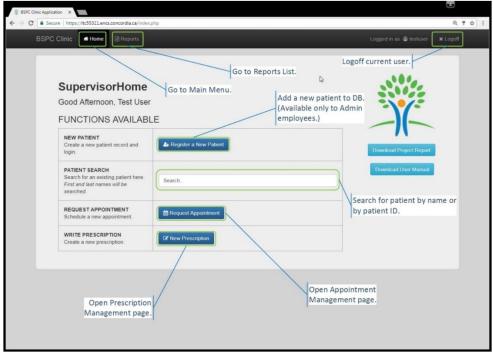
USER GUIDE

1. Login on the system – provide user credentials



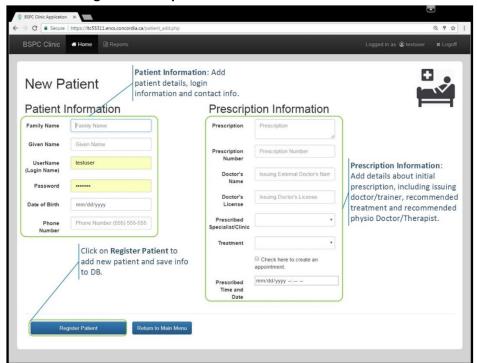
2. Landing page (index page)

For different users, there are different levels of authority specified for them in the page. Following is a view of the index page with all features displayed and descriptions provided.

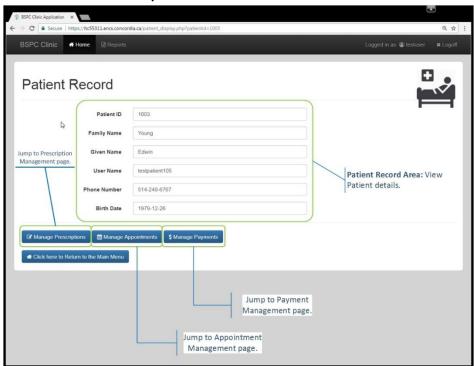


Roles for Receptionist:

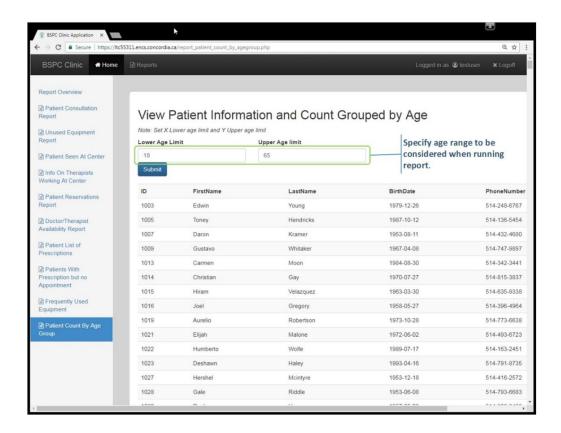
- Register a new patient



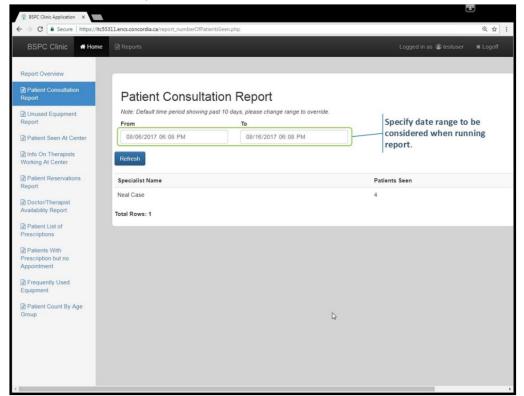
- Search for a patient



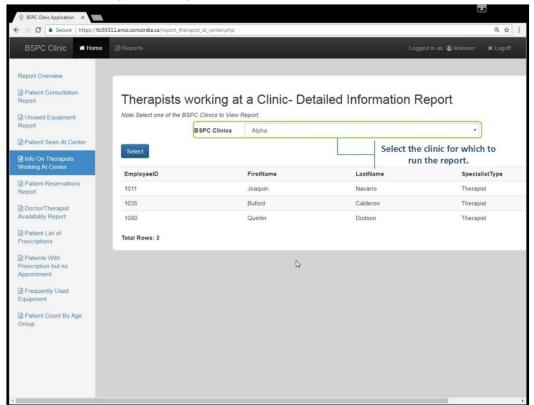
- Download Reports
 - Report: Patient Count by Age group



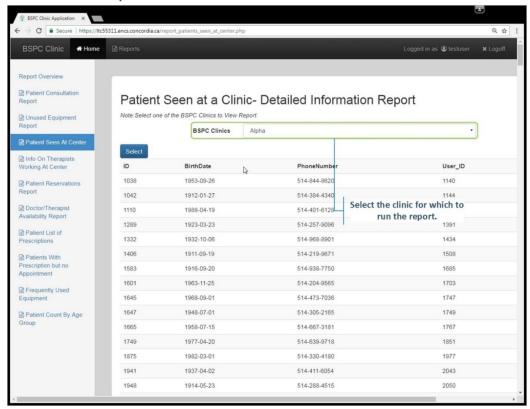
• Report: Number of Patients seen



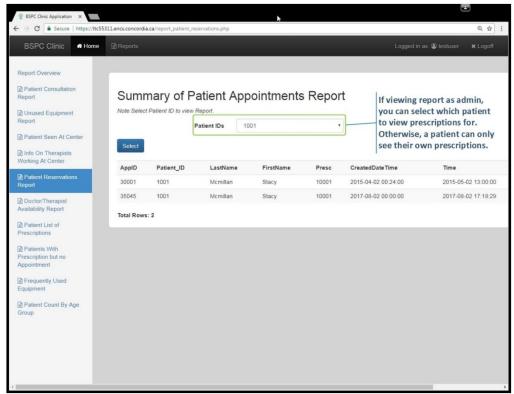
• Report: Therapists at Center



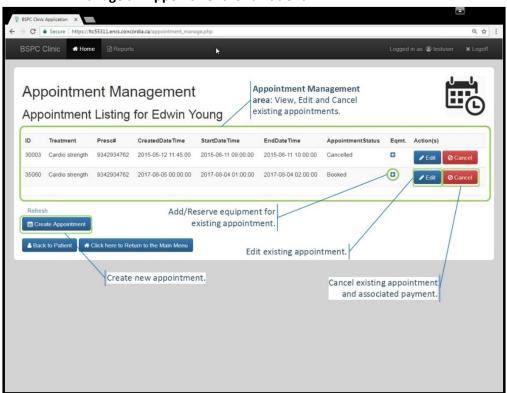
• Report: Patients seen at Center



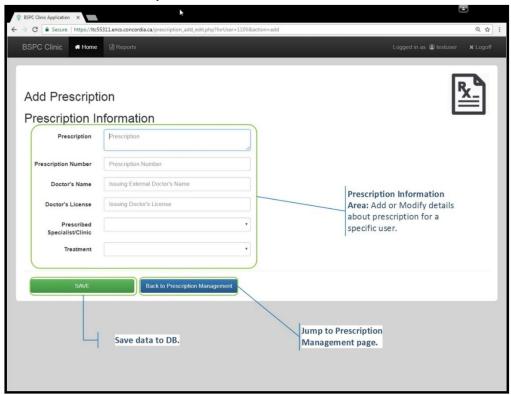
• Report: Patients Reservations



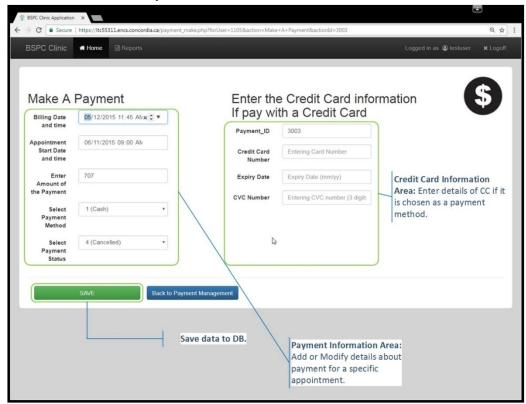
- Manage an Appointment for a Patient



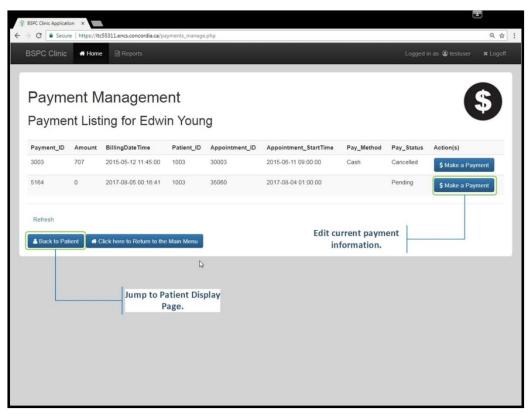
- Add a Prescription for a Patient



- Process a Payment for a Patient

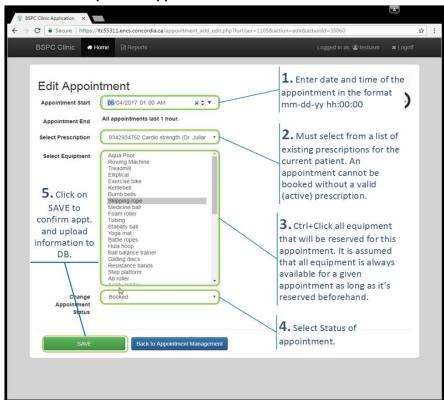


Manage a Payment for a Patient

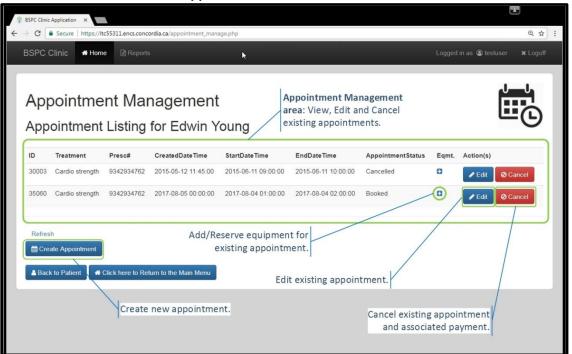


Roles for Patient:

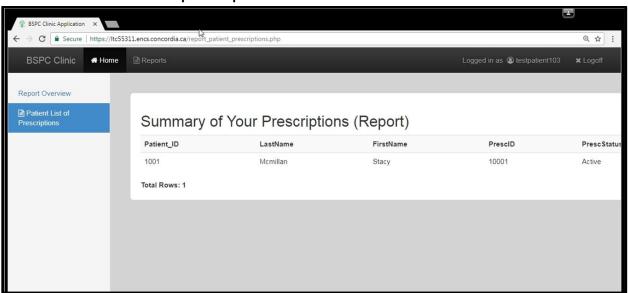
- Request an Appointment



- Cancel an Existed Appointment



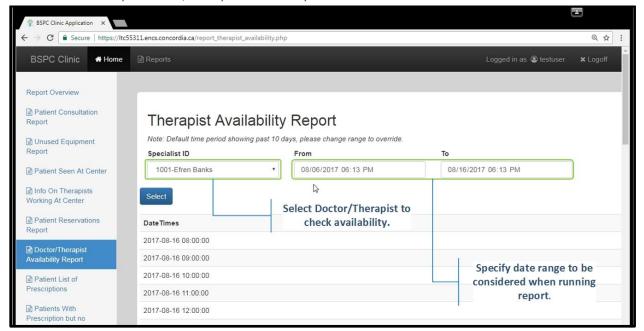
- Download Prescription Report



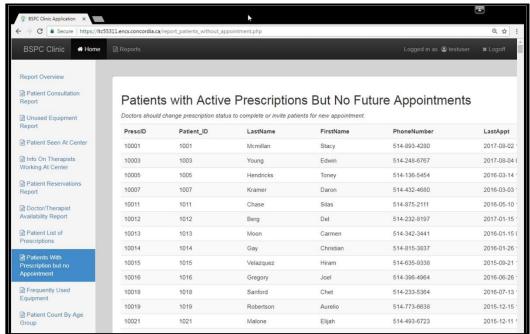
View prescription history report (See above for procedure)

Roles for Doctors:

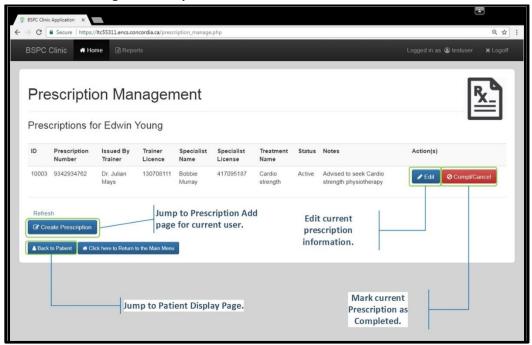
- Search for a patient (See above for procedure)
- Download Reports
 - Report: Unused equipment (See above)
 - Report: Patient reservation (See above)
 - Reports: Doc/therapist availability



• Report: Patient with prescription w/o appointment

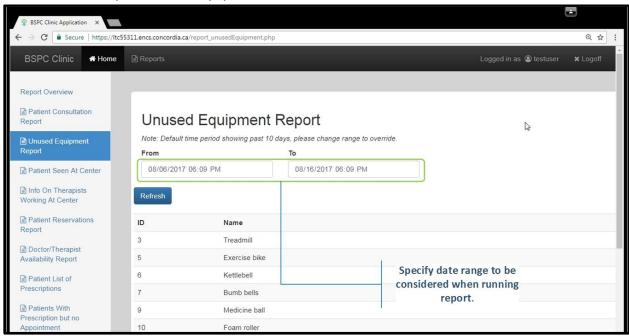


Manage a Prescription for a Patient

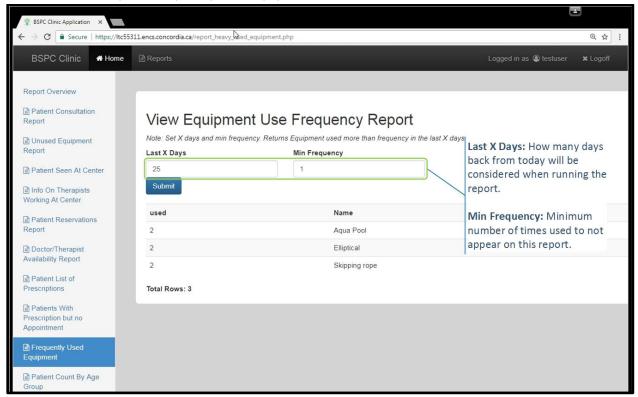


Roles for Therapists:

- Search for a patient (See above for procedure)
- Download Reports
 - Report: Unused Equipment



- Report: Patient reservation (See above)
- Report: Doc/therapist availability (See above)
- Report: Frequently used equipment



Manage a Prescription for a Patient (See above for procedure)

SECTION 1.2

ASSUMPTIONS

Notes:

"+" -> assumptions handled by SQL procedure call.

"*" -> assumptions handled by PHP.

There are 23 tables discussed as below.

General Assumptions:

'Appointment Table':

- + A patient (or a receptionist on behalf of the patient) can attempt to create an appointment at any time
- + To make an appointment, an active (prescription_status = 1) prescription_id is required
- + An appointment can only be made up to eight weeks in advance
- + A bill is created in the 'Payment' table on the date the appointment is created
- + All appointments start off with the default status '1' (Booked)
- + When an appointment is cancelled, Appointment.Appointment_Status must be set to '3' (Cancelled) and the associated payment in the "Payment" table must have Payment.Payment_Status set to '4' (Cancelled)
- + If an appointment is honoured or there is a no-show (missed), the associated payment must be made
- + An appointment status can be changed to '3' (Cancelled) until the day of the appointment. Otherwise, the status can only be changed to either '2' (Attended) or '4' (Missed).
- + Specialists cannot have overlapping appointments
- + All appointments last one hour, between the hours of 08:00 and 17:00, and begin on the hour.
- + A new appointment cannot be created if the patient has a previous rejected payment.

'Appointment_Equipment Table':

- + All facilities are assumed to have as many pieces of equipment as needed, eliminating any reservation conflicts.
- * An appointment can have multiple pieces of equipment associated with it.

'Appointment Treatment Table'

- * An appointment can have multiple treatments associated with it
- + If the associated prescription_id for an appointment has a treatment specified, only that treatment can be reserved for the appointment. Otherwise, any number of treatments can be selected.

'Credit_Card Table':

* When sending information for verification, information is extracted from this table

'Employee Table':

- + Each employee has an associated center id
- + If an employee has Employee_Type_ID = 2 (Specialist), then they have to be in the 'Specialist' table
- + All employees have a user ID Employee.User_ID is equal to their User.id Users don't share the same access rights

'Patient Table' :

- + A patient can only be added if they are over 18 years old
- * A patient can only make or cancel appointments, and choose equipment/treatment for appointments
- * A patient can only be added if they present themselves with a prescription (this initial prescription is recorded in Patient.Prescription_ID)
- + Initial prescriptions (the ones required to register at the center in the first place) are made by external trainers/health-care specialists that are assumed not be employed by the center. As such, we keep a record of their provided name and license number, but these are not foreign keys to another table in our system.

'Payment Table':

- + Once CC verified, the associated payment is changed from 2 (Pending) to either 1 (Paid) or 3 (Rejected)// handled by an event in SQL before update confirm status != paid
- * If Payment.Payment Method = 4 (Credit Card), then the CC information is saved in Credit Card table
- + If an appointment is honoured or there is a no-show, the associated payment must be made. (You can't cancel a payment after the date of the appointment)

+ Cheque, Cash and Debit payments are assumed to all clear immediately and don't require verification (Payment_Payment_Status_ID = 1-paid)

'Prescription Table':

- + Prescriptions can have only one treatment
- + Initial prescriptions (the ones required to register to the center in the first place) are made by external trainers/health-care specialists that are assumed not be employed by the center. As such, we keep a record of their provided name and license number, but these are not foreign keys to another table in our system. (Same assumption as patient table)
- + Specialist_ID is a foreign key to the Specialist table
- + Treatment_ID and Specialist_ID can be Null allowing the patient to book an appointment with any specialist and for any treatment.
- + Prescription status must be checked before an appointment can be booked. If a prescription_status is 1(Active) the patient can book appointments. If the status is 2(Completed) no appointments can be booked on the prescription.

'Specialist Table':

- + There are two types of specialists distinguished by 'SpecialistType ID' of 1 Doctors or 2-Therapists.
- + The SpecialistType_ID is determined by the years of experience the specialist has.
- + The Employee_ID is a foreign key and primary key to the specialist table.
- + The Employee_ID is used to retrieve the specialist's name from Employee table for booking appointments.

'User Table':

- + Type_ID specifies the access/and view of the user.
- + User.ID is a foreign key in the Employee and Patient tables for existing accounts.

SECTION 1.3

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Application Development- Team Lead: Brendan Wood

Contributors: Max Carrénard, Aiken Chung, Wambui Kinyanjui

Database Design- Team Lead: Wambui Kinyanjui

Contributors: Max Carrénard, Aiken Chung, Brendan Wood

Data Generation- Team Lead: Max Carrénard

Contributors: Wambui Kinyanjui, Aiken Chung, Brendan Wood

Database Implementation- Team Lead: Aiken Chung

Contributors: Wambui Kinyanjui, Brendan Wood, Max Carrénard

SECTION 2.1

LIST OF TABLES

Appointment:	Record of Appointment date, times and status for patients. Links to
	equipment, treatment and payment tables made for each patient and
	status.
Appointment-Equipment:	Record of equipment required for each appointment
Appointment_Status:	Record of appointment statuses
Appointment_Times:	Helper table: Record of Appointment times between 9-5pm. Used for
	therapist and doctor availability
Appointment_Treatment:	Record of treatment required for each appointment
CCVerification:	Verification table, populated every day with credit card details used for
	the day's transactions
Center:	Record of the four BSPC clinics, shows address and contact information.
CreditCard:	Record of credit card information supplied at time of credit payments
DateTimeBag:	Helper table, dynamically populated with all possible appointment times
	for the search period provided by user. Used for therapist and doctor
	availability
Employee:	Record of clinic employees: doctors, therapist, receptionists, etc.
EmployeeType:	Employee types differentiating specialists from receptionists and other
Equipment:	Record of all equipment available at the clinic
Patient:	Record of all patients who have been treated at the clinic
Payment:	Record of all transactions, status and methods of payment.
PaymentMethod:	Record of all available payment methods
PaymentStatus:	Record of payment status: paid, pending, rejected or cancelled
Prescription:	Record of all prescriptions, links to patient and specialist
PrescriptionStatus:	Prescription status: active/ongoing or completed for past treatments
Specialist:	Record of all specialist ID, license numbers , years of experience

SpecialistType:	Differentiates between doctors and therapists
Treatment:	Record of treatment options available at the clinic
User:	Record of all users with access to the BSPC application, displays user
	credentials, names and login information
UserType:	Differentiates access types available to users

CREATE STATEMENTS

#Appointment

```
CREATE TABLE `Appointment` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Patient ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Prescription ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `CreatedDateTime` DATETIME NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT TIMESTAMP,
  `StartDateTime` DATETIME NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT TIMESTAMP ON
UPDATE CURRENT TIMESTAMP,
  `EndDateTime` DATETIME NOT NULL,
  `Status ID` INT(11) NOT NULL DEFAULT '1',
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk__idx` (`Prescription ID`),
 KEY `fk Appointment Status ID idx` (`Status ID`),
 KEY `fk Patient ID idx` (`Patient ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Appointment Status ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Status ID`)
REFERENCES `Appointment Status` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE
NO ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `fk Patient ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Patient ID`) REFERENCES
`Patient` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_Prescription_ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Prescription_ID`)
REFERENCES `Prescription` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=35058 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
```

#Appointment-Equipment

```
CREATE TABLE `Appointment Equipment` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Appointment ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Equipment ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk Appointment Equipment Equipment1_idx` (`Equipment_ID`),
 KEY `fk Appointment_Equipment_Appointment1_idx` (`Appointment_ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Appointment Equipment Appointment1` FOREIGN KEY
(`Appointment ID`) REFERENCES `Appointment` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
  CONSTRAINT `fk Appointment Equipment Equipment1` FOREIGN KEY
(`Equipment ID`) REFERENCES `Equipment` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON
UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=9014 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Appointment Status
CREATE TABLE `Appointment Status` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=5 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Appointment Times
CREATE TABLE `Appointment Times` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Times` time NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=11 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
```

```
#Appointment Treatment
```

```
CREATE TABLE `Appointment Treatment` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Appointment ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Treatment ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk Appointment ID idx` (`Appointment ID`),
 KEY `fk_Treatment_ID_idx` (`Treatment_ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Appointment ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Appointment ID`)
REFERENCES 'Appointment' ('ID') ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION,
  CONSTRAINT `fk Treatment ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Treatment ID`) REFERENCES
`Treatment` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=3004 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#CCVerification
CREATE TABLE `CCVerification` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `PaymentDATETIME` DATETIME NOT NULL,
  `VerificationDATETIME` DATETIME NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  `Number` VARCHAR(19) NOT NULL,
  `ExpiryDate` VARCHAR(6) NOT NULL,
  `CVC` INT(5) NOT NULL,
  `Amount` double DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Center
CREATE TABLE `Center` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
```

```
`Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Address` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  `PhoneNumber` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#CreditCard
CREATE TABLE `CreditCard` (
  `Payment ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Number` VARCHAR(19) NOT NULL,
  `ExpiryDate` VARCHAR(6) NOT NULL,
  `CVC` INT(5) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`Payment ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `Payment ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Payment ID`) REFERENCES
`Payment`
  (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#DateTimeBag
CREATE TABLE `DateTimeBag` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `DATETIMES` timestamp NULL DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Employee
CREATE TABLE `Employee` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Center ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
```

```
`EmployeeType ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  `User ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk_Center_ID_idx` (`Center_ID`),
 KEY `fk Employee Type ID idx` (`EmployeeType ID`),
 KEY `fk User ID idx` (`User ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Center ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Center ID`) REFERENCES
`Center` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `fk Employee Type ID` FOREIGN KEY (`EmployeeType ID`)
REFERENCES `EmployeeType` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_User_ID` FOREIGN KEY (`User_ID`) REFERENCES `User`
(`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=1101 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#EmployeeType
CREATE TABLE `EmployeeType` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Equipment
CREATE TABLE `Equipment` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
```

#Patient

```
CREATE TABLE `Patient` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `BirthDate` date NOT NULL,
  `PhoneNumber` VARCHAR(15) DEFAULT NULL,
  `InitialPrescription ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `User ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk Prescription ID idx` (`InitialPrescription ID`),
 KEY `fk User ID idx` (`User ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `Prescription ID` FOREIGN KEY (`InitialPrescription ID`)
 REFERENCES `Prescription` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `User ID` FOREIGN KEY (`User ID`) REFERENCES `User`
(`ID`)
 ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=3259 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Payment
CREATE TABLE `Payment` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `Amount` double DEFAULT NULL,
  `BillingDATETIME` DATETIME DEFAULT NULL,
  `PaymentMethod ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  `PaymentStatus ID` INT(11) NOT NULL DEFAULT '2',
  `Appointment ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk Payment Method ID idx` (`PaymentMethod ID`),
 KEY `fk_Payment_Status_ID_idx` (`PaymentStatus_ID`),
 KEY `fk Appointment ID idx` (`Appointment ID`),
  CONSTRAINT `fk Payment Status ID` FOREIGN KEY (`PaymentStatus ID`)
```

```
REFERENCES `PaymentStatus` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `fk Payment Method ID` FOREIGN KEY (`PaymentMethod ID`)
 REFERENCES 'PaymentMethod' ('ID') ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=5162 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#PaymentMethod
CREATE TABLE `PaymentMethod` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#PaymentStatus
CREATE TABLE `PaymentStatus` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Prescription
CREATE TABLE `Prescription` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
  `PrescriptionNumber` double NOT NULL,
  `Patient ID` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  `IssuedByTrainer` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  `IssuedByLicence` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Specialist ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Treatment ID` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
```

```
`PrescriptionStatus ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Notes` VARCHAR (500) DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID'),
 KEY `fk_Specialist_ID_idx` (`Specialist_ID`),
 KEY `fk Treatment ID idx` (`Treatment ID`),
 KEY `fk Prescription Status ID idx` (`PrescriptionStatus ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Prescription Status ID` FOREIGN KEY
(`PrescriptionStatus ID`)
 REFERENCES `PrescriptionStatus` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE
NO ACTION.
 CONSTRAINT `Specialist_ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Specialist_ID`) REFERENCES
`Specialist`
  (`Employee ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `Treatment ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Treatment ID`) REFERENCES
`Treatment`
  (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=12029 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#PrescriptionStatus
CREATE TABLE `PrescriptionStatus` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Description` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Specialist
CREATE TABLE `Specialist` (
  `Employee ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `LicenceNumber` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `SpecialistType ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `YearsExperience` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
```

```
PRIMARY KEY (`Employee ID`),
 KEY `fk Specialist Type ID idx` (`SpecialistType ID`),
 CONSTRAINT `fk Specialist Type ID` FOREIGN KEY (`SpecialistType ID`)
 REFERENCES `SpecialistType` (`ID`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO
ACTION.
 CONSTRAINT `fk Employee ID` FOREIGN KEY (`Employee ID`) REFERENCES
`Employee` (`ID`)
 ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO ACTION
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#SpecialistType
CREATE TABLE `SpecialistType` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#TestTable
CREATE TABLE `TestTable` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `TestVal` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  `Num` INT(11) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
#Treatment
CREATE TABLE `Treatment` (
  `ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
  `Name` VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`ID`)) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
```

#User

```
CREATE TABLE 'User' (
    'ID' INT(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    'LoginID' VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
    'FirstName' VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
    'LastName' VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
    'Password' VARCHAR(200) DEFAULT NULL,
    'Type_ID' VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=3175 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;

#UserType

CREATE TABLE 'UserType' (
    'ID' INT(11) NOT NULL,
    'Description' VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY ('ID')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
```

INPUT STATEMENTS

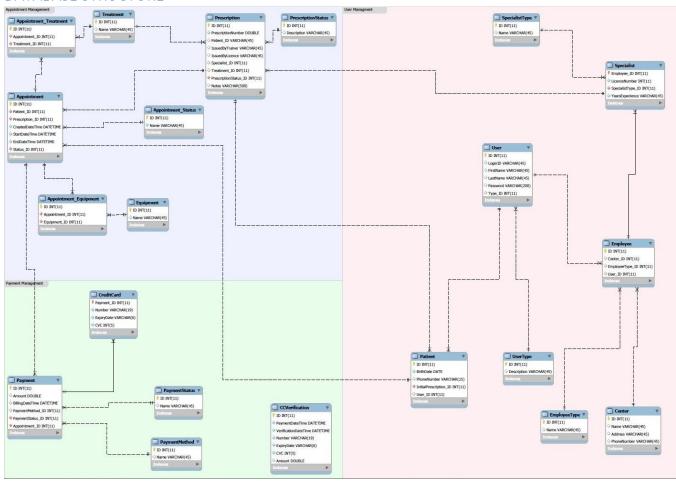
SEE SECONDARY REPORT ATTACHED

LINK TO LOCATION ON SITE

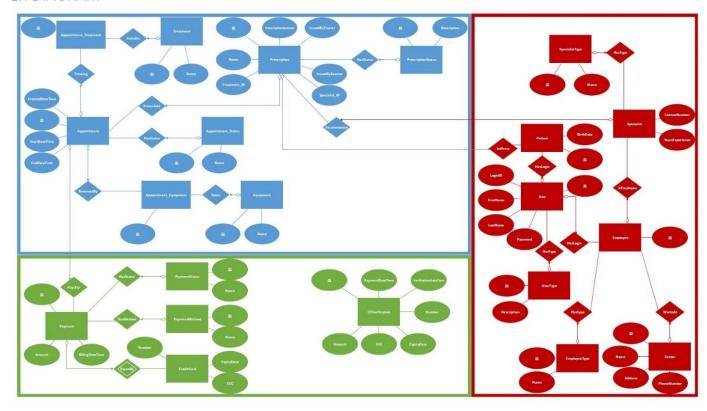
 $\underline{\text{https://ltc55311.encs.concordia.ca/assets/documents/insert statements ltc55311 summer 2017.pdf}$

SECTION 2.2

DATABASE STRUCTURE



ER DIAGRAM



SECTION 2.3

TRIGGERS

Appointment Treatment BEFORE INSERT

```
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Appointment_Treatment_BEFORE_INSERT`

BEFORE INSERT ON `Appointment_Treatment`

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

DECLARE definedTremantID int(11);

SELECT Prescription.Treatment_ID

From ltc55311.Prescription inner join ltc55311.Appointment

ON Appointment.Prescription_ID = Prescription.ID
```

```
WHERE NEW.Appointment ID = Appointment.ID
    INTO definedTremantID;
    IF (definedTremantID!=NEW.Treatment ID)
    THEN
           SET NEW.Treatment ID = definedTremantID;
     END IF;
END
#Patient BEFORE INSERT
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Patient BEFORE INSERT`
BEFORE INSERT ON `Patient` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
      DECLARE DOB date;
    SELECT NEW.BirthDate INTO DOB;
    SET @dob = DOB;
    CALL ltc55311.IsOver18(@dob, @checkResult);
    IF @checkResult = 0
   THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '51000'
     SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Patient age is under 18!';
    END IF;
END
#Payment BEFORE UPDATE
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Payment BEFORE UPDATE`
BEFORE UPDATE ON `Payment` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    declare appointmentStartTime datetime;
    Select Appointment.StartDateTime from ltc55311.Appointment
```

```
WHERE Appointment.ID = NEW.PaymentStatus ID
   AND OLD.PaymentStatus ID != NEW.PaymentStatus ID
    INTO appointmentStartTime;
    IF (NOW()>=STR_TO_DATE(appointmentStartTime, '%Y-%m-%d %H:%i:%s'))
THEN
           signal sqlstate '91000' set message text = 'Appointment has
expired. The payment must be paid';
   END IF;
END
#Payment AFTER UPDATE
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Payment AFTER UPDATE`
AFTER UPDATE ON `Payment` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
     IF (NEW.PaymentMethod ID!=4 && (NEW.PaymentStatus ID != 1 &&
NEW.PaymentStatus ID != 4))
    THEN
           # cannot change the value of current table after update
trigger
        signal sqlstate '92000' set message text = 'PaymentStatus ID
should be 1 (Paid)';
     END IF;
END
#Specialist BEFORE INSERT
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Specialist BEFORE INSERT`
BEFORE INSERT ON 'Specialist' FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
     DECLARE Type ID INT(11);
     DECLARE Years INT(11);
```

```
SELECT NEW. Employee ID INTO @ID;
     SELECT NEW.SpecialistType ID INTO @Type ID;
     SELECT NEW. Years Experience INTO @Years;
     CALL ltc55311.DocExperience(@Type ID, @Years, @result);
     IF @result = 0
           THEN
           SIGNAL SQLSTATE '02000'
           SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Doc Years of experience must be 6
Terapist >2';
     END IF;
END
#Specialist BEFORE UPDATE
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Specialist BEFORE UPDATE`
BEFORE UPDATE ON `Specialist` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
           DECLARE SID INT(11);
    DECLARE Type ID INT(11);
     DECLARE Years INT(11);
     SELECT NEW. Employee ID INTO @sID;
    SELECT NEW.SpecialistType ID INTO @Type ID;
     SELECT NEW. Years Experience INTO @Years;
     CALL ltc55311.DocExperience(@Type ID, @Years, @result);
     IF @result = 0
           THEN
           SIGNAL SOLSTATE '02000'
           SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Doc Years of experience must be 6
Terapist >2';
     END IF;
```

```
CALL ltc55311.DecreaseYears(@ID, @Years, @result);
    IF @result = 0
           THEN
           SIGNAL SQLSTATE '03000'
           SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Cannot decrease Years of Experience';
   END IF:
END
#Appointment BEFORE INSERT
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Appointment BEFORE INSERT`
BEFORE INSERT ON `Appointment` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    #Check if Appointment is being made with an active Prescription
     CALL IsActive (NEW. Prescription ID, @result);
    IF ( @result = 0 )
    THEN
       SIGNAL SQLSTATE '41000'
      SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Inactive Prescription';
    END IF;
    #Check if Appoitment is being booked over 8 weeks in advance
    CALL DateValid (NEW.StartDateTime, @result);
    IF ( @result = 0)
    THEN
           SIGNAL SQLSTATE '42000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Cannot book over 8 weeks in advance';
    END IF:
```

```
#Check if duration of appointment is exactly one hour
    CALL HourValid (NEW.StartDateTime, NEW.EndDateTime, @result);
    IF (@result = 0)
    THEN
           SIGNAL SQLSTATE '43000'
        SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Appointment duration must be one hour';
    END IF:
    #Check if Patient doesn''t have any past owing payments
    CALL ZeroBalance (NEW.Patient ID ,@result);
     IF (@result = 0)
           THEN
           SIGNAL SQLSTATE '44000'
           SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Balance owing';
     END IF;
     #Check if there is a scheduling conflict for specialist
     CALL SpecialistConflict(NEW.Prescription ID, NEW.StartDateTime,
@result);
     IF ( @result = 0 )
           THEN
           SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
           SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Specialist conflict';
     END IF:
     #Set creation date
     SET NEW.CreatedDateTime = CURDATE();
     #Set appointment status
     SET NEW.Status ID = 1;
END
#Appointment AFTER INSERT
```

```
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Appointment AFTER INSERT`
AFTER INSERT ON `Appointment` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
     #After insert into Appointment, create an associated Payment
entry
INSERT INTO `ltc55311`.`Payment`
`Amount`,
`BillingDateTime`,
`PaymentStatus ID`,
`Appointment ID`)
VALUES (0, CURRENT TIMESTAMP(), 2, NEW.ID);
END
#Appointment BEFORE UPDATE
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Appointment BEFORE UPDATE`
BEFORE UPDATE ON `Appointment` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
#Verify if field being updated is Appointment. Status ID then otherwise
reject update
IF (NEW.ID != OLD.ID) OR (NEW.Patient ID != OLD.Patient ID) OR
(NEW.Prescription ID != OLD.Prescription ID)
OR (NEW.CreatedDateTime != OLD.CreatedDateTime) OR (NEW.StartDateTime
!= OLD.StartDateTime)
OR (NEW.EndDateTime != OLD.EndDateTime)
   THEN
       SIGNAL SOLSTATE '46000'
      SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Can only update "Status" field.';
END IF;
#If CURDATE() > Appointment.StartDateTime then status cannot be 3
(cancelled) or (booked).
```

```
IF (NOW() > OLD.StartDateTime) AND (NEW.Status ID = 3 OR NEW.Status ID
= 1)
     THEN
    SIGNAL SOLSTATE '47000'
    SET MESSAGE TEXT = 'Appointment date has passed: cannot change
status to 3 (Cancelled) or 1 (Booked)';
END IF;
END
#Appointment AFTER UPDATE
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` TRIGGER
`ltc55311`.`Appointment AFTER UPDATE`
AFTER UPDATE ON `Appointment` FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
#If Appointment is cancelled, cancel the associated payment
IF NEW.Status ID = 3
     THEN
           CALL ltc55311.CancelPayment(OLD.ID);
ELSE IF New.Status ID = 1
#If Appointment is re-activated, activate the associated payment
     THEN
           CALL ltc55311.ActivatePayment(OLD.ID);
END IF;
END IF;
END
```

STORED PROCEDURES

```
#ActivatePayment
#changes payment status to pENDing
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `ActivatePayment`(IN
appointmentid INT(11))
BEGIN
#DECLARE EXIT HANDLER FOR SQLEXCEPTION SELECT 'Error occured';
UPDATE ltc55311.Payment
SET
Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 2
WHERE Payment. Appointment ID = appointmentid;
END
#CancelPayment
#chages the payment status to cancelled after appointment cancellation
#UPDATE payment status to cancelled
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `CancelPayment`(IN
appointmentid INT(11))
BEGIN
#DECLARE EXIT HANDLER FOR SQLEXCEPTION SELECT 'Error occured';
UPDATE ltc55311.Payment
SET
Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 4
WHERE Payment. Appointment ID = appointmentid;
END
#DateValid
#Ensures an appointment cannot be booked more than 8 weeks in advance
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `DateValid`(IN
StartDateTime DATETIME, OUT result BOOL )
BEGIN
```

```
DECLARE weeks INT(3);
SELECT ROUND (DATEDIFF (StartDateTime, CURDATE()) / 7,2) INTO weeks;
IF weeks > 8 THEN
     SET result = FALSE;
ELSE
     SET result = TRUE;
END IF;
END
#Ensures the employee years of experience cannot be reduced
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `DecreAseYears`(IN
specialist id INT(11), Years INT(11), OUT result BOOL)
BEGIN
     SET result = FALSE;
     IF Years >
           (SELECT YearsExperience FROM ltc55311.Specialist
           WHERE ltc55311.Specialist.Employee ID = specialist id)
      THEN
           SET result = TRUE;
      END IF;
END
#DocExperience
#Ensures that a doctors minimum years of experience is 6 and a
therapist 2.
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `DocExperience`(IN
Type ID INT(11), Years INT(11), OUT result BOOL)
BEGIN
     SET result = FALSE;
   IF Type ID = \frac{1}{2} AND Years >= \frac{6}{2} THEN
```

```
SET result = TRUE;
     ELSE IF Type ID = \frac{2}{2} AND Years >= \frac{2}{2} THEN
           SET result = TRUE;
     END IF;
    END IF:
END
#GetAppointments
#Returns a patients appointments searchby userID
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `GetAppointments`(IN
id INT)
BEGIN
     SELECT a.ID, t.Name, p.PrescriptionNumber AS 'P#',
     a.CREATEdDateTIME, a.StartDateTime, a.EndDateTIME, s.Name AS
'AppointmentStatus'
    from Appointment a
           inner join Prescription p on a.Prescription ID = p.ID
        inner join Treatment t on t.ID = p.Treatment ID
           inner join Appointment Status s on s.ID = a.Status ID
        inner join Patient pat on pat.ID = a.Patient ID
        inner join User u on u.ID = pat.User ID
    WHERE
           u.ID = id;
  END
#GetPayments
#Returns payment information Associated with a patient by user ID
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `GetPayments`(IN id
INT)
BEGIN
     SELECT p.ID AS 'Payment ID', p.Amount, p.BillingDateTIME,
a.Patient ID,
```

```
p.Appointment ID, a.StartDateTime AS 'Appointment StartTime',
pm.Name AS 'Pay Method',
    ps.Name AS 'Pay Status'
    from Payment p
           inner join Appointment a on p.Appointment ID = a.ID
        inner join Patient pat on pat.ID = a.Patient ID
        inner join User u on u.ID = pat.User ID
        left join PaymentMethod pm on p.PaymentMethod ID = pm.ID
        left join PaymentStatus ps on p.PaymentStatus ID = ps.ID
    WHERE
          u.ID = id;
    END
#HourValid
#Ensures that every new appointment is exactly one hour long
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `HourValid`(IN
StartDateTime DATETIME, IN EndDateTIME DATETIME, OUT result BOOL)
BEGIN
     DECLARE hours DECIMAL (10);
     SELECT TIME TO SEC(TIMEDIFF(EndDateTIME, StartDateTime))/60 INTO
hours;
       IF (hours <> 60) THEN
          SET result = FALSE;
     ELSE
          SET result = TRUE;
     END IF;
END
#IsActive
#Confirms that a prescription is active before an appointment can be
booked on the prescription ID
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `IsActive`(IN
prescription id INT(11), OUT result BOOL)
```

```
BEGIN
DECLARE vCount INT(3);
    SET result = FALSE;
        SELECT count (Prescription.ID) INTO vCount FROM
ltc55311.Prescription
    WHERE Prescription.ID = prescription id
   AND Prescription.PrescriptionStatus ID = 1;
        IF vCount = 1 THEN
           SET result = TRUE;
     END IF;
END
#IsOver18
#Ensures that any patient added to the system is at leASt 18 years old
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `IsOver18`(IN dob
date, OUT checkResult BOOL )
BEGIN
    DECLARE age INT(3);
    SELECT TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, dob, CURDATE()) INTO age;
        IF age > 17 THEN
           SET checkResult = TRUE;
     else
           SET checkResult = FALSE;
     END IF;
END
#SpecialistConflict
#Ensures that an appointments cannot overlap for any specialist
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`SpecialistConflict`(IN prescription_ID INT(11), IN StartDateTime
DATETIME, OUT result BOOL)
BEGIN
DECLARE specialist ID INT(11);
DECLARE total INT(3);
```

```
SELECT count (Appointment.ID) INTO total FROM ltc55311.Appointment,
ltc55311.Prescription
WHERE Appointment.Prescription ID = Prescription.ID
AND Appointment.StartDateTime = StartDateTime
AND Prescription. Specialist ID = specialist ID;
IF total > 0
THEN
     SET result = FALSE;
ELSE
     SET result = TRUE;
END IF;
END
#verifyCreditCards
#Populates a table with credit card information to be sent for
verification and sets payment status to paid
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`verifyCreditCards`()
BEGIN
#INSERT INTO the CCVerification table the pENDing credit card payments
INSERT INTO `ltc55311`.`CCVerification`
(`ID`,
`PaymentDateTime`,
`VerificationDateTime`,
`Number`,
`ExpiryDate`,
`CVC`,
`Amount`)
```

SELECT DISTINCT Prescription.Specialist_ID INTO specialist_ID FROM
ltc55311.Prescription WHERE Prescription.ID = prescription ID;

```
SELECT Payment.ID, Payment.BillingDateTIME, CURRENT TIMESTAMP(),
CreditCard.Number, CreditCard.ExpiryDate, CreditCard.CVC,
Payment.Amount
FROM ltc55311.Payment, ltc55311.CreditCard
WHERE
Payment.ID = CreditCard.Payment ID
AND Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 2
AND Payment.PaymentMethod ID=4;
#Mark the payments AS verified
UPDATE `ltc55311`.`Payment`
SET
`PaymentStatus ID` = 1
WHERE Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 2
AND Payment.PaymentMethod ID=4;
END
#ZeroBalance
#Confirms that a patient does not have an outstanding balance before
allowing them to make an appointment
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `ZeroBalance`(IN ID
INT(11),OUT result BOOL)
BEGIN
     DECLARE cc INT (4);
     SET result = TRUE;
    SELECT count (Appointment.ID) INTO cc
    FROM ltc55311.Appointment, ltc55311.Payment
    WHERE ltc55311.Appointment.Patient ID = ID
   AND Payment.Appointment ID = Appointment.ID
     AND Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 3;
    IF cc > 0
           THEN
           SET result = FALSE;
```

```
END IF;
END
#report1 NumPatientSeen
#Displays number of patients seen by each specialist over a given
period.
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`report1 NumPatientSeen`( IN startDate DATETIME, IN ENDDate DATETIME)
BEGIN
SELECT
    concat(User.FirstName, ' ', User.LAStName) AS 'Specialist Name',
    count (Patient.ID) AS 'Patients Seen'
FROM
     ltc55311.Appointment,
    ltc55311.Prescription,
    ltc55311.Patient,
    ltc55311.Specialist,
    ltc55311.Employee,
    ltc55311.User
WHERE
     Prescription.ID = Appointment.Prescription ID AND
    Specialist.Employee ID = Prescription.Specialist ID AND
    Employee.ID = Specialist.Employee ID AND
    User.ID = Employee.User ID AND
    Prescription.Patient ID = Patient.ID AND
    Appointment.StartDateTime >= startDate AND
    Appointment.EndDateTIME <= ENDDate
GROUP BY Prescription. Specialist ID;
```

END

```
#report2 UnusedEquipment
#Returns a list of equipment that hAS not been used in a given TIME
frame
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`report2_UnusedEquipment`
(IN startDate DATETIME, IN ENDDate DATETIME)
BEGIN
#Which piece of equipment hAS never been used?
SELECT DISTINCT * FROM ltc55311.Equipment
WHERE Equipment.ID NOT IN
(SELECT DISTINCT Appointment Equipment. Equipment ID
FROM ltc55311.Appointment Equipment, ltc55311.Appointment
WHERE Appointment.StartDateTime >= startDate
AND Appointment.EndDateTIME <= ENDDate
AND Appointment.ID = Appointment Equipment.Appointment ID
);
END
#report3 PatientsSeenAtCenter
#Returns information about all patients seen at a clinic
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`report3 PatientsSeenAtCenter`(IN centerId INT)
BEGIN
# List all information available for physio patients who have been at
the center.
     SELECT Patient.ID, Patient.BirthDate, Patient.PhoneNumber,
Patient.InitialPrescription ID, Patient.User ID, Center.Name
     FROM
ltc55311.Patient, ltc55311.Appointment, ltc55311.Employee, ltc55311.Presc
ription, ltc55311.Center
     WHERE Patient.ID = Appointment.Patient ID
```

```
AND Appointment.status ID = 2
     AND Appointment.Prescription ID = Prescription.ID
     AND Prescription. Specialist ID = Employee. ID
     AND Employee.Center ID = Center.ID
     AND Center.ID = centerId;
END
#report4 TherapistAtCenter
#Returns information on therapists working at a clinic
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`report4 TherapistAtCenter`(IN centerId INT)
BEGIN
#List all the information available for therapists who work at the
center.
SELECT DISTINCT
Employee.ID AS EmployeeID,
User.FirstName,
User.LastName,
SpecialistType.name AS SpecialistType
FROM
ltc55311.Center,
ltc55311.Employee,
ltc55311.User,
ltc55311.EmployeeType,
ltc55311.Specialist,
ltc55311.SpecialistType
WHERE Employee.Center ID = centerId
AND Employee. Employee Type ID = 2
AND Employee.User ID = User.ID
AND Employee.ID = Specialist.Employee ID
AND Specialist.SpecialistType ID = SpecialistType.ID
```

```
AND Employee.ID NOT IN
           SELECT DISTINCT Specialist. Employee ID
           FROM ltc55311.Specialist, ltc55311.SpecialistType
                WHERE Specialist.SpecialistType ID = 1
                );
END
#report 5 is similar to report 4 because we ASsumed that a specialist
can only work at once center
#report6 PatientAppointments
#Returns a patient's list of appointments'
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`report6 PatientAppointments`(IN patientid INT(11))
BEGIN
#List details of reservations for a specific patient.
SELECT Appointment.ID AS AppID,
Appointment.Patient ID,
User.LastName,
User.FirstName,
Appointment.Prescription ID AS Presc,
Appointment.CREATEdDateTIME,
Appointment.StartDateTime AS TIME,
Appointment Status. Name AS Status
FROM ltc55311.Appointment, ltc55311.Appointment Status,
ltc55311.User, ltc55311.Patient
WHERE Appointment.Patient ID = patientid
AND Appointment.Status ID = Appointment Status.ID
And Patient.ID=patientid
AND Patient.User ID = User.ID;
END
```

```
#report7 DocAvailability
#Display's a doctor's availability in a given range of dates
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`report7 DocAvailability`(IN specialist INT(11), IN date1 DATE, IN
date2 DATE)
BEGIN
INSERT INTO `ltc55311`.`DateTimeBag` (DateTimes)
#POPULATES TEMPORARY TABLE WITH ALL POSSIBLE APPOINTMENT TIMES FOR
GIVEN DATE DURATION
(SELECT TIMESTAMP (a.Date, Appointment TIMEs.TIMEs)
    SELECT CURDATE() - INTERVAL (a.a + (10 * b.a) + (100 * c.a)) DAY
AS Date
    FROM (SELECT O As a union all select 1 union all select 2 union
all select 3 union all select 4 union all select 5 union all select 6
union all select 7 union all select 8 union all select 9) AS a
    CROSS JOIN (SELECT 0 As a union all select 1 union all select 2
union all select 3 union all select 4 union all select 5 union all
select 6 union all select 7 union all select 8 union all select 9) AS
    CROSS JOIN (SELECT 0 As a union all select 1 union all select 2
union all select 3 union all select 4 union all select 5 union all
select 6 union all select 7 union all select 8 union all select 9) AS
) a, Appointment TIMEs
WHERE a.Date between date1 and date2);
SELECT DateTimes FROM `ltc55311`.`DateTimeBag`
WHERE DateTimes NOT IN
#lists unavailability for physio therapist/doctor during a specified
period of TIME.
(SELECT DISTINCT
TIMESTAMP (DATE (Appointment.StartDateTime), TIME (Appointment.StartDateTi
me)) AS TIMES
FROM ltc55311.Appointment, ltc55311.Prescription, ltc55311.Specialist
```

```
WHERE Appointment.StartDateTime BETWEEN date1 and DATE ADD(date2,
INTERVAL 1 DAY)
AND Appointment.Prescription ID = Prescription.ID
AND Prescription. Specialist ID = specialist);
#THE DIFFERENCE GIVES THE THERAPISTS AVAILABILITY
Truncate table `ltc55311`.`DateTimeBag`;
#CLEARS TEMPORARY TABLE
END
#reportA Patient
#Report seen by patient. Displays a list of all prescriptions in the
patient`s record
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `reportA_Patient`(IN
userID INT (11))
BEGIN
#List prescriptions available for a patient..active and inactive
SELECT Patient ID, User.LAStName, User.FirstName, Prescription.ID AS
PrescID,
PrescriptionStatus.Description AS PrescStatus
FROM ltc55311.Prescription, ltc55311.Patient, ltc55311.User,
ltc55311.PrescriptionStatus
WHERE User.ID = userID
AND Patient.User ID = User.ID
AND Prescription.Patient ID = Patient.ID
AND Prescription.PrescriptionStatus ID = PrescriptionStatus.ID;
END
#reportB Doctor
#Report seen by doctors on patients with active prescriptions but no
future appointments and the
#date of the patient`s lASt appointment
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE `reportB Doctor`()
```

```
BEGIN
#List patients who have an active prescription and no appointments
booked
SELECT DISTINCT Prescription.ID AS PrescID, Prescription.Patient ID,
User.LAStName,
User.FirstName, Patient.PhoneNumber, MAX(Appointment.StartDateTime) AS
LAStAppt
FROM ltc55311.Prescription, ltc55311.Appointment, ltc55311.Patient,
ltc55311.User
WHERE Prescription.PrescriptionStatus ID = 1
AND Prescription.Patient ID = Patient.ID
AND Patient.User ID = User.ID
AND Prescription.ID = Appointment.Prescription ID
AND Appointment.ID NOT IN(
     SELECT Appointment.ID
    FROM ltc55311.Appointment
    WHERE Appointment.StartDateTime >= curdate()
GROUP BY Prescription.ID ;
END
#reportC Therapist
\#Report seen by therapists on equipment use frequency in the lASt x
days
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`reportC Therapist`(IN days INT(5), IN frequency INT(5))
BEGIN
#List equipment used more than x TIMEs in the x days
DECLARE period DATETIME;
SELECT SUBDATE (CURDATE (), INTERVAL days DAY) INTO period;
SELECT count (Appointment Equipment.ID) AS used, Equipment.Name
FROM ltc55311.Appointment, ltc55311.Appointment Equipment, Equipment
```

```
WHERE Appointment.StartDateTime >= period
AND Appointment.ID = Appointment Equipment.Appointment ID
AND Appointment Equipment.Equipment ID = Equipment.ID
GROUP BY Appointment Equipment. Equipment ID
having used >frequency;
END
#reportD Receptionist
#Report seen by receptioninst. Shows the list of patients in a given
age range
CREATE DEFINER=`ltc55311`@`132.205.%.%` PROCEDURE
`reportD Receptionist`(IN age1 INT (5), IN age2 INT(5))
BEGIN
#Patient count grouped by age group specified
SELECT Patient.ID, User.FirstName, User.LAStName, Patient.BirthDate,
Patient.PhoneNumber, Patient.InitialPrescription ID AS PrescID
FROM ltc55311.Patient, ltc55311.User
WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, Patient.BirthDate, CURDATE()) > age1
AND TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, Patient.BirthDate, CURDATE()) < age2
AND Patient.User ID = User.ID;
END
```

ROUTINES

```
DELIMITER |
CREATE EVENT ltc55311VerificationScheduler
    ON SCHEDULE EVERY 1 MONTH STARTS '2017-08-01 18:30:00'
    DO
      BEGIN
        #Insert into the CCVerification table the pending credit card
INSERT INTO `ltc55311`.`CCVerification`
(`ID`,
`PaymentDateTime`,
`VerificationDateTime`,
`Number`,
`ExpiryDate`,
`CVC`,
`Amount`)
SELECT Payment.ID, Payment.BillingDateTime, CURRENT TIMESTAMP(),
CreditCard.Number, CreditCard.ExpiryDate, CreditCard.CVC,
Payment.Amount
FROM ltc55311.Payment, ltc55311.CreditCard
WHERE
Payment.ID = CreditCard.Payment ID
AND Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 2
AND Payment.PaymentMethod ID=4;
#Mark the payments as verified
UPDATE `ltc55311`.`Payment`
SET
`PaymentStatus ID` = 1
WHERE Payment.PaymentStatus ID = 2
AND Payment.PaymentMethod ID=4;
      END |
DELIMITER ;
DELIMITER |
CREATE EVENT changeAppointmentStatus
    ON SCHEDULE EVERY 1 MONTH STARTS '2017-08-05 08:00:00'
    DO
      BEGIN
        #Insert into the CCVerification table the pending credit card
payments
```

SECTION 3.1

PHP SCRIPT

Please see attached CD

SECTION 3.2

REPORTS

Suggested Reports

- 1. How many patients has each physio therapists seen in a specified period of time?
- 2. Which piece of equipment has never been used?
- 3. List all information available for physio patients who have been at the center.
- 4. List all the information available for therapists who have been at the center.
- 5. List all the information available for therapists who work at the center.
- 6. List detail of reservations for a specific patient.
- 7. List availability for physio therapist/doctor during a specified period of time.

Assumption: Reports 4 and 5 are identical as therapists are intended to work for only one center

Additional reports accessible only to specified user type

- 1. Receptionist Patient list and count by age group
- 2. Patient Prescription report
- 3. Doctor List of patients with active prescriptions but no future appointments
- 4. Therapist Frequently used equipment