Problem Statement: Course Planning

Problem Domain: Course Planning at Wellesley

Planning courses is a core part of college life, but at Wellesley it has become unnecessarily stressful. The registrar's course browser is now behind a login, making it inaccessible to external tools like Coursicle, which students once relied on. Workday, the system students must now use, is confusing, requires multiple permissions to add courses, and offers little support for planning across time slots or campuses. As a Wellesley student, I have personally struggled with this process and seen my peers resort to manual spreadsheets, Reddit threads, or word-of-mouth tips. I care about this because course planning is foundational: it affects our academic progress, daily schedules, and even our ability to take advantage of cross-registration opportunities at MIT.

Problem: Lack of an Effective Course Planner

Wellesley Course Planner: Simple, Powerful UI

Students lack a tool that makes course planning fast, intuitive, and reliable. Workday is built for official registration, not planning, so it overwhelms students with complexity. Without an easy way to visualize and build schedules, check feasibility (including MIT cross-registration travel time), and evaluate courses beyond a one-line blurb, students waste hours cobbling together plans manually, risking mistakes and missed opportunities.

Stakeholders

- Wellesley Students (Coursicle users) previously had a streamlined tool; now forced back into clunky systems.
- Wellesley Students (non-Coursicle users) struggle directly with Workday's poor planning interface.
- Wellesley Administrators/Registrar Staff maintain data integrity and privacy; feel minimal direct pain but field complaints when students are frustrated.

Evidence and Comparables

- 1. *Workday incapabilities* The difficult UI and interface of Workday results in mistakes in registration and difficulty creating future class plans.
- 2. Reddit Comment (Manual workarounds) Many resort to building schedules by hand in spreadsheets, which is inefficient and error-prone. (link)
- 3. Low accessibility for 3rd party planning sites Wellesley's course browser itself requires login/VPN off-campus, which breaks unauthenticated third-party planners.
- 4. Student discussion board Comment citing Coursicle as a top option historically, highlighting the gap now that it doesn't support Wellesley. Upvotes back up the comment



5. Direct Student Quotes – Classmates confirm the need: "Workday is actually so hard to use" (Tongtong Ye, '27); "I would definitely use something like that, especially if it could account for travel times for MIT classes" (Joyce Nishimwe, '27)

Name: SchedulEZ

Motivation: Students spend hours fighting with Workday or spreadsheets just to make a feasible schedule. SchedulEase makes planning fast, simple, and stress-free.

Key Features:

- 1. Live Course Import Each semester, the app scrapes and pulls the latest course times/sections directly from Workday. This ensures data is accurate while respecting privacy (student credentials only, no open redistribution).
- 2. Cross-Reg Travel Buffers Students add bus routes (e.g., Wellesley–MIT Loco) and the planner automatically blocks out required travel time. This prevents impossible back-to-back commitments.
- Richer Decision Tiles Each course card links to RateMyProfessor and any available syllabi. Students can judge not just time slots, but workload and teaching style, leading to better-informed choices.

Concept Designs

#1

concept CourseCatalog [Course, Requirement]

purpose

provide authoritative course data (times, locations, instructors, requirements) for search and planning

principle

the catalog aggregates courses each term; students query it for information, and other **concepts** (Schedule, RequirementTracker, CrossRegTravel) rely on it for consistency **state**

a set of Courses with courseld String title String

instructor String

meetingTimes Set of TimeSlot

location String

requirements Set of Requirement

campus String

actions

search (query: String, filters: Map): (results: Set of Course)

effects return all courses matching the given query/filters

getById (courseId: String): (course: Course)

requires a course with this courseld exists

effects return that course

listByRequirement (req: Requirement): (results: Set of Course)

effects return all courses that satisfy req

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#2
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concept Schedule [User, Course]

purpose

let a student compose a tentative plan while preventing time conflicts

principle

each schedule belongs to one student; adding a course must check for overlapping times and infeasible travel gaps

state

a set of Schedules with

owner User

courses Set of Course

actions

addCourse (owner: User, course: Course)

requires course exists in CourseCatalog, course.meetingTimes do not overlap with any courses already in owner's schedule, CrossRegTravel.violations(owner's schedule \cup {course}) = \varnothing

effects add course to owner's schedule

removeCourse (owner: User, courseld: String)

requires owner's schedule contains a course with this id

effects remove that course from the schedule

listSchedule (owner: User): (courses: Set of Course)

requires owner has at least one course in their schedule

effects return all courses in owner's schedule

clear (owner: User)

effects remove all courses from owner's schedule

<u>#3</u>

concept RequirementTracker [User, Course, Requirement]

purpose

track whether a student's chosen courses fulfill graduation/distribution requirements

principle

progress is recomputed whenever a schedule changes; each requirement has rules mapping courses to fulfillment

state

a set of RequirementStates with

owner User

requirement Requirement

fulfilled Boolean

evidence Set of Courses

actions

recompute (owner: User, courses: Set of Course)

effects update all RequirementStates for owner according to current courses

missing (owner: User): (regs: Set of Requirement)

effects return the set of requirements not yet fulfilled for owner

```
evidenceFor (owner: User, req: Requirement): (courses: Set of Course)
requires req is a valid requirement for owner
effects return the set of courses contributing to fulfillment of req
```

#4

concept CrossRegTravel [Course]

purpose

ensure that courses across campuses have feasible travel gaps

principle

travel feasibility is based on shuttle timetables, walking buffers, and minimum gaps; invalid pairs must be flagged

state

a set of TravelRules with

originCampus String

destCampus String

minBufferMinutes Integer

transitTimetable Set of Route {departures, arrivals}

actions

estimate (a: Course, b: Course): (minutes: Integer)

requires a.meetingTimes end before b.meetingTimes start

effects return the shortest feasible travel time between a location and b location using timetable + buffer

violations (courses: Set of Course): (pairs: Set of (Course, Course))

effects return all adjacent cross-campus course pairs where (gap between end of one and start of the other < estimated travel time)

Essential Synchronizations

sync checkTravelOnAdd

when

Schedule.addCourse (owner, course)

then

CrossRegTravel.violations (owner's schedule ∪ {course})

→ require none before adding

sync updateRequirements

when

Schedule.addCourse (owner, course)

Schedule.removeCourse (owner, courseld)

Schedule.clear (owner)

then

RequirementTracker.recompute (owner, Schedule.listSchedule(owner))

sync resolveFromCatalog

when

Schedule.addCourse (owner, courseld)

then

CourseCatalog.getById (courseId) → course

sync filterByRequirement

when

Request.searchByRequirement (req)

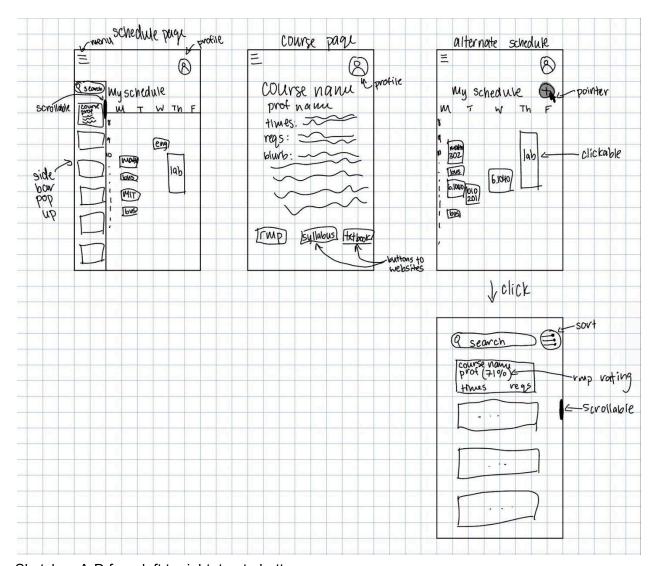
then

CourseCatalog.listByRequirement (req)

Concept Roles Note

The CourseCatalog anchors the app by providing authoritative course data; all other concepts reference it to ensure consistency. The Schedule is each student's personal plan: it calls CrossRegTravel to check that back-to-back cross-campus courses are feasible, and it triggers the RequirementTracker to update degree progress whenever courses change. The RequirementTracker is reactive, computing fulfillment of distribution and major requirements based on the Schedule. The CrossRegTravel concept uses course campus/location data plus shuttle timetables to ensure plans are physically possible, not just logically conflict-free. For type parameters: User is the authenticated student; Course objects always come from the Catalog; and Requirement refers to institutional categories (distribution, majors) that the tracker enforces. Together, these concepts divide responsibility cleanly while synchronizations keep them aligned, so the planner feels accurate, reliable, and easy to use.

UI Sketches



Sketches A-D from left to right, top to bottom

User Journey

Trigger

It's the end of the semester, and Ana, a Wellesley sophomore, needs to plan her courses for spring. Workday feels overwhelming, and she wants a faster way to test schedules before meeting her advisor. She opens SchedulEase.

Step 1: Explore the Schedule Page

On the Schedule Page (see Sketch A), Ana sees her week laid out Monday through Friday with blocks for classes she's already tentatively chosen. A sidebar lists additional courses she might add. She scrolls through the sidebar and clicks on "ENG 202" to learn more.

Step 2: View Course Details

The app opens the Course Page (Sketch B). Here Ana can see the course name, professor, meeting times, requirements it fulfills, and a brief description. At the bottom she notices buttons linking out to a map, past syllabi, and RateMyProfessor. Curious about the workload, she taps the syllabus button to preview. Satisfied, she clicks to add the course to her schedule.

Step 3: Compare Alternate Schedules

Ana flips back to her Alternate Schedule view (Sketch C), since the course picking window can be opened as a popup or separate page. Now ENG 202 appears as a block on Friday, alongside her science lab. The interface shows that both are clickable — she can drag them off the schedule to get rid of them or, if they are commute time slots, she can drag them to different times on her schedule. Ana experiments by dragging "bus" on Monday to a later time, so she can grab dinner with her MIT friends on Mondays. It works, and she is happy with the ease of use.

Step 4: Search for More Options

Finally, Ana taps into the Search Screen (Sketch D). She types "CS" into the search bar and sorts by requirement tags. The results show courses with professor ratings, meeting times, and fulfillment categories, all on a scrollable interface that are all CS courses. After checking a few options, she adds CS 204 to her plan.

Outcome

In less than half an hour, Ana has built two alternate schedules, checked requirements, and previewed course materials — tasks that would have taken her much more time and effort in Workday, Google Calendar, or Spreadsheets. She now heads into advising confident that her plan is realistic, balanced, and tailored to her needs.

Al use: I used Al to build on my idea from last time, as well as reword a lot of my work. I did not use it for the sketches because I didn't like what it gave me, but it was very useful in the writing portions, especially the User Journey.