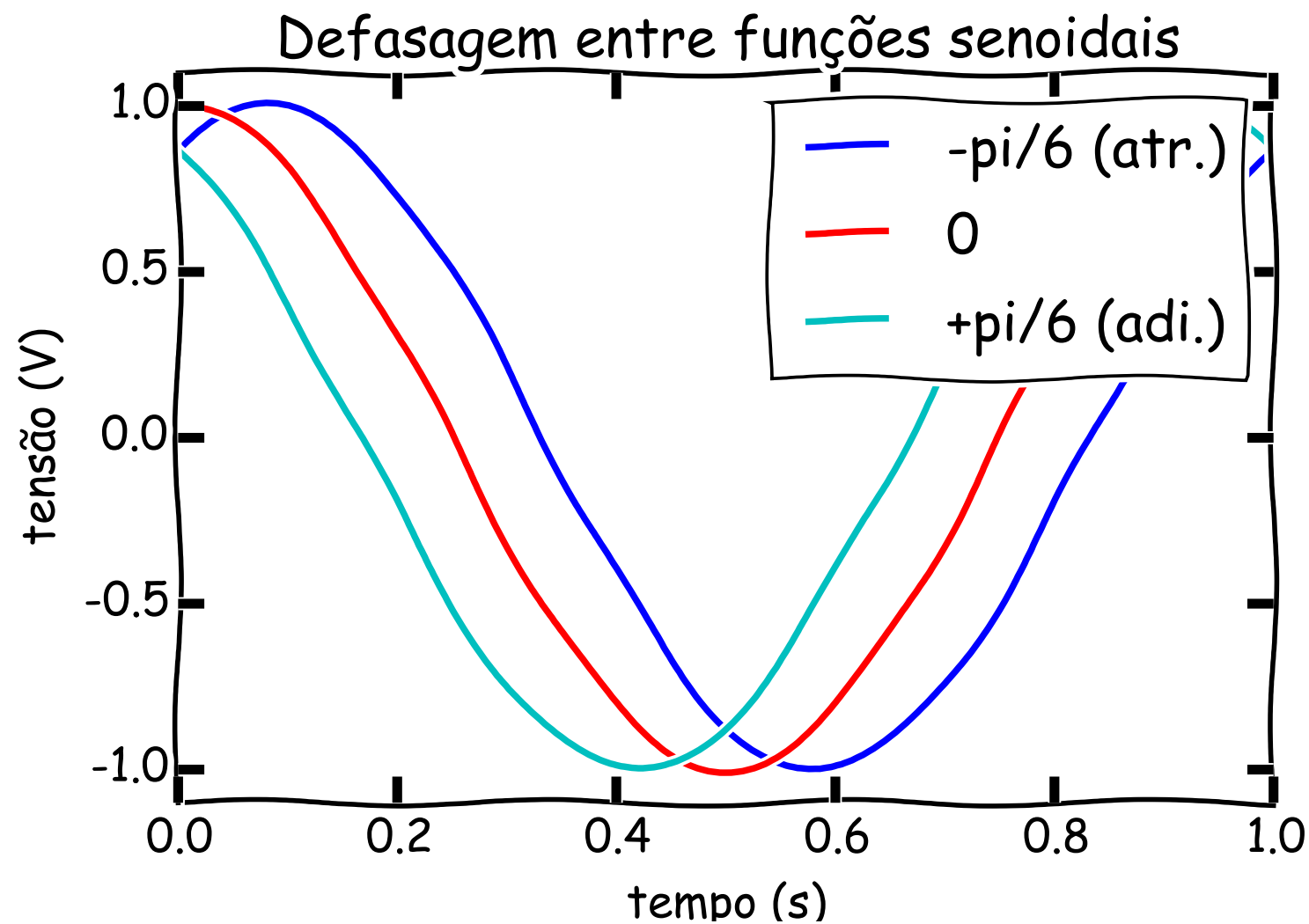




# O que é corrente/tensão alternada?



$$\begin{aligned}
 \epsilon_1(t) &= \epsilon_0 \cos(\omega t + \pi / 6) \\
 \epsilon_2(t) &= \epsilon_0 \cos(\omega t) \\
 \epsilon_2(t) &= \epsilon_0 \cos(\omega t - \pi / 6)
 \end{aligned}
 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \epsilon_0 = 1V \\ \omega = 2\pi f \\ f = 1 \text{ Hz} \end{array} \right.$$