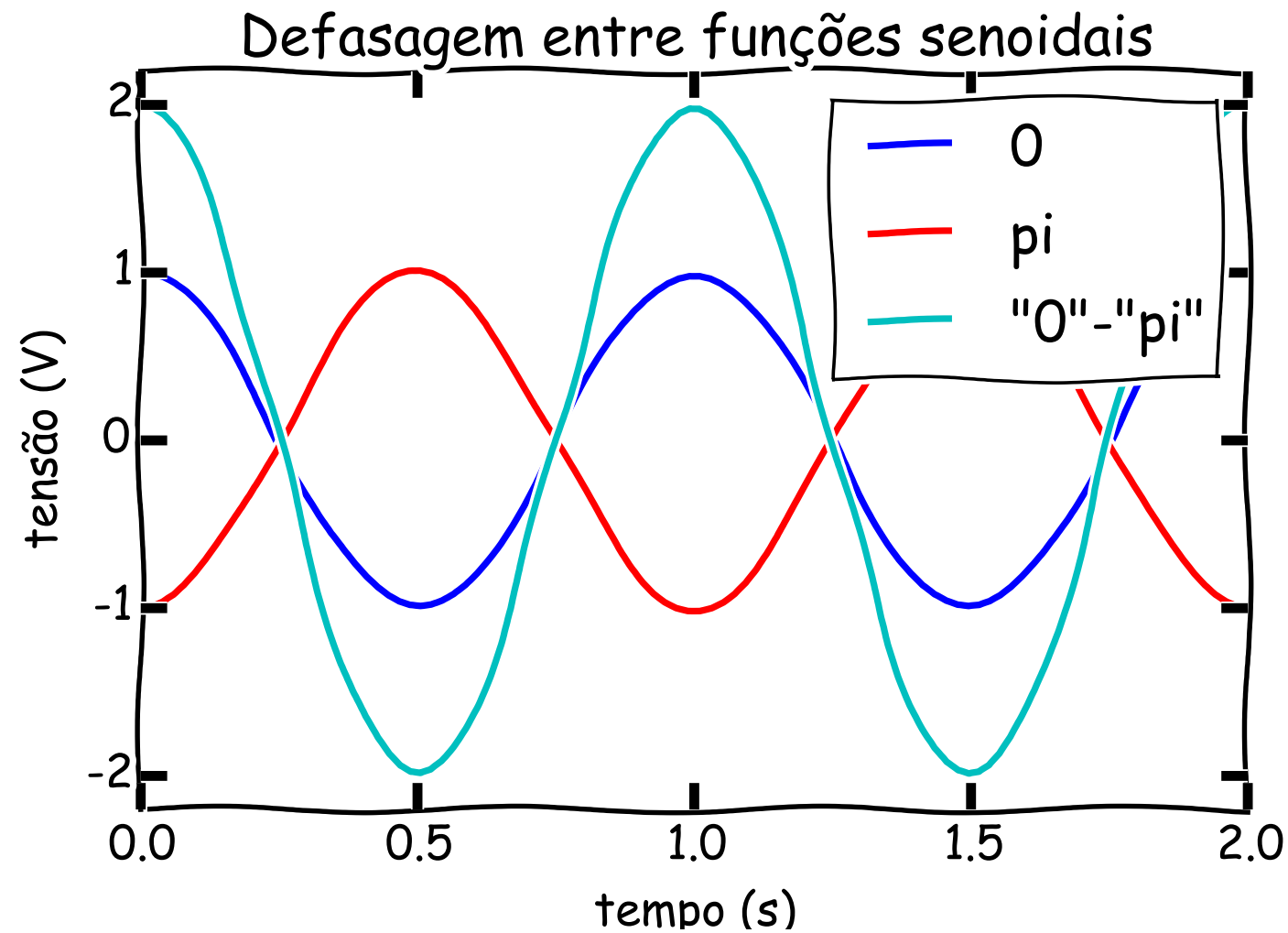




O que é corrente/tensão alternada?



$$\epsilon_1(t) = \epsilon_0 \cos(\omega t)$$

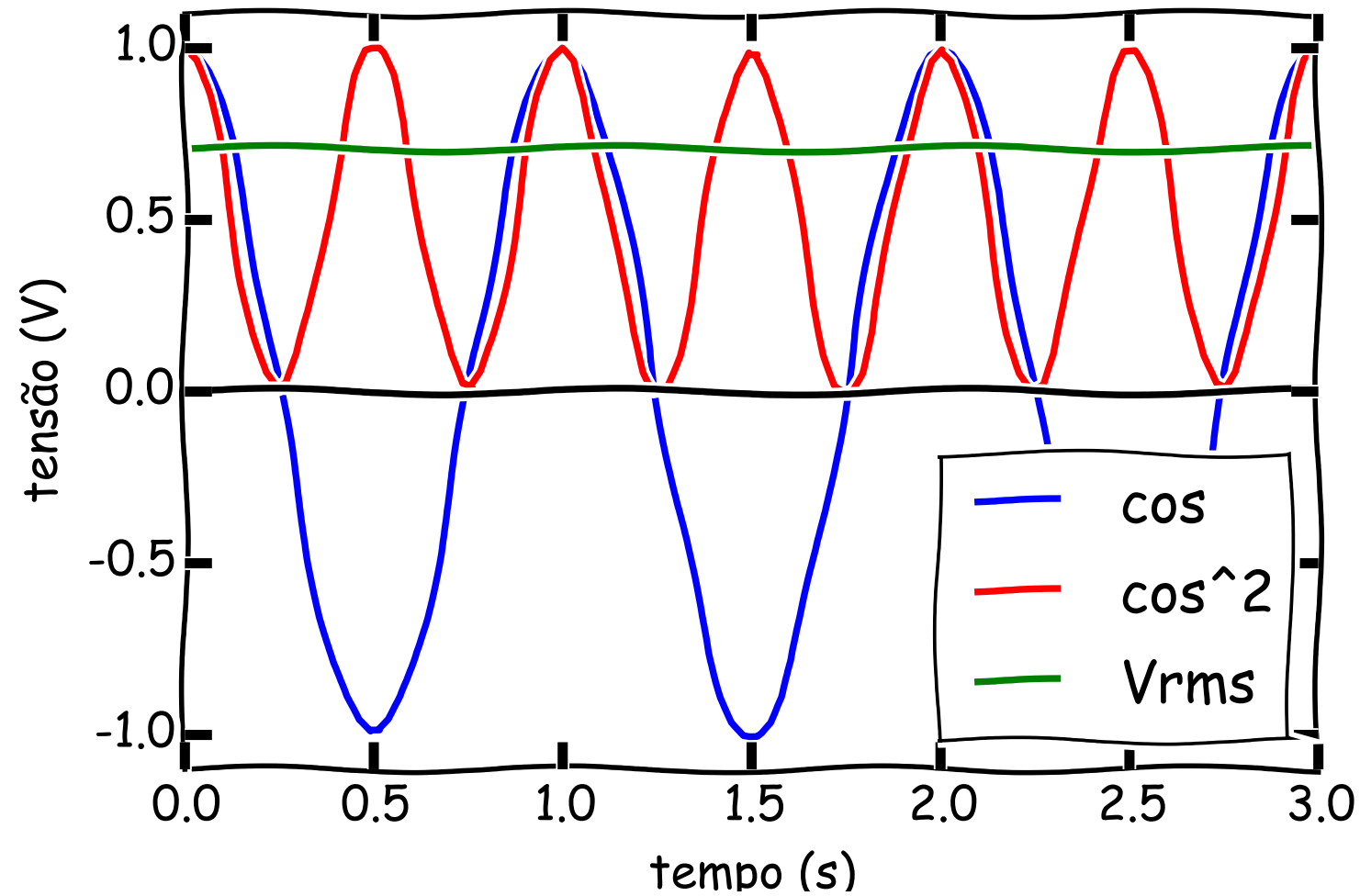
$$\epsilon_2(t) = \epsilon_0 \cos(\omega t - \pi)$$

$$\epsilon_{\Delta}(t) = \epsilon_2(t) - \epsilon_1(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} \epsilon_0 = 1V \\ \omega = 2\pi f \\ f = 1 \text{ Hz} \end{cases}$$



Valor RMS



Valor RMS:

$$\epsilon_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T \epsilon(t)^2 dt}$$

$$\epsilon_1(t) = \epsilon_0 \cos(\omega t) \quad \begin{cases} \epsilon_0 = 1V \\ \omega = 2\pi f \\ f = 1 \text{ Hz} \end{cases}$$