

HTML/CSS 4

Uchicago Techteam

Positioning with block-level elements

`<header>`

`<section>`

`<aside>`

`<footer>`

Positioning with floats

- “float” the element from the normal flow of the page
- NOTE: floating inline-block or inline elements would change the display value to block.
 - Only difference from block: the width is now that of the content

`<header>`

`<section>`
`float: left;`

`<aside>`
`float: right;`

`<footer>`

Positioning with floats

`<header>`

`<section>`
`float: left;`

`<section>`
`float: left;`

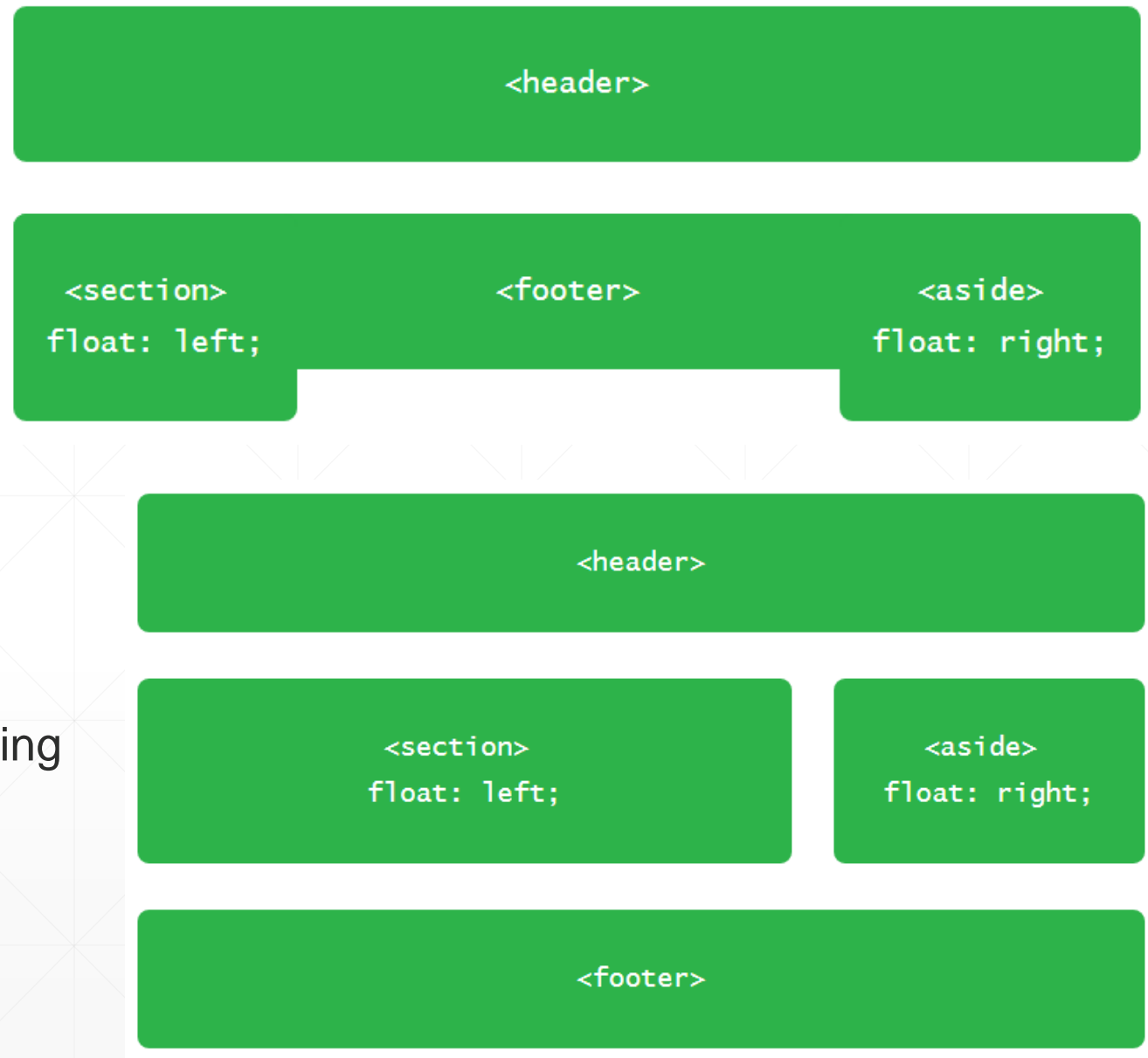
`<section>`
`float: left;`

`<footer>`

Clearing floats

- Need to clear floats for non-floating elements that are affected

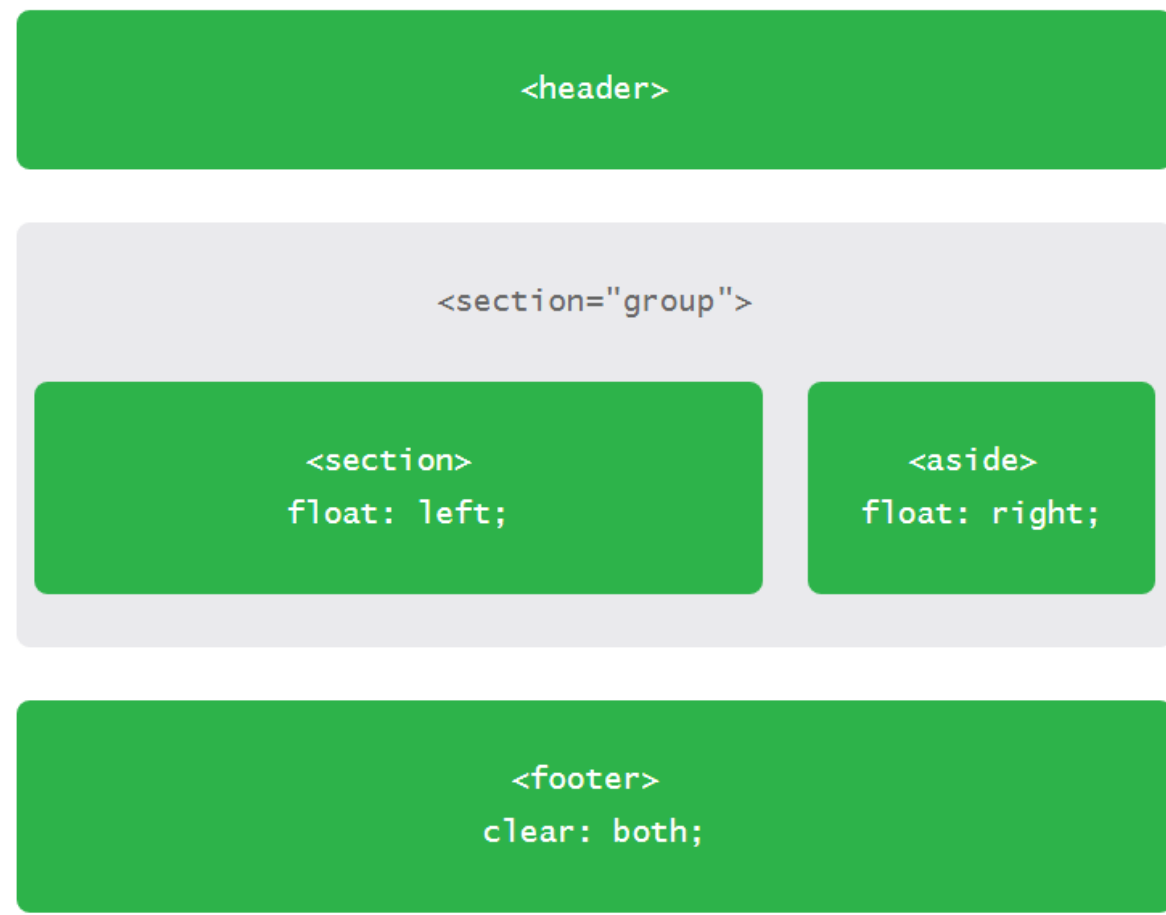
```
.footer {  
  clear: both;  
}
```



```
.group:before, .group:after {  
  content: "";  
  display: table;  
}
```

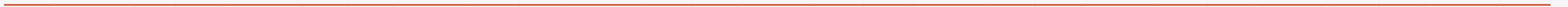
```
.group:after {  
  clear: both;  
}
```

```
.group {  
  clear: both;  
  *zoom: 1;  
}
```



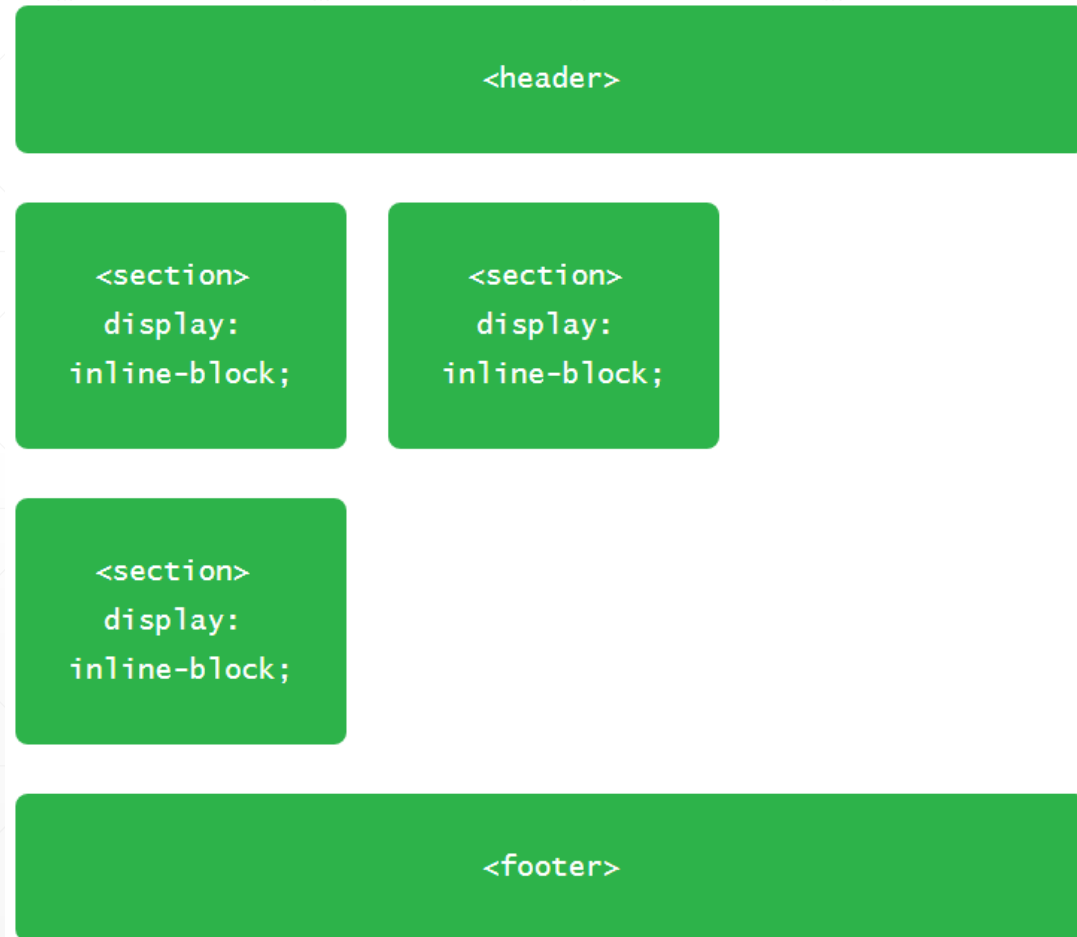
Try on your own!

- (Follow the instructions on <http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css/positioning-content/#practice-1>)



Positioning with inline-block

- Allows similar layout without the need to clear floats
- Each block's width set to 30%, and left, right margins both set to 1.5%
 - -> why does the third block move to the new line?



Positioning with inline-block

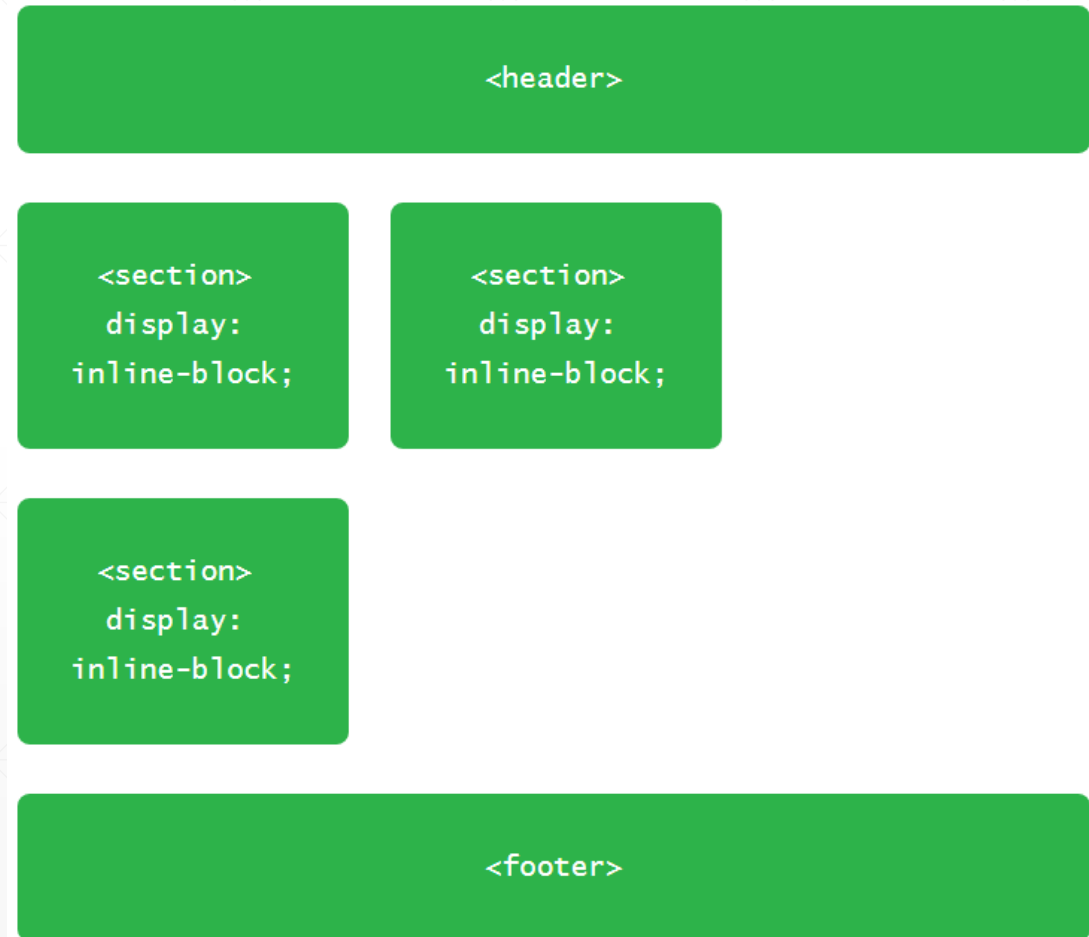
- Allows similar layout without the need to clear floats
- Each block's width set to 30%, and left, right margins both set to 1.5%
 - -> why does the third block move to the new line?

`<header>`

`</header>` <!--

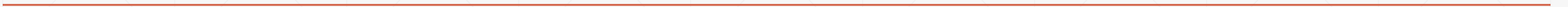
--> `<section>`

`</section>`



Try on your own!

- (Follow the instructions on <http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css/positioning-content/#practice-2>)



Unique positioning

- Relative to the original position

```
div {  
  height: 100px;  
  width: 100px;  
}
```

```
.offset {  
  left: 20px;  
  position: relative;  
  top: 20px;  
}
```



Unique positioning

- Absolute positioning
- Based on the closest parent element that has relative positioning

```
section {  
  position: relative;  
}
```

```
div {  
  position: absolute;  
  right: 20px;  
  top: 20px;  
}
```

```
<section>  
position: relative;
```

```
<div  
  class="offset">  
  position:  
  absolute;  
  right: 20px;  
  top: 20px;
```

Typography – font properties

- color: #555
- font-family: “Lato”, “Helvetica Neue”, Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif
- font-size: 14px
- font-style: normal/italic/oblique/inherit
- font-variant: normal/small-caps/inherit
- font-weight: normal(400), bold(700), bolder, lighter, inherit
 - Or specify with values 100 ~ 900 (font-specific)
- line-height: 22px

**Shorthand: font-style,
font-variant, font-weight,
font-size, line-height,
font-family**

**font: italic small-caps
bold 14px/22px “Lato”,
“Helvetica Neue”,
Helvetica, Arial, sans-
serif**

Typography –text properties

- Text-align: left, right, center, justify, inherit
 - Text-decoration: none, underline, overline, line-through, inherit
 - Text-indent 20px, -10px, etc.
 - Text-shadow: 3px 6px 2px rgba(0, 0, 0, .3)
 - Text-transform: none, capitalize, uppercase, lowercase, inherit
 - Letter-spacing: -.5em
 - Word-spacing: .25em
-

Using Google Fonts

- Choose a font from fonts.google.com
 - Copy the “<link>” tag offered by Google Fonts, paste to the <head> section of your html
 - Apply your font, with name wrapped by “ ”
 - **font: italic small-caps bold 14px/22px
“Lato”, “Helvetica Neue”, Helvetica, Arial,
sans-serif**
-

Try on your own!

- (Follow the instructions on <http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css/working-with-typography/#practice-1>)
 - Let's try doing all 3
-

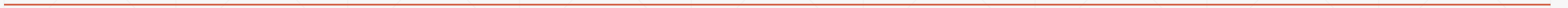
Setting background colors / images

```
div {  
  background-color: #b2b2b2;  
  background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, .3);  
}
```

```
div {  
  background-image: url("alert.png");  
  background-position: 20px 10px;  
  background-repeat: no-repeat;  
}
```

Try on your own!

- (Follow the instructions on <http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css/setting-backgrounds-and-gradients/#practice-1>)



Lists: ordered/unordered

```
<ul>
  <li>Orange</li>
  <li>Green</li>
  <li>Blue</li>
</ul>
```

- Orange
- Green
- Blue

```
<ol>
  <li>Head north on N Halsted St</li>
  <li>Turn right on W Diversey Pkwy</li>
  <li>Turn left on N Orchard St</li>
</ol>
```

(for horizontal list)

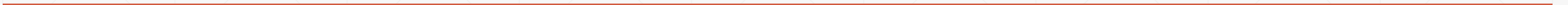
```
li {
  display: inline-block; (you can also use float)
  margin: 0 10px;
}
```

```
ul {
  list-style-type: square;
}
```

1. Head north on N Halsted St
2. Turn right on W Diversey Pkwy
3. Turn left on N Orchard St

Try on your own!

- (Follow the instructions on <http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css/creating-lists/#practice-1>)



Thanks!

You can review the materials at <http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css>