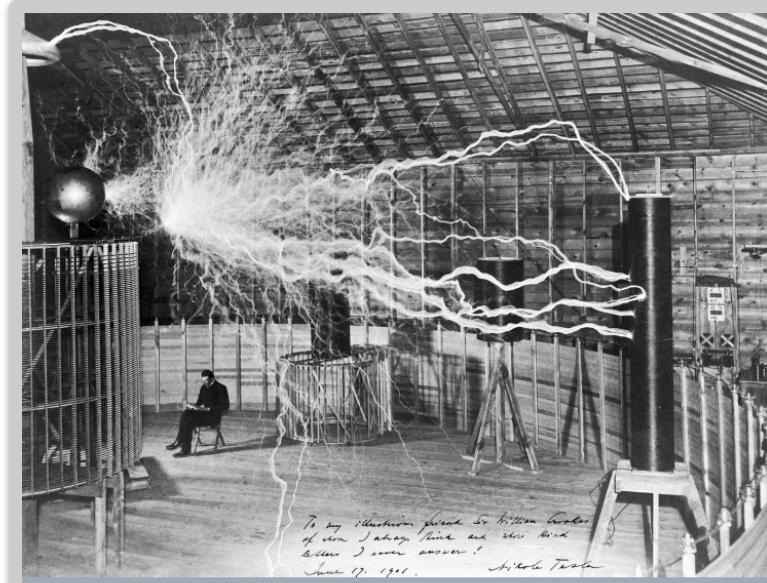


Matter and Energy

The Second Scientific Revolution



George Matthews, Plymouth State University

2020



VIEW OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH IN 1817.

Taken from a sketch drawn by Mrs. E.C. Gibson Wife of Jas. Gibson Esq.
of the Philada. Bar, while on her Wedding Tour in 1817.

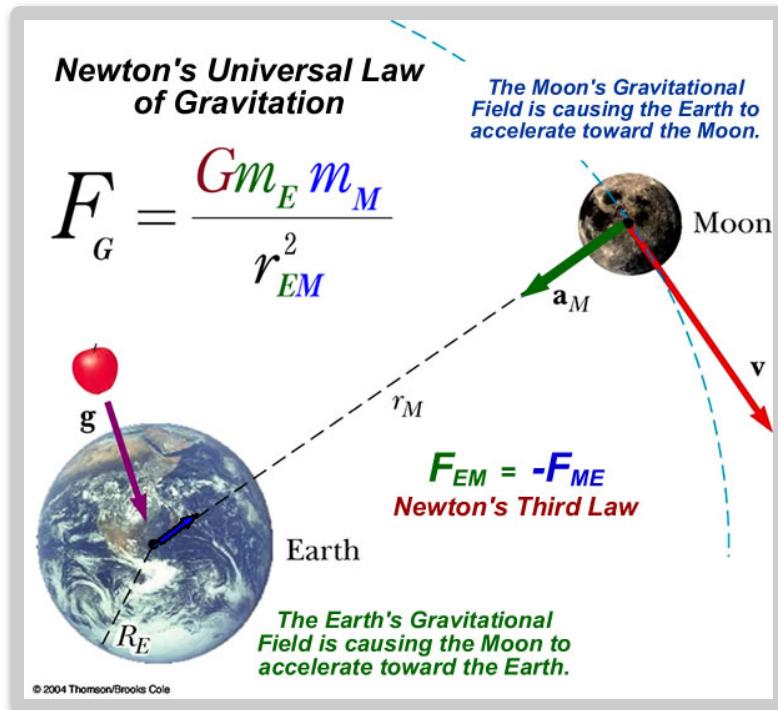
Even though the Scientific Revolution was complete by the end of the 18th Century, science had not yet had much impact on ordinary people's lives.

Accomplishments of the Scientific Revolution



- Development of experimental methods -- formulation and testing of empirical hypotheses.

Accomplishments of the Scientific Revolution



- A comprehensive mathematical model of mechanical and gravitational motion.

Accomplishments of the Scientific Revolution



- Establishment of scientific societies devoted to the development and publication of scientific findings.

Accomplishments of the Scientific Revolution



- A growing body of observational data in many areas as Europeans colonized and explored the rest of the world.

Unknowns in 1800



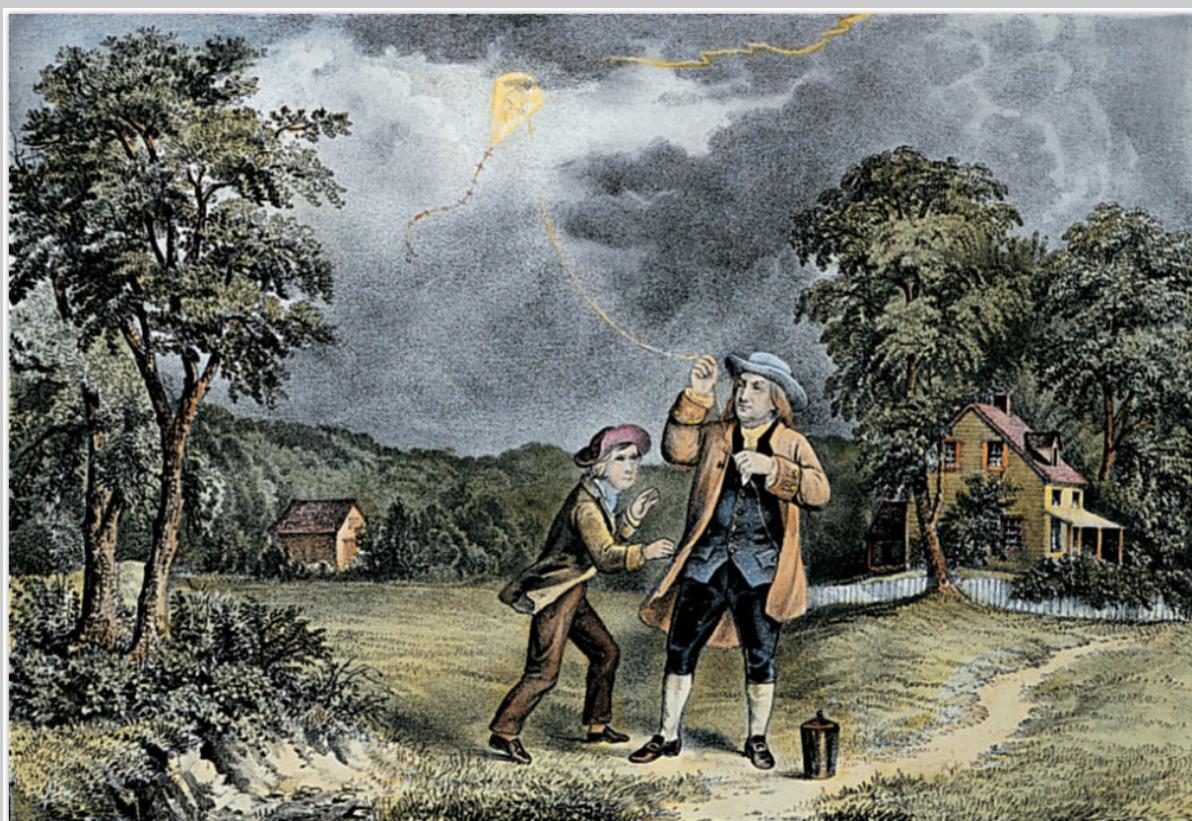
- What are material things made of?

Unknowns in 1800



- How do chemical reactions work?

Unknowns in 1800



- What is electricity?

Unknowns in 1800



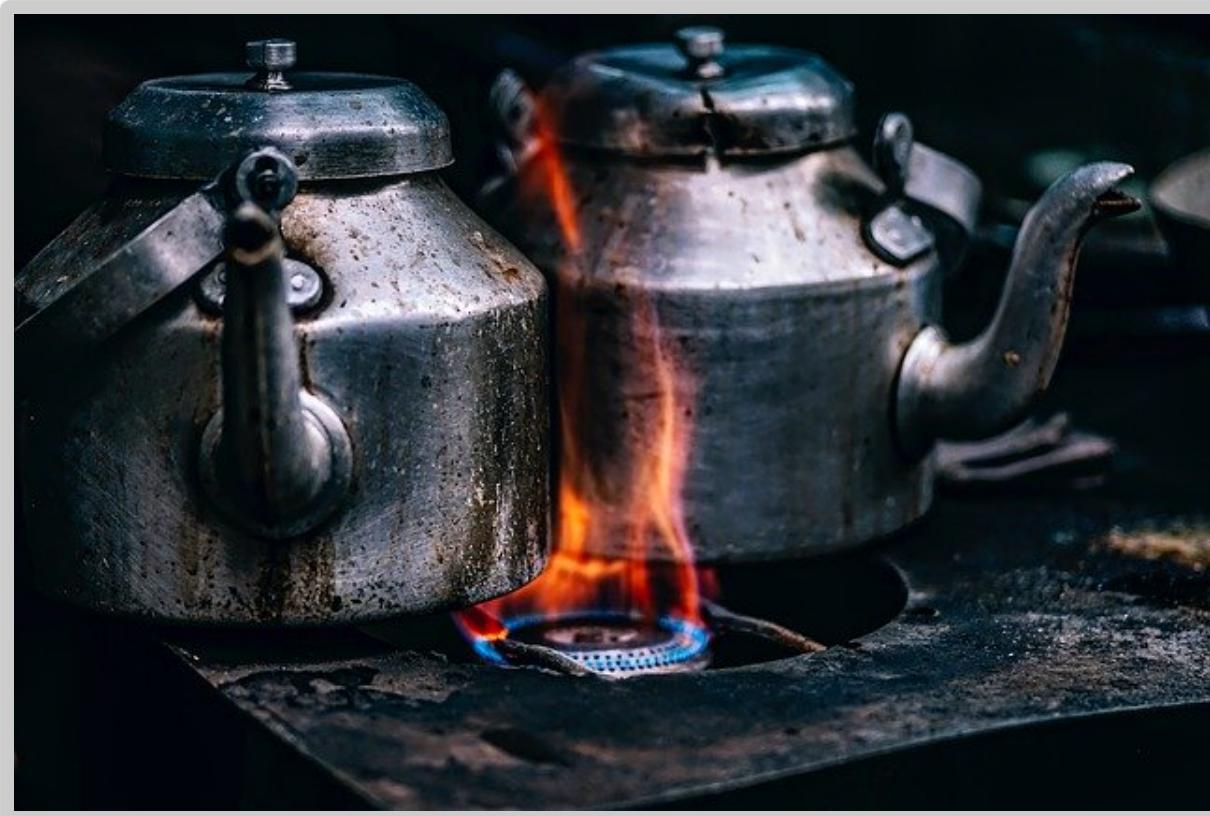
- What is magnetism?

Unknowns in 1800



- What is the difference between animate and inanimate things?

Unknowns in 1800



- What is heat and why does it make some processes happen faster?

These questions would all be answered in the 19th Century with the development of scientific understanding of the material world.

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The result...

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The result...



Pittsburgh 1900

These questions would all be answered in the 19th Century with the development of scientific understanding of the material world.

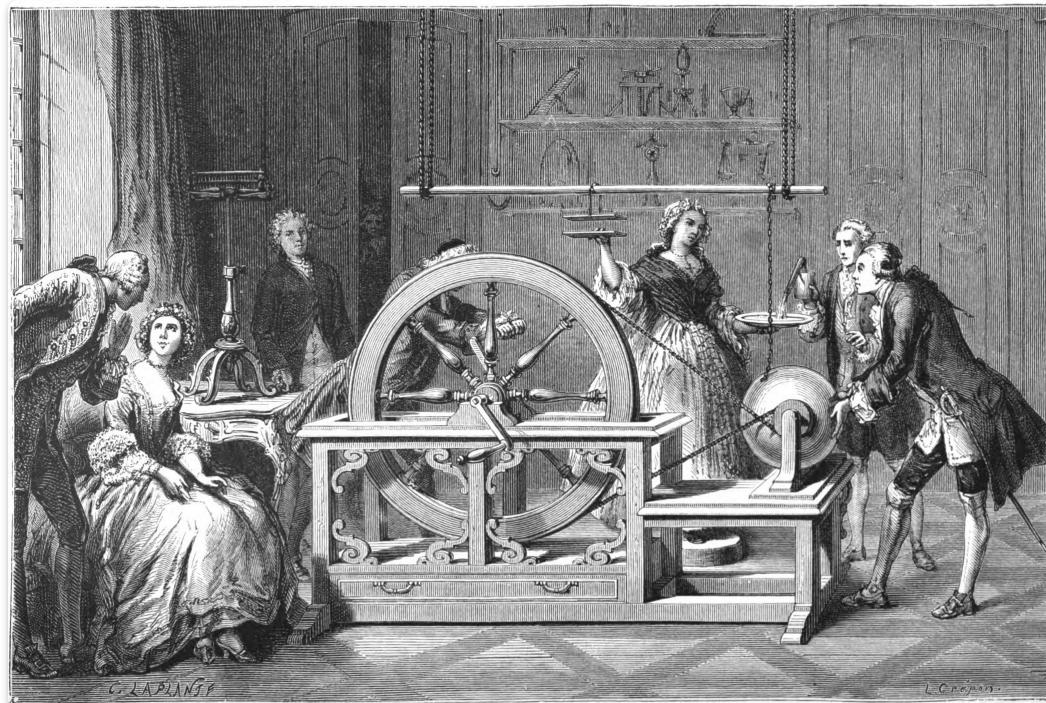
The result...



Pittsburgh 1900

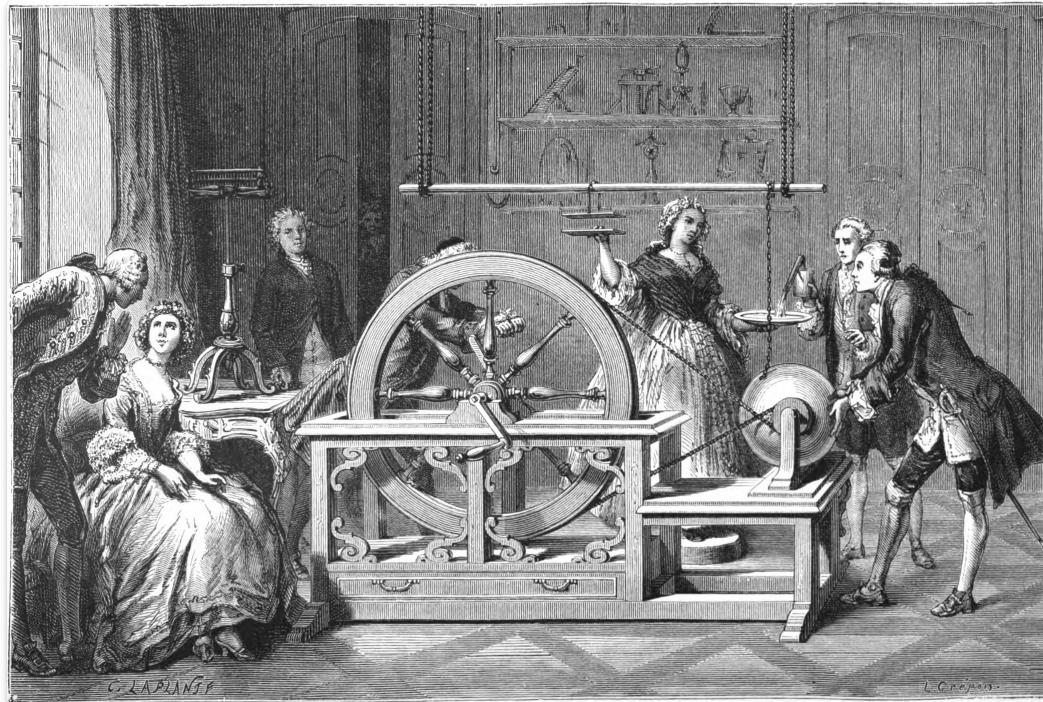
Scientific understanding of matter and energy would transform the world as never before in less than a century.

Understanding electricity



1750's

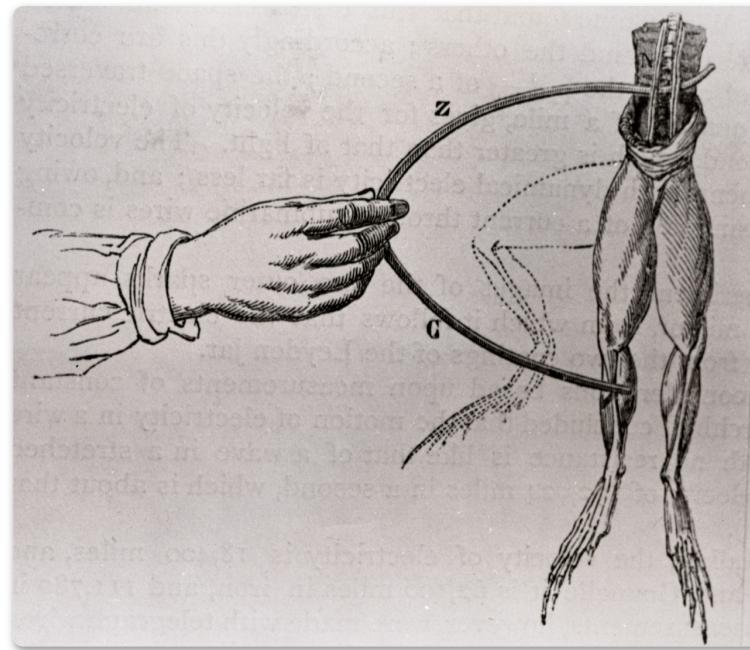
Understanding electricity



1750's

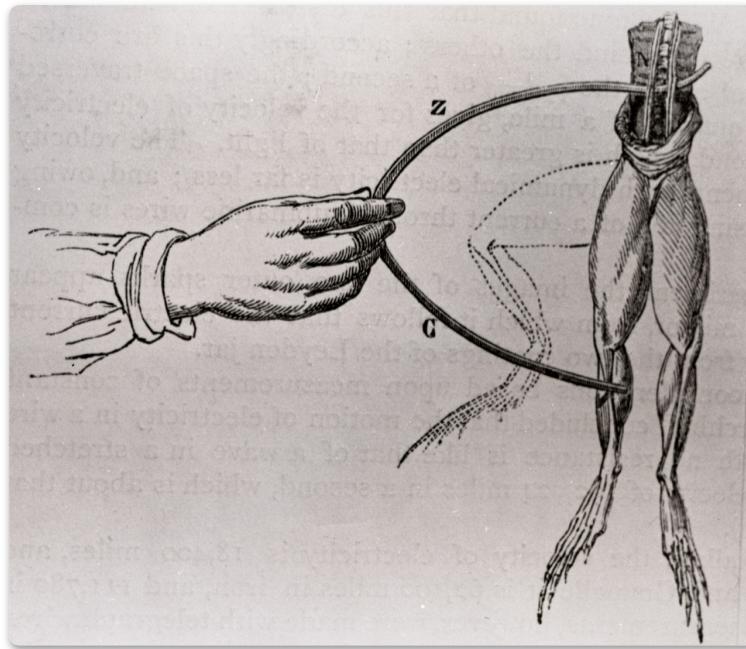
- Jean-Antoine Nollet builds electrostatic generators, shocks 800 monks in demonstration.

Understanding electricity



1780's

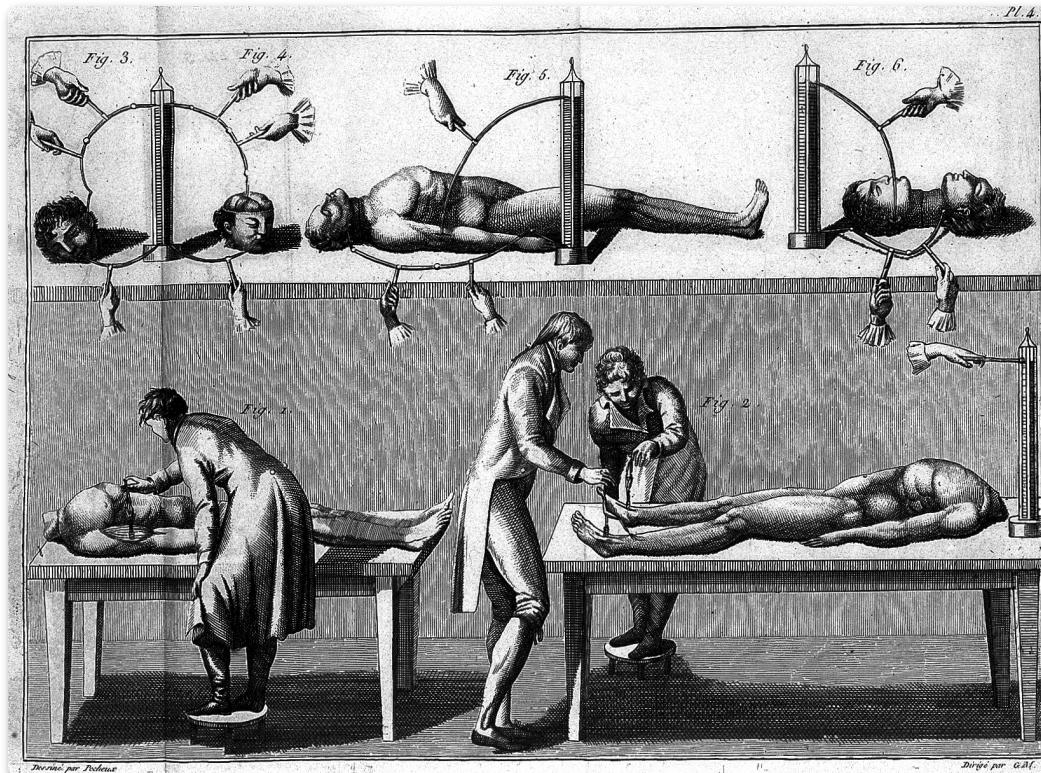
Understanding electricity



1780's

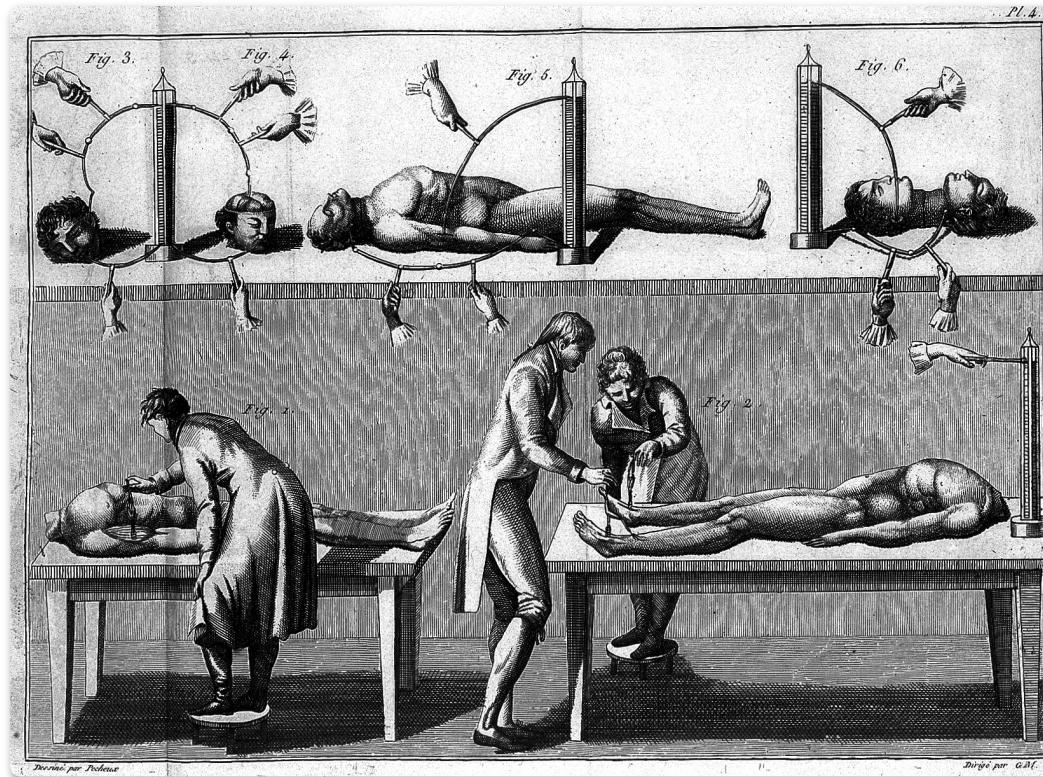
- Luigi Galvani accidentally discovers that nerves are activated by electrical impulses.

Understanding electricity



early 1800's

Understanding electricity



early 1800's

- His followers think he has discovered the "animal electricity" that all living beings posses.

Understanding electricity



1818

Understanding electricity

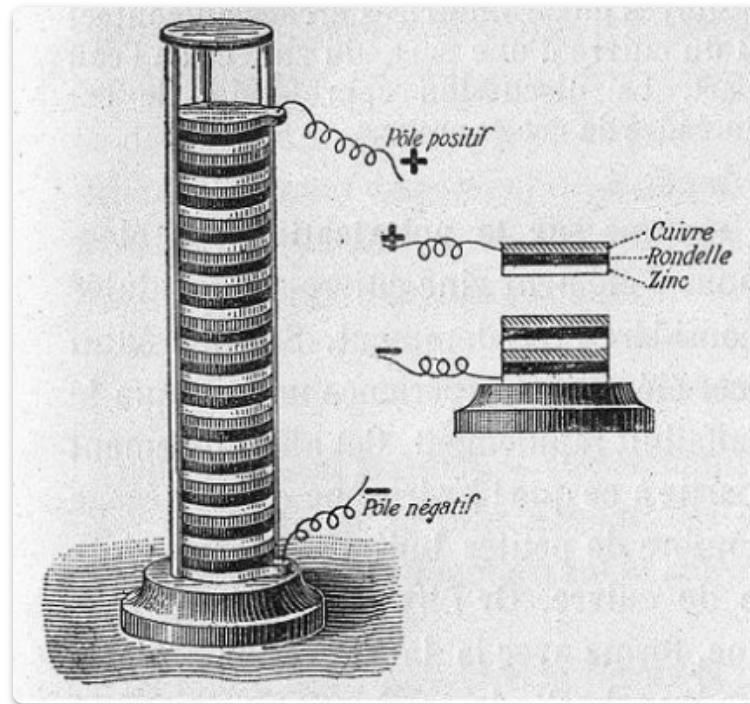


GoneMovie.com

1818

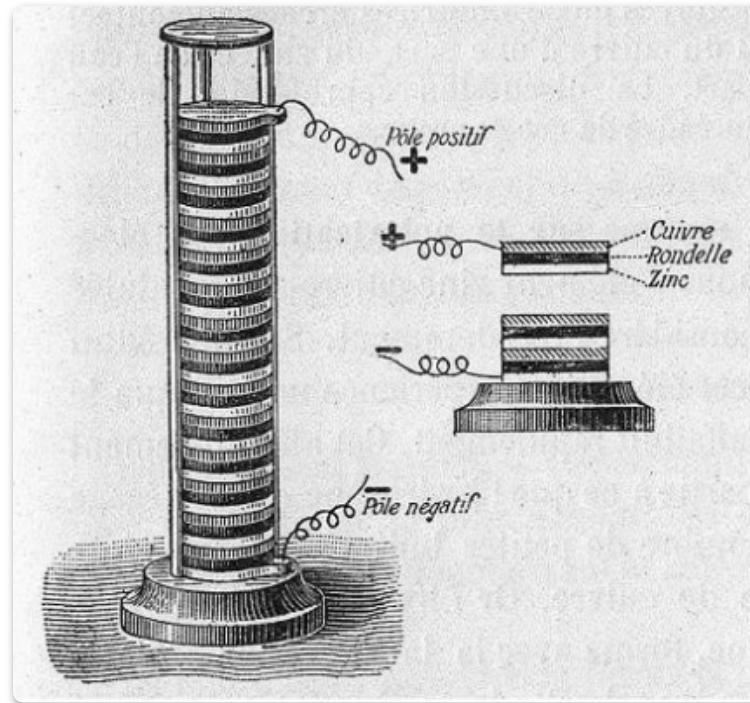
- Among those influenced was Mary Shelley whose novel *Frankenstein* assumed that dead tissue could be revitalized with electrical shocks.

Understanding electricity



1800

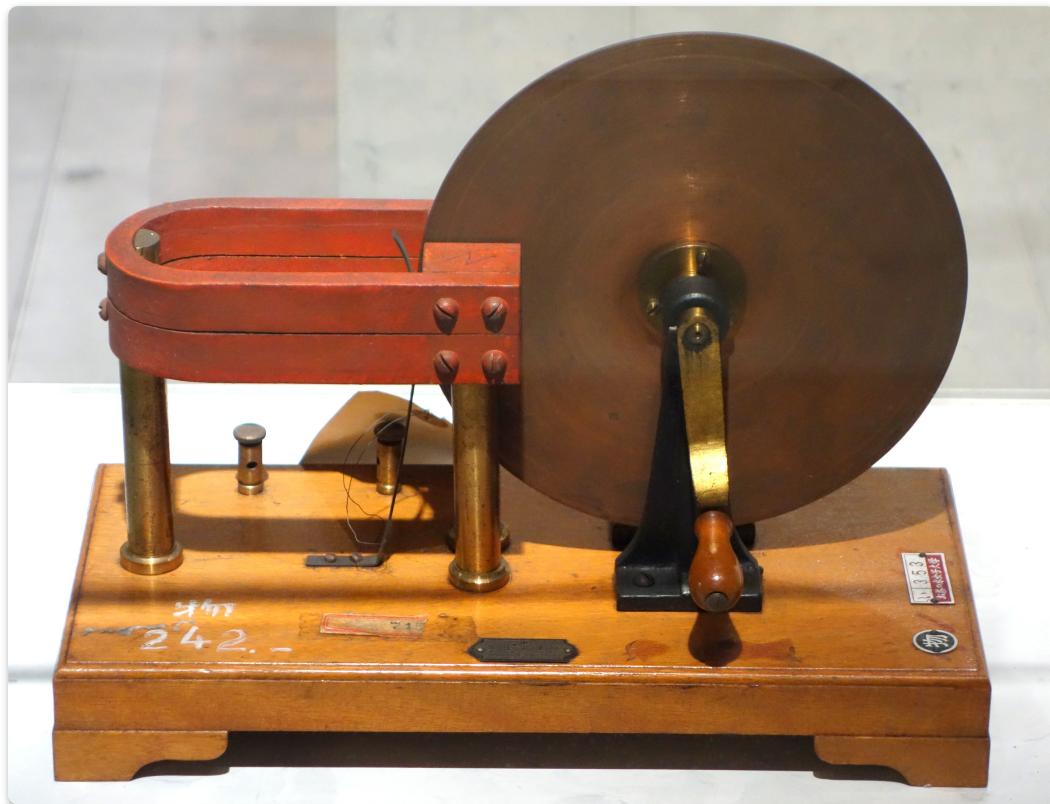
Understanding electricity



1800

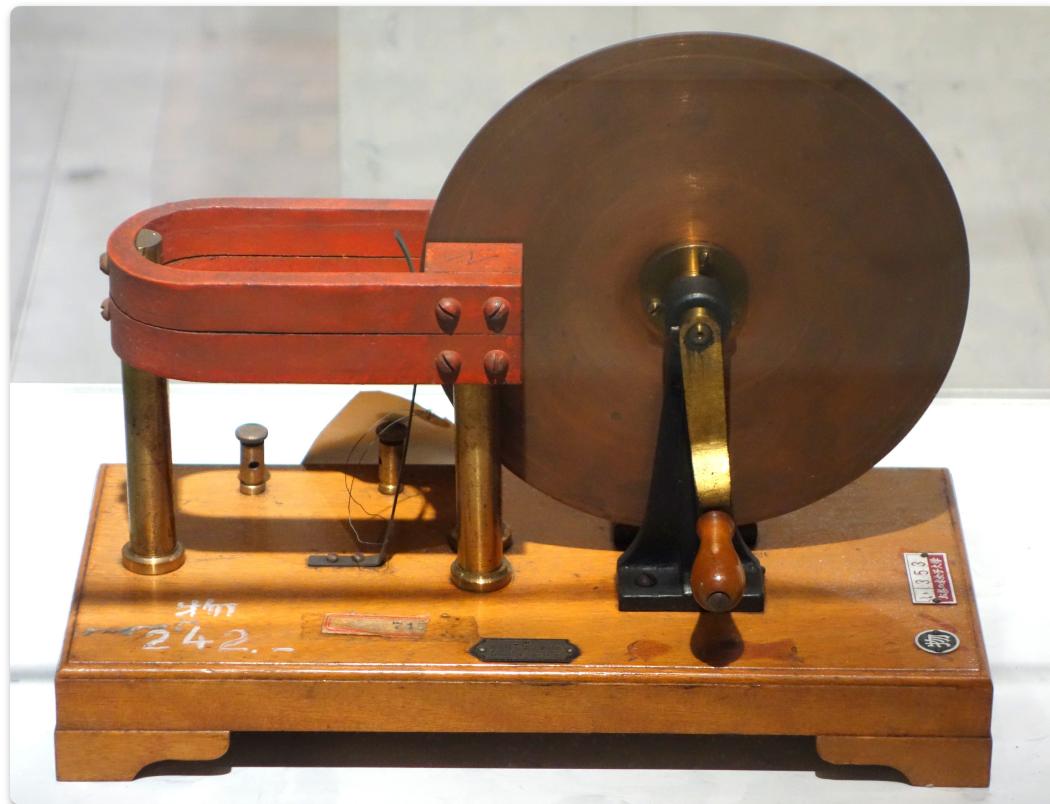
- Alessandro Volta creates first battery based on his understanding of why the frog's leg twitched when touched with dissimilar metals.

Understanding electricity



1831

Understanding electricity



1831

- Michael Faraday creates first electric generator by building a device that moves a conductor through a magnetic field.

Understanding matter



1804

Understanding matter



1804

- Humphrey Davy uses electric currents to isolate many elements such as sodium, lithium and potassium.

Understanding matter

Mendeleev's table



1869

Understanding matter

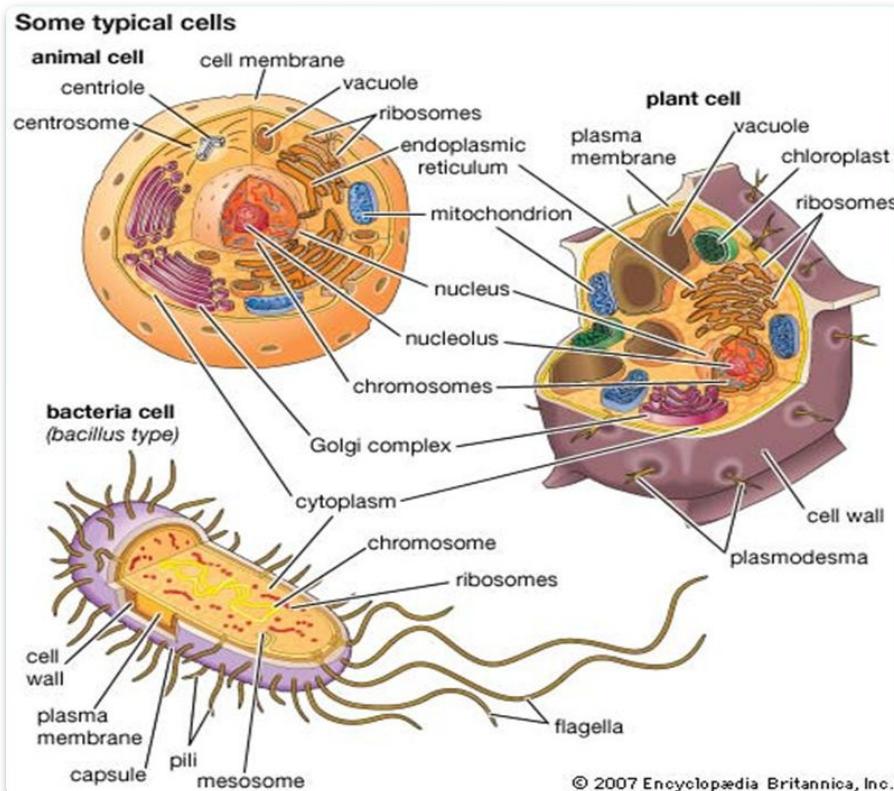
Mendeleev's table



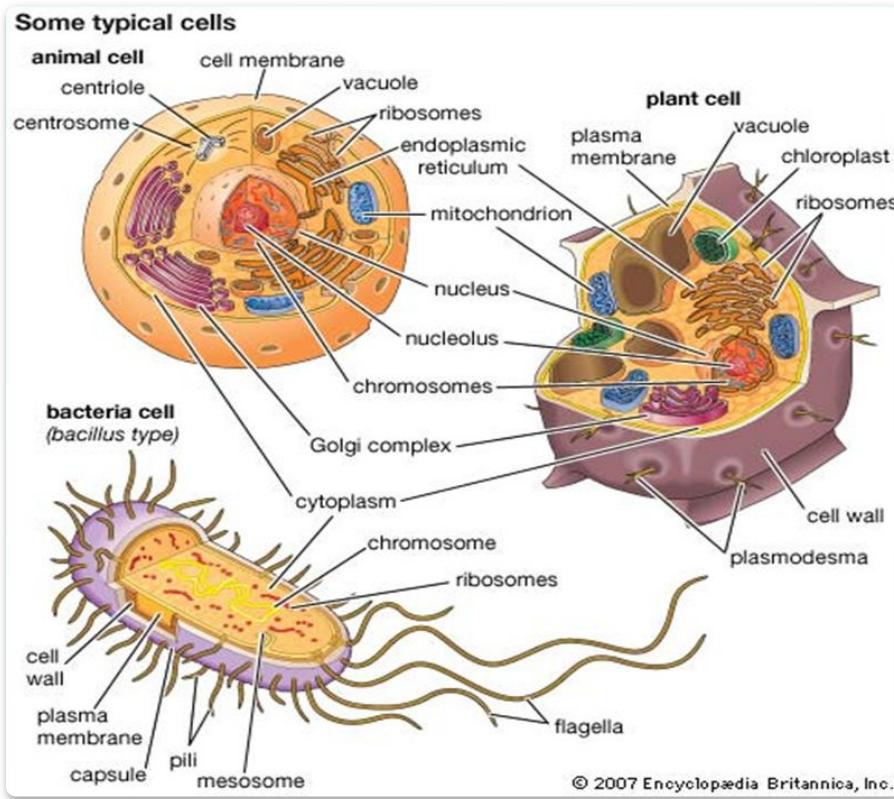
1869

- Dmitri Mendeleev formulates first periodic table of the elements based on the findings of many chemists about how different sets of elements interact with each other to form compounds.

Understanding life



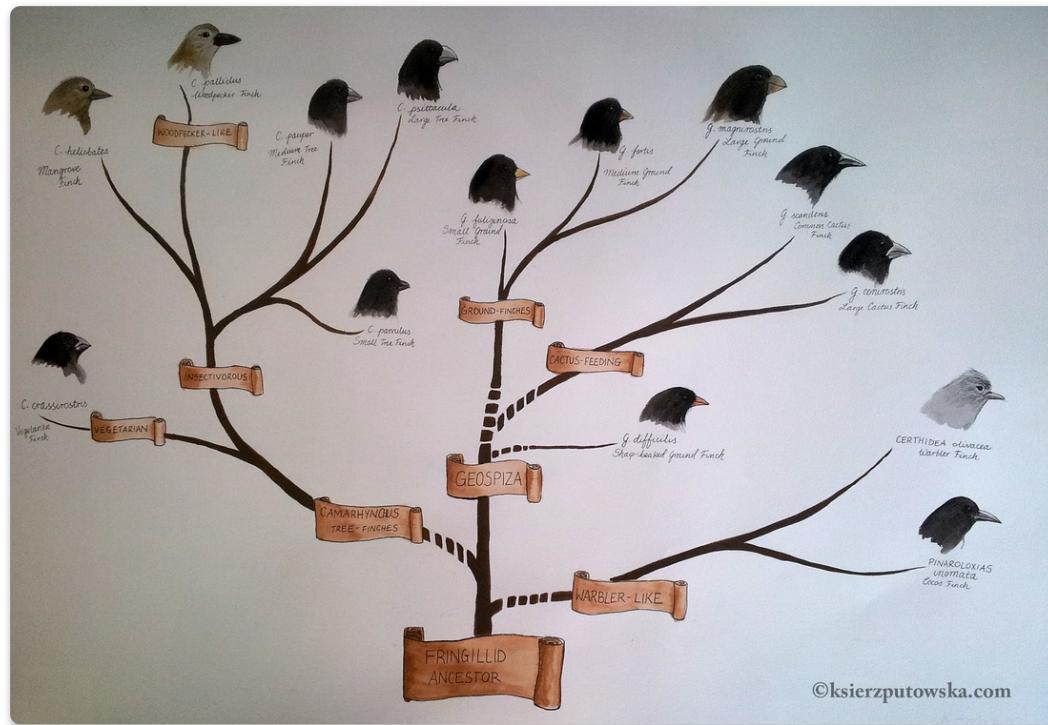
Understanding life



1838

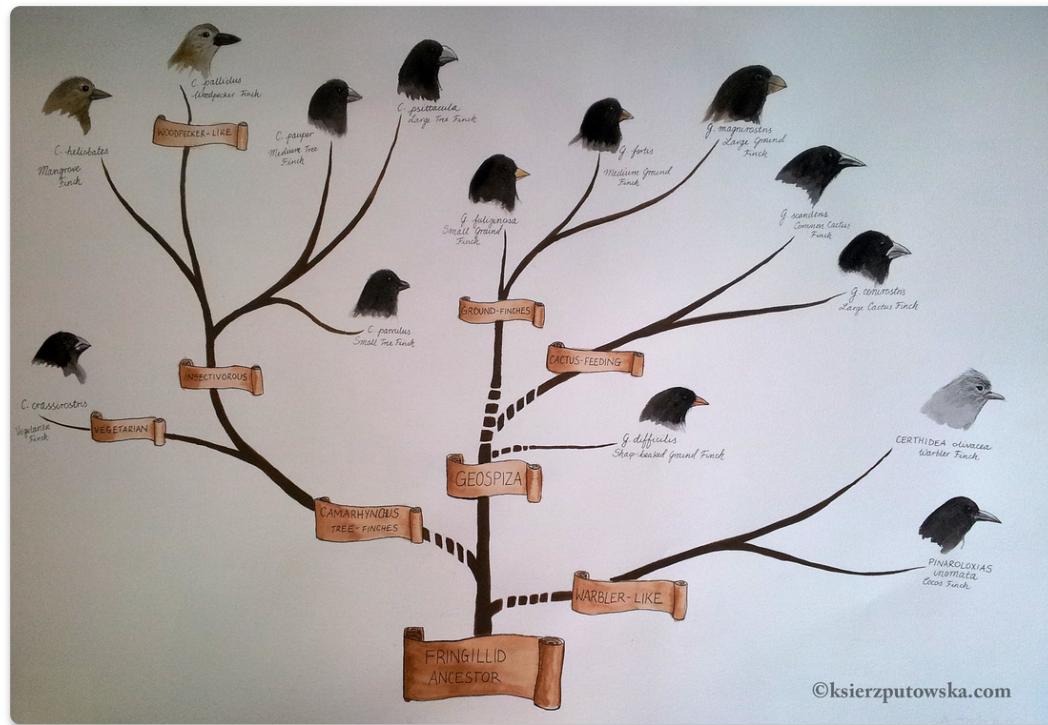
- Theodore Schwann and Matthias Schleiden develop the first cellular theory of life.

Understanding life



1859

Understanding life



1859

- Charles Darwin develops his theory of Evolution by Natural Selection as the first comprehensive theory explaining the variety and adaptations of life on earth.

Connections

- Energy is the ability to do work or make things happen.
- It comes in many forms: mechanical, thermal, chemical, electrical all of which can be converted into each other.
- Electricity is moving electrons, and can be generated chemically and mechanically.
- Heat is the average kinetic energy of moving bits of matter.
- Chemical reactions involve sharing or exchange of electrically charged particles.
- Biological cells are biochemical machines that take in energy, grow, reproduce and move themselves.



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