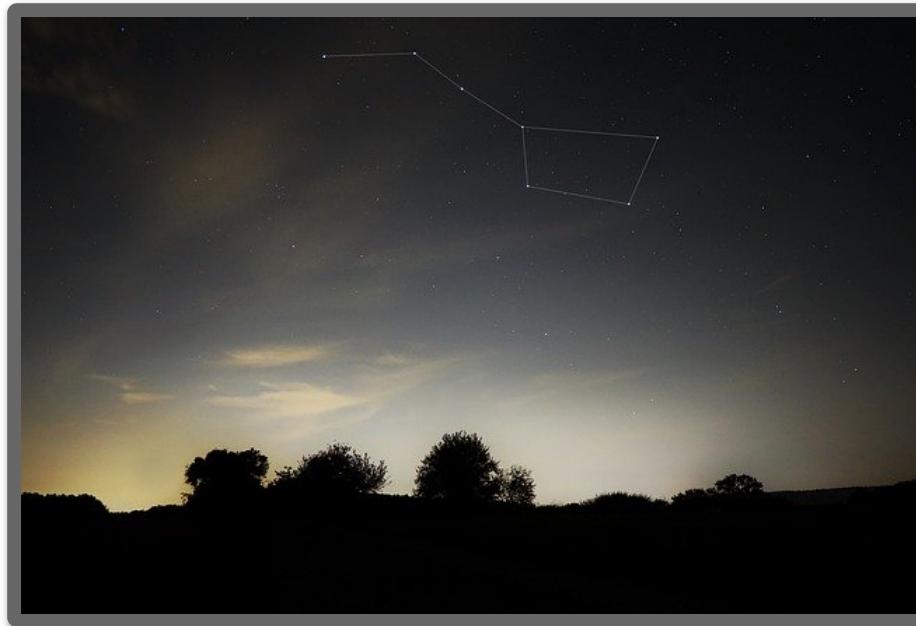


On the Origins of Science

from seeing patterns to building models



George Matthews, Plymouth State University

2020



~2,000,000 years ago



~1,000,000 years ago

THE MIGRATION OF ANATOMICALLY MODERN HUMANS

Evidence from fossils, ancient artefacts and genetic analyses combine to tell a compelling story



The "out of Africa" theory of human origins.



~17,000 years ago



~5,000 years ago



~5,000 years ago



~5,000 years ago



~5,000 years ago

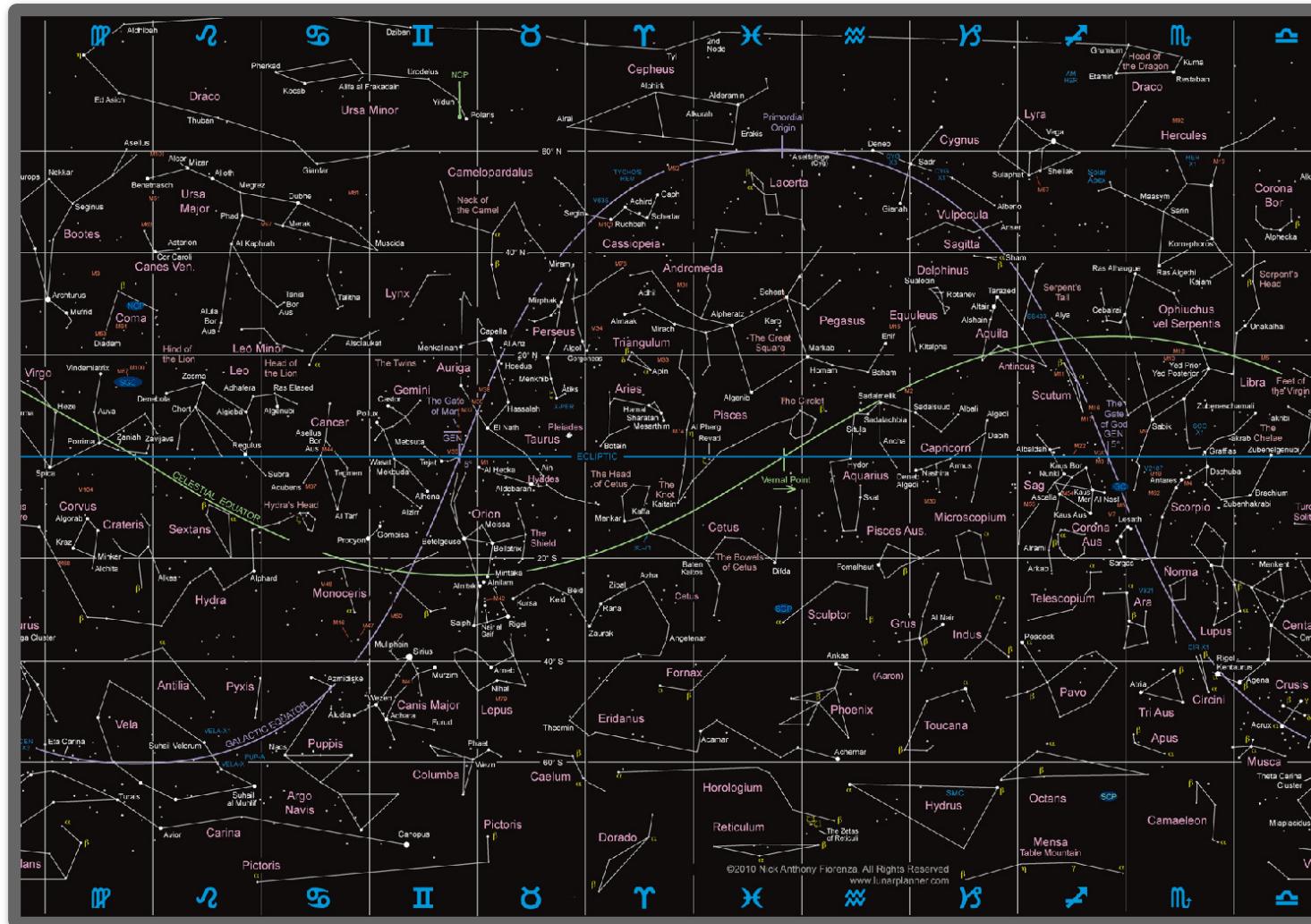


writing ~5,000 years ago



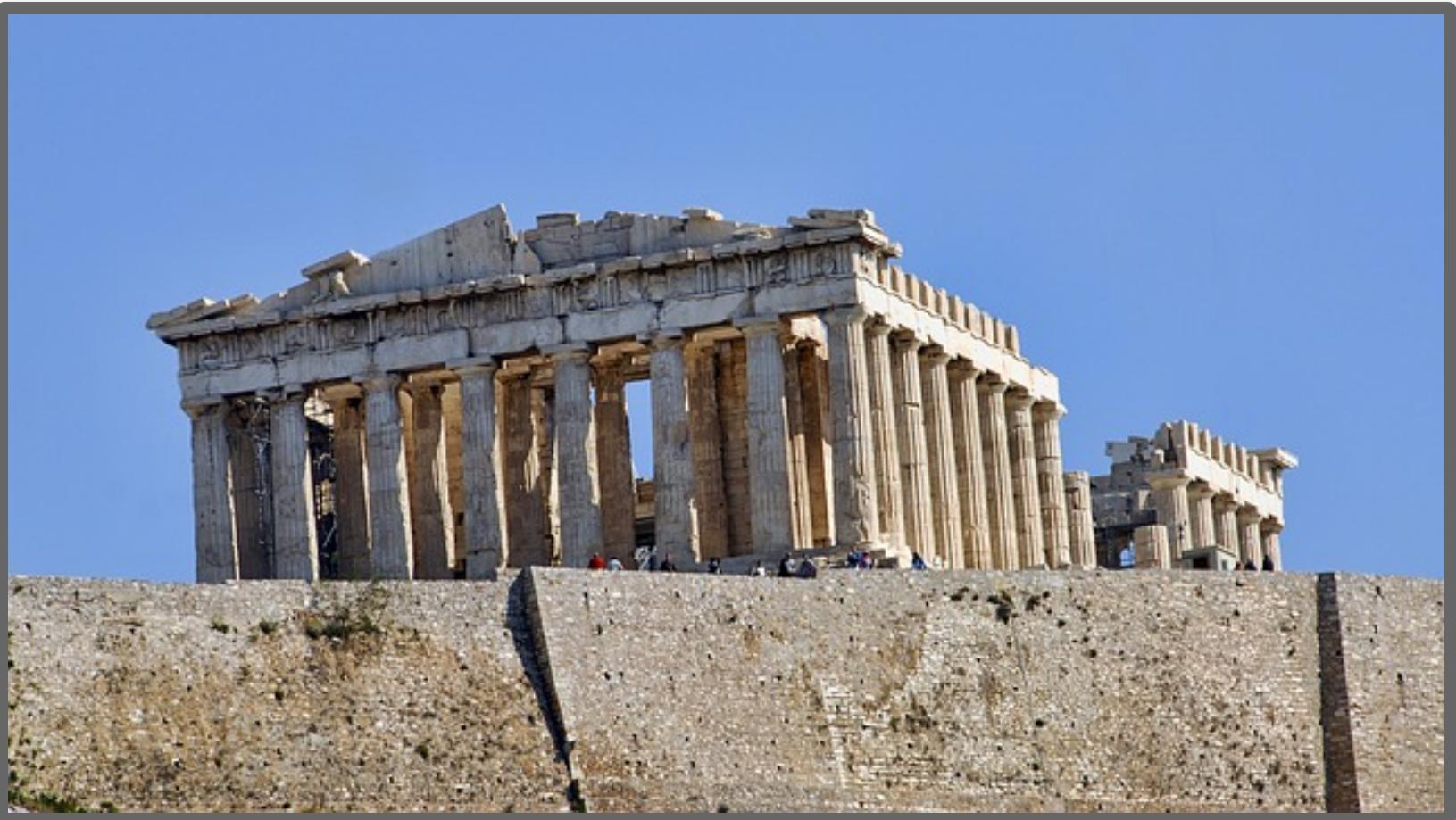
mathematics ~4,000 years ago





patterns in the night sky





447 BCE



Thales
626-545 BCE

"All things are made of water."

- Thales made first recorded attempt at a naturalistic explanation of things.
- He relied on experience and observation to come up with general claims.



Pythagoras
570-495 BCE

"All things are structured by numbers."

- Pythagoras emphasized proportion, symmetry and order as essential to the nature of things.
- Leader of a vegetarian mystical cult in Sicily.
- Distressed by the discovery of irrational numbers.



Heraclitus
535-475 BCE

"You can't step into the same river twice."

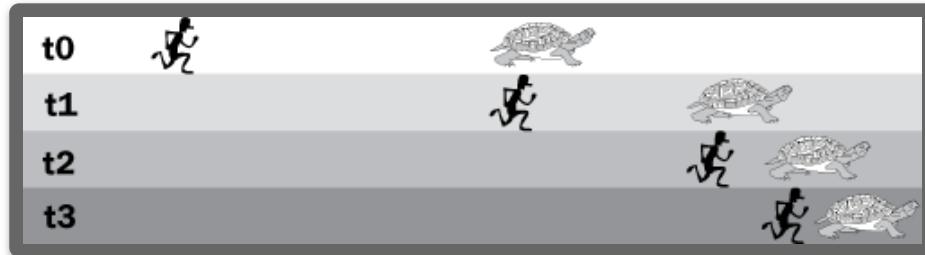
- Heraclitus was an early philosopher who attempted to describe the nature of things in general terms.
- Emphasized change and motion, denying that anything had permanent features.
- Believed that the world was ultimately logical and understandable.



Zeno
495-425 BCE

"Motion and change are illusions."

- Zeno was a follower of Parmenides who emphasized the unity and permanent nature of things.
- Came up with a series of paradoxes to prove that motion and change were impossible.





Aristotle
384-322 BCE

"All people by nature desire to know."

- Aristotle was the teacher of Alexander the great and was the founder of many branches of science.
- Developed a framework for understand all natural phenomena that held sway for 1500 years.
- Emphasized direct observation of nature as the source of knowledge.



Archimedes
288-212 BCE

"Give me a place to stand and a lever and I will move the whole world."

- Archimedes was an engineer, scientist and mathematician.
- Developed theory of simple machines: lever, pulley and screw that have mechanical advantage.
- Famous for his "eureka" moment in a bathtub.



Ptolemy
100-170 CE

"The universe is a set of nested crystal spheres rotating around the earth."

- Ptolemy created first comprehensive model of the known physical universe.
- His "geocentric model" of the cosmos would be consensus view for 1500 years.
- Synthesized the best theoretical and astronomical knowledge of his time and sought to "preserve the phenomena."

find out more

Crash Course: Big History 5: a great short documentary by John and Hank Green on human evolution.

Ancient Greece: The School of Life's video on the lasting contributions of the Ancient Greeks to world culture.

The Presocratics: a comprehensive account of the ideas of the Greek philosophers before Socrates who got the whole game going.

Socrates on Self-confidence: find out more about Socrates and his life.



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