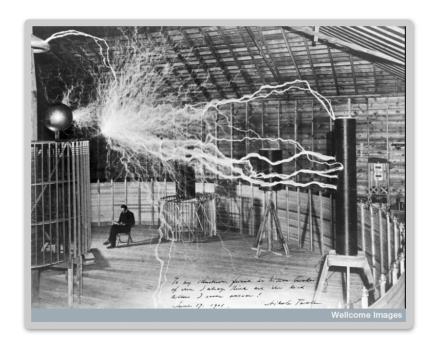
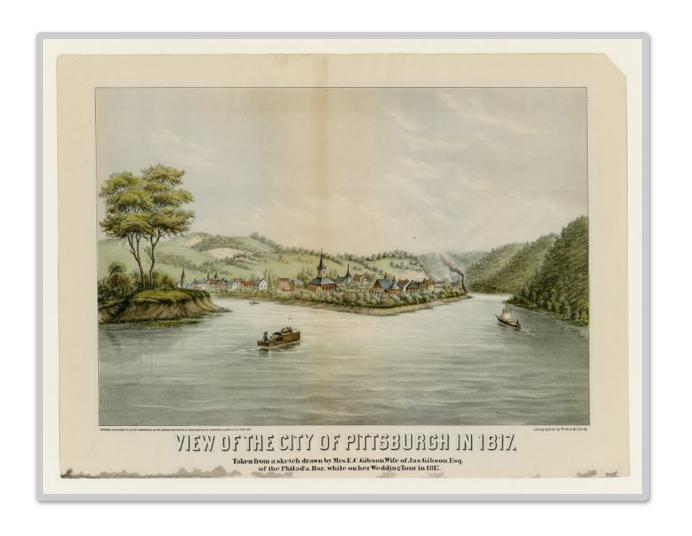
Matter and Energy

The Second Scientific Revolution



George Matthews, Plymouth State University



Even though the Scientific Revolution was complete by the end of the 18th Century, science had not yet had much impact on ordinary people's lives.

• Development of experimental methods -- formulation and testing of empirical hypotheses.

• A comprehensive mathematical model of mechanical and gravitational motion.

• Establishment of scientific societies devoted to the development and publication of scientific findings.

 A growing body of observational data in many areas as Europeans colonized and explored the rest of the world.

• What are material things made of?

• How do chemical reactions work?

• What is electricity?

• What is magnetism?

• What is the difference between animate and inanimate things?

• What is heat and why does it make some processes happen faster?

These questions would all be answered in the 19th Century with the development of scientific understanding of the material world.

The result...

The Industrial Revolution



Pittsburgh 1900

Scientific understanding of matter and energy would transform the world as never before in less than a century.

find out more



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