

# 시스템 분석및 설계\_ChainOfResponsibility

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## 클래스의 종류와 하는일

### Trouble

```
package ChainOfResponsibility;

public class Trouble { ///(발생한 트러블을 나타내는 클래스. 트러블 번호를 가진다.)
    private int number; //트러블 번호 디렉토리를 방문할 때의 처리를 하위클래스에 강제한다.
    public Trouble(int number) {
        this.number = number;
    }
    public int getNumber() { //number의 getter
        return number;
    }
    public String toString() { //트러블의 문자열(클래스명) 표현
        return "[Trouble " + number + "]";
    }
}
```

### Support

```
package ChainOfResponsibility;

public abstract class Support { ///(트러블을 해결하는 추상 클래스)
    private String name; // 트러블 해결자의 이름
    private Support next; //떠넘기는 곳
    public Support(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }
    public Support setNext(Support next) ///떠넘기는 곳을 지정
        this.next = next;
        return next;
    }
    public final void support(Trouble trouble) { ///트러블 해결 템플릿 메소드 형태
        if (resolve(trouble)) {
            done(trouble);
        } else if (next != null) {
            next.support(trouble);
        } else {
            fail(trouble);
        }
    }
}
```

```

}
public String toString() {
    return "[" + name + "];"
}
protected abstract boolean resolve(Trouble trouble); //해결용 메소드
protected void done(Trouble trouble) { //해결
    System.out.println(trouble + " is resolved by " + this + ".");
}
protected void fail(Trouble trouble) { // 미해결
    System.out.println(trouble + " cannot be resolved.");
}
}

```

### NoSupport

```

package ChainOfResponsibility;

public class NoSupport extends Support {
    public NoSupport(String name) {
        super(name);
    }
    protected boolean resolve(Trouble trouble) { // 해결용 메소드를 구현한다.
        return false; // 해결하지 않고 다음 으로 넘긴다.
    }
}

```

### LimitSupport

```

package ChainOfResponsibility;

public class LimitSupport extends Support {
    private int limit; //이번호 미만이면 해결할 수 있다.
    public LimitSupport(String name, int limit) { //생성자
        super(name);
        this.limit = limit;
    }
    protected boolean resolve(Trouble trouble) { //해결용 메소드
        if (trouble.getNumber() < limit) { //숫자를 호출해서 limit미만이면 해결한다.
            return true;
        } else {
            return false;
        }
    }
}

```

### OddSupport

```

package ChainOfResponsibility;

```

```

public class OddSupport extends Support { //생성자
    public OddSupport(String name) {
        super(name);
    }
    protected boolean resolve(Trouble trouble) { //해결용 메소드
        if (trouble.getNumber() % 2 == 1) { //홀수이면 해결한다.
            return true;
        } else {
            return false;
        }
    }
}

```

### SpecialSupport

```

package ChainOfResponsibility;

public class SpecialSupport extends Support {
    private int number; // 이번호만 해결할 수 있다.
    public SpecialSupport(String name, int number) { //생성자
        super(name);
        this.number = number;
    }
    protected boolean resolve(Trouble trouble) {
        if (trouble.getNumber() == number) { //number와 같으면 해결
            return true;
        } else {
            return false;
        }
    }
}

```

### HwSupport

```

package ChainOfResponsibility;

public class HwSupport extends Support{

    public HwSupport(String name) {
        super(name);
        // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
    }
    @Override
    protected boolean resolve(Trouble trouble) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        return calcPrimeNumber(trouble.getNumber()); //번호를 받아온다.
    }
    protected boolean calcPrimeNumber(int max) {
        int i;
        for(i = 2; i <= max; i++) { //소수인지 max까지 찾아본다.

```

```

        if(max%i == 0) {//나눠지면 소수가 아니므로 바로 탈출
            break;
        }
    }
    if(i >= max) {
        return true;
    }
    else {
        return false;
    }
}
}

```

### Main

```

package jsvaDP;

import java.io.IOException;

import ChainOfResponsibility.*;
public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

        /*Chain of Responsibility*/
        Support seokwon = new HwSupport("seokwon");
        Support alice   = new NoSupport("Alice");
        Support bob     = new LimitSupport("Bob", 100);
        Support charlie  = new SpecialSupport("Charlie", 429);
        Support diana   = new LimitSupport("Diana", 200);
        Support elmo    = new OddSupport("Elmo");
        Support fred    = new LimitSupport("Fred", 300);

        seokwon.setNext(alice).setNext(bob).setNext(charlie).setNext(diana).setNext(elmo).setNext(fred);

        for (int i = 0; i < 500; i += 1) { //33의 배수로 반복문을 실행하면 소수가 걸러지지 않습니다.
            seokwon.support(new Trouble(i));//hyeja부터 실행합니다.
        }
    }
}

```



Problems



@ Javadoc



Declaration



Console



&lt;terminated&gt; Main [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachi

[Trouble 0] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 1] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 2] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 3] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 4] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 5] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 6] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 7] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 8] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 9] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 10] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 11] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 12] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 13] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 14] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 15] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 16] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 17] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 18] is resolved by [Bob].  
[Trouble 19] is resolved by [seokwon].  
[Trouble 20] is resolved by [Bob].