

CREATING AND IMPLEMENTING A CYBER SECURITY PLAN

GURASHISH ANAND

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ABOUT THE FIRM:-

- Lemonade is a forward-thinking insurance company that leverages artificial intelligence and social impact principles to redefine the insurance landscape. Founded in April 2015 by tech entrepreneurs Daniel Schreiber and Shai Wininger, Lemonade aims to simplify the insurance process, making it quick, affordable, and user-friendly. With a unique business model that treats policyholder premiums as if they belong to the policyholders themselves, Lemonade is committed to transparency and efficiency. The company operates a full stack of insurance carriers in the US and the EU, replacing traditional brokers and bureaucracy with bots and machine learning for nearly instant services.
- Lemonade offers a wide range of insurance products, including renters, homeowners, car, pet, and term life insurance. It stands out for its commitment to social good, being a Certified B-Corp and Public Benefit Corporation, which means social impact is woven into its legal mission and business model. Lemonade's innovative approach includes its annual Giveback program, where unused premiums are donated to nonprofits chosen by its community. This approach has allowed Lemonade to expand its services across the United States, Germany, the Netherlands, France, and the UK, with plans for further global expansion.

Lemonade

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INTRODUCTION



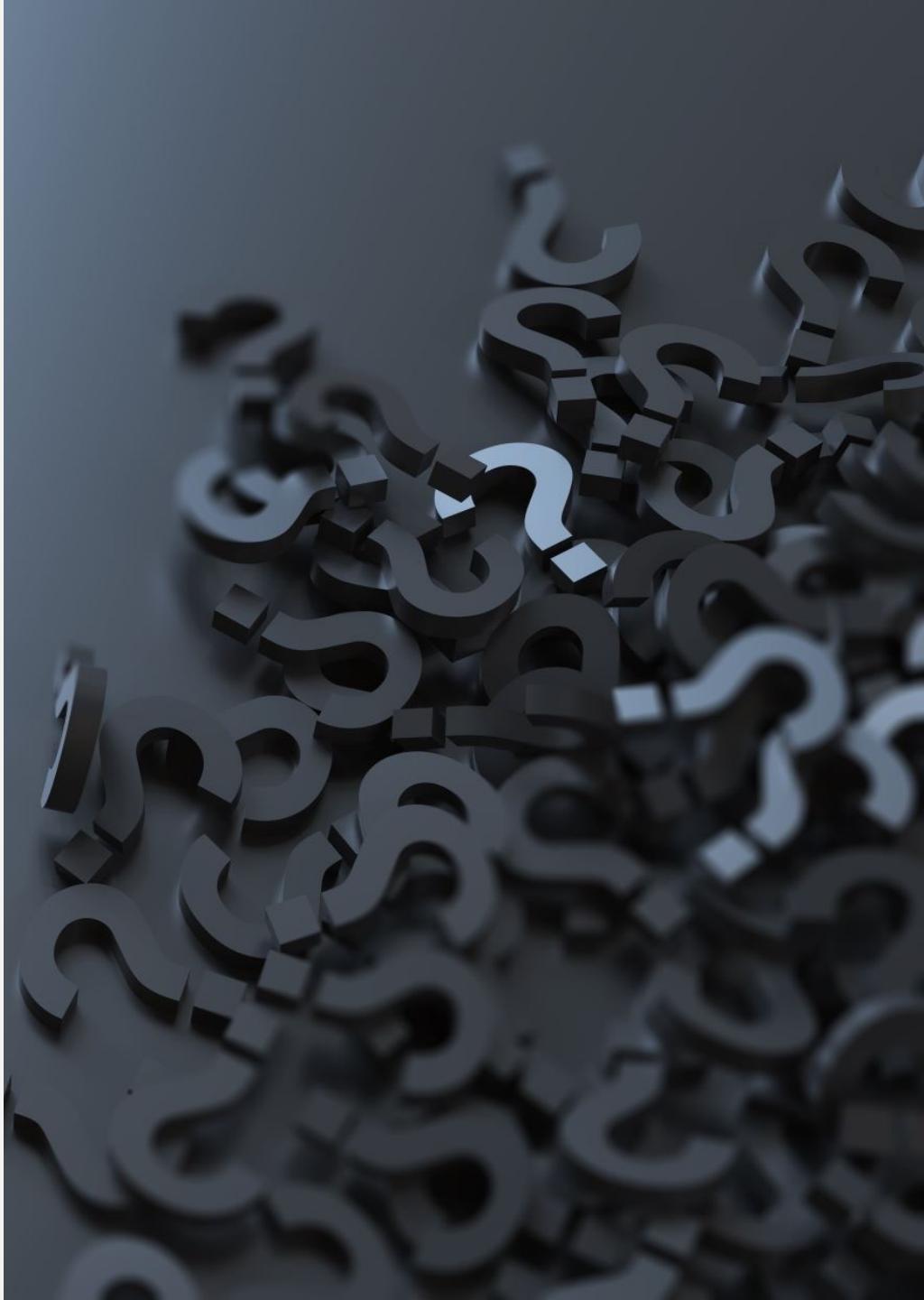
SCENARIO:-

I've been hired to join as a security analyst on a team at Lemonade. Lemonade is an online insurance company that provides coverage for a wide range of items, including pets, laptops, and homes. Up until now, due to its small size, the company hasn't had a cybersecurity program in place. However, they have been working with an external team to develop one for implementation. Lemonade is in need of a comprehensive cybersecurity program that fits its size and the variety of services it offers. This need has become particularly pressing since they launched their AI model, which is used to predict catastrophes and claims and to help price their policies. I will be collaborating closely with Nell Crain, the CTO, to complete this project.

REQUIREMENTS GATHERING

REQUIREMENTS GATHERING:-

In preparation for my initial deep-dive discussion with Nell Crain, the CTO of Lemonade, I am tasked with formulating a set of questions that will uncover the company's primary cybersecurity concerns and requirements. This involves brainstorming an extensive list of questions, and ensuring these questions are tailored to elicit valuable insights from the CTO, considering Lemonade's current absence of a cybersecurity program and potential unfamiliarity with the specifics of cybersecurity operations.



COMPANY OVERVIEW AS DESCRIBED BY THE CTO:-

- **Key Business Goals:** Expand the customer base by increasing our presence in Europe and Asia. Expand the customer base by increasing the presence in Europe and Asia.
- **Company Size:** 1400 employees globally, with customers in North America and Europe.
- **Technology Goals:** Become more agile and expand our cloud infrastructure. We have data centers in New York, Illinois, and California, and are in the process of migrating to the cloud, aiming for completion by the end of 2025. Some infrastructure may remain on-premise due to cloud limitations.
- **Need for a Cybersecurity Plan:** To prepare for audits and achieve compliance with US state and European regulations, ensuring the privacy and integrity of our organization. Currently, there is no cybersecurity plan in place.
- **Security Infrastructure:** We employ encryption with industry-standard protocols and mostly use AWS for infrastructure backups pending full migration to the cloud.
- **Sensitive Data Handling:** The company manage highly sensitive data for claims and customers' personal information, upheld by a robust privacy policy.
- **Management Teams:** An AI team manages assets, a cloud team oversees the cloud infrastructure, and a small security team handles day-to-day security operations.
- **Emergent Threat Management:** An emergent threat management system is in place, though a recent vulnerability led to a significant breach of sensitive customer information.
- **Risk Management:** The company lacks a cyber risk management program, relying instead on an enterprise risk management plan.

COMPANY OVERVIEW AS DESCRIBED BY THE CTO(2):-

- **AI in Security:** AI is utilized to monitor emergent threats and develop machine learning models for data analysis and threat identification.
- **Staff Cybersecurity Training:** There is no formal cybersecurity program for staff, only a day-to-day security operations team.
- **Breach Response:** A breach in 2021 resulted in leaked customer identifiable information, indicating containment failure.
- **Growth Projections:** Rapid growth is anticipated, though specific numbers are not provided.
- **Risk Transference:** Insurance is in place to protect the organization.
- **AI Algorithm Source:** We utilize an in-house AI model, with unclear proportions of open-source components.
- **Business Recovery Planning:** A breach coach supports incident response, with automation efforts led by the CISO. Details of the business continuity plan are under development.
- **Governance and Budget:** Informal governance exists without regular policy reviews. A structured cybersecurity operations model is needed, with a budget estimated at \$10M for the next two years.
- **Compliance and Third-Party Controls:** We adhere to GDPR and enforce third-party access controls, ensuring thorough background checks.
- **Major Stakeholders:** The CTO, CIO, CISO, and board of directors are key stakeholders focused on developing the cybersecurity program.

COMPANY OVERVIEW AS DESCRIBED BY THE CTO(3):-

- **Organizational Cybersecurity Priorities:** Compliance with regulations, implementation of governance models, and a dedicated team for patch and vulnerability management are top priorities.
- **Global Management of Cybersecurity Policies:** Central management is preferred, with a need for global compliance.
- **Cybersecurity Training and Awareness:** Mandatory onboarding programs, biennial refreshers, phishing campaigns, and general awareness initiatives are in place.
- **IT Security Audits:** Plans are underway to achieve SOC 2 certification by the end of 2025.
- **Cybersecurity Awareness Assessment:** The organization faces high click rates in phishing campaigns, indicating room for improvement in cybersecurity awareness.
- **Handling Sensitive Data:** Health and credit card information of customers are stored, necessitating stringent security measures.
- **External Contractors:** Remote contractors connect via VPN, with development and testing isolated to prevent infrastructure conflicts.
- **Future Security Considerations:** ISO 27001 certification and a zero-trust model are being considered.
- **CTO's Advice for Cybersecurity Planning:** Prioritize critical risks in the cybersecurity plan development.

RISK IDENTIFICATION:-

In undertaking my role, I recognized the importance of identifying risks as a foundational step in deploying a new cybersecurity program. This process was pivotal, allowing our organization to grasp potential threats and vulnerabilities, guiding us in prioritizing resources and budgeting effectively to mitigate the potential impact of cyber incidents. My task involved identifying a range of risks following my discussions with Nell Crain. I collaborated with a team member to even expand my research to include additional risks Lemonade might face due to external factors. We filled in the details in the template and prepared to present our findings to the rest of the team and stakeholders. We knew we had successfully completed this task when we had a thoroughly documented list of 7-10 risks, derived from both my discussions with Nell Crain and our independent research, that accurately reflected the company's unique situation and potential external threats. I aimed to present these findings clearly to the group, enabling a proactive and informed approach to our cybersecurity strategy.



RISK REGISTER:-

Impact	5	10	15	20	25	Impact	Likelihood	Response													
	Very Minor	1	1 - 20%	1	Avoid																
4	8	12	16	20	Minor	2	21 - 40%	2	Reduce												
3	6	9	12	15	Moderate	3	41 - 60%	3	Transfer												
2	4	6	8	10	Significant	4	61 - 80%	4	Share												
1	2	3	4	5	Catastrophic	5	81 - 99%	5	Accept												
Likelihood										INHERENT RISK					RESIDUAL RISK						
ID	RISK NAME		RISK DESCRIPTION			RESOURCE IMPACTED	CAUSE	ASSIGNED TO	EXISTING CONTROLS	IMPACT	LIKELIHOOD	SCORE	RESPONSE	SUGGESTED CONTROLS & MEASURES			IMPACT	LIKELIHOOD	SCORE	COST	NOTES
1	Sensitive Data Leak		Bad actors or Crawling Search Engines can access sensitive customer data (PII, PHI, Credit card information) exploiting the WebApp Vulnerabilities . Such an attack may lead to - Legal and Regulatory Compliance issues, (GDPR/HIPAA/SOC 2 Violations) - damaging Reputation and - damaging future business.			Data Reputation Customer Trust	- Web App Vulnerabilities, - Lack of Encryption, - Absence of WAF, - Absence of DLP	CISO	Encryption at rest, Insurance, SOC operations	5	4	20	Reduce, Transfer	- Secure Web App Design (OWASP Guidelines etc) - Data Encryption, - Input validations and robots.txt, - E-discovery and DLP with Redaction, - WAF, - Automate SOC 2 Compliance monitoring tools - Monitoring with SIEM/SOAR and Threat Modeling - IPS (optionally)			5	1	5	\$800,000	- Strac (https://www.strac.io/compliances/soc2) GDPR, PII, PCI-DSS CCPA, PIPEDA, POPI, and LGPD
2	Credentials Compromise		Phishing attacks, other Social engineering attacks and compromised third-party contractors/services can lead to Compromised credentials to various company accounts including slack and Microsoft Office Suite. This can have myriad of adverse consequences, not limited to but including - unauthorized access, - data breaches and - disruptions			Data Reputation Customer Trust	- Weak passwords, - unencrypted communications, - compromised endpoint devices, - key-loggers (from malware), - Employees falling victim to social engineering	CISO	Employee Training	4	4	16	Reduce	- MFA, - CASB, - Employee awareness Training, - Automate detection/response with EDR, SIEM/UEBA/SOAR - DLP with Redaction (for Data Leak prevention)			4	1	4	\$70,000	
3	Lack of Formal Cybersecurity Governance Model		The absence of a structured governance model for cybersecurity operations, including outdated or infrequently reviewed policies, can lead to - poor security posture - amplified incident impact due to lack of relevant policies and procedures			Data Reputation Customer Trust	- poor cybersecurity posture - mismanagement due to lack of plan or direction	CISO		4	4	16	Reduce	- Build a comprehensive Cybersecurity plan with a framework like NIST 2.0 - SOC 2 Compliance for Secure storage and process of Client data - annual maintenance effort and costs - need for continuous compliance monitoring - ISO/IEC 42001 for AI (since Lemonade is global) OR NIST AI RMF 1.0 for the AI products in use - Easily accessible Documentation from Asset Management to IR procedures - Centrally managed Governance solutions			4	1	4	\$800,000	- Archer (https://www.archerim.com/)
4	Ransomware/Malware Attack		Phishing email leads, compromised end-points, Document uploads via web or mobile interface can allow malware to intrude and lead to Ransomware or other Malware attacks in the Lemonade's network. This may lead to - Operational disruptions and - loss of data			Operations Intellectual Property Business	- Lack of Awareness, untrained employees - Absence of input-validation, - Absence of WAF, - Unprotected Endpoint devices - Improper/Absent patch-management	CISO	Backups in DataCenters	3	4	12	Reduce	- Multiple Backups, - IPS, - SIEM/SOAR - EDR			3	1	3	\$300,000	
5	Lack of centralized Incident Response and Business Continuity		There is an incident response plan for specific events like ransomware, but details about the broader business continuity plan are unknown, suggesting this area needs more development (may not be as critical as direct threats like data breaches). - mismanaged recovery operations - amplified incident impact due to lack of relevant policies and procedures			Operations Intellectual Property Business	- poor cybersecurity posture - mismanagement due to lack of plan or direction	CISO	SOIC operations	4	3	12	Reduce	- Build a comprehensive IR and BC plan - Easily accessible Documentation - Centrally managed Governance solutions			4	1	4	\$200,000	
6	Cloud Vendor Network Compromised		Vendor uses unencrypted cloud communication (MIGRATION) or experiences Hypervisor attacks. This may lead to - Operational disruptions and - data leaks			Data Reputation Customer Trust	- Miss in SLAs or - Attack on the Cloud - Lack of proper Encryption - Insecure communications	CISO	Backups in DataCenters, SLAs	4	3	12	Reduce, Share	- Review SLA and shared responsibility clauses & use in #3, - CASB - Encrypt all data in transit, - DLP with redaction			4	1	4	\$200,000	
7	Intellectual Property/Software Theft, Employees not Fidelity bonded		Bad actors (competitive sabotage) or disgruntled employees can exploit vulnerabilities in dev environment/reposities . Such an attack may lead to - exposed vulnerabilities and - loss to competition due to loss of Intellectual Property - Employees not Fidelity Bonded can be Insider threats			Operations Intellectual Property Business	- Lack of Encryption, - Absence of NG-Firewall, - Absence of DLP	CISO		3	3	9	Reduce	- Encryption, - DLP with Redaction, - RBAC - Mandatory background checks - Fidelity bonds			3	1	3	\$200,000	
8	Compromised Third-Party AI		If third-party AI provider Rasa is compromised, then AI Cooper/Maya/Jim can also be compromised, that can lead to business logic malfunction and other process disruptions. If AI/ML models used for security (that analyze threat feeds) are compromised, the security operations are compromised. AI used can be subject to corrupt or malicious data inputs . This may lead to - Ethics and Algorithmic Bias - AI Model drift and performance degradation - Operational disruptions - Compromised threat modeling - myriad of other adverse consequences			Data Reputation Customer Trust	- Miss in SLAs or - Attack on Third-party assets - Malicious data inputs to AI/ML models	CISO	SLAs	4	2	8	Reduce, Share	- ISO/IEC 42001 for AI (since Lemonade is global) OR NIST AI RMF 1.0 - Review SLAs and shared responsibility clauses & use in #3, - AI input validation - validation of third-party AI using - security regressions - functional regressions			3	1	3	\$200,000	
9	DDoS Attack		Web-interface is attacked by organized botnet to result in DDoS. This may cause - Service disruption			Data Reputation	- Lack of WAF/NGF	CISO		3	2	6	Reduce	- WAF or NG-Firewall			3	1	3	\$200,000	
10	Data Breach at Third-party Service provider		Third-party Service providers can suffer a Data Breach			Data Reputation Customer Trust	- Poor cybersecurity posture at 3rd party	CISO	SLAs, Insurance	3	2	6	Transfer	- SLAs and Insurance			3	1	3	\$200,000	



RESEARCH SOURCES:-

- **2020 data breach:-**

1. https://techcrunch.com/2021/05/13/lemonade-insurance-bug-exposed-account-data/?guccounter=1&guce_referrer=aHR0cHM6Ly93d3cuZ29vZ2xLmNvbS8&guce_referrer_sig=AQAAAGU89byLLWGNxVSWgO5vNAX6sp3h-RTC_IGU8aoTkggISUKdBjsuRwnieyG14FCapSz_abs_ThjBMLcHsUtTklyroc
2. https://www.muddywatersresearch.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/MW_OpenLetterToLMND_05132021-1.pdf

- **Lemonade's AI:-**

1. <https://www.voltequity.com/post/lemonades-ai-cooper>
2. <https://www.voltequity.com/post/lemonades-ai-jim-and-insurance-fraud-detection>
3. <https://rasa.community/showcase/lemonade-maya/>
4. <https://rasa.com/customers/lemonade/>



SECURITY PLAN PROPOSAL:-

As I embarked on crafting our cybersecurity program proposal, I utilized our compiled requirements to create a comprehensive plan. This involved aligning with Lemonade's business objectives, prioritizing risks, drafting clear security policies, proposing necessary controls, and ensuring regulatory compliance. Collaborating with my team, we refined the proposal into a concise, compelling document, laying the groundwork for our cybersecurity strategy. Once approved, I proceeded to design a stakeholder presentation and roadmap, ensuring alignment and value at every step.

PROPOSAL PLAN:-

Business Understanding:-

- The organization is a thriving global enterprise with 1,400 employees serving customers primarily in North America and Europe. Looking ahead, the leadership has set its sights on strategic expansion into the European and Asian markets. This growth initiative is being supported by technological advancements, particularly through an increased adoption of cloud services, with a significant migration planned by the end of 2025.
- Despite the strong foundation in technology, which includes in-house AI capabilities and industry-standard encryption protocols, the organization has faced some challenges in the past. Most notably, a security breach that led to the leakage of sensitive customer information. The current security setup reveals a focused but potentially under-resourced operation, with a small team handling day-to-day security tasks and emergent threat management.

Key points to consider:

- **Global Expansion:** As the organization aims to grow its presence in Europe and Asia, it needs robust and scalable cybersecurity measures that can accommodate diverse regional compliance requirements and threat landscapes.
- **Cloud Adoption:** With ongoing cloud service provider negotiations and a substantial migration by 2025, cloud security will be paramount to protect our assets and ensure seamless operations.
- **Data Sensitivity:** The handling of highly sensitive customer information, such as claims and personal data, requires firm data protection and privacy measures.
- **Incident History:** The previous breach underscores the urgency for a more resilient cybersecurity posture and an enhanced incident response capability to mitigate the impact of future incidents.
- **Regulatory Compliance:** The need to meet both US and European compliance standards, in addition to existing GDPR requirements, calls for a comprehensive compliance framework.

PROPOSAL PLAN(2):-

Cybersecurity Alignment:-

The cybersecurity strategy must be closely aligned with the organization's business and technological objectives, ensuring that security measures not only protect but also enable the achievement of the goals.

- **Enabling Global Expansion:**-As the organization expand its global footprint, various cybersecurity measures must be designed to support this growth.This includes implementing a flexible, region-aware compliance framework and ensuring secure, reliable services for the growing international customer base, without impeding business agility.
- **Cloud Security Framework:**-With the organization's transition to the cloud, it must establish a robust cloud security framework.This encompasses cloud-specific controls, secure data migration strategies, and continuous monitoring to protect the assets in the dynamic cloud environment.
- **Data Protection and Privacy:**-Given the sensitivity of the data the organisation handles, a comprehensive data protection strategy is paramount.This should include encryption, access controls, and privacy by design principles, ensuring the integrity and confidentiality of customer data across all operations.
- **Enhanced Incident Response:**-Building on our existing emergent threat management capabilities, the organization needs to fortify its incident response and business continuity plan.This will enable the organization to swiftly address and recover from breaches, minimizing the impact on customer trust and business operations.
- **Comprehensive Compliance and Governance:**-This strategy must integrate a governance model that aligns with global regulatory requirements, supported by regular audits and adaptive security policies that evolve with our expanding footprint and technological landscape.
- **Empowering through Awareness and Training:**-Strengthening cybersecurity awareness across the organization is crucial. Beyond the existing onboarding and phishing campaigns, the organization should implement ongoing, targeted training initiatives to address the evolving threat landscape and the specific risks associated with our global expansion and cloud migration. By aligning our cybersecurity objectives with these business insights, our strategy will not only defend against threats but also act as a catalyst for growth and innovation, enabling us to achieve our ambitious goals securely and confidently.

PROPOSAL PLAN(3):-

Risk assessment and prioritization:-

The risks identified from our risk register include:

- **AI processing speed**:- As the company is known for its high speed AI claim processing, certain standards should be maintained.
- **Sensitive Data Leak**: Due to web app vulnerabilities, posing threats to data integrity and compliance with GDPR, HIPAA, and SOC 2.
- **Credentials Compromise**: Through phishing and compromised third-party services, threatening data security and access controls.
- **Ransomware/Malware Attack**: Potential operational disruptions and data loss.
- **Cloud Vendor Network Compromise**: Risks related to unencrypted cloud communications and hypervisor attacks.
- **Compromised Third-party AI**: Threatening business logic and process integrity.

Risks are prioritized based on their impact on data integrity, operational continuity, and regular compliance.

PROPOSAL PLAN(4):-

Security Policies and Procedures:-

- **Data Security Policies:** Enforcing encryption for data at rest and in transit, addressing the risk of sensitive data leaks.
- **Access Management:** Strengthening access controls to mitigate risks from credential compromises.
- **Incident Response Plan:** Expanding the incident response plan to cover a broader range of scenarios, including ransomware and third-party breaches.

Access management and controls:-

- **Web Application Firewalls (WAF) and Data Loss Prevention (DLP):** To protect against sensitive data leaks and ensure web app security.
- **Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA):** To secure access against credential compromise.
- **Cloud Access Security Broker (CASB):** To secure cloud vendor networks and ensure encrypted communications and Ensuring principle of least privilege and **RBAC**.

Regulatory Compliance:-

- **GDPR, HIPAA, PCI-DSS:** Through data encryption, DLP, and secure data handling practices.
- **SOC 2, ISO/IEC 27001**:- ISO 27001 is highly recommended for european and asian markets.
- **NIST RMF 1.0, ISO/IEC 42001**:- Ensuring AI management standards.
- **Regional regulations**:- CCPA for California.
- **Regular Compliance Audits**: To maintain continuous oversight and adapt to changing regulatory requirements.

PROPOSAL PLAN(5):-

Asset management and vulnerability management:-

- Identify the assets.
- Vulnerability assessment and pen-testing.
- Patch and configuration management.

Detection, response, and threat hunting:-

- Intrusion detection systems(**IDS**) and intrusion prevention systems(**IPS**) are essential.
- **SIEM**(with log integration) for monitoring activities.
- **SOAR** for responding to **IOC**.
- Integrate monitoring services with threat feeds, essential for threat hunting.
- **Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR)**: For protection against ransomware/malware attacks.

Incident response and business continuity:-

- **Identification**:- Identify a security breach or an incident.
- **Isolation**:- Come up with ways to isolate affected assets.
- **Eradication**:- Eradicate the cause of security incident.
- **Recovery**:- Recover the functioning and non-functioning assets for business continuity.
- **Communication**:- Communicate about the incident with stakeholders and managing teams.

PROPOSAL PLAN(6):-

Implementation Plan and Timeline:-

The implementation will be phased, starting with controls addressing the highest risks:

- **Phase 1:** Implementation of WAF, DLP, and MFA.
- **Phase 2:** Deployment of EDR solutions and CASB for cloud security.
- **Phase 3:** Expansion of the incident response plan and regular compliance audits.

Data Security and Controls:-

- **Web Application Firewalls (WAF):-** To protect the web application from potential breaches and data exposure, thereby ensuring web app security.
- **Data Loss Prevention (DLP):** To protect against sensitive data leaks via SaaS applications as Microsoft 365.
- **Data anonymization:-** Protect private or sensitive information by encrypting identifiers that connect an individual to stored data.

Security awareness training and social engineering campaigns:-

- **Vishing:-** Making a check-list of the information that can be provided over a phone call.
- **Phishing:-** Organizing phishing campaigns for the employees.
- **Whaling:-** Limiting contact information of the chief executives.

Secure Software development:-

- Secure API development.
- OWASP Top 10.
- OWASP for LLM.

ROADMAP:-

As we crafted the roadmap for our cybersecurity program, we drew from our meticulously crafted proposal. Clear objectives were set, each aligned with Lemonade's broader goals. Major milestones were outlined with tentative dates, guiding our progress. Resource allocation was determined, and a transparent budget breakdown was provided.

Anticipating challenges, strategies were devised to overcome them. Stakeholder alignment was ensured, and a feedback loop was established for ongoing adjustments. The resulting roadmap embodied a comprehensive strategy, reflecting our objectives, timeline, resource allocation, and proactive approach to challenges.



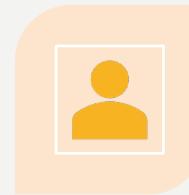
THIS ROADMAP OUTLINES KEY ACTIVITIES AND MILESTONES FOR DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING A COMPREHENSIVE CYBERSECURITY PROGRAM FOR LEMONADE. IT INCORPORATES THE ELEMENTS DISCUSSED PREVIOUSLY AND INTEGRATES THE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.



PROGRAM GOALS:



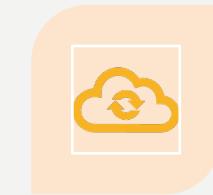
ENHANCE SECURITY POSTURE



PROTECT SENSITIVE CUSTOMER DATA



ACHIEVE REGULATORY COMPLIANCE (GDPR, SOC 2)



SECURE CLOUD MIGRATION (COMPLETE BY THE END OF 2025)



IMPLEMENT AI SECURITY CONTROLS (ISO/IEC 42001 CERTIFICATION)

PHASE 1(3 MONTHS):-

- **Risk Assessment Completion:** Conduct a comprehensive risk assessment to identify, categorize, and prioritize security risks. (Utilize existing risk identification as a starting point)
- **Security Policy Development:** Develop a comprehensive set of security policies and procedures covering access control, data protection, and incident response.
- **Security Awareness Training Launch:** Launch a security awareness training program for employees to educate them on cybersecurity best practices.
- **Team Expansion:** Hire additional cybersecurity personnel:
 1. Incident Response (IR) & Threat Management Specialist
 2. Governance, Risk, and Compliance (GRC) Specialist
 3. Cloud Security Specialist
 4. AI Security Specialist
 5. Security Operations Specialist (managing DLP, IPS, EDR, and Central Risk Management tool)
- **SOC 2 Certification Preparation:** Initiate activities to prepare for a SOC 2 Type 2 audit by the end of 2025. This will involve:
 1. Gap analysis to identify areas requiring improvement for SOC 2 compliance.
 2. Implementation of relevant security controls aligned with SOC 2 Trust Service Principles (TSPs).
 3. Documentation and evidence collection are necessary for audit readiness.
- **Cloud Migration Planning:** Develop a comprehensive cloud migration plan with a target completion date of the end of 2025. This will include:
 1. Selection of cloud provider(s) and service offerings.
 2. Security considerations for data migration and cloud infrastructure.
 3. Migration strategy and timeline for different applications and data sets.
 4. AI Security Assessment: Conduct an initial assessment of AI security risks and controls.

PHASE 2(6 MONTHS):-

- **Technical Control Implementation:** Implement essential security controls identified in the risk assessment, including:
 1. Firewalls
 2. Intrusion Detection/Prevention Systems (IDS/IPS)
 3. Data Loss Prevention (DLP)
 4. Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR)
 5. Encryption for data at rest and in transit
 6. Centralized Risk Management tool
- **Access Control Implementation:** Implement robust access controls to restrict access to sensitive data and systems based on the principle of least privilege.
- **Security Program Rollout:** Deploy the developed security policies and procedures across the organization.
- **SOC 2 Certification Activities:** Continue activities towards SOC 2 compliance, including:
 1. Security control implementation and testing.
 2. Documentation updates and refinement.
 3. Internal audits and rehearsals for the SOC 2 audit.
- **Cloud Migration Execution:** Begin cloud migration activities based on the developed plan.
 1. Focus on securing the cloud environment and data migration processes.
- **AI Security Controls Implementation:** Implement security controls aligned with ISO/IEC 42001 for AI products, focusing on areas identified in the initial assessment.

PHASE 3 (ONGOING):-

- **Security Program Monitoring and Review:** Continuously monitor the effectiveness of the security program, identify and address new threats, and regularly review and update the program as needed.
- **Incident Response and Business Continuity:** Develop and implement a comprehensive incident response plan and business continuity plan to manage security incidents and ensure business continuity in case of disruptions.
- **Security Awareness Training Program:** Enhance and deliver ongoing security awareness training to employees to maintain a strong security culture.
- **SOC 2 Certification Maintenance:** Maintain SOC 2 compliance through ongoing monitoring, control testing, and periodic audits.
- **Cloud Security Management:** Continuously monitor and manage the security of the cloud environment after migration completion.
- **AI Security Management:** Maintain and improve AI security controls to address evolving threats and maintain ISO/IEC 42001 compliance.

SUCCESS CRITERIA:-

- Reduced security risks and vulnerabilities.
- Improved incident detection and response capabilities.
- Achievement of SOC 2 certification by the end of 2025.
- Successful and secure cloud migration by the end of 2025.
- Implementation of AI security controls and achievement of ISO/IEC 42001 certification.

This roadmap provides a high-level overview of the program's key activities and milestones. More detailed plans with specific tasks, timelines, and resource allocations can be developed for each phase. Effective communication and collaboration between stakeholders, including the newly hired cybersecurity team, will be crucial for the program.

CONCLUSION:-

In this sprint, I focused on building a foundational cybersecurity program for Lemonade, a company at the intersection of insurance and technology, particularly AI. My efforts were geared towards moving Lemonade from a minimal cybersecurity infrastructure to a comprehensive one, intertwined with its business and technological growth.

What I Achieved for Lemonade:

- **Risk Assessment:** I identified and assessed key cybersecurity risks, prioritizing them to focus our resources effectively. This was critical for Lemonade, given its reliance on AI and the cloud.
- **Cybersecurity Proposal:** I developed a detailed cybersecurity plan, ensuring it supported Lemonade's business objectives while safeguarding against potential threats. This plan encompassed everything from cloud security to regulatory compliance.
- **Stakeholder Engagement:** Engaging with Lemonade's key stakeholders, including the CTO, was vital. Their input helped align the cybersecurity program with the company's goals, ensuring broad support.
- **Roadmap Development:** Crafting a clear roadmap with milestones and timelines provided a strategic direction for implementing the cybersecurity initiatives, adaptable to the evolving cyber landscape.

Personal Learnings:

- **Business Alignment:** The importance of aligning cybersecurity with business goals was a major takeaway. It's crucial that security measures enable rather than hinder growth.
- **Risk Management:** I gained deeper insights into managing cybersecurity risks—identifying, assessing, and prioritizing based on their impact on the business.
- **Stakeholder Collaboration:** The sprint underscored the importance of stakeholder engagement in the success of cybersecurity initiatives.
- **Adaptability:** The dynamic nature of cybersecurity taught me the value of staying adaptable and open to continuous learning and improvement.

In short, this sprint not only advanced Lemonade's cybersecurity posture significantly but also enriched my expertise in the field, highlighting the importance of strategic planning, stakeholder engagement, and adaptability in the ever-evolving landscape of cybersecurity.