

# Jiraiya and Rasengan Attacks

Max. Marks: 100

Naruto has started training from Jiraiya to develop the most powerful *Rasengan* attack. Jiraiya as always uses weird training exercises.



Jiraiya has brought a permutation  $P$  of  $1, 2, \dots, N$  integers. He tells Naruto to sort the permutation using *minimum* number of *Rasengan* attacks. In one *Rasengan* attack Naruto can choose any pair of consecutive elements of the permutation and swap it.

To make the task a little difficult, he chooses a subsegment of the permutation *uniformly* at random  $P_L, P_{L+1}, \dots, P_R$  ( $L \leq R$ ) and reverses it to make  $P_1, P_2, \dots, P_{L-1}, P_R, \dots, P_{L+1}, P_L, P_{R+1}, \dots, P_N$ . Now he asks Naruto to tell the expected number of *Rasengan* attacks he need to sort the permutation.

## INPUT

The first line contains the integer  $N$ .

The next line contains  $N$  integers denoting the permutation  $P$ .

## OUTPUT

Print  $(A * B^{-1}) \bmod 10^9 + 7$  where  $\frac{A}{B}$  is the **Expected value** of number of *Rasengan* attacks he need to sort  $P$  (expressed as an irreducible fraction)

## CONSTRAINTS

$$2 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

### SAMPLE INPUT

```
3
1 2 3
```

### SAMPLE OUTPUT

```
833333340
```

## Explanation

The 6 ways of reversing a subarray is

- 1,1 -> 1,2,3. *Rasengan* attacks = 0
- 2,2 -> 1,2,3. *Rasengan* attacks = 0
- 3,3 -> 1,2,3. *Rasengan* attacks = 0
- 1,2 -> 2,1,3. *Rasengan* attacks = 1
- 2,3 -> 1,3,2. *Rasengan* attacks = 1
- 1,3 -> 3,2,1. *Rasengan* attacks = 3

Probability of getting *Rasengan* attacks = 0 is  $\frac{3}{6}$

Probability of getting *Rasengan* attacks = 1 is  $\frac{2}{6}$

Probability of getting *Rasengan* attacks = 3 is  $\frac{1}{6}$

Expected value of *Rasengan* attacks =  $\frac{3}{6} * 0 + \frac{2}{6} * 1 + \frac{1}{6} * 3 = \frac{5}{6} \equiv 833333340 \bmod 10^9 + 7$

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