CSCI B609 - Foundations of Data Science

Fall 2016

Homework 1: September 12

Name: YOUR NAME HERE Due: September 25, 11:59pm EST

Problem 1.1 (Exercise 2.4) The Chebyshev inequality states that $Pr[|X - \mathbb{E}[X]| \ge k\sqrt{Var[X]}] \le \frac{1}{k^2}$ for $k \ge 1$. Give a probability distribution and a value k for which:

- 1. The inequality is tight.
- 2. The inequality is not tight.

Problem 1.2 (Exercise 2.21) What is the volume of the largest d-dimensional hypercube that can be placed entirely inside a unit radius d-dimensional ball? Argue that no larger cube can be placed.

Problem 1.3 (Exercise 2.47) Let x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n be independent samples of a random variable \mathbf{x} with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Let $m_s = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ be the sample mean. Suppose one estimates the variance using the sample mean rather than the true mean, that is,

$$\sigma_s^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - m_s)^2.$$

Prove that $\mathbb{E}[\sigma_s^2] = \frac{n-1}{n}\sigma^2$ and thus one should have divided by n-1 rather than n.

Hint: First calculate the variance of the sample mean and show that $Var(m_s) = \frac{1}{n}Var(\mathbf{x})$. Then calculate $\mathbb{E}[\sigma_s^2] = \mathbb{E}[\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n(x_i-m_s)^2]$ by replacing x_i-m_s with $(x_i-\mu)+(\mu-m_s)$.

Problem 1.4 (Exercise 2.49, Part 1) Suppose you want to estimate the unknown center of a Gaussian in d-dimensional space which has variance one in each direction. Show that $O(\log d/\epsilon^2)$ random samples from the Gaussian are sufficient to get an estimate **m** of the true center μ , so that with probability at least 99/100,

$$\max_{i} \left[|\mu_i - \boldsymbol{m}_i| \right] \leq \epsilon.$$