## CSCI B609 - Foundations of Data Science

Fall 2016

## Homework 4: November 23

Name: YOUR NAME HERE Due: Monday, December 05, 11:59pm EST

**Problem 4.1 (Sparse recovery)** In this problem all vectors are in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Recall that the sparse recovery error is defined as:

$$Err^k(f) = \min_{g:||g||_0 = k} ||f - g||_1.$$

Give a formal argument that shows that  $Err^k(f) = \sum_{i \in S} |f_i|$  where S is the set of indices of k largest (by absolute value) entries of f.

**Problem 4.2 (Dyadic intervals)** Let n be a power of two. Consider the following family of partitions of the interval  $1, \ldots, n$  into intervals:

$$I_0 = \{\{1\}, \{2\}, \dots, \{n\}\}\}$$

$$I_1 = \{\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4\}, \{5, 6\}, \dots, \{n - 1, n\}\}$$

$$I_2 = \{\{1, 2, 3, 4\}, \{5, 6, 7, 8\}, \dots, n - 3, n - 2, n - 1, n\}$$

$$\dots$$

$$I_{\log n} = \{\{1, \dots, n\}\},$$

where the partition  $I_k$  consists of intervals of length  $2^k$ . Show that any subinterval  $i, \ldots, j$  where  $i \leq j$  can be represented as a disjoint union of at most  $2 \log n$  intervals from the above family.

**Problem 4.3 (Generating uniform distribution)** Given a stream of numbers  $a_1, \ldots, a_n$  where each number is an integer between 1 and m design an algorithm that scans the stream and at every point during the scan maintains a uniformly at random chosen sample of k numbers from the stream. Your algorithm should use space  $O(k \log m)$ .

**Problem 4.4 (Bipartiteness via connectivity)** Consider the following reduction: given a connected undirected graph G(V, E) construct a new graph  $G'(V_1 \cup V_2, E')$  where  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  are copies of V and for each edge  $(u, v) \in E$  we create two edges  $(u_1, v_2)$  and  $(u_2, v_1)$  where  $u_i$  and  $v_i$  are copies of u and v in  $V_i$ . Prove the following two statements:

- 1. If G is bipartite then the number of connected components in G' equals 2.
- 2. If G is non-bipartite then G' is connected.