EE382-Visual localization and Perception HW1

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1. Abstract

Histogram Specialization is to transfer the histogram of an image (the original image) to match the histogram of another image (the target image) and remapping the intensity of the original image. This report shows the implementation procedure of Histogram Specialization algorithm in Matlab and the result of 5 pairs of test image.

2. Procedure

The program is implemented in such procedure:

- 1. Transfer the RGB image into gray image
- 2. Calculate the histogram vector of image1 (original) and image2 (target)
- 3. Calculate the cumulative histogram vector vector of image1 and image2
- 4. Build the lookup table using method from PPT page45
- 5. Map image1 based on lookup table
- 6. Plot the histogram and cumulative histogram of image1 and image2, histogram of adjusted image1 and lookup table, with these three image showed.

3. Experimental Result

The experimental result is shown below:

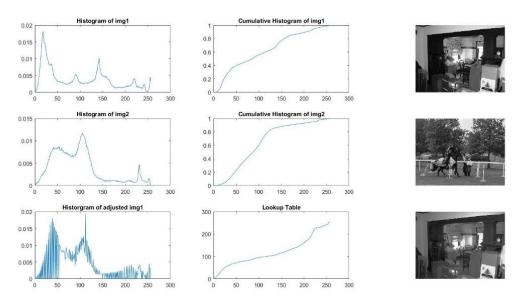


Figure 1

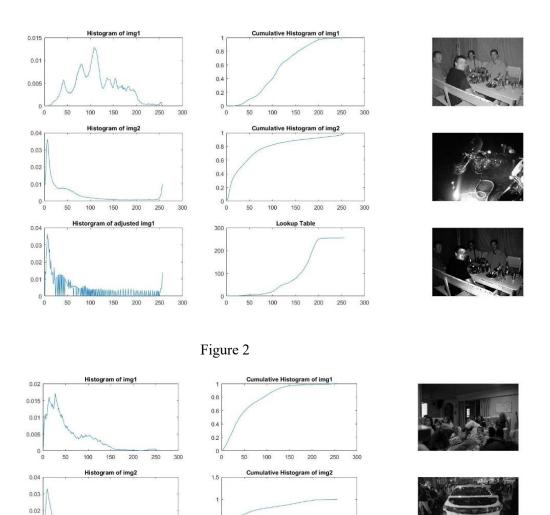


Figure 3

0.5

300

200

100

0.01

0.04

0.03

0.02

Historgram of adjusted img1

50 100 150 20

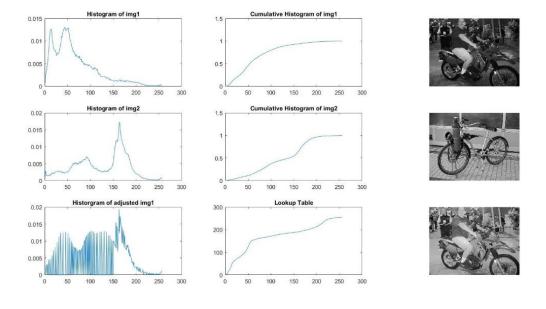


Figure 4

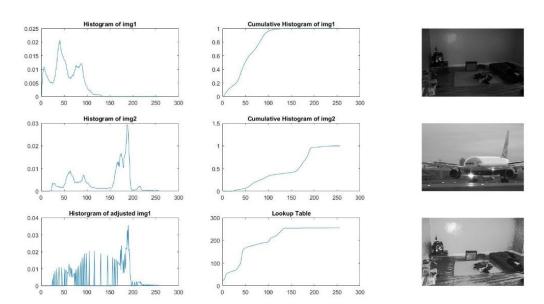


Figure 5

4. Conclusion

As shown in Figure 1-Figure 5 (The label of x-axis is gray level 0-255) the result are correct. At first the program is implemented by Python with python-opency but with low efficiency. Also, I met a problem when doing matrix operation to build lookup table. Therefore, I chose Matlab. Matlab is more efficient in matrix operation and is easy for me.

5. Appendix

$Code\ list 1-Histogram_specialization.m$

```
%read image and convert into grey
%img1 is the original image
img1 = imread('./image./9.jpg');
%img2 is the target image
img2 = imread('./image./10.jpg');
img1 = rgb2gray(img1);
img2 = rgb2gray(img2);
im1 = img1;
im2 = img2;
% histogram
hist1 = zeros(1,256);
hist2 = zeros(1,256);
for i = 1:256
    hist1(i) = sum(sum(img1==i-1));
    hist2(i) = sum(sum(img2==i-1));
end
hist1 = hist1/sum(hist1);
hist2 = hist2/sum(hist2);
%cumulative histogram of img1 and img2
cu_hist1 = cumsum(hist1);
cu_hist2 = cumsum(hist2);
I = zeros(1,256);
%build look up table
for i = 1:256
    I(i) = min(find(abs(cu_hist2-cu_hist1(i)))==min(abs(cu_hist2-cu_hist1(i))));
    %map img1
    img1(find(im1==i-1)) = I(i);
end
%calculate histogram of adjusted image
hist3 = zeros(1,256);
for k = 1:256
    hist3(k) = sum(sum(img1==k-1));
end
hist3 = hist3/sum(hist3);
subplot(331);
plot(hist1);
title('Histogram of img1');
subplot(332);
```

```
plot(cu_hist1);
title('Cumulative Histogram of img1');
subplot(333);
imshow(im1);
subplot(334);
plot(hist2);
title('Histogram of img2');
subplot(335);
plot(cu_hist2);
title('Cumulative Histogram of img2');
subplot(336);
imshow(im2);
subplot(337);
plot(hist3);
title('Historgram of adjusted img1');
subplot(338);
plot(I);
title('Lookup Table');
subplot(339);
imshow(img1);
```