Рубежный контроль

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Вариант:17

Задача1:17. Задача2:37.

```
▶ import Loading... s pd
   import numpy as np
   from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
   from \quad sklearn. \, preprocessing \quad import \quad PowerTransformer
   from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectPercentile, mutual_info_classif
[2] # 加载Iris数据集
   iris = load iris()
   X = iris.data
   y = iris.target
[3] # 转换为DataFrame以便于操作
   df = pd.DataFrame(X, columns=iris.feature_names)
   df['target'] = y
[4] print("原始数据集: ")
 print(df.head())
[3] # 转换为DataFrame以便于操作
      df = pd. DataFrame(X, columns=iris.feature_names)
      df['target'] = y
 print("原始数据集: ")
      print(df.head())
 → 原始数据集:
        sepal length (cm) sepal width (cm) petal length (cm) petal width (cm) \
                                             1. 4
1. 4
1. 3
1. 5
1. 4
                            3. 5
3. 0
                     5. 1
                                                                           0.2
      1
                      4.9
                                      3. 2
3. 1
                                                                          0.2
      2
                     4.7
                                                                          0.2
      3
                     4.6
                     5. 0
                                      3.6
                                                                          0.2
      4
        target
      0
      1
      2
[5] pt = PowerTransformer(method='yeo-johnson')
      df[iris.feature_names[0]] = pt.fit_transform(df[[iris.feature_names[0]]])
```

```
[5] pt = PowerTransformer(method='yeo-johnson')
      df[iris.feature_names[0]] = pt.fit_transform(df[[iris.feature_names[0]]])
print("\nYeo-Johnson变换后的数据集:")
      print(df.head())
  ₹
      Yeo-Johnson变换后的数据集:

    sepal length (cm)
    sepal width (cm)
    petal length (cm)
    petal width (cm)
    \( \)

    -0.895690
    3.5
    1.4
    0.2

    -1.185173
    3.0
    1.4
    0.2

      1
                -1.487921
      2
                                        3.2
                                                          1.3
                                                                            0.2
               -1. 644609
-1. 038838
                                                         1. 5
1. 4
      3
                                      3. 1
3. 6
                                                                            0.2
      4
                                                                            0.2
         target
      0
              0
              0
      1
      2
              0
      3
              0
      4
[7] X = df.drop(columns=['target'])
      y = df['target']
  [8] # 使用SelectPercentile和互信息进行特征选择
       selector = SelectPercentile(mutual_info_classif, percentile=5)
       X_new = selector.fit_transform(X, y)
  ▶ # 打印选择的特征
       selected_features = np. array(iris. feature_names)[selector.get_support()]
       print("\n选择的特征: ")
       print(selected_features)
  ₹
       选择的特征:
       ['petal width (cm)']
```