t-SNE-Balanced-AFF-Review

November 22, 2018

1 t-SNE Visualization on Amazon Food Review Dataset

1.1 Import Required Modules

In [1]:
```
import os # for file management
import shutil # for file management
from pathlib import Path # for file management
import sqlite3
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import csv
from tqdm import tqdm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import time # for time measurement
import imageio # for GIF creation

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer # for Bag Of Words
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer # for text to vector creation
from gensim.models import Word2Vec

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler # for Column Standardization - DO WE NEED THIS?
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE # for t-SNE
```

In [2]:
```
## Configure Matplotlib for nice image in PDF
from IPython.display import set_matplotlib_formats
set_matplotlib_formats('pdf', 'png')
plt.rcParams['savefig.dpi'] = 75
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 10,6
plt.rcParams['axes.labelsize'] = 18
plt.rcParams['axes.titlesize'] = 20
plt.rcParams['font.size'] = 10
plt.rcParams['lines.linewidth'] = 2.0
plt.rcParams['lines.markersize'] = 8
```

In [3]:
```
# All the outputs generated by this notebook will be placed in separate folder
output_dir = 'Output'
if not os.path.exists(output_dir):
    os.makedirs(output_dir)
```

1.2 Load Data

In [4]:
```
# Loading all the reviews from the database
# cleaned.sqlite already has reviews of 1,2,4,5 ratings only (also changed to +ive/-ive)
con = sqlite3.connect('./cleaned.sqlite')

df = pd.read_sql_query("""SELECT * from Reviews""", con)
df.head()
```

Out[4]:

	index	Id	ProductId	UserId	ProfileName	HelpfulnessNumerator	HelpfulnessDenominator	Score	Time	Summary
0	138706	150524	0006641040	ACITT7DI6IDDL	shari zychinski	0	0	1	939340800	EVERY book is educational
1	138688	150506	0006641040	A2IW4PEEKO2R0U	Tracy	1	1	1	1194739200	Love the book, miss the hard cover version
2	138689	150507	0006641040	A1S4A3IQ2MU7V4	sally sue "sally sue"	1	1	1	1191456000	
3	138690	150508	0006641040	AZGXZ2UUK6X	Catherine Hallberg "(Kate)"	1	1	1	1076025600	
4	138691	150509	0006641040	A3CMRKGE0P909G	Teresa	3	4	1	1018396800	

```
2               chicken soup with rice months
3      a good swingy rhythm for reading aloud
4             A great way to learn the months

                                                Text  \
0  this witty little book makes my son laugh at l...
1  I grew up reading these Sendak books, and watc...
2  This is a fun way for children to learn their ...
3  This is a great little book to read aloud- it ...
4  This is a book of poetry about the months of t...

                                         CleanedText
0  b'witti littl book make son laugh loud recit c...
1  b'grew read sendak book watch realli rosi movi...
2  b'fun way children learn month year learn poem...
3  b'great littl book read nice rhythm well good ...
4  b'book poetri month year goe month cute littl ...
```

In [5]:
```
df.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	index	Id	HelpfulnessNumerator
count	364106.000000	364106.000000	364106.000000
mean	261221.056821	282777.564772	1.738411
std	152361.122483	164601.735167	6.716471
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000
25%	129625.250000	140699.250000	0.000000
50%	257307.500000	278947.500000	0.000000
75%	396338.750000	428557.750000	2.000000
max	525813.000000	568454.000000	866.000000

	HelpfulnessDenominator	Score	Time
count	364106.000000	364106.000000	3.641060e+05
mean	2.186231	0.843164	1.296157e+09
std	7.339767	0.363647	4.859821e+07
min	0.000000	0.000000	9.393408e+08
25%	0.000000	1.000000	1.270858e+09
50%	1.000000	1.000000	1.311379e+09
75%	2.000000	1.000000	1.332893e+09
max	878.000000	1.000000	1.351210e+09

In [6]:
```
df.dtypes
```

Out[6]:
```
index                     int64
Id                        int64
ProductId                object
UserId                   object
ProfileName              object
HelpfulnessNumerator      int64
HelpfulnessDenominator    int64
Score                     int64
Time                      int64
Summary                  object
Text                     object
CleanedText              object
dtype: object
```

In [7]:
```
# Split data
# positive review score, negative review score and review text as seperate dataframes
df_text = df['CleanedText']
print(df_text.shape)
df_text.head()
```

```
(364106,)
```

Out[7]:
```
0    b'witti littl book make son laugh loud recit c...
1    b'grew read sendak book watch realli rosi movi...
2    b'fun way children learn month year learn poem...
3    b'great littl book read nice rhythm well good ...
4    b'book poetri month year goe month cute littl ...
Name: CleanedText, dtype: object
```

In [8]:
```
# Procedure of t-SNE generation is same for all types of vector analysis
# So creating a common function to generate t-SNE visualization
# using passed values

def genTSNEGif(std_data, ndp, p, itr_list, file_prefix, closePlt=False):
```

```
    '''
    Fuction which genrate t-SNE visualtion for each itr_list using given ndp and p
    Generates a GIF and stores it under '{img_name}.gif'
    Where:
        std_data - Column Standardized Data
        ndp - Number of Data Points to consider in std_data
        p - Perplexity
        itr_list - List of iterations, each iteration will be a frame in GIF
        file_prefix - Prefix to the name of GIF image
        closePlt - If you do not want to display the generated image in Notebook
    '''
    image_name = '{0}_tsne_ndp_{1}_p_{2}.gif'.format(file_prefix,ndp,p)
    print('No.Of Data Points - {0}, Perplexity - {1}, Iterations - {2}, ImageName - {3}'.format(
            ndp, p, itr_list, image_name))

    # list to hold the frames
    frames = []
    p_data = std_data
    p_labels = final_reviews_scores[0:ndp]

    #print('t-SNE Data Points {0} and its Labels {1}'.format(p_data.shape, p_labels.shape))
    for itr_val in itr_list:
        img_title = '{0}-ndp={1} p={2} itr={3}'.format(file_prefix, ndp, p, itr_val)

        time_start = time.time()

        model = TSNE(n_components=2,random_state=0,perplexity=p,n_iter=itr_val) # ,verbose=2
        tsne_data = model.fit_transform(p_data)
        time_elapsed = time.time() - time_start
        print('{0} ==> t-SNE done! Time elapsed: {1} seconds'.format(img_title, time.time() - time_start))

        tsne_data = np.vstack((tsne_data.T,p_labels)).T
        #print(tsne_data.shape)
        #tsne_data[:4]
        tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(tsne_data,columns=['Dim_1','Dim_2','Score'])
        #tsne_df.head()
        g = sns.FacetGrid(tsne_df,hue='Score',height=10).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').add_legend();
        g.fig.suptitle(img_title);
        g.fig.canvas.draw();
        image = np.frombuffer(g.fig.canvas.tostring_rgb(), dtype='uint8')
        image = image.reshape(g.fig.canvas.get_width_height()[::-1] + (3,))
        frames.append(image)

        if (closePlt == True):
            plt.close()

    kwargs_write = {'fps':1.0, 'quantizer':'nq'}
    imageio.mimsave(Path.cwd() / output_dir / image_name, frames, fps=1)

    return
```

1.3 Training Data for Visualization - 2K Points

In [9]:
```
# we can't process all 364K revies, selecting a subset of it
total_data_set_size = 2000

# Create a Balanced dataset having both +ive and -ive reviews
df_positive_reviews = df[df.Score == 1].sample(int(total_data_set_size/2))
df_negative_reviews = df[df.Score == 0].sample(int(total_data_set_size/2))

final_reviews = pd.concat([df_positive_reviews, df_negative_reviews])
final_reviews_scores = final_reviews['Score']

print('Shape of Training Data {0}'.format(final_reviews.shape))
print('Shape of Training Label {0}'.format(final_reviews_scores.shape))
```

```
Shape of Training Data (2000, 12)
Shape of Training Label (2000,)
```

In [10]:
```
final_reviews.head()
```

Out[10]:

	index	Id	ProductId	UserId	\
160283	202154	219052	B001CRAWCQ	A15C0QFMZ6JTE1	
350384	44522	48450	B006H34CUS	A1C935N5QX5S4S	
32515	178397	193447	B000BBDZ82	A3CZNNTEY657TE	
60680	17311	18879	B000F4H5FY	A2434W0L2ZL5X1	

```
43145   381893  412923  B000E4C2LW  A3TXDO9392M8NJ

                             ProfileName  HelpfulnessNumerator  \
160283                    Ivana Pandurovic                     1
350384                      Jamie Radcliff                     0
32515           C. Gardner "SgtCheeseNOLS"                     1
60680                                Brian                     0
43145   Beth Mitchum "Ultravioletlove.com"                     1

        HelpfulnessDenominator  Score        Time  \
160283                       2      1  1303344000
350384                       0      1  1346716800
32515                        1      1  1325462400
60680                        0      1  1291507200
43145                        1      1  1275350400

                           Summary  \
160283           LOVE Illy cafecito
350384                  Not too bad
32515                      LOVE IT!
60680     Pretty good! Great Price!
43145   Good Stuff at a Great Price

                                                    Text  \
160283  i am european, addicted not only to coffee but...
350384  I received a sample of this from Influenster a...
32515   I first tried this tea at my day spa I go to f...
60680   I am aware that tea bags do not give the same ...
43145   I know what you're thinking.  Corn flakes are ...

                                           CleanedText
160283  b'european addict coffe good coffe illi best c...
350384  b'receiv sampl influenst pretti excit tri inte...
32515   b'first tri tea day spa massag delici tea comp...
60680   b'awar tea bag give flavour looseleaf stuff st...
43145   b'know your think corn flake corn flake right ...
```

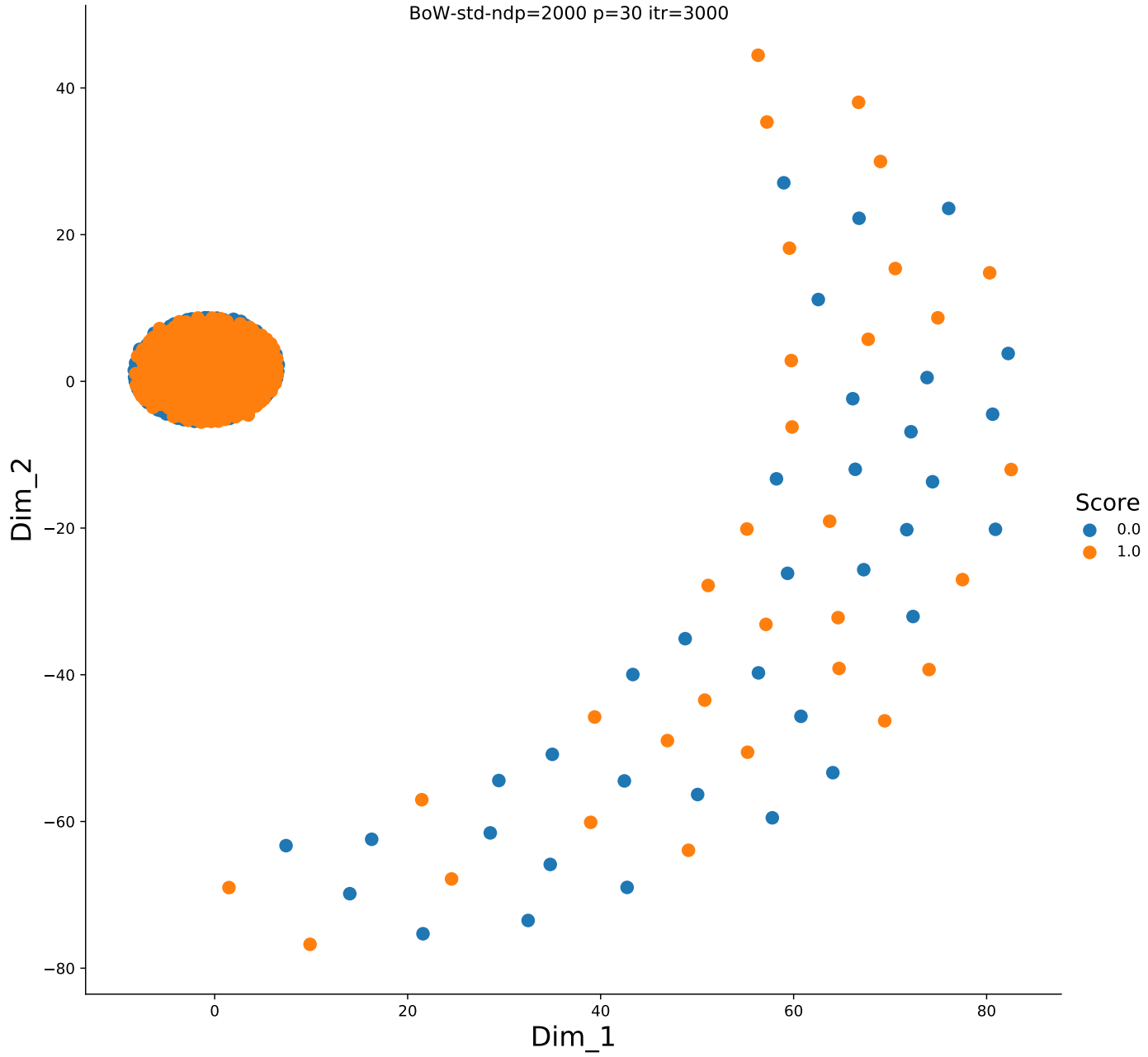
2 Bag of Words (BoW)

```
In [11]: # Create Vectors
         count_vect = CountVectorizer(ngram_range=(1,2)) # create an instance
         final_counts = count_vect.fit_transform(final_reviews['CleanedText'].values)
         print('Shape of BoW Vectorizer: ', final_counts.get_shape())
         print('Total no.of unique words: ', final_counts.get_shape()[1])

         # Standardize the Data
         standardized_data = StandardScaler().fit_transform(final_counts.toarray().astype(np.float64)) #, with_mean=False
         print('Shape of Standardized data', standardized_data.shape)
```

```
Shape of BoW Vectorizer:  (2000, 66148)
Total no.of unique words:  66148
Shape of Standardized data (2000, 66148)
```

```
In [12]: # Generating t-SNE for BoW
         genTSNEGif(standardized_data, len(standardized_data), 30, range(3000,3001,1000), 'BoW-std')

         # For various iterations I use below looping
         #dense_mat = final_counts.toarray().astype(np.float64)
         #for p in range(10, 101, 10):
         #    genTSNEGif(dense_mat, len(dense_mat), p, range(1000,5001,1000), 'BoW',closePlt=True)
```

```
No.Of Data Points - 2000, Perplexity - 30, Iterations - range(3000, 3001, 1000), ImageName - BoW-std_tsne_ndp_2000_p_30.gif
BoW-std-ndp=2000 p=30 itr=3000 ==> t-SNE done! Time elapsed: 598.4183218479156 seconds
```



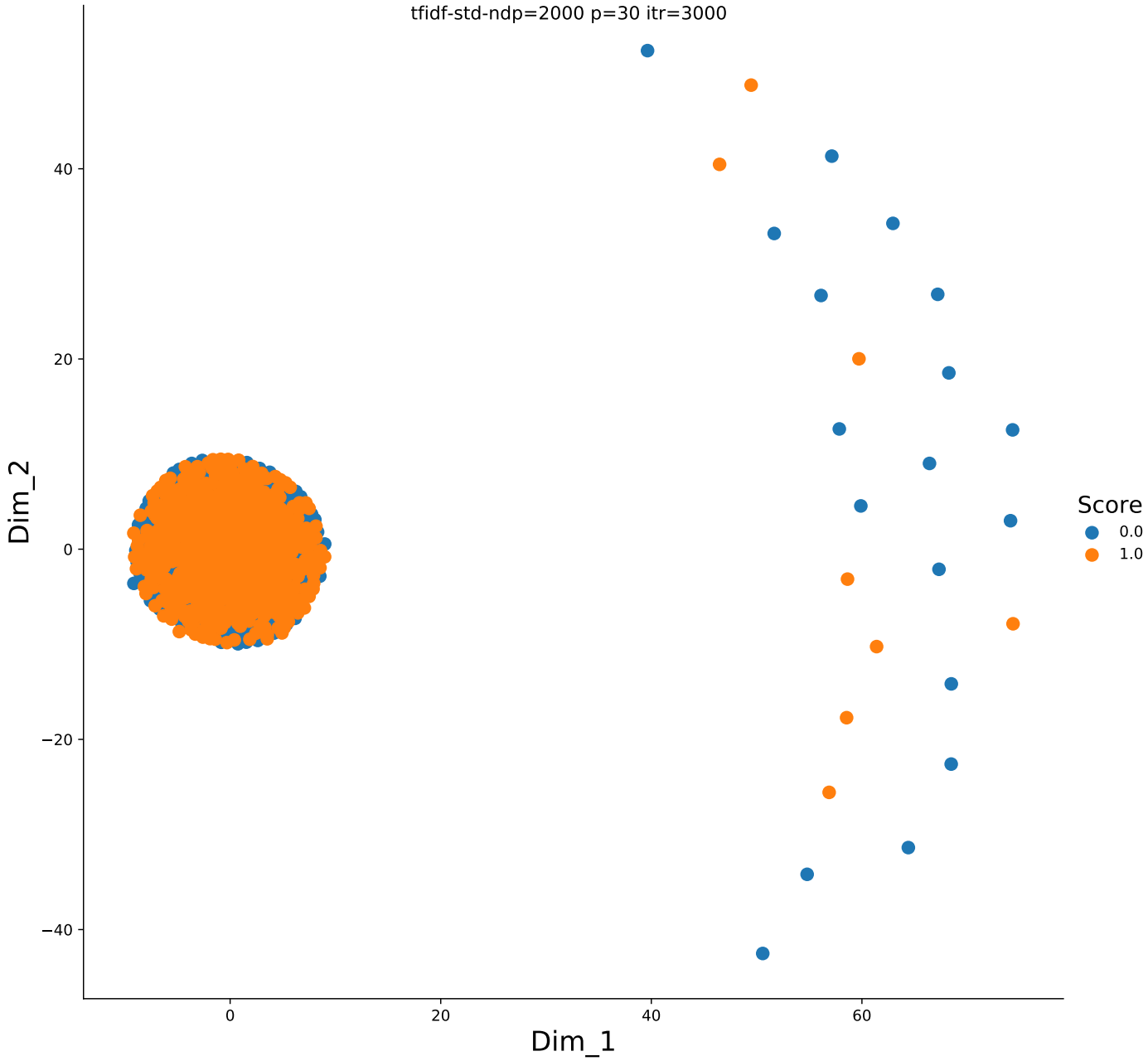
3 TFIDF

In [13]:
```
# Create Vectors

        tf_idf_vec = TfidfVectorizer(ngram_range=(1,2))
        final_counts = tf_idf_vec.fit_transform(final_reviews['CleanedText'].values)

        #.fit_transform(final_reviews['CleanedText'].values)
        print('Shape of BoW Vectorizer: ', final_counts.get_shape())
        print('Total no.of unique words: ', final_counts.get_shape()[1])

        # Standardize the Data
        standardized_data = StandardScaler().fit_transform(final_counts.toarray().astype(np.float64)) #, with_mean=False
        print('Shape of Standardized data', standardized_data.shape)
```

```
Shape of BoW Vectorizer:  (2000, 66148)
Total no.of unique words:  66148
Shape of Standardized data (2000, 66148)
```

In [14]:
```
genTSNEGif(standardized_data, len(standardized_data), 30, range(3000,3001,1000), 'tfidf-std')

        # For finding optimal perplexity and iteration, I execute below loop
        #dense_mat = final_counts.toarray().astype(np.float64)
        #for p in range(10, 61, 10):
        #    genTSNEGif(dense_mat, len(dense_mat), p, range(1000,6001,1000), 'tfidf',closePlt=True)
```

```
No.Of Data Points - 2000, Perplexity - 30, Iterations - range(3000, 3001, 1000), ImageName - tfidf-std_tsne_ndp_2000_p_30.gif
tfidf-std-ndp=2000 p=30 itr=3000 ==> t-SNE done! Time elapsed: 599.3038096427917 seconds
```



4 Word2Vec

I am creating vectors having 50 dimensions. Just a random value, not inherent calculation I made on this size decision.

In [15]:
```
# Create List arry for creating own W2V
list_of_sent = []
for sent in final_reviews['CleanedText'].values:
    list_of_sent.append(sent.decode("utf-8").split())
```

```
        print(final_reviews.CleanedText.values[0])
        print(len(list_of_sent), list_of_sent[0])
```

```
b'european addict coffe good coffe illi best cant start day without illi espresso doubl one'
2000 ['european', 'addict', 'coffe', 'good', 'coffe', 'illi', 'best', 'cant', 'start', 'day', 'without', 'illi', 'espresso', 'doubl', 'one']
```

In [16]:
```
        # Required dimension
        w2v_d = 50

        # Considering words that are occured atleast 5 times in the corpus
        w2v_model = Word2Vec(list_of_sent, min_count=5, size=w2v_d, workers=4)

        w2v_words = list(w2v_model.wv.vocab)
        print("number of words that occured minimum 5 times : ",len(w2v_words))
        print("sample words ", w2v_words[0:50])
```

```
number of words that occured minimum 5 times :  2017
sample words  ['addict', 'coffe', 'good', 'illi', 'best', 'cant', 'start', 'day', 'without', 'espresso', 'doubl', 'one', 'receiv', 'sampl', '
```

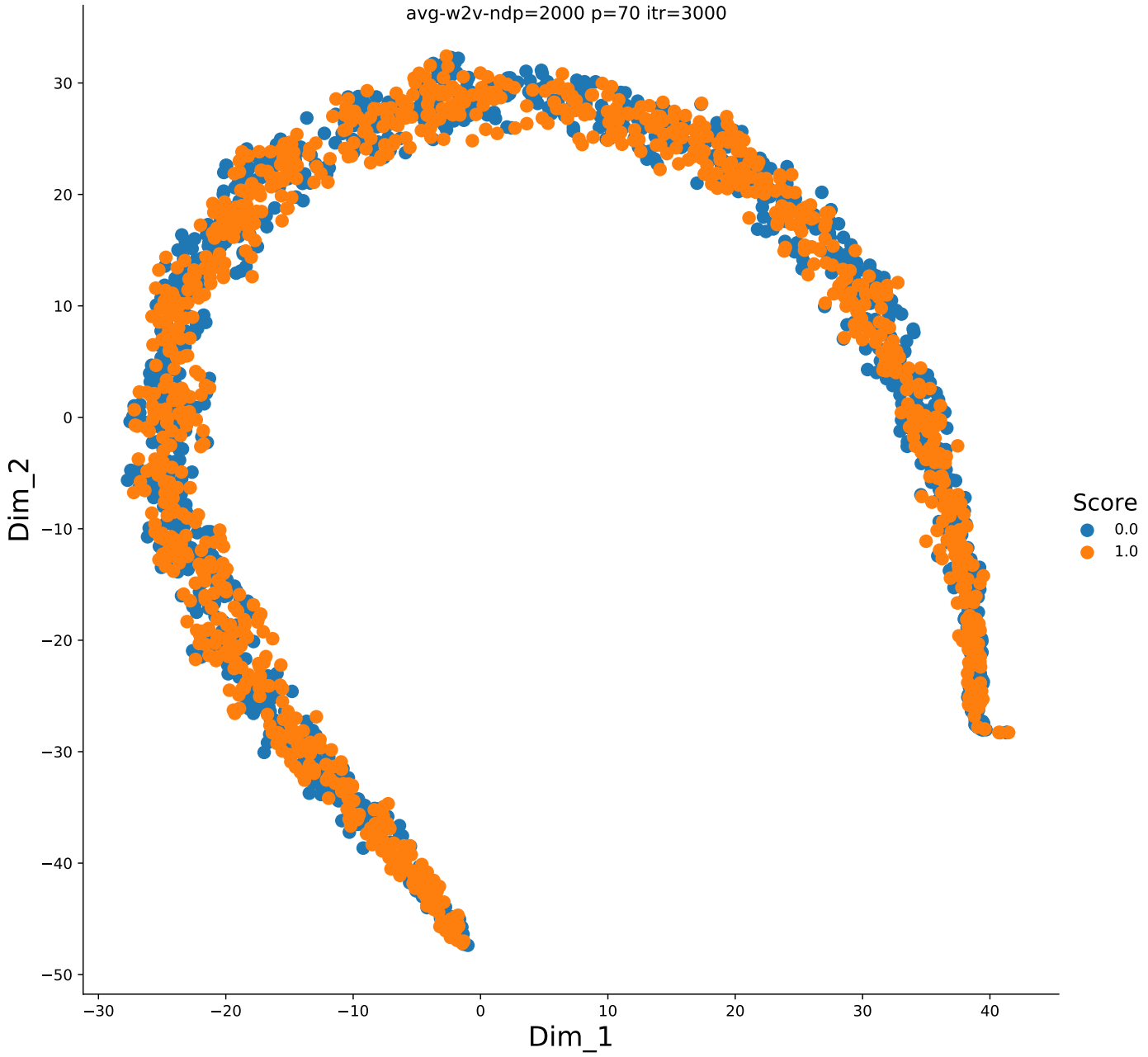
4.1 Avg-W2V

In [17]:
```
        # Computing average w2v for each review in selected training dataset
        review_vectors = []
        for sent in tqdm(list_of_sent, ascii=True):
            sent_vec = np.zeros(w2v_d) # array to hold the vectors. Initially assuming no vectors in this review
            no_of_words_in_review = 0 # number of words with valid vector in this review

            # count all the words (that are in w2v model) and take average
            for word in sent:
                if word in w2v_words:
                    vec = w2v_model.wv[word]
                    sent_vec += vec
                    no_of_words_in_review += 1
            if no_of_words_in_review != 0:
                sent_vec /= no_of_words_in_review
            review_vectors.append(sent_vec)

        print(len(review_vectors))
        print(len(review_vectors[0]))
```

```
100%|##########| 2000/2000 [00:02<00:00, 733.21it/s]

2000
50
```

In [18]:
```
        # t-SNE using Average Word2Vec

        genTSNEGif(review_vectors, len(review_vectors), 70, range(3000,3001,1000), 'avg-w2v')

        # for finding perplexity and iteration, I use below loop
        #for p in range(10, 101, 10):
        #    genTSNEGif(review_vectors, len(review_vectors), p, range(1000,5001,1000), 'avg-w2v',closePlt=True)
```

```
No.Of Data Points - 2000, Perplexity - 70, Iterations - range(3000, 3001, 1000), ImageName - avg-w2v_tsne_ndp_2000_p_70.gif
avg-w2v-ndp=2000 p=70 itr=3000 ==> t-SNE done! Time elapsed: 56.379451274871826 seconds
```



4.2 TFIDF Weighted W2V

Computing tfidf weighted w2v over the selected training dataset

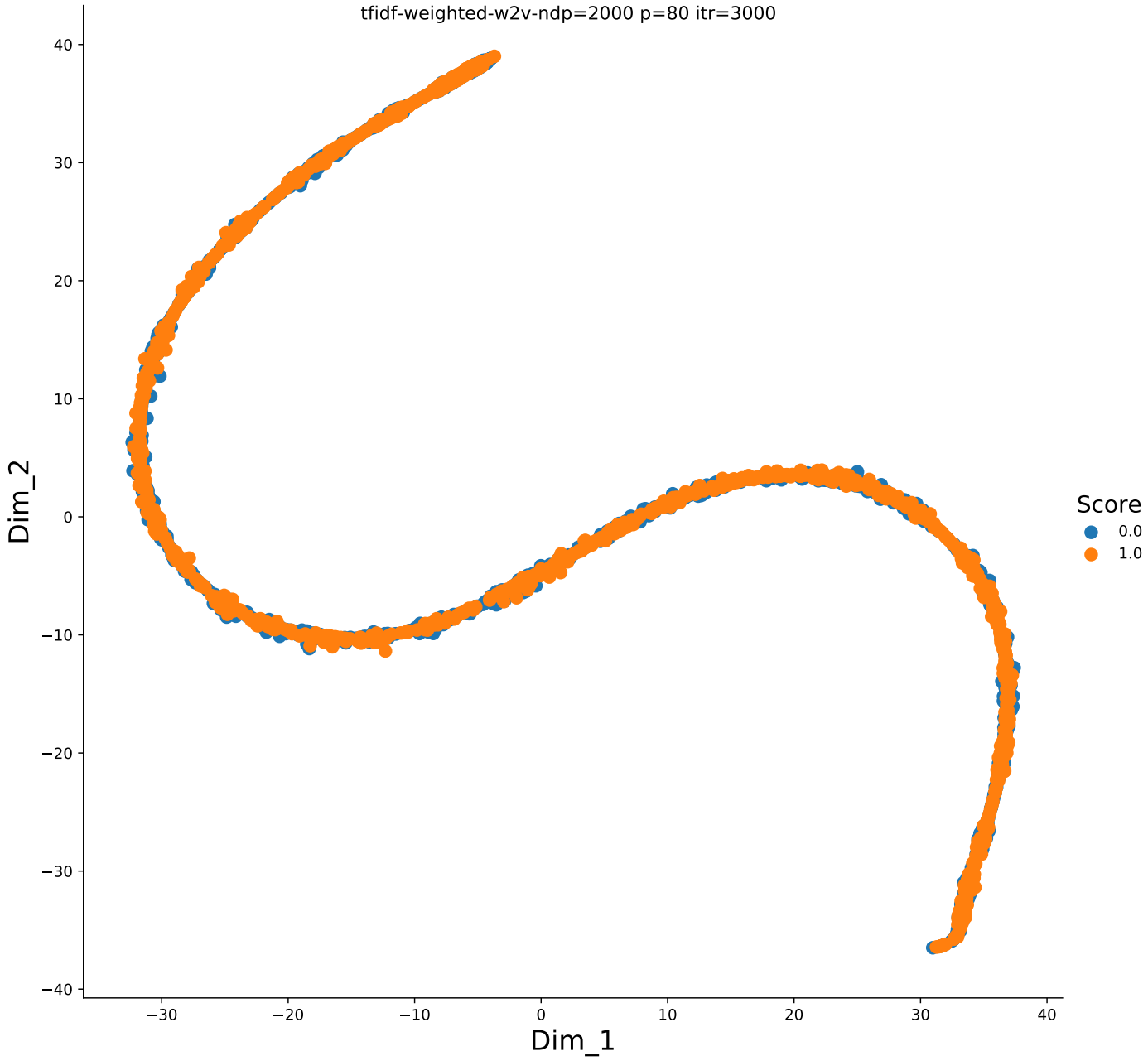
```
In [19]: # Create tf-idf vector matrix
         tf_idf_model = TfidfVectorizer(ngram_range=(1,2))
         tf_idf_matrix = tf_idf_model.fit_transform(final_reviews['CleanedText'].values)

         # Create dictionary having words (features) as keys, its tf-idf values as values
         tf_idf_dict = dict(zip(tf_idf_model.get_feature_names(), list(tf_idf_model.idf_)))
         len(tf_idf_dict)

Out[19]: 66148

In [20]: tf_idf_feat = tf_idf_model.get_feature_names()

         # Computing tf-idf weighted w2v for each review in selected training dataset
         review_vectors = []
         for sent in tqdm(list_of_sent, ascii=True):
             sent_vec = np.zeros(w2v_d) # array to hold the vectors
             no_of_words_in_review = 0 # number of words with valid vector in this review
```

```
            # count all the words (that are in w2v model) and take average
            for word in sent:
                if word in w2v_words:
                    vec = w2v_model.wv[word]
                    # calculate tf-idf weighted w2v value for this word
                    tf_idf = tf_idf_dict[word] * (sent.count(word)/len(sent))
                    sent_vec += (vec * tf_idf)
                    no_of_words_in_review += 1
            if no_of_words_in_review != 0:
                sent_vec /= no_of_words_in_review
            review_vectors.append(sent_vec)

        print(len(review_vectors))
        print(len(review_vectors[0]))
```

```
100%|##########| 2000/2000 [00:03<00:00, 563.31it/s]

2000
50
```

In [21]:
```
# t-SNE using tf-idf weighted s2v

        genTSNEGif(review_vectors, len(review_vectors), 80, range(3000,3001,1000), 'tfidf-weighted-w2v')

        #for p in range(10, 101, 10):
        #    genTSNEGif(review_vectors, len(review_vectors), p, range(1000,5001,1000), 'tfidf-weighted-w2v',closePlt=True)
```

```
No.Of Data Points - 2000, Perplexity - 80, Iterations - range(3000, 3001, 1000), ImageName - tfidf-weighted-w2v_tsne_ndp_2000_p_80.gif
tfidf-weighted-w2v-ndp=2000 p=80 itr=3000 ==> t-SNE done! Time elapsed: 52.13369131088257 seconds
```



5 t-SNE Observation

Due to memory limitation, only 2000 reviews out of 364K reviews of Amazon Fine Food Review has been taken
Created a Balanced dataset having 1000 positive and negative reviews respectively.
Generated t-SNE 2-D visualization from the vectors created with 1) Bag of Words, 2) TF-IDF, 3) Average Word 2 Vec and 4) TF-IDF Weighter Word2Vec.
I have generated my own Word2Vec from those 2K reviews having dimensionve of 50

- Both BoW and TF-IDF generated a small circled image, having both Positive and Negative reviews overlapped in same place
  - There are some outliers kind of observation as well seen
- In Avg-W2V, U-Shaped curve is seen. But still here as well both postivie and negative reviews overlap each other
- In TFIDF Weighter W2V, kind of sign wave observed, but still both positive and negative reviews overlap occured.

In conclusion, no clustering seen from t-SNE. So we can't have a linearly seperable classification function to classify that whether a review is positive or not.