```
[1]: animals = ['lion', 'tiger', 'crocodile', 'vulture', 'hippo']
           print(animals)
              ['lion', 'tiger', 'crocodile', 'vulture', 'hippo']
▶ In [2]: for creature in animals:
               print(creature)
              lion
              tiger
              crocodile
              vulture
              hippo
           animals = ['lion', 'tiger', 'crocodile', 'vulture', 'hippo']
           for creature in animals:
               pass
     [4]: print('The loop variable is now: ' + creature)
 In
              The loop variable is now: hippo
           animals = ['lion', 'tiger', 'crocodile', 'vulture', 'hippo']
  In [5]:
           for creature in animals:
                File "\langle ipython-input-5-3e5445e46d23 \rangle", line 2
                  for creature in animals:
              SyntaxError: unexpected EOF while parsing
     [6]: for creature in animals:
               print(creature + ',', end='')
              lion, tiger, crocodile, vulture, hippo,
           ', '. join(animals)
     [7]:
  Out[7]: 'lion, tiger, crocodile, vulture, hippo'
 In [9]: | import os
           os.mkdir('yearly_files')
```

```
In [12]:
          os.listdir('./') #文件都保存在根目录
Out[12]: ['.conda',
           '.ipynb_checkpoints',
           '.ipython',
           '.matplotlib',
           .python history',
           '03startingwithdata.ipynb',
          '04IndexingSlicingandSubsettingDataFrameinPython.ipynb',
          '05DataTypesandFormats.ipynb',
           '06CombiningDataFrameswithPandas.ipynb',
           '07DataWorkflowsandAutomation.ipynb',
           '3D Objects',
           'AppData',
           'Application Data',
           'Contacts',
           'Cookies',
           'Desktop',
           'Documents',
           'Downloads',
           'Favorites',
           'IntelGraphicsProfiles',
           'Links',
           'Local Settings',
           'Music',
           'My Documents',
           'NetHood',
           'NTUSER. DAT'
           'ntuser.dat.LOG1',
           'ntuser.dat.LOG2',
          'NTUSER. DAT \{fd9a35db-49fe-11e9-aa2c-248a07783950\}. TM. b1f',
           'NTUSER.DAT (fd9a35db-49fe-11e9-aa2c-248a07783950).TMContainer0000000000000000001.r
          egtrans-ms',
           NTUSER.DAT {fd9a35db-49fe-11e9-aa2c-248a07783950}.TMContainer00000000000000000002.r
          egtrans-ms',
           'ntuser.ini',
           'OneDrive',
           'out.csv',
           'Pictures'
           'plots.csv',
           'PrintHood',
           'Recent',
           'Saved Games',
           'Searches',
           'SendTo',
           'species.csv',
           'surveys.csv',
           'surveys complete.csv',
           'Templates',
           'Untitled Folder',
           'Videos',
           'yearly_files',
           '「开始」菜单']
   [13]:
          import pandas as pd
           # Load the data into a DataFrame
           surveys df = pd. read csv('surveys. csv')
```

```
In [14]: # Select only data for the year 2002
surveys2002 = surveys_df[surveys_df.year == 2002]
```

```
In [15]: # Write the new DataFrame to a CSV file surveys2002.to_csv('yearly_files/surveys2002.csv')
```

In [16]: surveys_df['year']

Out[16]:	0	1977
	1	1977
	2	1977
	3	1977
	4	1977
	5	1977
	6	1977
	7	1977
	8	1977
	9	1977
	10	1977
	11	1977
	12	1977
	13	1977
	14	1977
	15	1977
	16	1977
	17	1977
	18	1977
	19	1977
	20	1977
	21	1977
	22	1977
	23	1977
	24	1977
	25	1977
	26	1977
	27	1977
	28	1977
	29	1977
	35519	2002
	35520	2002
	35521	2002
	35522	2002
	35523	2002
	35524	2002
	35525	2002
	35526	2002
	35527	2002
	35528	2002
	35529	2002
	35530	2002
	35531	2002
	35532	2002
	35533	2002
	35534	2002
	35535	2002
	35536	2002
	35537	2002
	35538	2002
	35539	2002
	35540	2002
	35541	2002
	35542	2002
	35543	2002
	35544	2002
	35545	2002
	35546	2002
	35547	2002
	OUUTI	2002

```
2002
          35548
         Name: year, Length: 35549, dtype: int64
    [17]:
          surveys_df['year'].unique()
Out[17]: array([1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987,
                 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998,
                 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002], dtype=int64)
    [18]:
          for year in surveys df['year'].unique():
              filename='data/yearly files/surveys' + str(year) + '.csv'
              print(filename)
            data/yearly_files/surveys1977.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1978.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1979.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys1980.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1981.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1982.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1983.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1984.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys1985.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1986.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1987.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1988.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1989.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1990.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys1991.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys1992.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1993.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1994.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1995.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys1996.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1997.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys1998.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys1999.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys2000.csv
            data/yearly files/surveys2001.csv
            data/yearly_files/surveys2002.csv
   [21]:
          # Load the data into a DataFrame
           surveys_df = pd. read_csv('surveys. csv')
           for year in surveys_df['year'].unique():
               # Select data for the year
               surveys_year = surveys_df[surveys_df.year == year]
               # Write the new DataFrame to a CSV file
               filename = 'yearly_files/surveys' + str(year) + '.csv'
               surveys year. to csv(filename)
    [22]:
           filename = 'yearly files/surveys' + str(year) + '.csv'
In
    [23]:
           surveys_year = surveys_df[surveys_df.year == year].dropna()
In
```

```
In [24]:
          n year = 5 # better overview by making variable from it
          first_year = surveys_df['year'].min()
           last_year = surveys_df['year'].max()
           for year in range(first_year, last_year, n_year):
              print (year)
              # Select data for the year
              surveys_year = surveys_df[surveys_df.year == year].dropna()
            1977
            1982
            1987
            1992
            1997
   [27]:
          for species in surveys df['species id'].dropna().unique():
               surveys_species = surveys_df[surveys_df.species_id == species]
              filename = 'surveys' + species + '.csv'
              surveys species. to csv(filename)
   [28]:
          def this_is_the_function_name(input_argument1, input_argument2):
In
              # The body of the function is indented
              # This function prints the two arguments to screen
              print ('The function arguments are:', input_argument1, input_argument2, '(this is do
              # And returns their product
              return input_argument1 * input_argument2
          product_of_inputs = this_is_the_function_name(2, 5)
            The function arguments are: 2 5 (this is done inside the function!)
          print('Their product is:', product_of_inputs, '(this is done outside the function!)')
    [30]:
In
            Their product is: 10 (this is done outside the function!)
   [31]:
          product_of_inputs = this_is_the_function_name(3, 'clap')
          print(product_of_inputs)
            The function arguments are: 3 clap (this is done inside the function!)
            clapclapclap
    [32]:
In
          product_of_inputs = this_is_the_function_name(3, 18, 33)
            TypeError
                                                       Traceback (most recent call last)
            <ipython-input-32-fe6c4bc29afc> in <module>()
            ----> 1 product_of_inputs = this_is_the_function_name(3, 18, 33)
            TypeError: this is the function name() takes 2 positional arguments but 3 were give
```

```
this is the function name (23, 108)
In [33]:
            The function arguments are: 23 108 (this is done inside the function!)
Out[33]: 2484
          var defined outside = 'outside'
   [35]:
          def this_is_the_function_name(input_argument1, input_argument2):
               var_defined_inside = 'inside'
               print ('The function arguments are:', input_argument1, input_argument2, '(this is do
               print('This variable was created ' + var defined outside + ' the function')
               return input_argument1 * input_argument2
   [36]: this is the function name (3.3, 7.9)
            The function arguments are: 3.3 7.9 (this is done inside the function!)
            This variable was created outside the function
Out[36]: 26,07
          shared variable name = 'who would I be'
          def this_is_the_function_name(input_argument1, input_argument2):
               shared variable name = 'without you'
               print ('The function arguments are:', input argument1, input argument2, '(this is do
               return input argument1 * input argument2
          print(shared_variable_name)
            who would I be
          this_is_the_function_name(2, 3) # does calling the function change the variable's value
   [39]:
In
            The function arguments are: 2 3 (this is done inside the function!)
Out[39]: 6
          print(shared variable name)
    [40]:
            who would I be
   [41]:
          def this_is_the_function_name(input_argument1, input_argument2):
               shared_variable_name = 'without you'
               shared_variable_name = shared_variable_name + ', without them?'
               print(shared variable name)
               print ('The function arguments are:', input_argument1, input_argument2, '(this is do
               return input_argument1 * input_argument2
           this_is_the_function_name(2, 3)
            without you, without them?
            The function arguments are: 2 3 (this is done inside the function!)
Out[41]: 6
   [42]:
          print(shared variable name)
            who would I be
```

```
In [44]:
          help(one_year_csv_writer)
            Help on function one_year_csv_writer in module __main__:
            one_year_csv_writer(this_year, all_data)
                Writes a csv file for data from a given year.
                this_year -- year for which data is extracted
                all data -- DataFrame with multi-year data
In [52]: a = 5
          if a<0: # Meets first condition?
              # if a IS less than zero
              print('a is a negative number')
          elif a>0: # Did not meet first condition. meets second condition?
              # if a ISN'T less than zero and IS more than zero
              print('a is a positive number')
          else: # Met neither condition
              # if a ISN'T less than zero and ISN'T more than zero
              print('a must be zero!')
            a is a positive number
   [55]:
          def yearly data arg test(all data, start year=None, end year=None):
              Modified from yearly_data_csv_writer to test default argument values!
              all_data -- DataFrame with multi-year data
              start_year — the first year of data we want, Check all_data! (default None)
              end year -- the last year of data we want; Check all data! (default None)
              if start_year is None:
                  start_year = min(all_data.year)
              if end_year is None:
                  end year = max(all data.year)
              return start_year, end_year
          start, end = yearly_data_arg_test(surveys_df, 1988, 1993)
          print('No keywords:\t\t\t', start, end)
            No keywords:
                                             1988 1993
          start, end = yearly_data_arg_test(surveys_df, start_year=1988, end_year=1993)
In [57]:
          print('Both keywords, in order:\t', start, end)
                                             1988 1993
            Both keywords, in order:
```

```
In [58]:
          start, end = yearly_data_arg_test(surveys_df, end_year=1993, start_year=1988)
          print('Both keywords, flipped:\t\t', start, end)
            Both keywords, flipped:
                                             1988 1993
   [59]:
          start, end = yearly data arg test(surveys df, start year=1988)
          print('One keyword, default end:\t', start, end)
            One keyword, default end:
                                             1988 2002
   [60]:
          start, end = yearly_data_arg_test(surveys_df, end_year=1993)
          print('One keyword, default start:\t', start, end)
            One keyword, default start:
                                             1977 1993
   [62]:
          def one_year_csv_writer(this_year, all_data):
              Writes a csv file for data from a given year.
              this_year — year for which data is extracted
              all_data -- DataFrame with multi-year data
              # Select data for the year
              surveys year = all data[all data.year == this year]
              # Write the new DataFrame to a csv file
              filename = 'yearly_files/function_surveys' + str(this_year) + '.csv'
              surveys year. to csv(filename)
              return filename
          def yearly_data_csv_writer(start_year, end_year, all_data):
              Writes separate CSV files for each year of data.
              start_year — the first year of data we want
              end year -- the last year of data we want
              all_data -- DataFrame with multi-year data
              # "end year" is the last year of data we want to pull, so we loop to end year+1
              output files = []
              for year in range(start_year, end_year+1):
                  output_files.append(one_year_csv_writer(year, all data))
              return output_files
          print (yearly data csv writer (2000, 2001, surveys df))
```

['yearly_files/function_surveys2000.csv', 'yearly_files/function_surveys2001.csv']

```
In [64]:
          def one_year_csv_writer(this_year, all_data, folder_to_save, root_name):
               Writes a csv file for data from a given year.
               Parameters
               this_year : int
                  year for which data is extracted
               all_data: pd.DataFrame
                  DataFrame with multi-year data
               folder to save : str
                   folder to save the data files
               root name: str
               root of the filenames to save the data
               # Select data for the year
               surveys_year = all_data[all_data.year == this_year]
               # Write the new DataFrame to a csv file
              filename = os.path.join(folder_to_save, ''.join([root_name, str(this_year), '.csv']
               surveys year. to csv(filename)
In
    [65]:
          directory name = './'
    [66]:
          root_file_name = '123'
In
In
    [67]:
          for year in range(start_year, end_year+1):
               one year csv writer (year, surveys df, directory name, root file name)
In
   [ ]:
```