

# Co-Design of Embodied Intelligence: A Structured Approach

2021 IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems

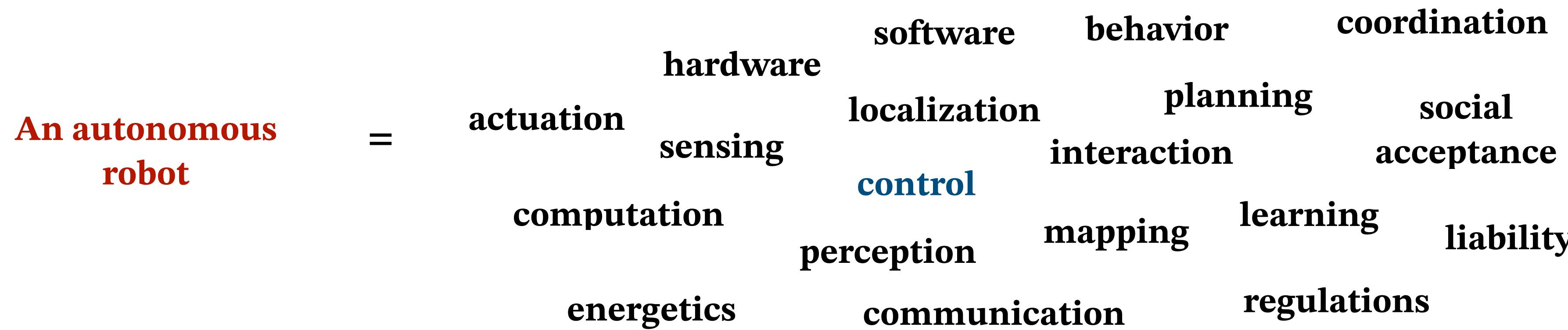
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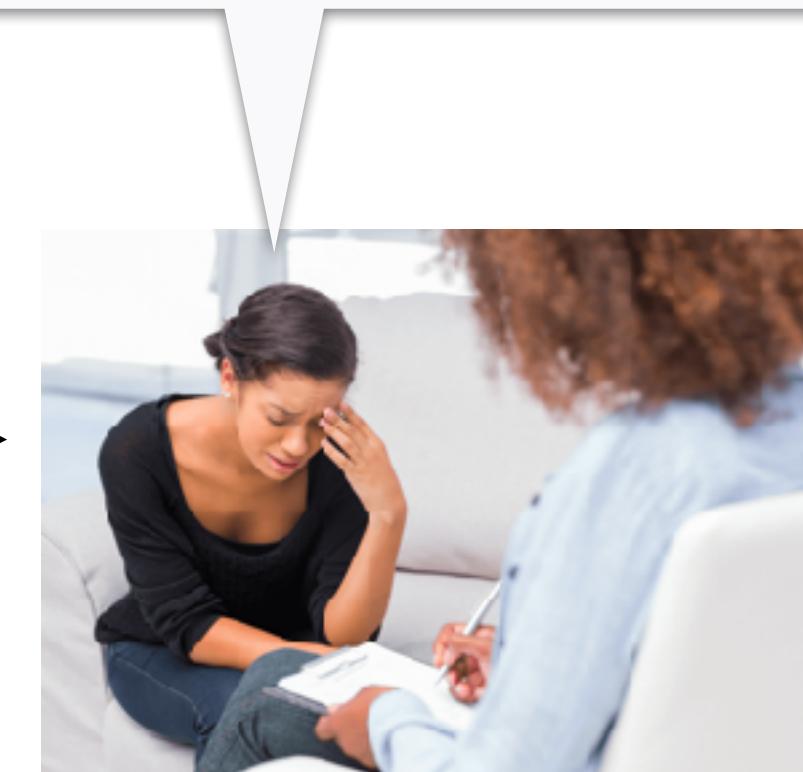
# The pain of engineering complex systems



So many **components** (hardware, software, ...),  
so many choices to make!  
Nobody can understand the **whole** thing!

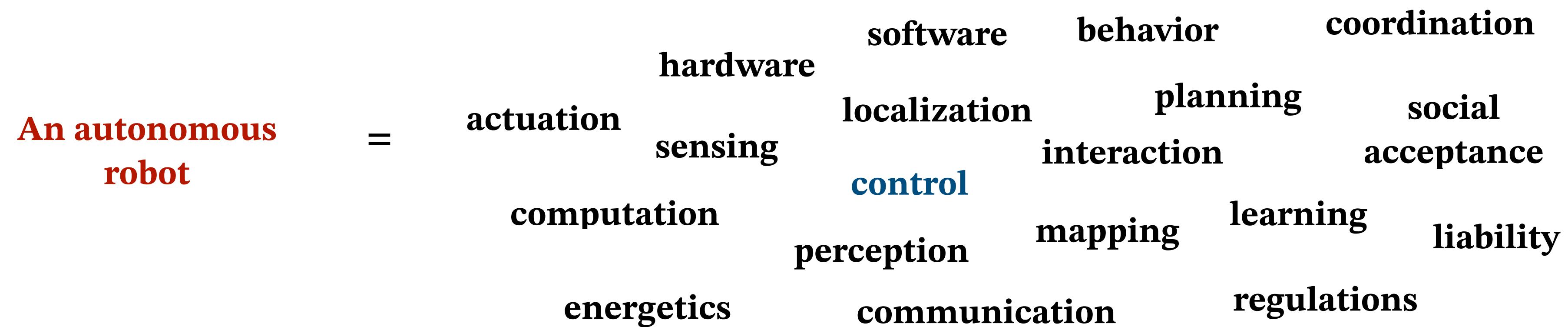
We forget why we made some **choices**, and we are  
afraid to make **changes**...  
These “computer” thingies are not helping us that  
much for design...

*anthropomorphization  
of 21st century  
engineering malaise*



“My dear, it’s simple: you lack  
a proper theory of co-design!”

# Co-design of autonomous systems: from hardware selection to control synthesis



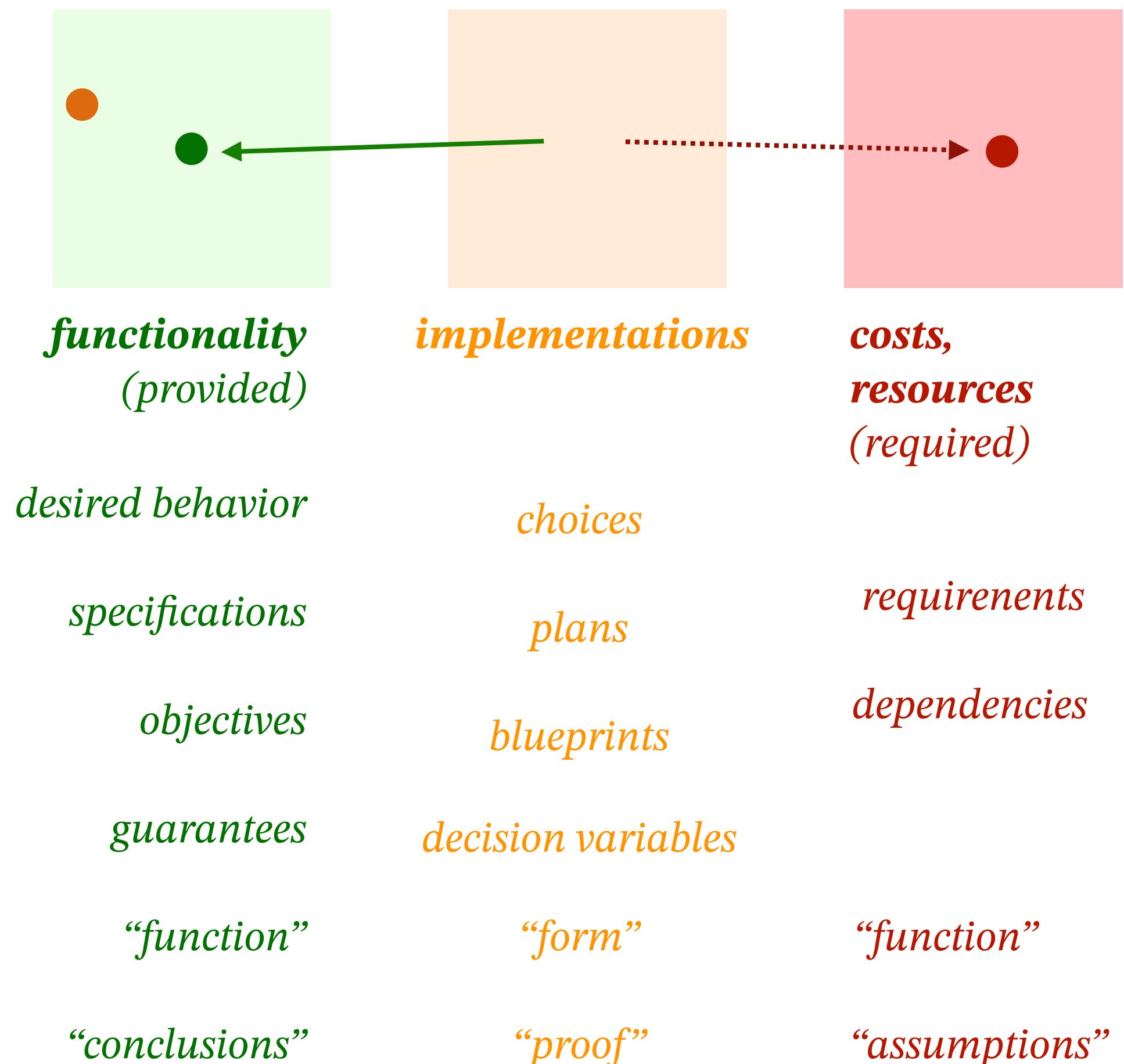
## ► Takeways of this talk:

- Using co-design, it is easy to **hierarchical embodied intelligence models**
- Very **intuitive** modeling approach (no “acrobatics” needed)
- **Rich modeling capabilities:** analytic models, catalogues, simulations
- **Compositionality and modularity** allow **interdisciplinary collaboration**
- Co-design produces **actionable information** for designers to **reason** about their problems

# An abstract view of design problems

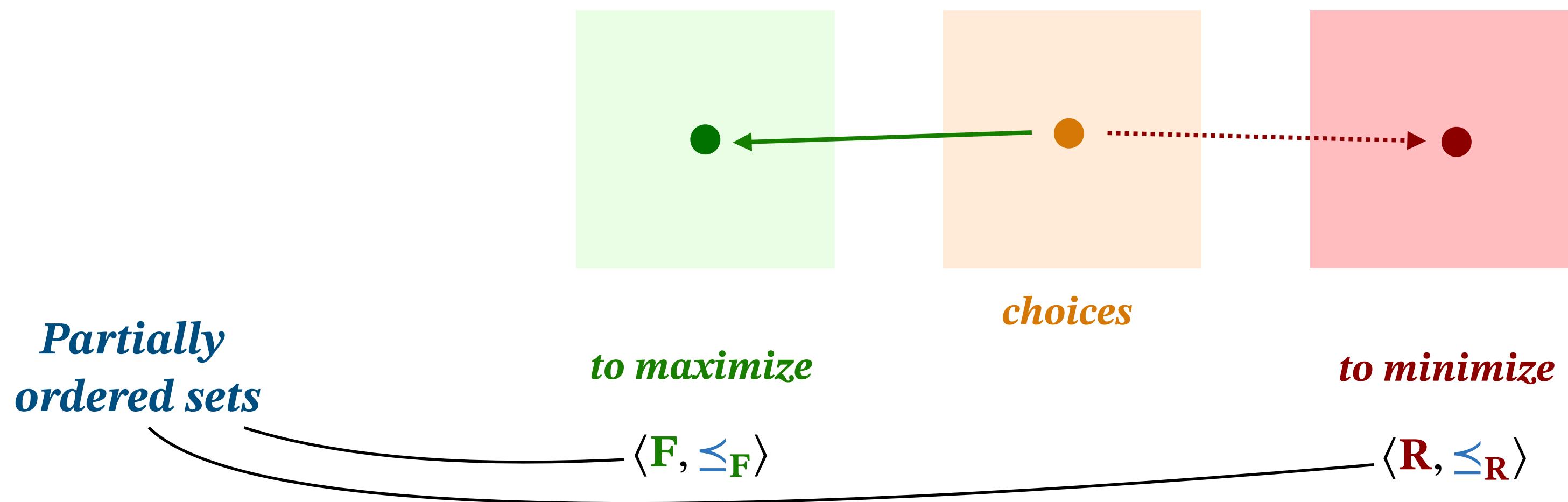
- ▶ Across fields, design or synthesis problems are defined with 3 spaces:

- **implementation space**: the options we can choose from;
- **functionality space**: what we need to provide/achieve;
- **requirements/costs space**: the resources we need to have available;



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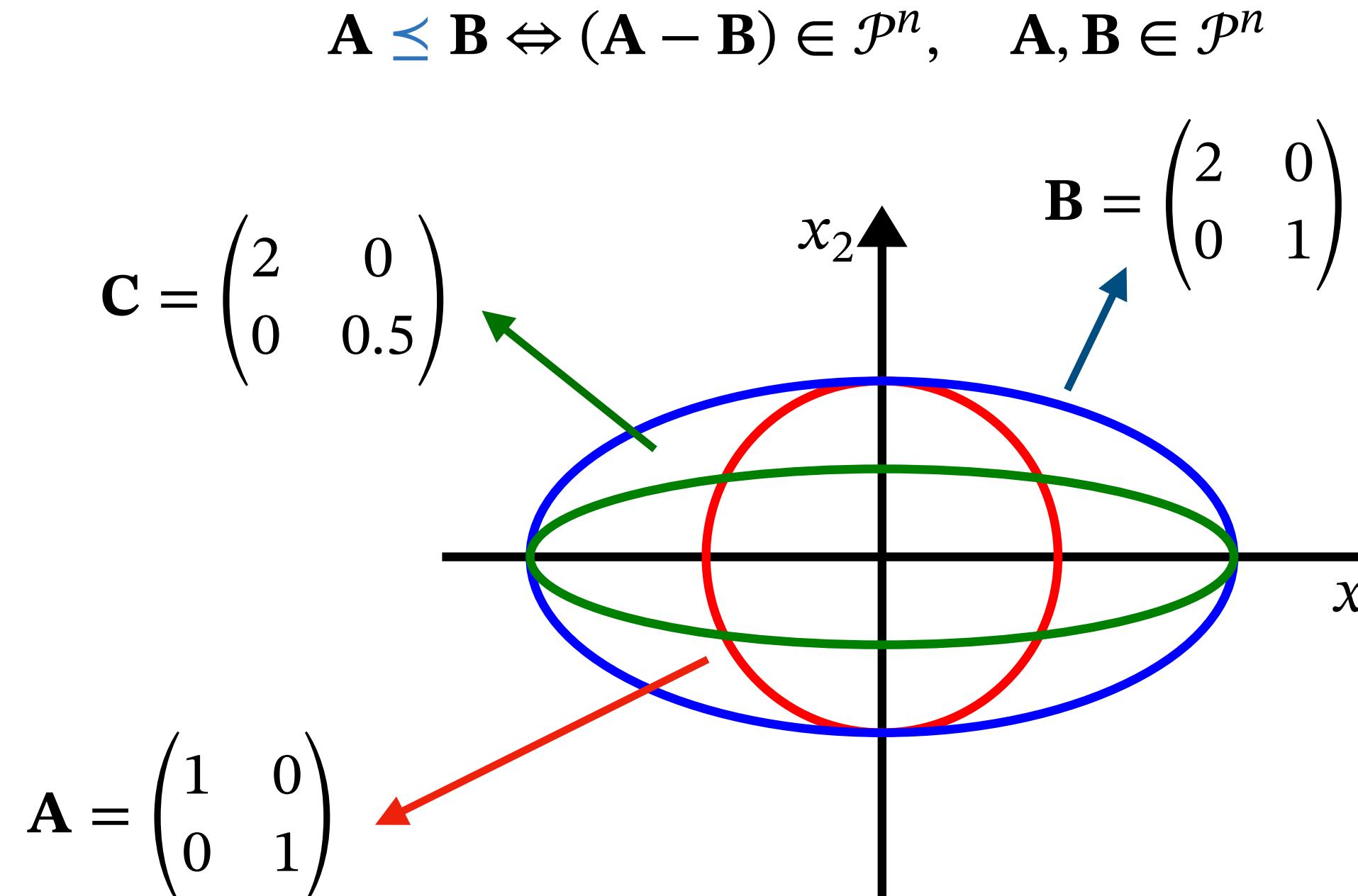


# Partial orders allow to model various trade-offs

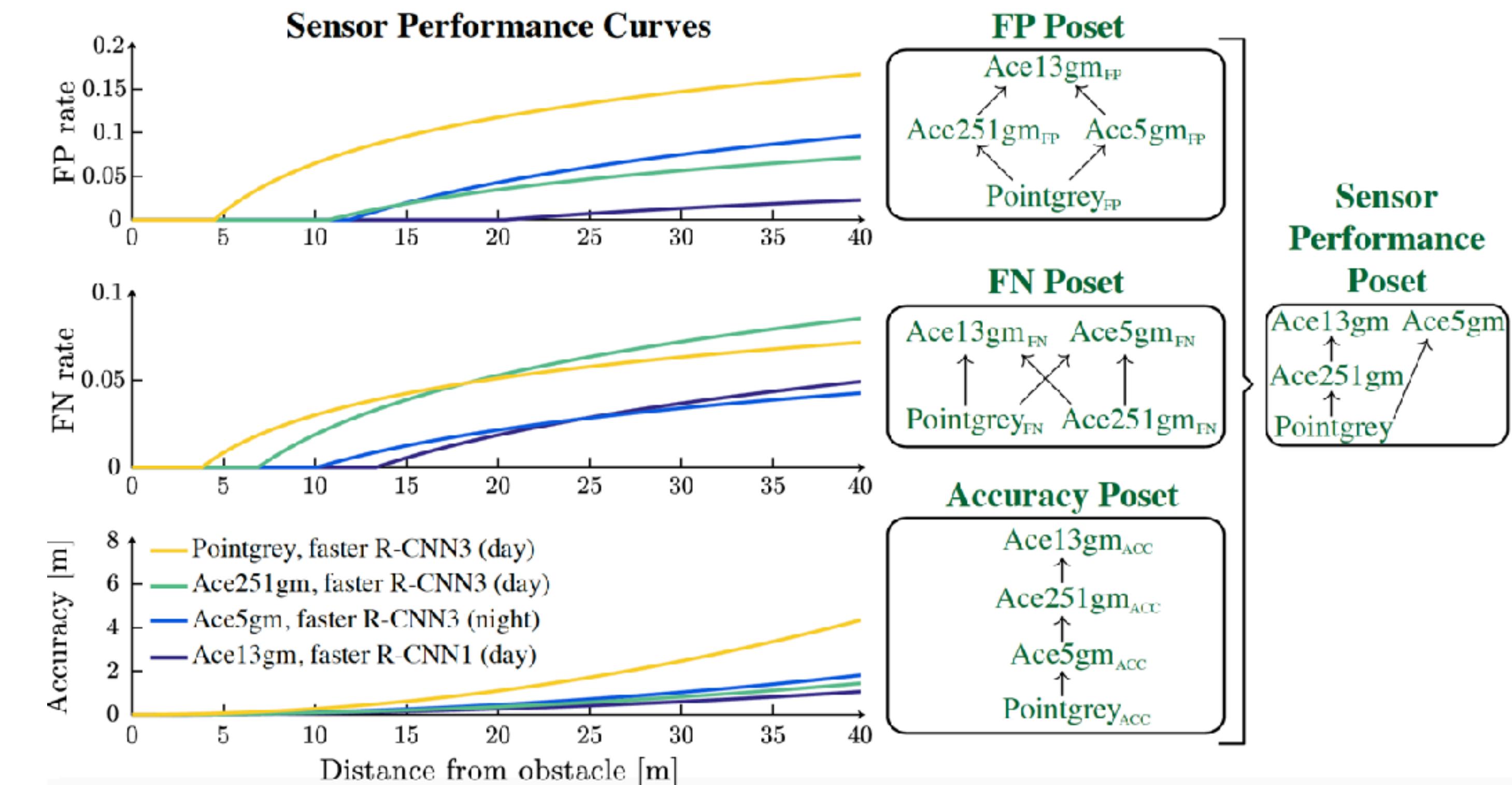
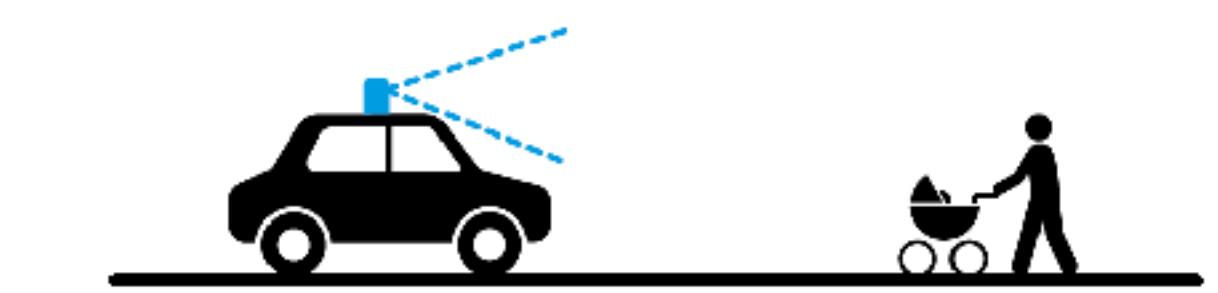
**Definition.** A poset is a tuple  $\langle P, \leq_P \rangle$ , where  $P$  is a set and  $\leq_P$  is a partial order, defined as a reflexive, transitive, and antisymmetric relation.

- ▶ All **totally ordered sets** are particular cases of **partially ordered sets**:  $\langle \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}, \leq \rangle$   $\langle \mathbb{N}, \leq \rangle$
- ▶ In this work, among others, we consider

*A poset of positive semi-definite matrices*



*A poset of sensors*



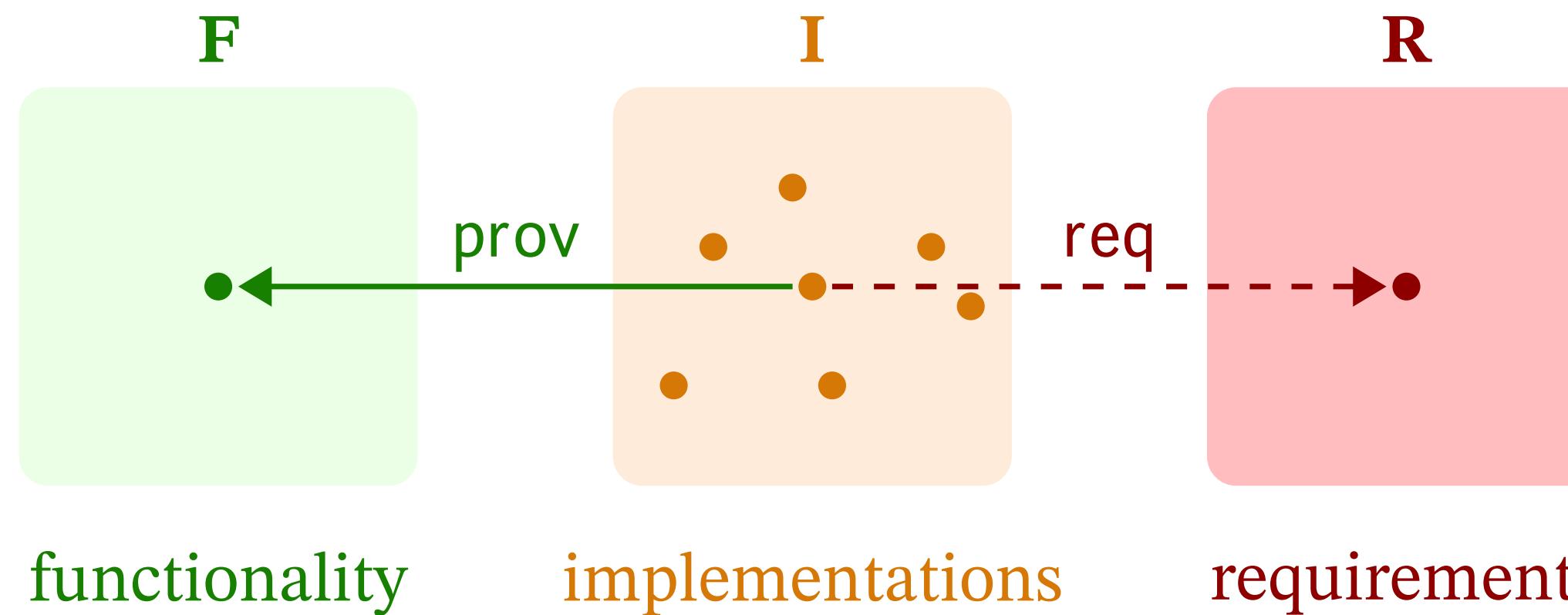
# Design problem with implementation (DPIs)

**Definition** (Design problem with implementation). A *design problem with implementation* (DPI) is a tuple

$$\langle \mathbf{F}, \mathbf{R}, \mathbf{I}, \text{prov}, \text{req} \rangle,$$

where:

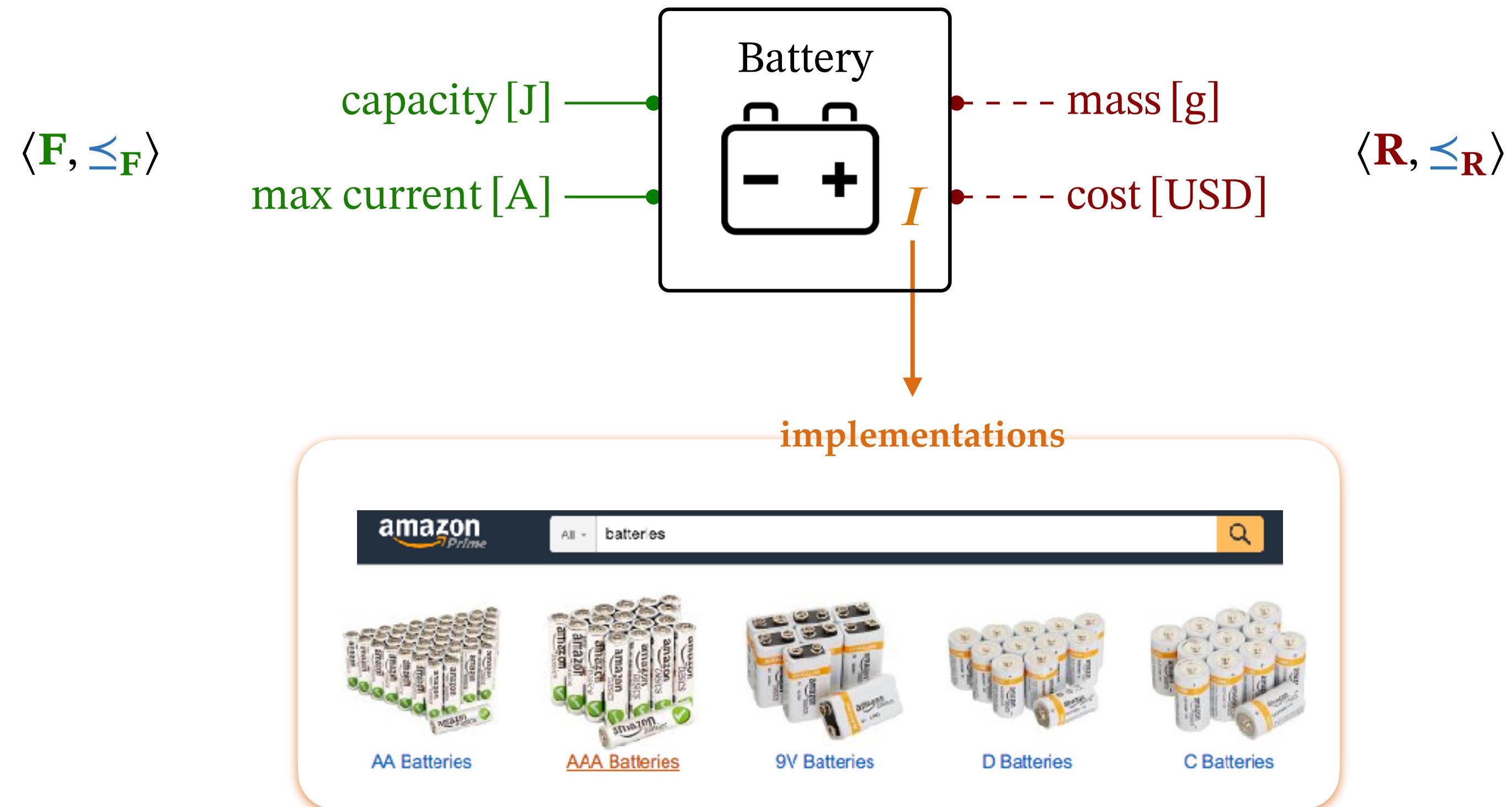
- ▷  $\mathbf{F}$  is a poset, called *functionality space*;
- ▷  $\mathbf{R}$  is a poset, called *requirements space*;
- ▷  $\mathbf{I}$  is a set, called *implementation space*;
- ▷ the map  $\text{prov} : \mathbf{I} \rightarrow \mathbf{F}$  maps an implementation to the functionality it provides;
- ▷ the map  $\text{req} : \mathbf{I} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  maps an implementation to the resources it requires.



# Graphical notation for DPIS

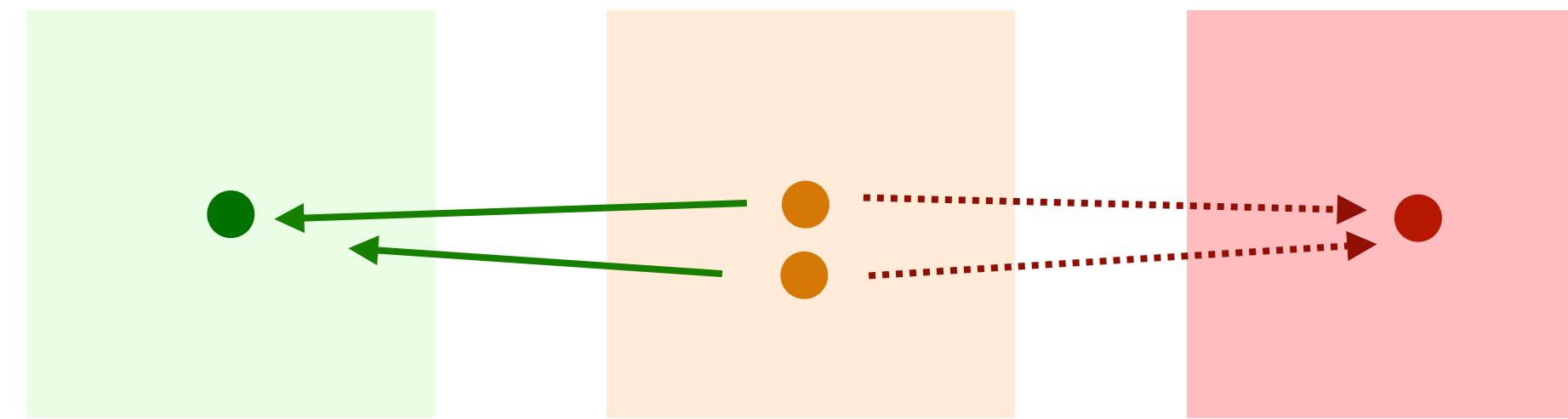
► We use this graphical notation:

- functionality: **green continuous wires** on the left
- requirements: **dashed red wires** on the right.

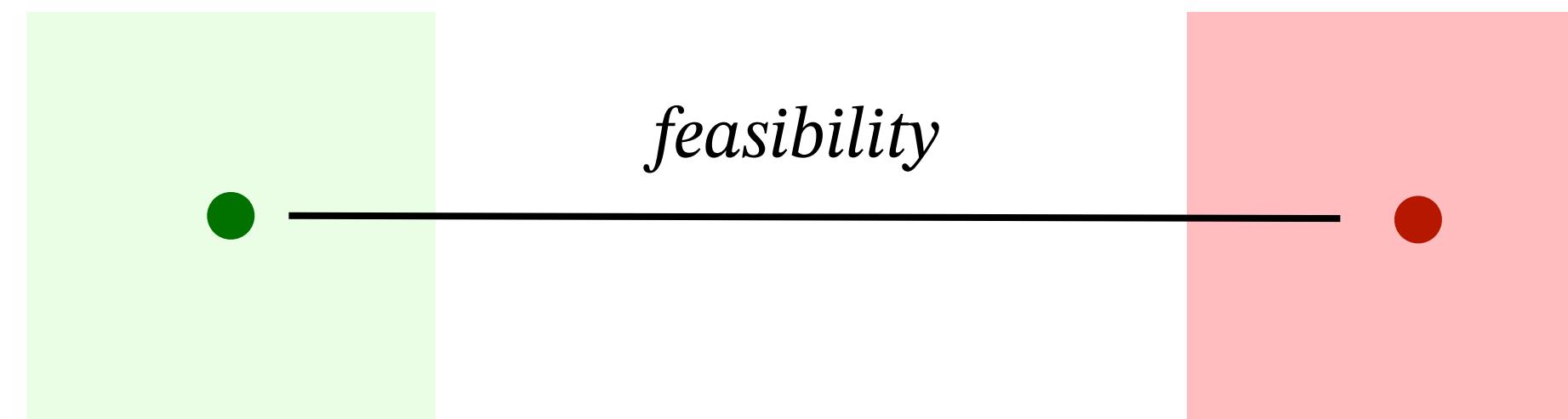


# Engineering is constructive

- For the purpose of design, we **need to know how something is done**, not just that it is possible to do something: **engineering is constructive**.
- We need to know what are the implementation(s), if any, that relate functionality and costs.



- For the algorithmic solution of co-design problem, **it is useful to consider a direct feasibility relation** from functionality to costs.

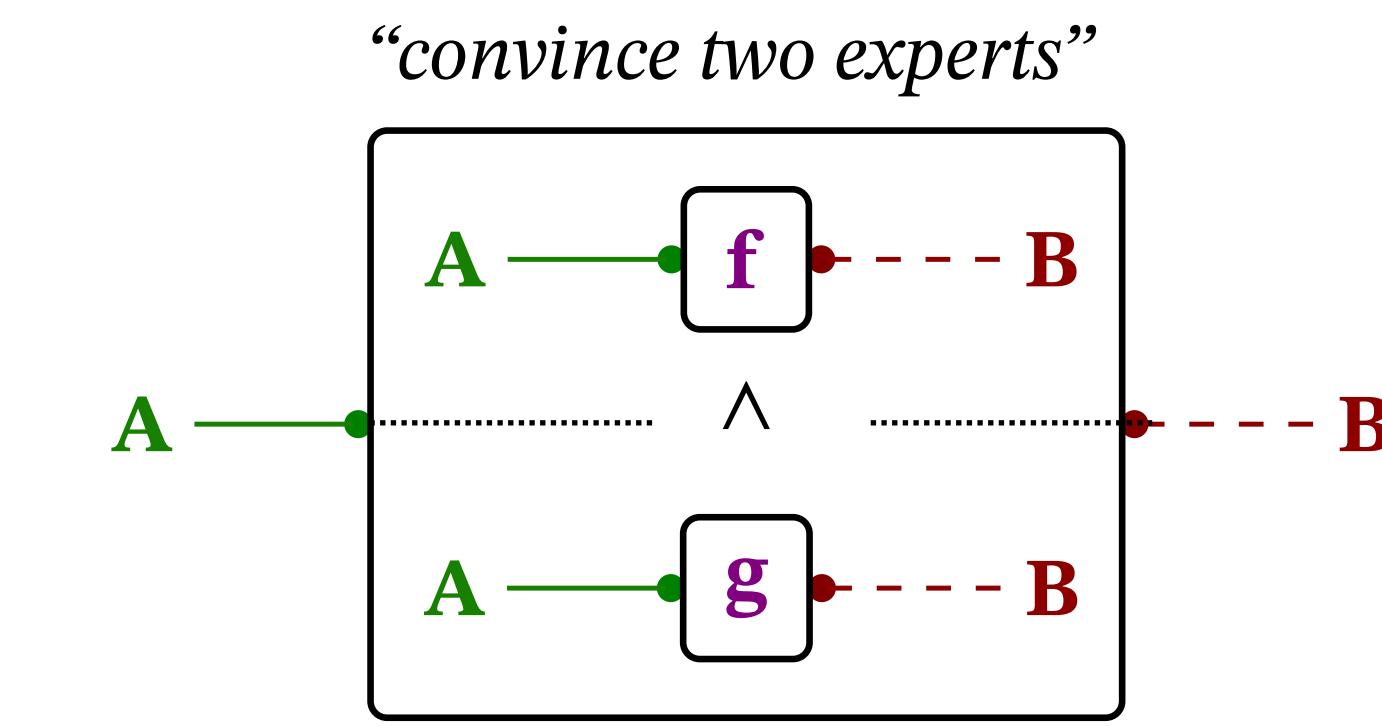
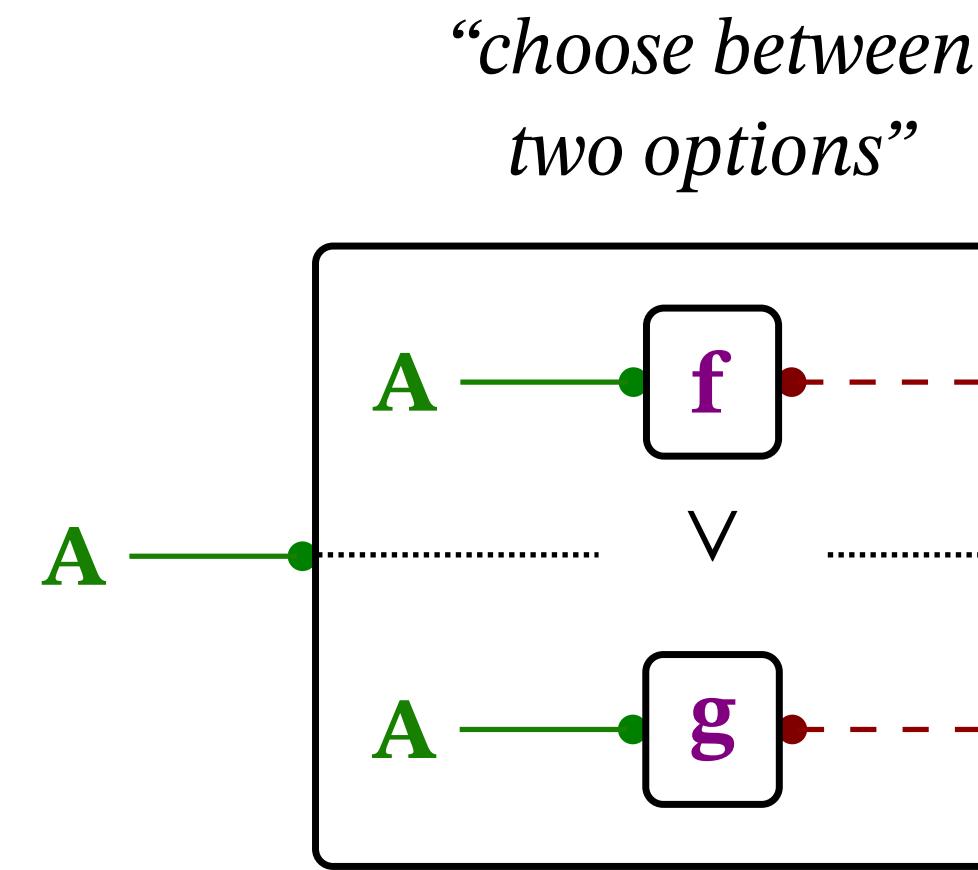
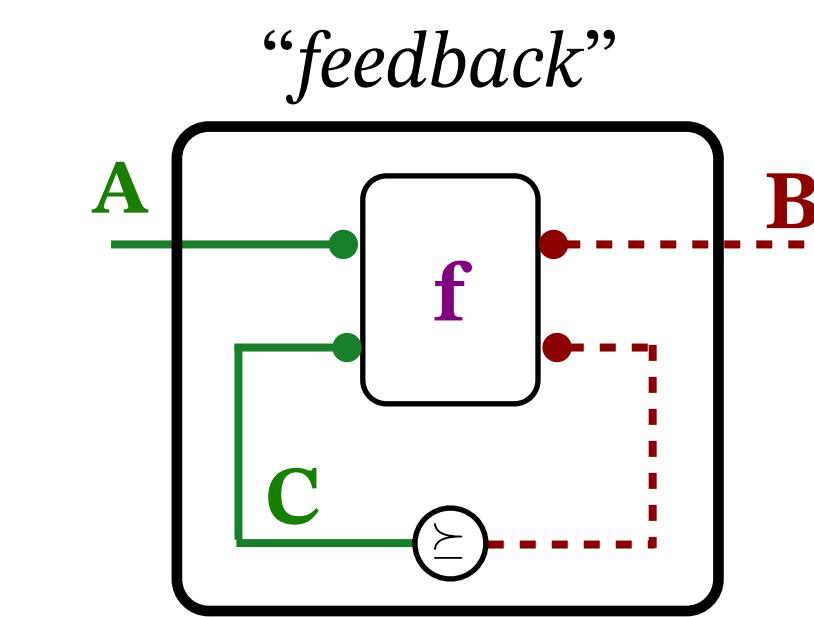
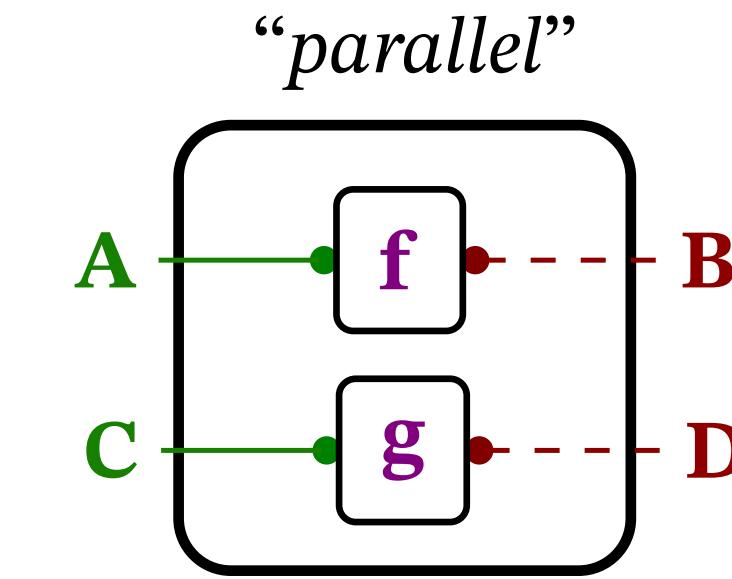
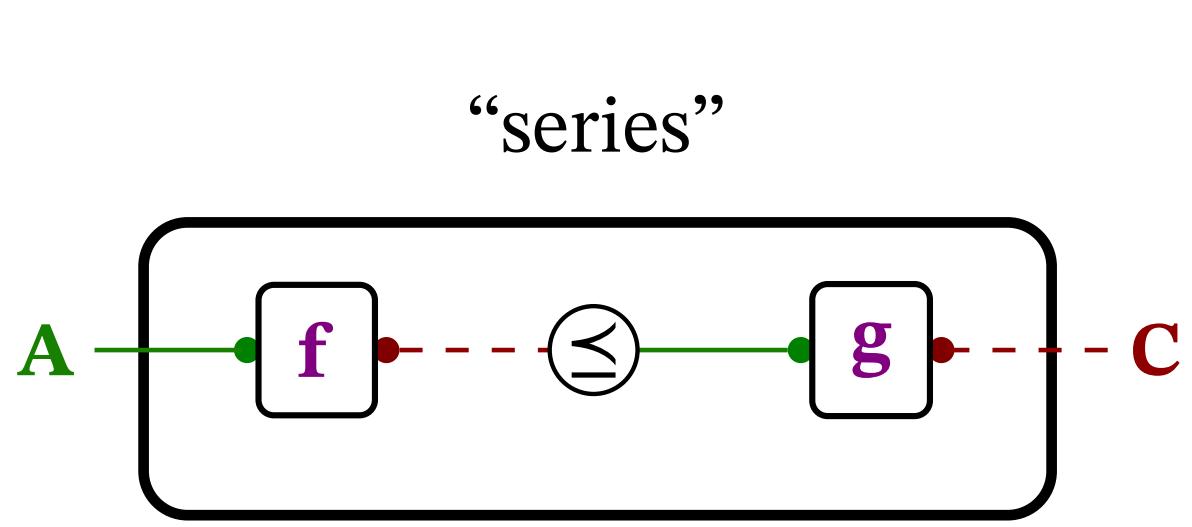


$$\mathbf{d} : \mathbf{F}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbf{R} \xrightarrow{\text{Pos}} \mathbf{Bool}$$

$$\langle f^*, r \rangle \mapsto \exists i \in I : (f \leq_{\mathbf{F}} \text{prov}(i)) \wedge (\text{req}(i) \leq_{\mathbf{R}} r)$$

- Monotone map:** Lower **functionalities** does **not** require more **resources**, higher **resources** do not provide less **functionalities**

# Composition operators

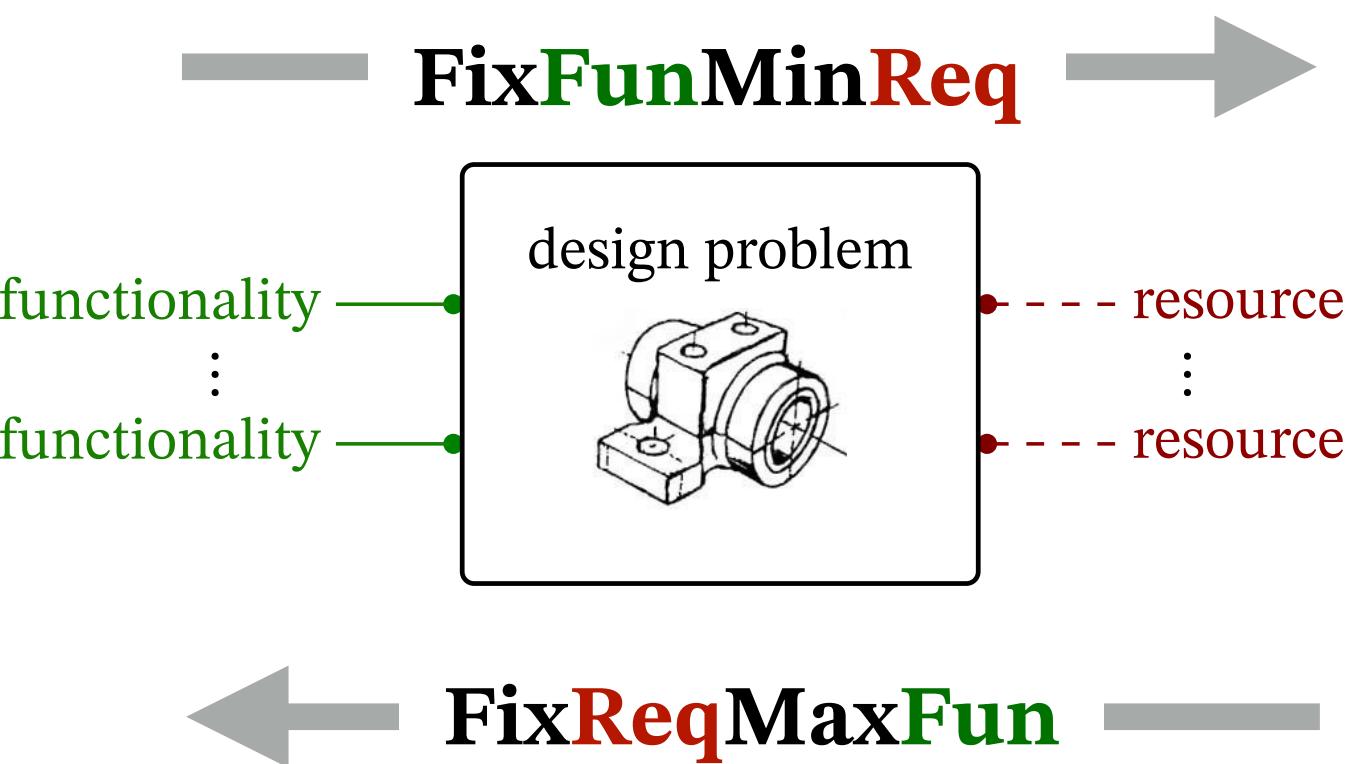


- ▶ The **composition** of any two DPs returns a DP (closure)
- ▶ Very practical tool to **decompose** large **problems** into **subproblems**

# Design queries

- ▶ Two basic design queries are:
  - **FixFunMinReq**: Fixed a lower bound on functionality, minimize the resources.
  - **FixReqMaxFun**: Fixed an upper bound on the resource, maximize the functionality

**Given the functionality** to be provided,  
what are the **minimal resources** required?

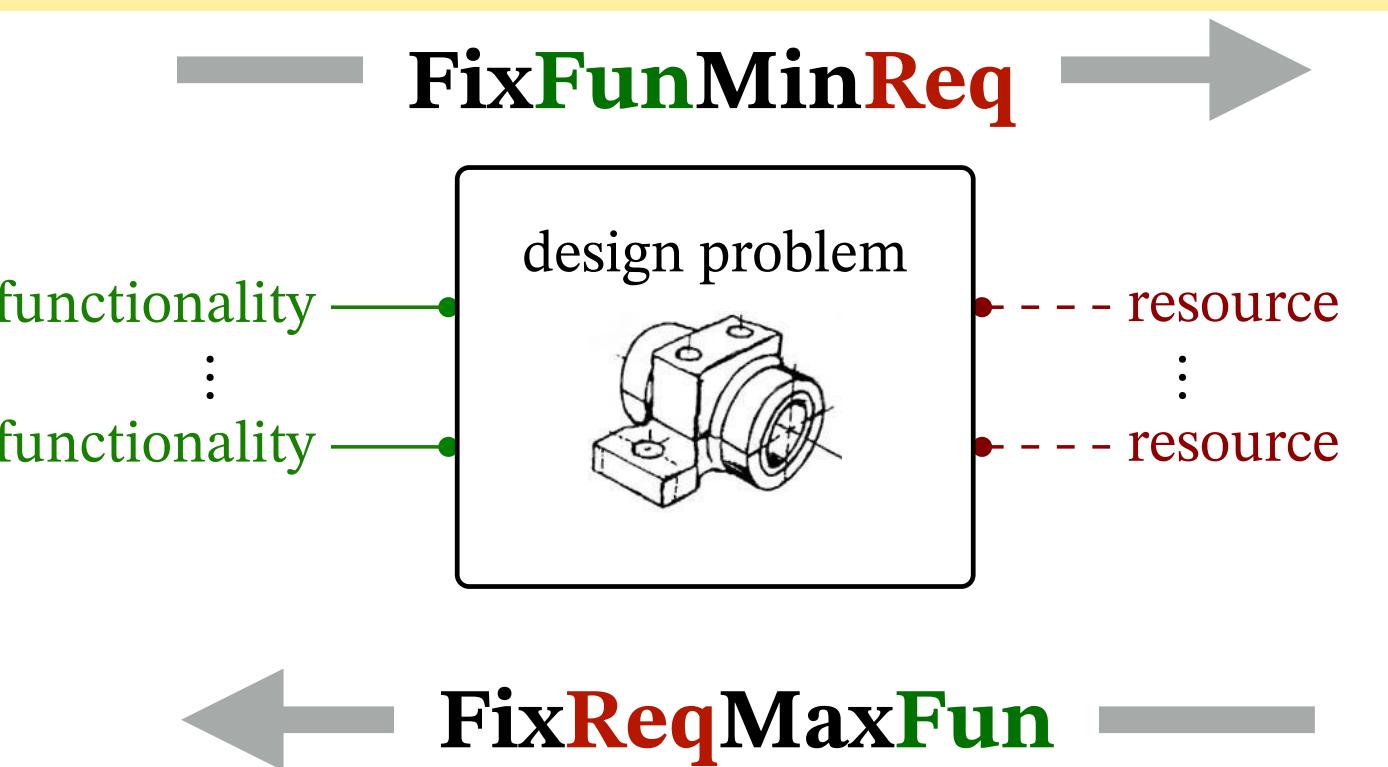


**Given the resources** that are available, what is  
the **maximal functionality** that can be provided?

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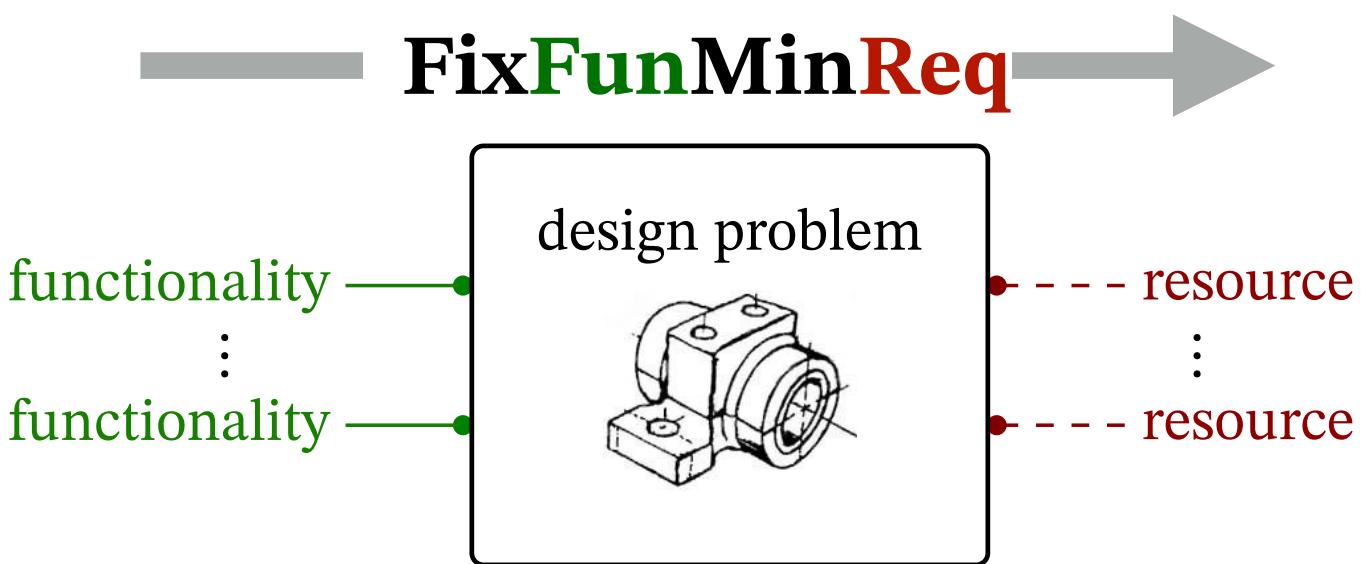
- ▶ The two problems are **dual**
- ▶ From the solutions, one can retrieve the **implementations** (design choices)

# Design queries

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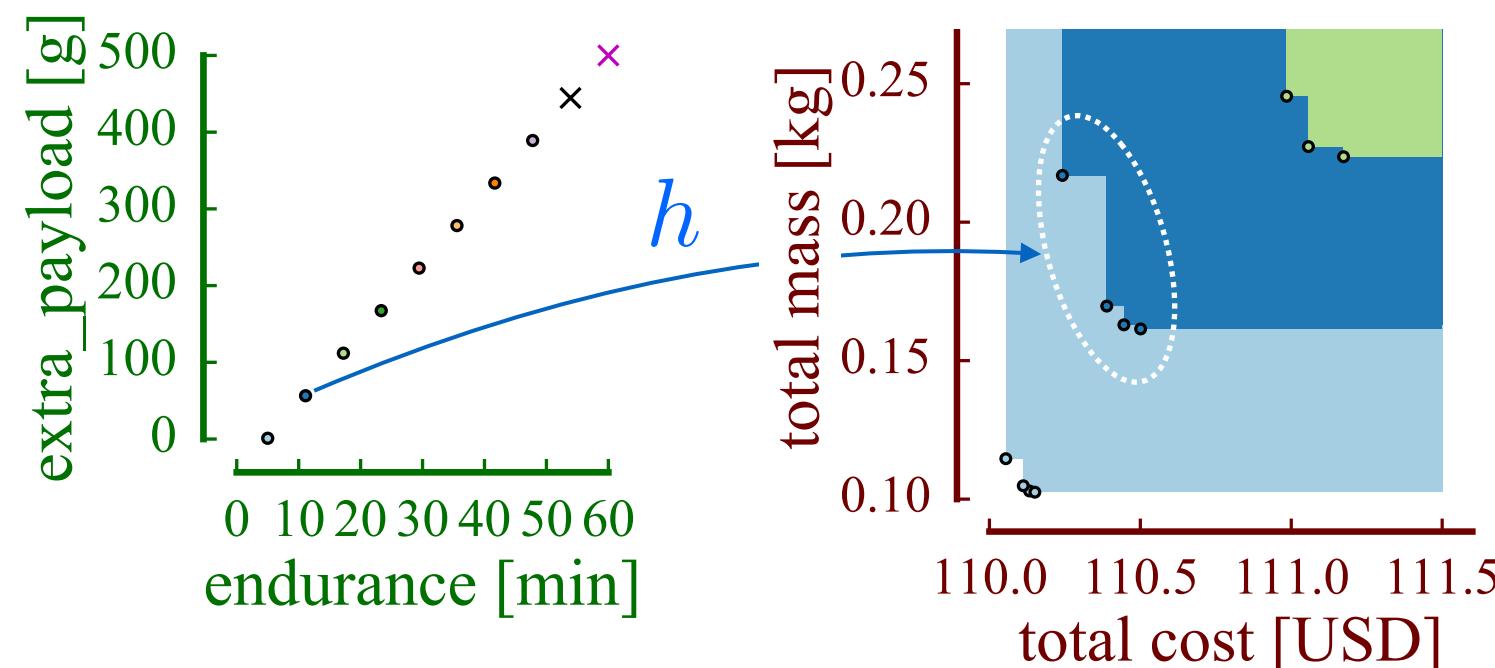
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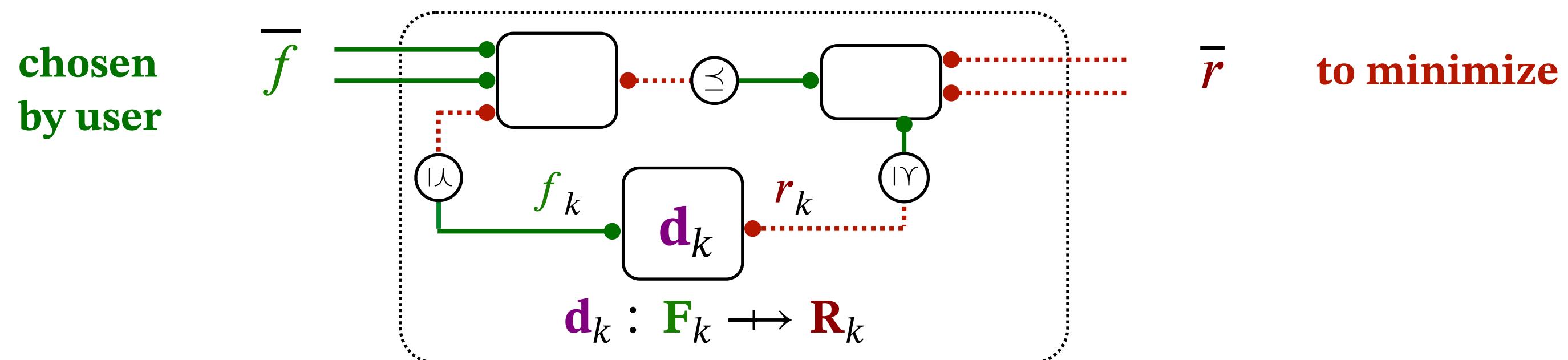
- We are looking for:

- A map from functionality to upper sets of feasible resources:  $h : F \rightarrow \mathcal{U}\mathbf{R}$
- A map from functionality to antichains of minimal resources:  $h : F \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\mathbf{R}$



# Optimization semantics

- ▶ This is the semantics of **FixFunMinReq** as a family of optimization problems.



# variables

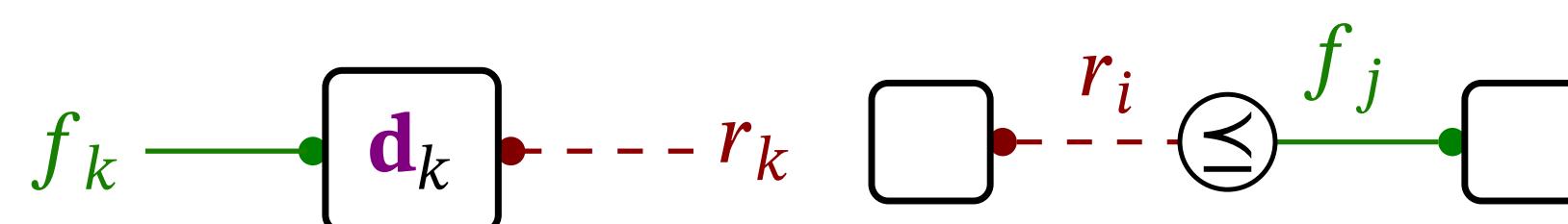
$$r_k \in \langle \mathbf{R}_k, \leq_{\mathbf{R}_k} \rangle$$

$$f_k \in \langle \mathbf{F}_k, \preceq_{\mathbf{F}_k} \rangle$$

# constraints

*for each node:*

*for each edge:*



$$\mathbf{d}_k(f_k^*, r_k) = \top$$

$$r_i \leq f_j$$

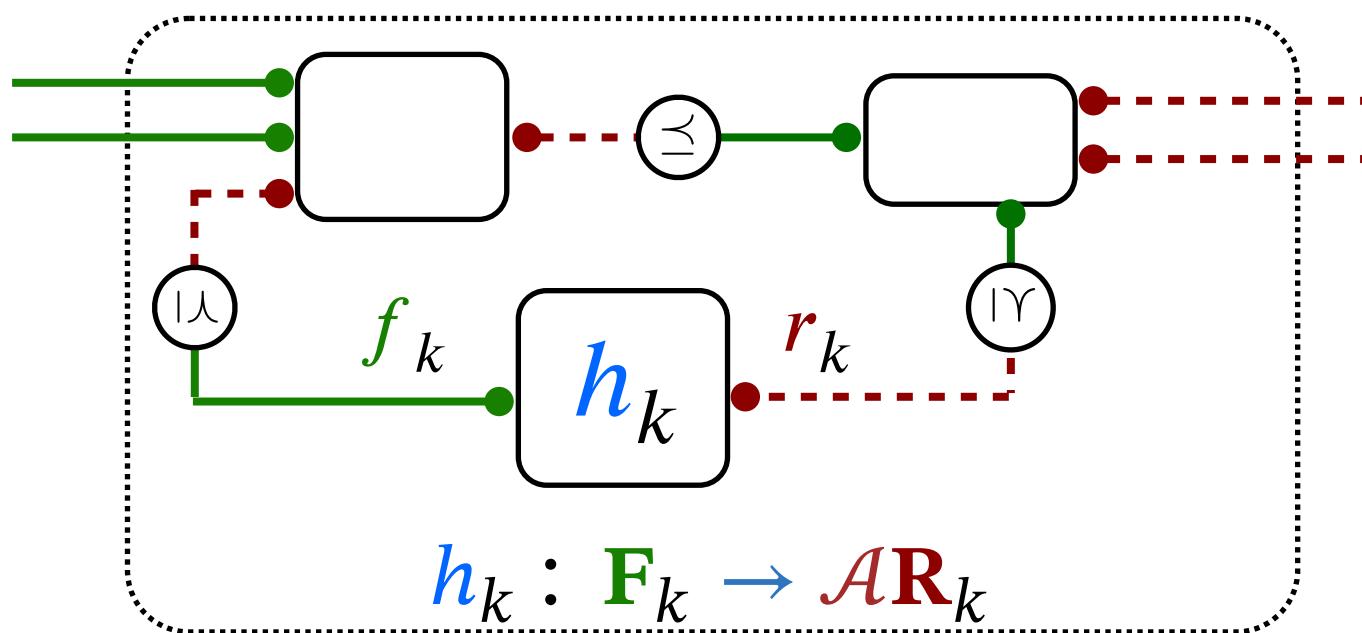
# objective

Min  $\bar{r}$

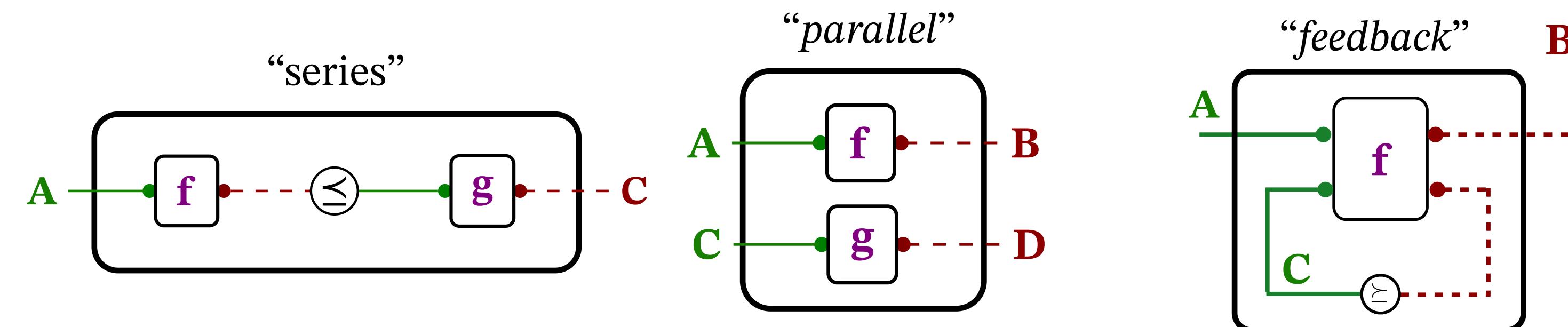
- ! not convex
  - ! not differentiable
  - ! not continuous
  - ! not even defined on continuous spaces

# Solving DP queries

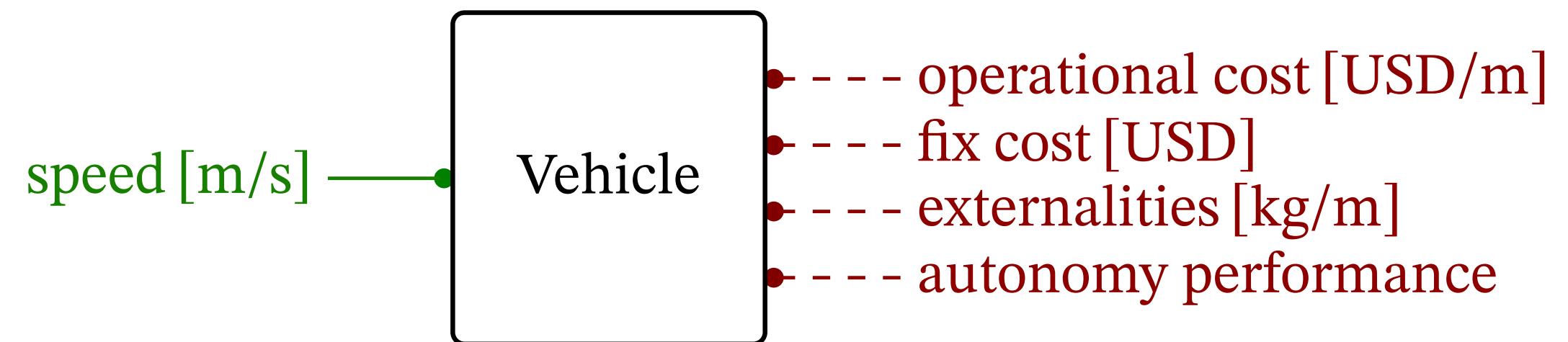
- Suppose we are given the function  $h_k : \mathbf{F}_k \rightarrow \mathcal{AR}_k$  for all nodes in the co-design graph.



- Can we find the map  $h : \mathbf{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{AR}$  for the entire diagram?
- Recursive approach:** We just need to work out the composition formulas for all operations we have defined
- The set of **minimal feasible resources** can be obtained as the **least fixed point** of a monotone function in the space of anti-chains.



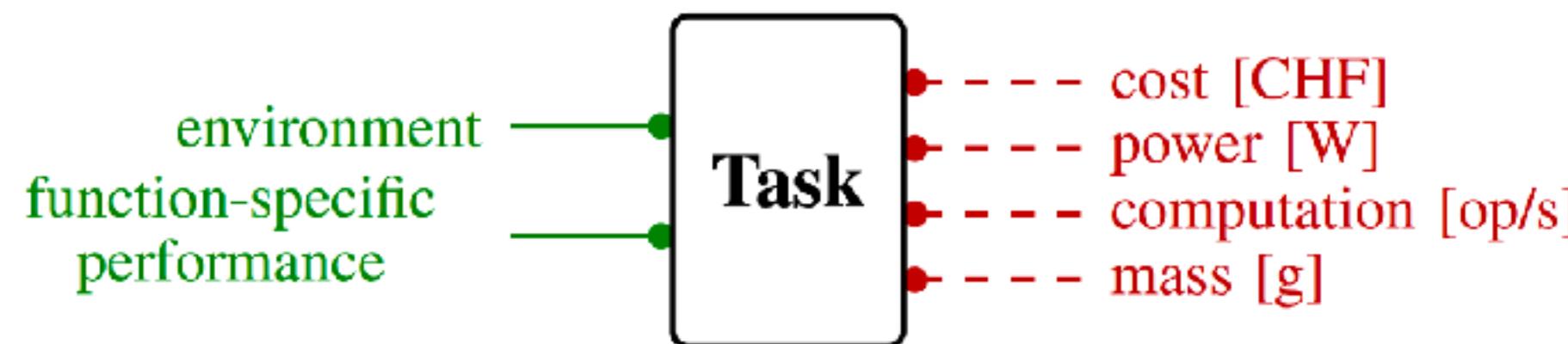
# Co-design of embodied intelligence



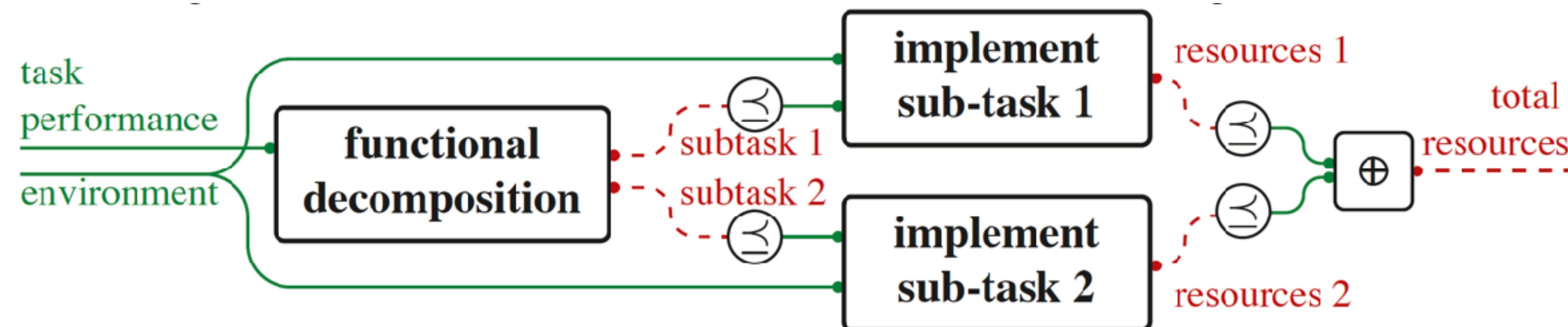
- ▶ We propose a **structured** approach to **model** and **solve embodied intelligence** co-design problems
- ▶ We take the proxy of **AV design**, from the perspective of the **developers**:
  - The methodology can be applied to other autonomous systems
  - *Proof of concept* implementation
- ▶ **Modeling approach:**
  - **Task** - *what do we need to do?*
  - **Functional decomposition** - *how to decompose the system?*
  - **Find components** - *decompose until you find components* (hardware and software)
  - **Find common resources** - In robotics, **size, weight, power, computation, latency**
- ▶ **Implementation:**
  - **Skeleton** - *write the structure using the formal language and the found dependencies*
  - **Fill-in the holes** - *catalogues, analytic models, simulations*

# Task abstraction and functional decomposition in autonomy

- ▶ Embodied intelligence tasks can be usually characterized as a **design problem**:

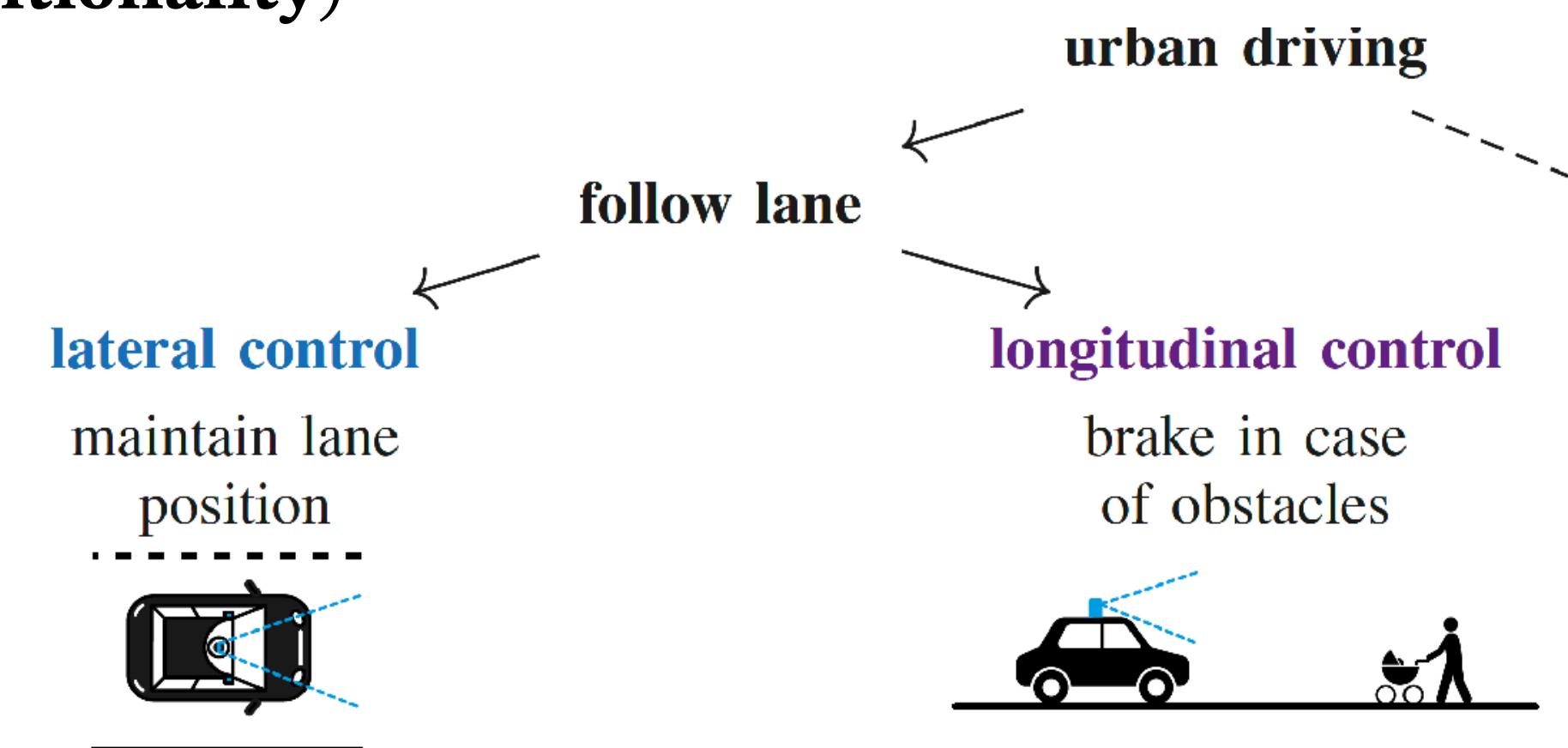


- ▶ Given **sub-tasks**, one can interconnect them:



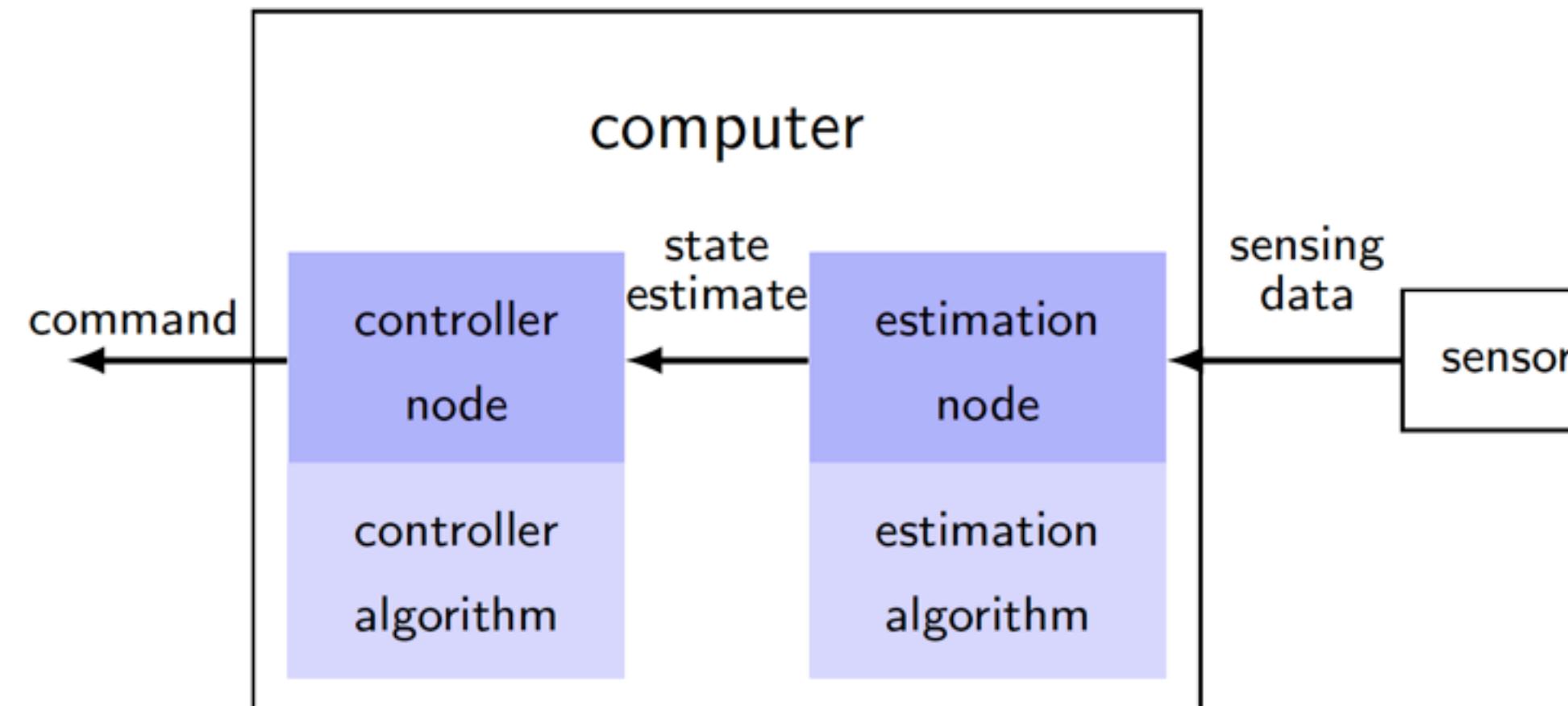
- ▶ Note that **composing** tasks returns a **task (compositionality)**

- ▶ For instance, in **urban driving**:

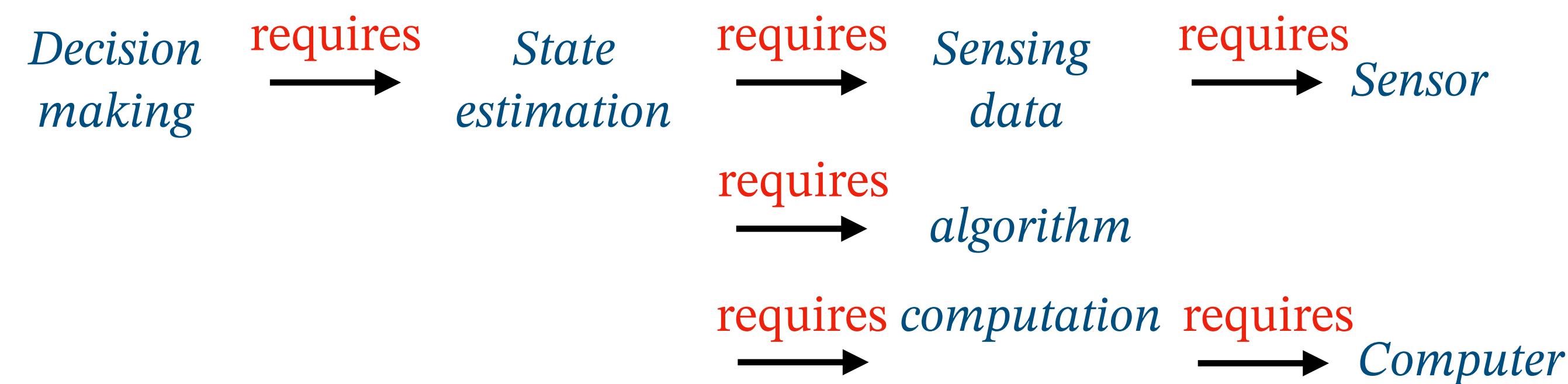


# Finding components: Data flow vs. Logical dependencies

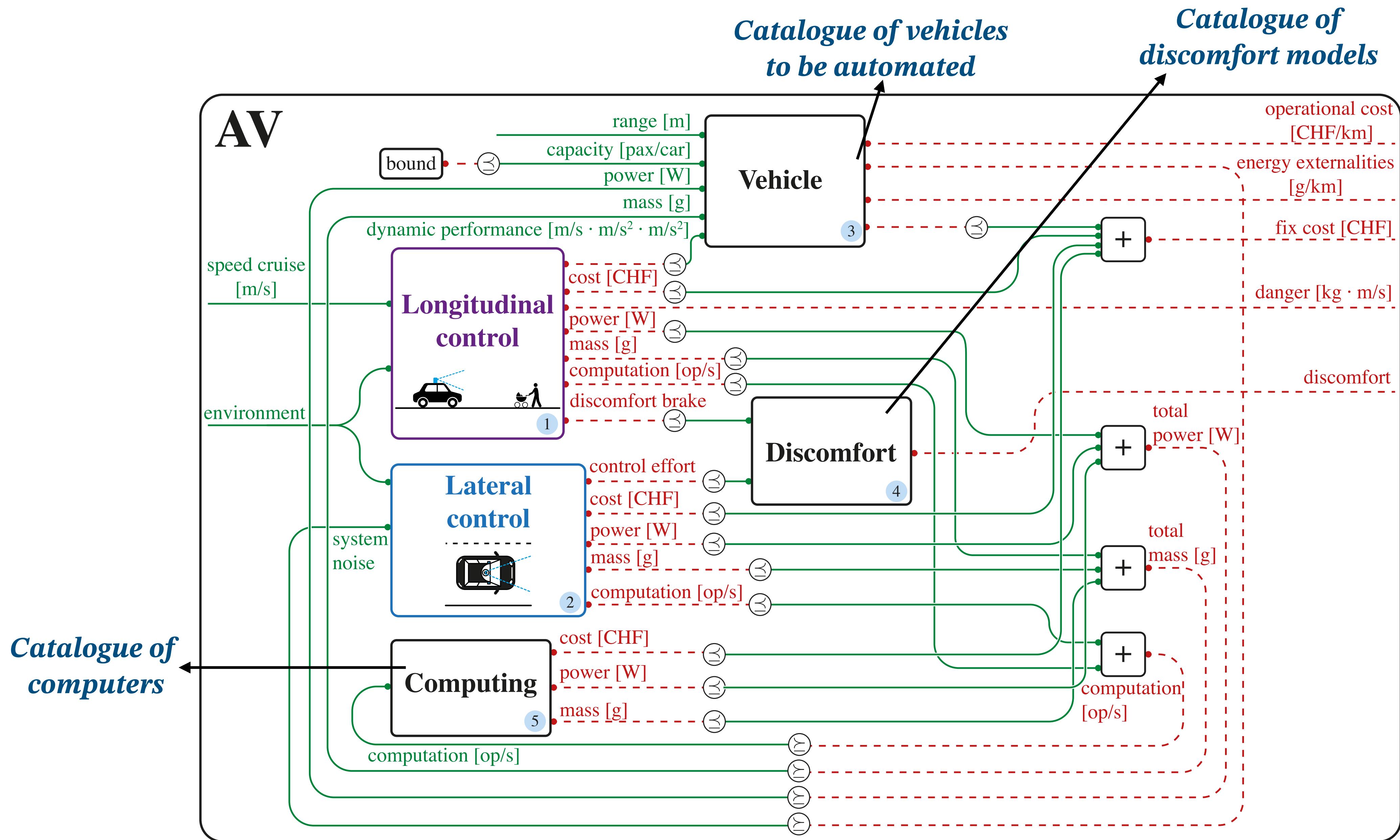
- ▶ In robotics, we are used to think about **data flow**:



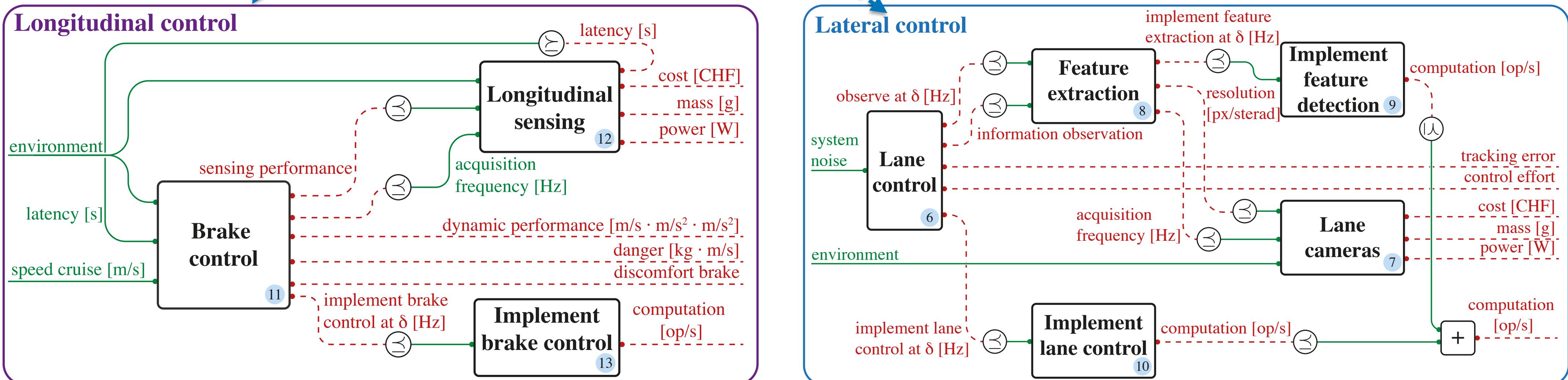
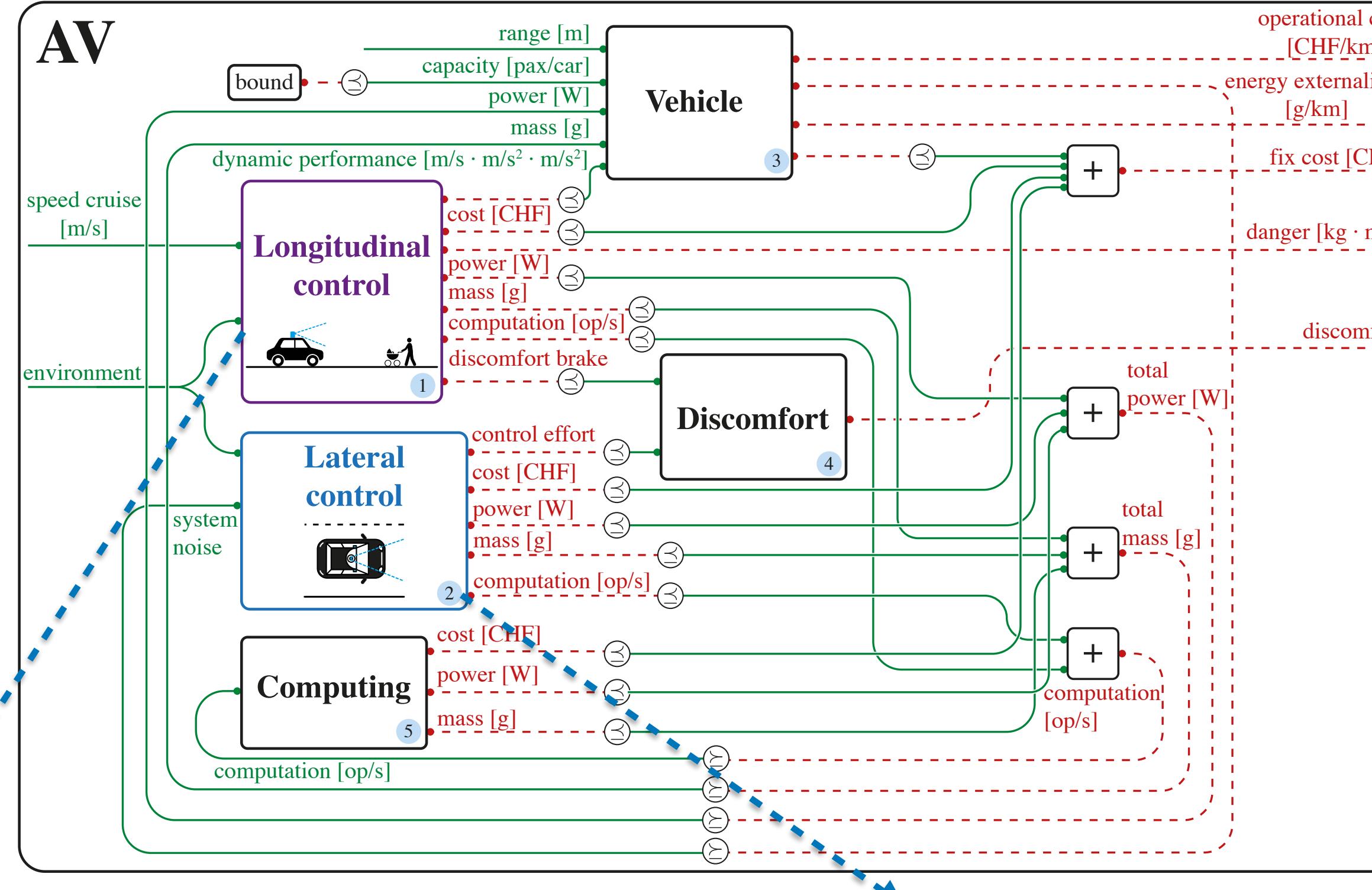
- ▶ To find **components**, it helps to reason about **logical dependencies**:



# Co-design of an autonomous vehicle

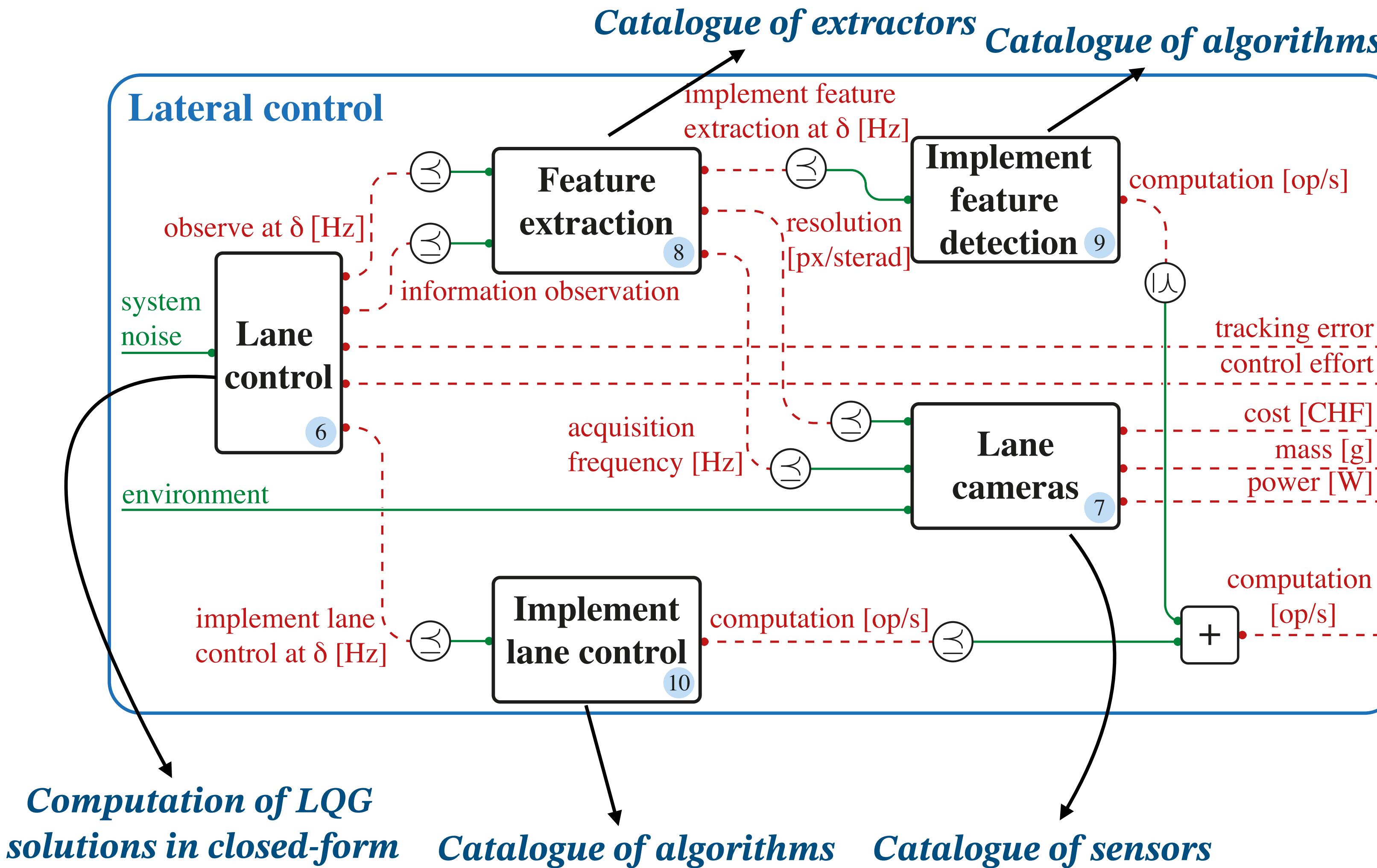


# Encapsulating co-design models via functional decomposition



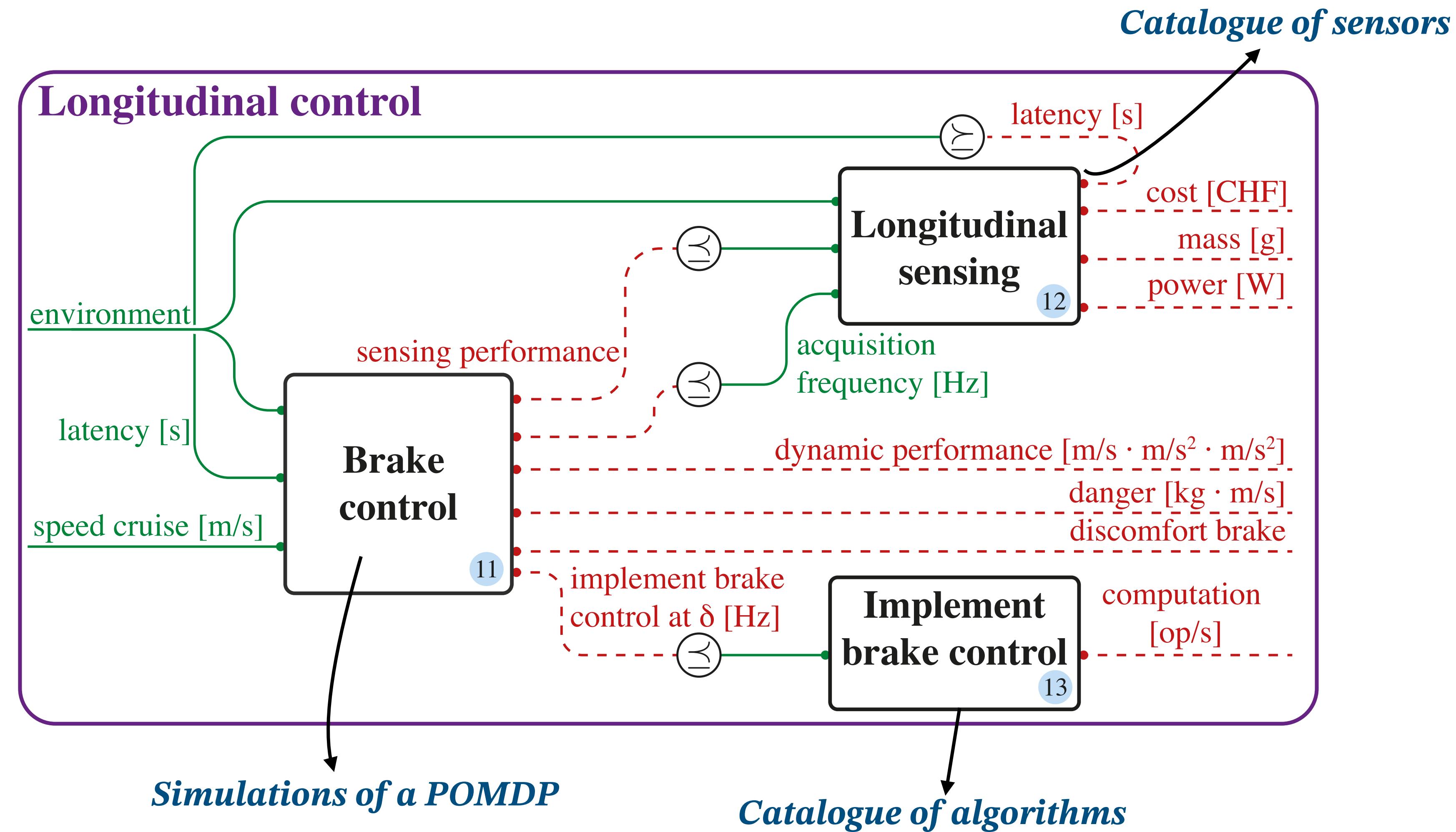
# Co-design of lateral control: Closed-form simulations

- Lateral control itself can decomposed in **sub-tasks**:



# Co-design of longitudinal control: Simulations of POMDPs

- Longitudinal control can be decomposed in **sub-tasks**:



# User friendly interface to solve complex optimization problems

► The theory comes with a **formal language** and a **solver (MCDP)**

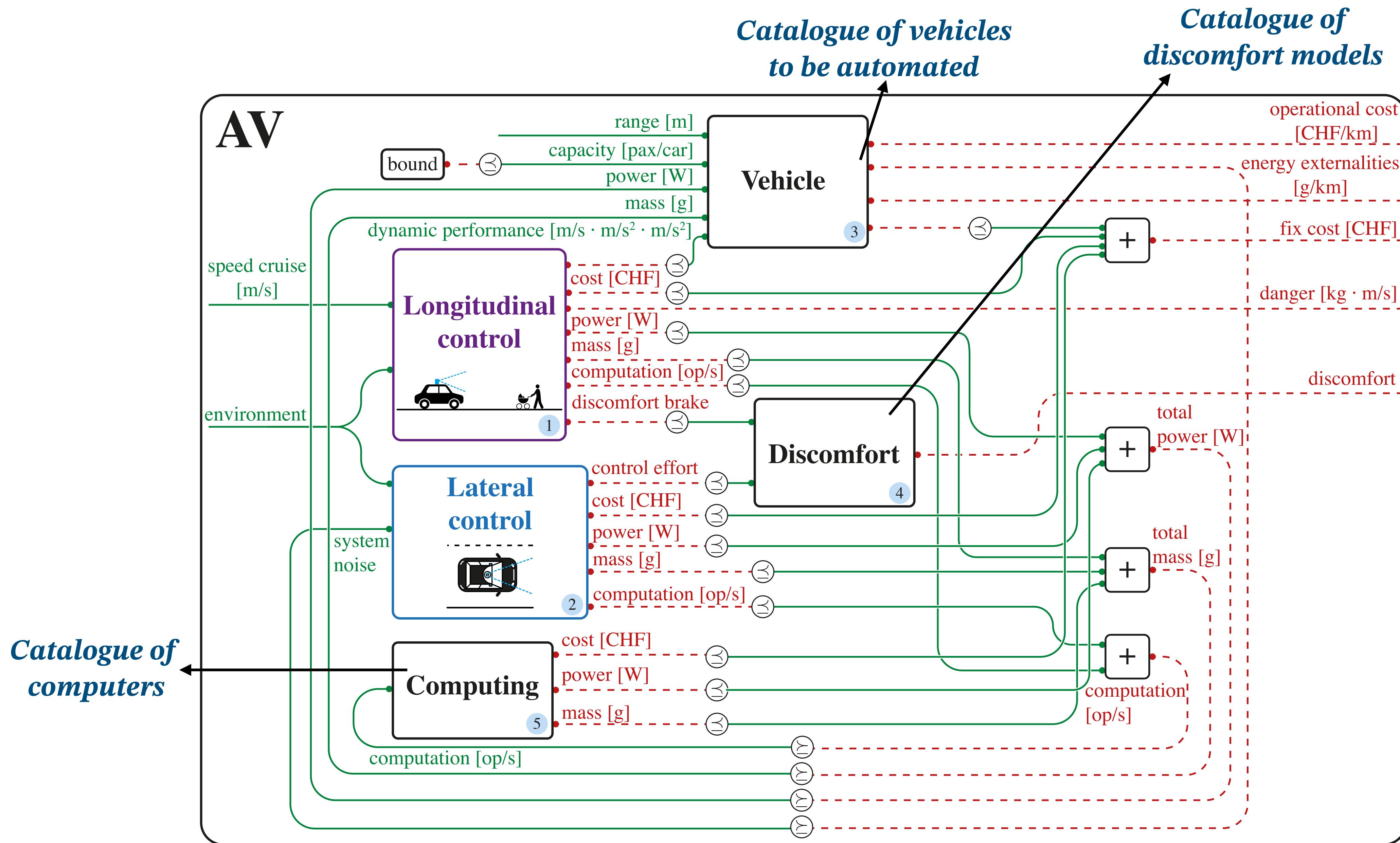
► Very intuitive to use:

```
mcdp {  
    provides computation [op/s]  
    requires cost [CHF]  
    requires mass [g]  
    requires power [W]  
}  
  
choose(  
    SedanS: (load Car_Sedans),  
    SedanM: (load Car_SedanM),  
    SedanL: (load Car_SedanL),  
    SUVS: (load Car_SuvS),  
    SUVM: (load Car_SuvM),  
    Minivan: (load Car_Minivan),  
    Shuttle: (load Car_Shuttle),  
    Hybrid: (load Car_Hybrid),  
    BEV: (load Car_BEV)  
)
```

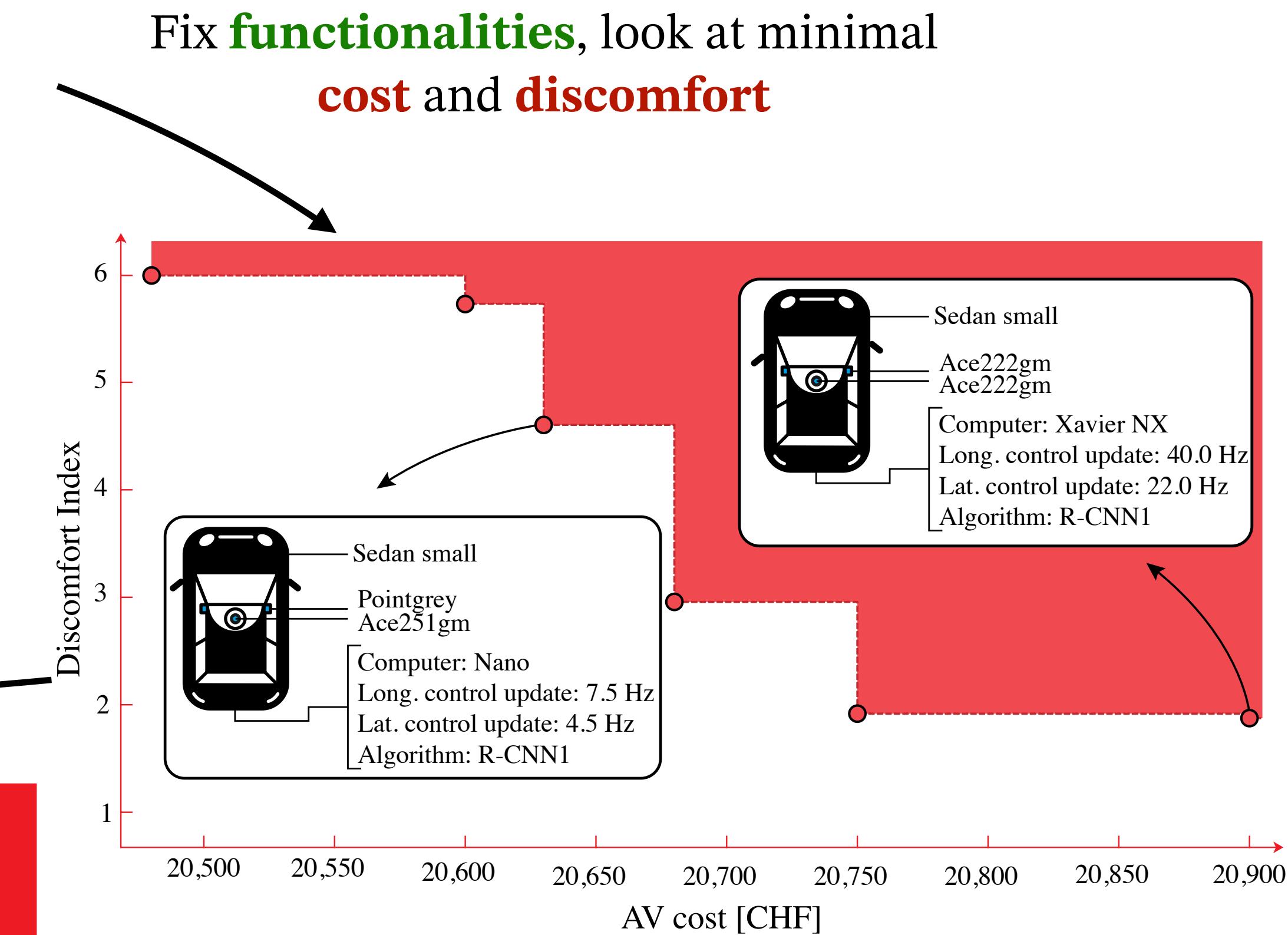
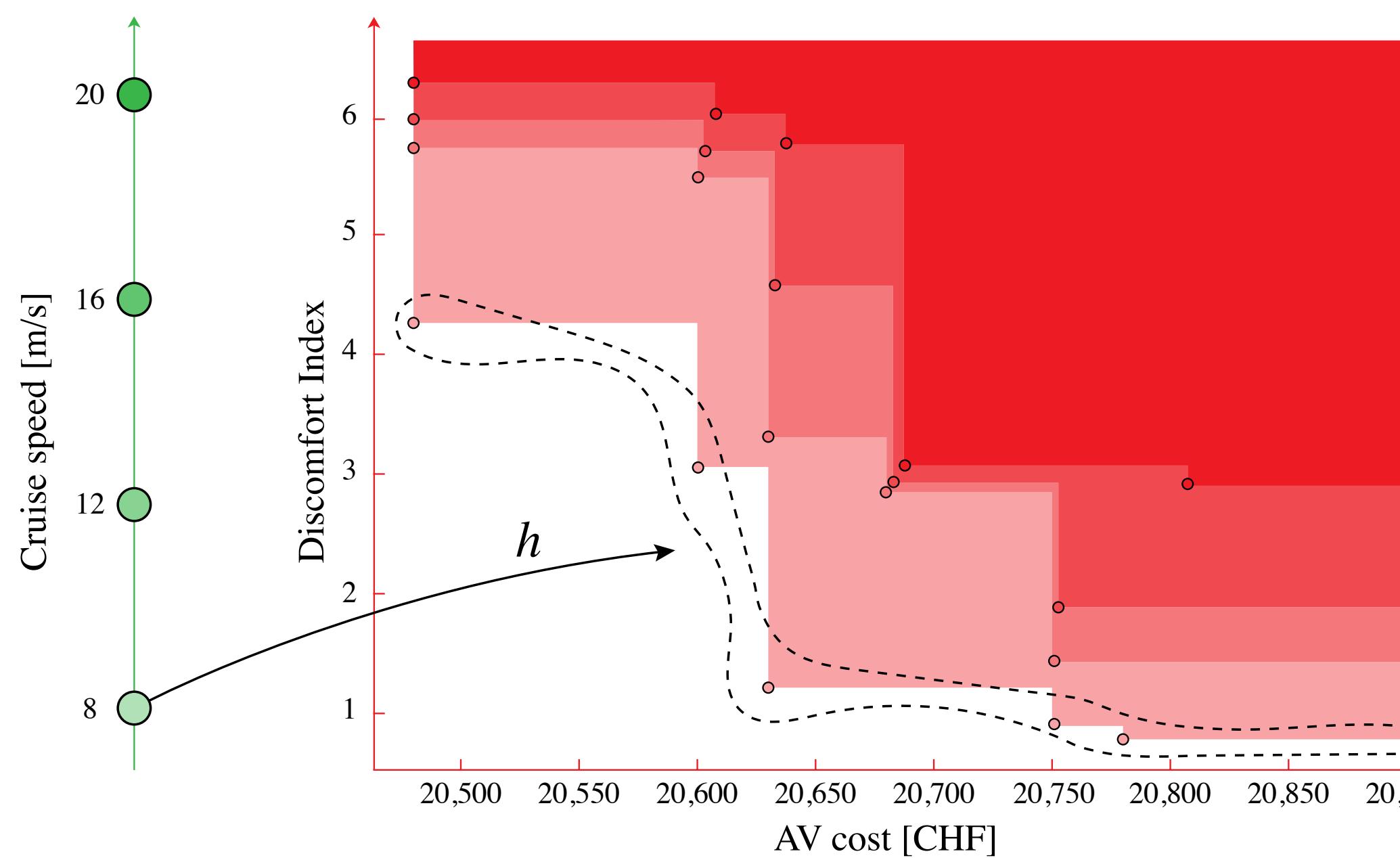
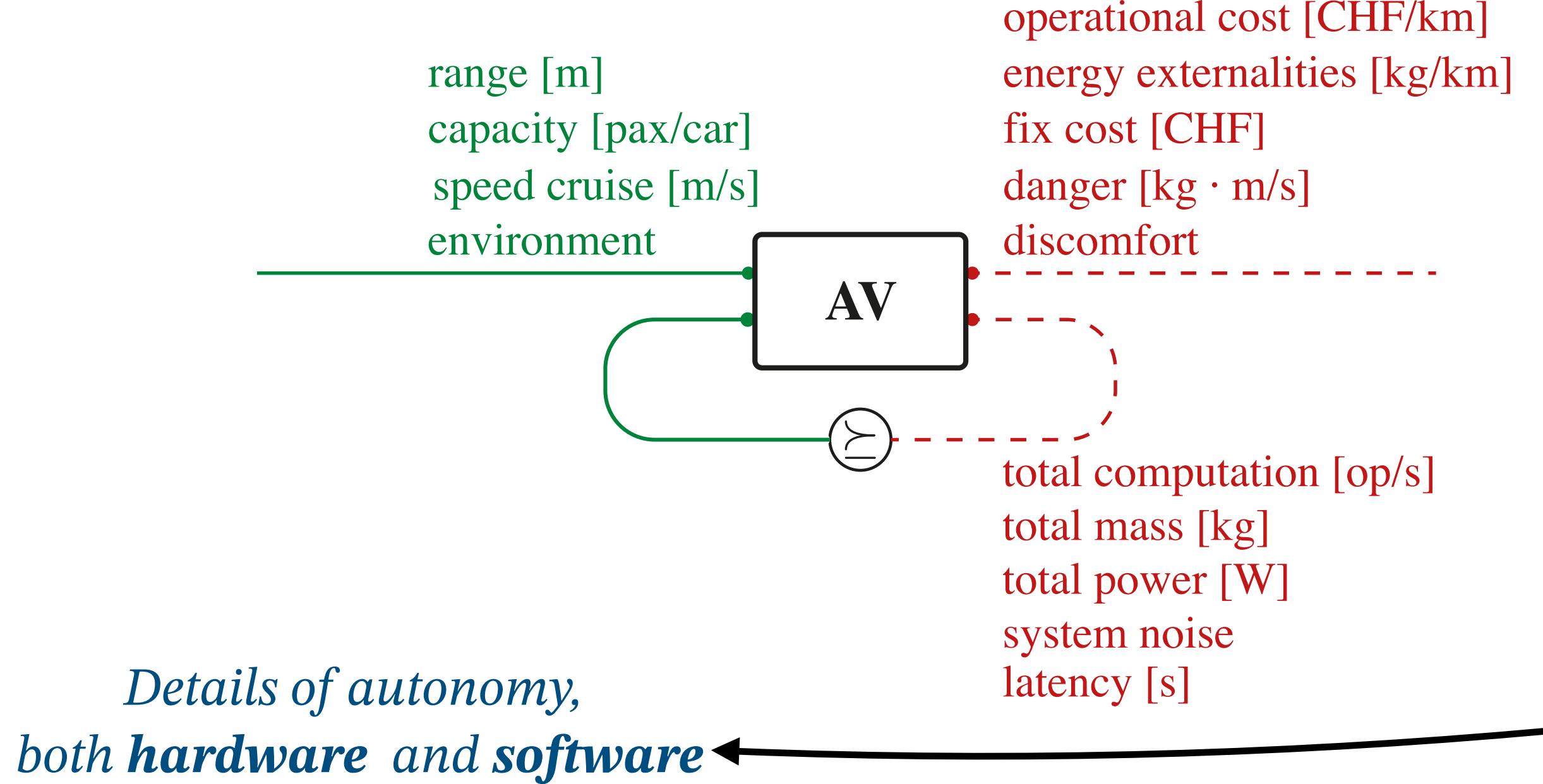
Choose query type:

- Fixed the functionality, minimize the resources.
- Fixed the resources, maximize the functionality.
- Given an implementation, evaluate functionality/resources. [UI not implemented]
- Given min functionality and max resources, determine if there is a feasible implementation. [UI not implemented]
- Given min functionality and max resources, find a feasible implementation. [UI not implemented]
- "Solve for X": find the minimal component that makes the co-design problem feasible. [UI not implemented]

# Co-design of an autonomous vehicle



# Solution of DPs



**Monotonicity:** Higher achievable speeds will not require **less** resources

## Takaways

- ▶ Using co-design, it is **easy** to formalize **hierarchical models** (never possible before)  
*We formalized AVs all the way from sensor selection to control and perception algorithms*
- ▶ Very **intuitive** modeling approach (no acrobatics like common in optimization theory)  
*The interpreter allows one to easily model problems of interest*
- ▶ **Rich modeling capabilities:**  
**Simulation:** E.g., POMDPs for brake control  
**Catalogues:** E.g., Sensors, vehicles, computers, algorithms, ...  
**Analytical:** E.g., LQG closed-form solutions, discomfort models, ...
- ▶ **Compositionality** and **modularity** allow **interdisciplinarity**  
*We did all of this, but technically this could have been possible with different teams*
- ▶ Co-design comes with a **formal language** and an **optimizer**  
*After easily modeling the problem, you can directly solve queries of your choice*
- ▶ Co-design produces **actionable information** for designers to **reason** about their problems  
*We have shown actionable information for designers*

# Outlook and references

- ▶ Showcase **compositionality** by including the co-design of specific **robot tasks** in the co-design of the entire **system**
- ▶ In the future:
  - Include the co-design of the **AV** in the co-design of the entire **mobility system**
  - Exploit the framework to synthesize **energy** and **computation-aware** design solutions
- ▶ References:
  - This paper: **Co-Design of Embodied Intelligence: A Structured Approach**
  - Related work:
    - Zardini et al, **Co-design of Autonomous Systems: From Hardware Selection to Control Synthesis**, *ECC 2021*
    - Zardini et al, **Co-Design to Enable User-Friendly tools to Assess the Impact of Future Mobility Solutions**, (*in sub. to TNSE*)
  - This is a **new** topic, we are making an effort in **evangelization**:  
We are writing a **book**, teaching **classes**, both at ETH and internationally, and organizing **workshops**

<https://applied-compositional-thinking.engineering>

<https://idsc.ethz.ch/research-frazzoli/workshops/compositional-robotics>

<http://gioele.science>