

cs805 Assignment 2

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Abstract

This assignment is written in literate programming style, generated by noweb, rendered by LaTeX, and compiled by clang++ with c++11 standard.

assignment paper is at latex/as2.pdf

c++ programs are at src/*

binary executable for OS X 10.8 is inside bin

1 function implementation

```
<<src/util.cpp>>=
#include "util.h"
#include <cmath>

//pixel iterator for img panel.
ImagePanel foreach_pixel_exec(ImagePanel img, std::function<int(Ray)> ray_func) {
    int i = 0;
    for (auto& pixel: img) { //foreach pixel in empty_img
        //using to_2d function to get x,y camera coordinates
        auto cam_xy = to_2d(i);

        //construct Ray
        Ray ray = ray_construction(cam_xy[0], cam_xy[1]);
        pixel = ray_func(ray);
        i++;
    }
    return img;
}

//ray constructor
Ray ray_construction(int x, int y) {
    //calculate x unit
    double x_delta = (xmax-xmin) / IMG_X;
    double y_delta = (ymax-ymin) / IMG_Y;

    //calculate the point on img panel with world coordinate
    double x_ = xmax - x_delta * x;
    double y_ = ymax - y_delta * y;

    //get vector v0. it is trival that VRP is p0
    Point p0 = VRP;
    Point p1_ = {x_, y_, focal};
    Point p1 = mul(Mcw, p1_);
    Vector v0_ = {p1[0] - p0[0],
        p1[1] - p0[1],
```

```

    p1[2] - p0[2]};
    Vector v0 = normalize(v0_);

    /*
    if ((x==0 ) || (x==511)) {
        std::cout<<"img: x:"<<x<<", y:"<<y;
        //std::cout<<"p0: x:"<<VRP[0]<<", y:"<<VRP[1]<<", z:"<<VRP[2]<<std::endl;
        //std::cout<<"p0: x:"<<p0[0]<<", y:"<<p0[1]<<", z:"<<p0[2]<<std::endl;
        std::cout<<"p1_: x:"<<p1_[0]<<", y:"<<p1_[1]<<", z:"<<p1_[2]<<"=====";
        std::cout<<"p1: x:"<<p1[0]<<", y:"<<p1[1]<<", z:"<<p1[2]<<"=====";
        std::cout<<"v0: x:"<<v0[0]<<", y:"<<v0[1]<<", z:"<<v0[2]<<"=====";
        std::cout<<std::endl;
    }
    */

    return { p0[0], p0[1], p0[2],
            v0[0], v0[1], v0[2]};
}

//initialize img panel to all 0s
ImagePanel init_img_panel(ImagePanel img) {
    for (auto& pixel: img) { //foreach pixel in empty_img
        pixel = 0;
    }
    return img;
}

//translate ray equation to an 0~255 shading value
int ray_tracing(Ray ray) {
    Intersection p = ray_objects_intersection(ray);
    //std::cout<<"Intersection: "<<p.intersection[0]<<","<<p.intersection[1]<<","<<p.intersection[2]<<std::endl;
    return shading(p);
}

//calculate the ray object intersection point
Intersection ray_objects_intersection(Ray ray) {
    auto sphere_hit = ray_sphere_intersection(ray, obj1);
    auto polygon_hit = ray_polygon_intersection(ray, obj2);

```

```

if (sphere_hit.kd < 0 && polygon_hit.kd < 0) {
    return {-1,-1,-1,
            -1,-1,-1,
            -1.0};
} else if (polygon_hit.kd < 0) {
    return sphere_hit;
} else if (sphere_hit.kd < 0) {
    return polygon_hit;
} else if (closer(sphere_hit.intersection, polygon_hit.intersection, ray.ref)) {
    return sphere_hit;
} else {
    return polygon_hit;
}
}

```

```

Intersection ray_sphere_intersection(Ray ray, SPHERE obj) {
    //get A,B,C
    //A =  $X_d^2 + Y_d^2 + Z_d^2$ 
    double A = pow(ray.direction[0], 2) +
               pow(ray.direction[1], 2) +
               pow(ray.direction[2], 2);
    //B =  $2 * (X_d * (X_0 - X_c) + Y_d * (Y_0 - Y_c) + Z_d * (Z_0 - Z_c))$ 
    double B = 2 * (ray.direction[0] * (ray.ref[0] - obj.x) +
                   ray.direction[1] * (ray.ref[1] - obj.y) +
                   ray.direction[2] * (ray.ref[2] - obj.z) );
    //C =  $(X_0 - X_c)^2 + (Y_0 - Y_c)^2 + (Z_0 - Z_c)^2 - S_r^2$ 
    double C = pow(ray.ref[0]-obj.x, 2) +
               pow(ray.ref[1]-obj.y, 2) +
               pow(ray.ref[2]-obj.z, 2) -
               pow(obj.radius, 2);

    //get discriminant
    double discriminant = pow(B,2) - 4*C;

    //return null if discriminant is less than 0
    Intersection null_ = {-1,-1,-1,
                          -1,-1,-1,
                          -1.0};
}

```

```

if (discriminant < 0)
    return null_;

//compute  $t_0 = (-B - (B^2 - 4* C)^{1/2}) / 2$ 
double t0 = (-B - sqrt(discriminant)) / 2;
double t1 = (-B + sqrt(discriminant)) / 2;

//compute the intersection point  $R_i = [x_0 + x_d * t_i, y_0 + y_d * t_i, z_0 + z_d * t_i]$ 
Point Ri;
if (discriminant > 0) {
    Ri = {ray.ref[0] + ray.direction[0] * t0,
          ray.ref[1] + ray.direction[1] * t0,
          ray.ref[2] + ray.direction[2] * t0};
} else {
    Ri = {ray.ref[0] + ray.direction[0] * t1,
          ray.ref[1] + ray.direction[1] * t1,
          ray.ref[2] + ray.direction[2] * t1};
}

//compute the surface normal  $SN = [(x_i - x_c)/Sr, (y_i - y_c)/Sr, (z_i - z_c)/Sr]$ 
Vector SN = { (Ri[0]-obj.x)/obj.radius,
              (Ri[1]-obj.y)/obj.radius,
              (Ri[2]-obj.z)/obj.radius };

Intersection result = { Ri, SN, obj.kd };
return result;
}

Intersection ray_polygon_intersection(Ray ray, POLY4 obj) {
    Intersection null_ = {-1,-1,-1, -1,-1,-1, -1.0};

    //compute ray plane intersection
    //first compute  $P_n$   $R_d = V_d$ 
    double Vd = dot_product(obj.N, ray.direction);

    //Vd = 0: ray is parallel to the plane
    if (Vd == 0)
        return null_;

```

```

//Vd > 0: plane facing away from the ray
if (Vd > 0)
    return null_;

//second compute V0 = -(Pn R0 + D)
double V0 = - (dot_product(obj.N, ray.ref) + get_D_poly4(obj));

double t = V0/Vd;

//If t < 0 then the ray intersects plane at the negative side of the ray
if (t<0)
    return null_;

//compute intersection point: Pi = [Xi Yi Zi] = [X0 + Xd * t Y0 + Yd * t Z0 + Zd * t]
Point Pi = { ray.ref[0] + ray.direction[0]*t,
             ray.ref[1] + ray.direction[1]*t,
             ray.ref[2] + ray.direction[2]*t };

//check if intersection point is inside the polygon
if (in_poly4(Pi, obj))
    return { Pi, obj.N, obj.kd };
else
    return null_;
}

//calculate shading value from 0~255 accordingly to intersection info
int shading(Intersection p) {
    if (p.kd < 0) {
        return -1;
    }

    return 255;
}

//=====helper functions=====

//get the D of Ax+By+Cz+D=0 from POLY4

```

```

double get_D_poly4(POLY4 obj) {
    return -(obj.N[0]*obj.v1[0]+obj.N[1]*obj.v1[1]+obj.N[2]*obj.v1[2]);
}

//check if point is inside a 4 side polygon
bool in_poly4(Point p, POLY4 obj) {
    //flatten the polygon and the point
    POLY4_2D obj2d = flatten(obj, p);

    //tranlate flatten polygon to origin
    obj2d.v1[0] = obj2d.v1[0] - obj2d.p[0];
    obj2d.v1[1] = obj2d.v1[1] - obj2d.p[1];
    obj2d.v2[0] = obj2d.v2[0] - obj2d.p[0];
    obj2d.v2[1] = obj2d.v2[1] - obj2d.p[1];
    obj2d.v3[0] = obj2d.v3[0] - obj2d.p[0];
    obj2d.v3[1] = obj2d.v3[1] - obj2d.p[1];
    obj2d.v4[0] = obj2d.v4[0] - obj2d.p[0];
    obj2d.v4[1] = obj2d.v4[1] - obj2d.p[1];

    //count intersections with v=0 (u>0) (u<0) and u=0 (v>0) (v<0)
    Four_counter counter = {0,0,0,0};
    counter = count_intersection(obj2d.v1, obj2d.v2, counter);
    //counter = count_intersection(obj2d.v2, obj2d.v3, counter);
    //counter = count_intersection(obj2d.v3, obj2d.v4, counter);
    //counter = count_intersection(obj2d.v4, obj2d.v1, counter);
    std::cout<<"count: "<<counter[0]<<"", "<<counter[1]<<"", "<<counter[2]<<"", "<<counter[3]<<";

    return true;
}

//count intersection of edge v1-v2 with u and v axes
Four_counter count_intersection(Point2D v1, Point2D v2, Four_counter counter) {
    int u_plus_count = counter[0];
    int u_minus_count = counter[1];
    int v_plus_count = counter[2];
    int v_minus_count = counter[3];

    //if v1 on u or v

```

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    if (v1[0]==0 && v1[1]>0) { //if v1 is on v_plus
        v_plus_count+=2;
    } else if (v1[0]==0 && v1[1]<0) {
        v_minus_count+=2;
    } else if (v1[1]==0 && v1[0]>0) {
        u_plus_count+=2;
    } else if (v1[1]==0 && v1[0]<0) {
        u_minus_count+=2;
    }

    //if v2 on u or v
    if (v2[0]==0 && v2[1]>0) { //if v2 is on v_plus
        v_plus_count+=2;
    } else if (v2[0]==0 && v2[1]<0) {
        v_minus_count+=2;
    } else if (v2[1]==0 && v2[0]>0) {
        u_plus_count+=2;
    } else if (v2[1]==0 && v2[0]<0) {
        u_minus_count+=2;
    }

    if (v1[0]*v2[0] < 0) { //if v1 v2 are at different sides of v axis
        if (fabs(v1[1] - v2[1]) > 0 ) { //if v1-v2 intersects at v_plus
            v_plus_count++;
        } else {
            v_minus_count++;
        }
    } else if (v1[1]*v2[1] < 0) { //if v1 v2 are at differnt sides of x axis
        if (fabs(v1[0] - v2[0]) > 0 ) { //if v1-v2 intersects at u_plus
            u_plus_count++;
        } else {
            u_minus_count++;
        }
    }
}

return {u_plus_count, u_minus_count, v_plus_count, v_minus_count};
}

```



```

//make 2D polygon from 3D polygon
POLY4_2D flatten(POLY4 obj, Point p) {
    //find out the dominated dimension
    int drop_i = find_max(obj.N[0], obj.N[1], obj.N[2]);

    //drop the dominated dimension
    if (drop_i == 0) {
        POLY4_2D result = {
            obj.v1[1], obj.v1[2],
            obj.v2[1], obj.v2[2],
            obj.v3[1], obj.v3[2],
            obj.v4[1], obj.v4[2],
            p[1], p[2]
        };
        return result;
    } else if (drop_i == 1) {
        POLY4_2D result = {
            obj.v1[0], obj.v1[2],
            obj.v2[0], obj.v2[2],
            obj.v3[0], obj.v3[2],
            obj.v4[0], obj.v4[2],
            p[0], p[2]
        };
        return result;
    } else if (drop_i == 2) {
        POLY4_2D result = {
            obj.v1[0], obj.v1[1],
            obj.v2[0], obj.v2[1],
            obj.v3[0], obj.v3[1],
            obj.v4[0], obj.v4[1],
            p[0], p[1]
        };
        return result;
    }

    POLY4_2D null_ = { -1,-1, -1,-1, -1,-1, -1,-1 };
    return null_;
}

```

```

//find out the max index for three doubles, 0: first, 1: second, 2: third
int find_max(double x, double y, double z) {
    if (fabs(x) >= fabs(y) && fabs(x) >= fabs(z)) {
        return 0;
    } else if (fabs(y) >= fabs(x) && fabs(y) >= fabs(z)) {
        return 1;
    } else if (fabs(z) >= fabs(x) && fabs(z) >= fabs(y)) {
        return 2;
    } else {
        return -1;
    }
}

//prints a matrix
void pmatrix(std::string str, Matrix m) {
    std::cout<<str<<std::endl;
    for (auto row : m) {
        for (auto num : row) {
            std::cout<<std::setw (10);
            std::cout<<num;
        }
        std::cout<<std::endl;
    }
    std::cout<<std::endl;
}

//get transformation matrix
Matrix get_T(Point vrp) {
    Row r1 = {1, 0, 0, -vrp[0]};
    Row r2 = {0, 1, 0, -vrp[1]};
    Row r3 = {0, 0, 1, -vrp[2]};
    Row r4 = {0, 0, 0, 1};
    return {r1, r2, r3, r4};
}

//get inverse transformation matrix
Matrix get_Ti(Point vrp) {

```

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    Row r1 = {1, 0, 0, vrp[0]};
    Row r2 = {0, 1, 0, vrp[1]};
    Row r3 = {0, 0, 1, vrp[2]};
    Row r4 = {0, 0, 0, 1};
    return {r1, r2, r3, r4};
}

//get rotation matrix
Matrix get_R(Point vrp, Vector vpn, Vector vup) {
    //first get the translation matrix from world to view
    //auto mt = get_T(vrp);

    //we can see vpn_ and vup_ as vectors. such that we can apply them to get_uvn fu
    auto uvn = get_uvn(vpn, vup);
    //finally construct our rotation matrix using method 2 on class notes
    Row r1 = { uvn[0][0], uvn[0][1], uvn[0][2], 0 };
    Row r2 = { uvn[1][0], uvn[1][1], uvn[1][2], 0 };
    Row r3 = { uvn[2][0], uvn[2][1], uvn[2][2], 0 };
    Row r4 = { 0, 0, 0, 1 };
    return { r1, r2, r3, r4 };
}

//get inverse rotation matrix
Matrix get_Ri(Point vrp, Vector vpn, Vector vup) {
    Matrix m = get_R(vrp, vpn, vup);
    Row r1 = { m[0][0], m[1][0], m[2][0], m[3][0] };
    Row r2 = { m[0][1], m[1][1], m[2][1], m[3][1] };
    Row r3 = { m[0][2], m[1][2], m[2][2], m[3][2] };
    Row r4 = { m[0][3], m[1][3], m[2][3], m[3][3] };
    return {r1,r2,r3,r4};
}

//world to camera
Matrix get_M(Point vrp, Vector vpn, Vector vup) {
    return mul(get_R(vrp, vpn, vup), get_T(vrp));
}

//camera to world

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```

Matrix get_Mi(Point vrp, Vector vpn, Vector vup) {
    return mul(get_Ti(vrp), get_Ri(vrp, vpn, vup));
}

//matrix multiplication
Point mul(Matrix m, Point x) {
    return mul(x, m);
}

Point mul(Point x, Matrix m) {
    double w = m[3][0] * x[0]
        + m[3][1] * x[1]
        + m[3][2] * x[2]
        + m[3][3];
    return {(x[0]*m[0][0]+x[1]*m[0][1]+x[2]*m[0][2]+m[0][3])/w,
        (x[0]*m[1][0]+x[1]*m[1][1]+x[2]*m[1][2]+m[1][3])/w,
        (x[0]*m[2][0]+x[1]*m[2][1]+x[2]*m[2][2]+m[2][3])/w};
}

Matrix mul(Matrix m, Matrix n) {
    Row r1 = {m[0][0]*n[0][0]+m[0][1]*n[1][0]+m[0][2]*n[2][0]+m[0][3]*n[3][0],
        m[0][0]*n[0][1]+m[0][1]*n[1][1]+m[0][2]*n[2][1]+m[0][3]*n[3][1],
        m[0][0]*n[0][2]+m[0][1]*n[1][2]+m[0][2]*n[2][2]+m[0][3]*n[3][2],
        m[0][0]*n[0][3]+m[0][1]*n[1][3]+m[0][2]*n[2][3]+m[0][3]*n[3][3]};
    Row r2 = {m[1][0]*n[0][0]+m[1][1]*n[1][0]+m[1][2]*n[2][0]+m[1][3]*n[3][0],
        m[1][0]*n[0][1]+m[1][1]*n[1][1]+m[1][2]*n[2][1]+m[1][3]*n[3][1],
        m[1][0]*n[0][2]+m[1][1]*n[1][2]+m[1][2]*n[2][2]+m[1][3]*n[3][2],
        m[1][0]*n[0][3]+m[1][1]*n[1][3]+m[1][2]*n[2][3]+m[1][3]*n[3][3]};
    Row r3 = {m[2][0]*n[0][0]+m[2][1]*n[1][0]+m[2][2]*n[2][0]+m[2][3]*n[3][0],
        m[2][0]*n[0][1]+m[2][1]*n[1][1]+m[2][2]*n[2][1]+m[2][3]*n[3][1],
        m[2][0]*n[0][2]+m[2][1]*n[1][2]+m[2][2]*n[2][2]+m[2][3]*n[3][2],
        m[2][0]*n[0][3]+m[2][1]*n[1][3]+m[2][2]*n[2][3]+m[2][3]*n[3][3]};
    Row r4 = {m[3][0]*n[0][0]+m[3][1]*n[1][0]+m[3][2]*n[2][0]+m[3][3]*n[3][0],
        m[3][0]*n[0][1]+m[3][1]*n[1][1]+m[3][2]*n[2][1]+m[3][3]*n[3][1],
        m[3][0]*n[0][2]+m[3][1]*n[1][2]+m[3][2]*n[2][2]+m[3][3]*n[3][2],
        m[3][0]*n[0][3]+m[3][1]*n[1][3]+m[3][2]*n[2][3]+m[3][3]*n[3][3]};
    return {r1,r2,r3,r4};
}

```

```

}

Row mul(Row x, Matrix m) {
    return {x[0]*m[0][0]+x[1]*m[0][1]+x[2]*m[0][2]+x[3]*m[0][3],
            x[0]*m[1][0]+x[1]*m[1][1]+x[2]*m[1][2]+x[3]*m[1][3],
            x[0]*m[2][0]+x[1]*m[2][1]+x[2]*m[2][2]+x[3]*m[2][3],
            x[0]*m[3][0]+x[1]*m[3][1]+x[2]*m[3][2]+x[3]*m[3][3]};
}

Row mul(Matrix m, Row x) {
    return mul(x, m);
}

//return if p1 is closer to p0 than p2
bool closer(Point p1, Point p2, Point p0) {
    Vector v1 = { (p1[0] - p0[0]), (p1[1] - p0[1]), (p1[2] - p0[2])};
    double d1 = get_length(v1);
    Vector v2 = { (p2[0] - p0[0]), (p2[1] - p0[1]), (p2[2] - p0[2])};
    double d2 = get_length(v2);
    return d1 < d2;
}

//Translate 2D array index of row column to 1D index.
//Notice that x, or column index, starts with 0.
//If return value is -1 then there is an out-of-bounce error.
int to_1d(int x, int y) {
    if (x >= IMG_X || x < 0)
        return -1;
    if (y >= IMG_Y || y < 0)
        return -1;
    return (IMG_Y*y + x);
}

//Translate 1d array index to 2d
std::array<int, 2> to_2d(int x) {
    if (x >= (IMG_X*IMG_Y) || x < 0) {
        return {-1, -1};
    }
}

```

```

    int y_ = x / IMG_X;
    int x_ = x % IMG_X;
    return {x_, y_};
}

//prints the img panel
void print_img_panel(ImagePanel img) {
    std::cout<<std::endl;
    for (auto& pixel : img) {
        std::cout<<pixel<<" ";
    }
    std::cout<<std::endl<<"Array size: "<<img.size()<<std::endl;
}

//get u,v,n from two non-collinear vectors
UVN get_uvn(Vector V1, Vector V2) {

    //get n, which is just normalized V1
    Vector n = normalize(V1);

    //get u, which is normalized V2 x V1
    Vector u = normalize(cross_product(V2, V1));

    //get v, which is normalized n x u
    Vector v = normalize(cross_product(n, u));

    return {u,v,n};
}

//normalize a Vector
Vector normalize(Vector x) {
    return { x[0]/get_length(x),
            x[1]/get_length(x),
            x[2]/get_length(x) };
}

//dot product
double dot_product(Vector x, Vector y) {

```

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    return x[0]*y[0]+x[1]*y[1]+x[2]*y[2];
}

//calculates cross product of two Vectors
Vector cross_product(Vector x, Vector y) {
    return { x[1]*y[2] - x[2]*y[1],
            x[2]*y[0] - x[0]*y[2],
            x[0]*y[1] - x[1]*y[0]};
}

//calculates length of a Vector
double get_length(Vector x) {
    return sqrt(pow(x[0],2)+pow(x[1],2)+pow(x[2],2));
}

@

```

2 header

Here is an header file for typedefs and function declarations.

```

<<src/util.h>>=
#ifndef UTIL_H
#define UTIL_H

//define preprocessing vars
#define IMG_X 512
#define IMG_Y 512
#define IMG_LEN ( IMG_X * IMG_Y )
/* definition of the image buffer */
#define ROWS IMG_Y
#define COLS IMG_X

#include <array>
#include <functional>

```

```

#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>

//types
typedef std::array<int, IMG_LEN> ImagePanel;
typedef std::array<double, 3> Point;
typedef std::array<double, 2> Point2D;
typedef std::array<double, 3> Vector;
typedef std::array<int, 4> Four_counter;
typedef std::array<Vector, 3> UVN;
typedef struct {
    Point intersection; /* intersection point */
    Vector normal; /* intersection polygon normal vector */
    double kd; /* diffuse reflection coefficient of the surface */
} Intersection;
typedef struct {
    Point ref; /* reference point, where the ray is from */
    Vector direction; /* ray direction */
} Ray;
typedef std::array<double, 4> Row;
typedef std::array<Row, 4> Matrix;
typedef struct {
    double x, y, z; /* center of the circle */
    double radius; /* radius of the circle */
    double kd; /* diffuse reflection coefficient */
} SPHERE;
typedef struct {
    Point v1;          /* list of vertices */
    Point v2;
    Point v3;
    Point v4;
    Vector N; /* normal of the polygon */
    double kd; /* diffuse reflection coefficient */
} POLY4;
typedef struct {
    Point2D v1;
    Point2D v2;
    Point2D v3;

```



```

        Point2D v4;
        Point2D p;
    } POLY4_2D;

//functions
POLY4_2D flatten(POLY4, Point);
ImagePanel foreach_pixel_exec(ImagePanel, std::function<int(Ray)>);
ImagePanel init_img_panel(ImagePanel);
int ray_tracing(Ray);
Intersection ray_objects_intersection(Ray);
int shading(Intersection);
Intersection ray_sphere_intersection(Ray, SPHERE);
Intersection ray_polygon_intersection(Ray, POLY4);
Ray ray_construction(int, int);

//helper functions
Four_counter count_intersection(Point2D, Point2D, Four_counter);
int find_max(double, double, double);
double get_D_poly4(POLY4);
bool in_poly4(Point, POLY4);
Point mul(Point, Matrix);
Point mul(Matrix, Point);
Matrix mul(Matrix, Matrix);
Row mul(Row, Matrix);
Row mul(Matrix, Row);
int to_1d(int, int);
std::array<int, 2> to_2d(int);
void print_img_panel(ImagePanel);
void pmatrix(std::string, Matrix);
bool closer(Point, Point, Point);
UVN get_uvn(Vector V1, Vector V2);
Matrix get_T(Point);
Matrix get_Ti(Point);
Matrix get_R(Point, Vector, Vector);
Matrix get_Ri(Point, Vector, Vector);
Matrix get_M(Point, Vector, Vector);
Matrix get_Mi(Point, Vector, Vector);
double get_length(Vector);

```

```

Vector cross_product(Vector, Vector);
double dot_product(Vector, Vector);
Vector normalize(Vector);

```

```

//global vars
extern Matrix Mwc;
extern Matrix Rwc;
extern Matrix Twc;
extern Matrix Mcw;
extern Matrix Rcw;
extern Matrix Tcw;
extern Matrix Mwl;
extern Matrix Mlw;
extern double xmin;
extern double ymin;
extern double xmax;
extern double ymax;
extern Point VRP;
extern Vector VPN;
extern Vector VUP;
extern double focal;
extern Point LRP;
extern double Ip;
extern SPHERE obj1;
extern POLY4 obj2;
#endif
@

```

3 main funciton

```

<<src/main.cpp>>=
#include <iostream>
#include "util.h"

/* create a spherical object */
SPHERE obj1 = {1.0, 1.0, 1.0,/* center of the circle */

```

```

1.0,/* radius of the circle */
0.75}; /* diffuse reflection coefficient */

/* create a polygon object */
POLY4 obj2 = { 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,/* v0 */
0.0, 0.0, 2.0,/* v1 */
2.0, 0.0, 2.0,/* v2 */
2.0, 0.0, 0.0,/* v3 */
0.0, 1.0, 0.0,/* normal of the polygon */
0.8}; /* diffuse reflection coefficient */

//unsigned char img[ROWS][COLS];

/* definition of window on the image plane in the camera coordinates */
/* They are used in mapping (j, i) in the screen coordinates into */
/* (x, y) on the image plane in the camera coordinates */
/* The window size used here simulates the 35 mm film. */
double xmin = 0.0175;
double ymin = -0.0175;
double xmax = -0.0175;
double ymax = 0.0175;

/* definition of the camera parameters */
Point VRP = {1.0, 2.0, 3.5};
Vector VPN = {0.0, -1.0, -2.5};
Vector VUP = {0.0, 1.0, 0.0};

double focal = 0.05; /* focal length simulating 50 mm lens */

/* definition of light source */
Point LRP = {-10.0, 10.0, 2.0}; /* light position */
double Ip = 200.0; /* intensity of the point light source */

/* Transformation from the world to the camera coordinates */
Matrix Mwc = get_M(VRP, VPN, VUP);
Matrix Rwc = get_R(VRP, VPN, VUP);
Matrix Twc = get_T(VRP);

```

```

/* Transformation from the camera to the world coordinates */
Matrix Mcw = get_Mi(VRP, VPN, VUP);
Matrix Rcw = get_Ri(VRP, VPN, VUP);
Matrix Tcw = get_Ti(VRP);
/* Transformation from the world to light coordinates */
Matrix Mwl = get_T(LRP);
/* Transformation from the light to the world coordinates */
Matrix Mlw = get_Ti(LRP);

int main () {
    //tests
    Point vrp = {6.0, 10.0, -5.0};
    Vector vpn = {-6.0, -9.0, 5.0};
    Vector vup = {0.0, 1.0, 0.0};
    auto uvn = get_uvn(vpn, vup);
    std::cout<<"get_uvn function:"<<std::endl;
    for (auto vecotr : uvn) {for each Vecotr in uvn
        for (auto num : vecotr) {for each number in Vecotr
            std::cout<<num<<',';
        }
        std::cout<<std::endl;
    }

    Matrix mwc = get_M(vrp, vpn, vup);
    Matrix mcw = get_Mi(vrp, vpn, vup);
    Matrix twc = get_T(vrp);
    Matrix tcw = get_Ti(vrp);
    Matrix rwc = get_R(vrp, vpn, vup);
    Matrix rcw = get_Ri(vrp, vpn, vup);
    pmatrix("mwc:", mwc);
    pmatrix("twc:", twc);
    pmatrix("rwc:", rwc);
    pmatrix("mcw:", mcw);
    pmatrix("tcw:", tcw);
    pmatrix("rcw:", rcw);

    pmatrix("Mcw:", Mcw);

```

```

std::cout<<"to_1d function, expected to be 512:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_1d(0, 1)<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_2d function, expected to be 0, 1:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(512) [0]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(512) [1]<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_1d function, expected to be 513:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_1d(1, 1)<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_2d function, expected to be 1,1:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(513) [0]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(513) [1]<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_1d function, expected to be 1023:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_1d(511, 1)<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_2d function, expected to be 511,1:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(1023) [0]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(1023) [1]<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_1d function, expected to be -1:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_1d(512, 1)<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"to_2d function, expected to be -1,-1:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(512*512) [0]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<to_2d(512*512) [1]<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"closer function, expected to be 1 and 0:"<<std::endl;
std::cout<<closer({1,1,1},{2,2,2},{0,0,0})<<std::endl;
std::cout<<closer({3,3,3},{2,2,2},{0,0,0})<<std::endl;

std::cout<<"mul function: point * matrix"<<std::endl;
Point a = {3,3,3};
std::cout<<mul(a, Mcw) [0]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<mul(Mcw, a) [1]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<mul(a, Mcw) [2]<<std::endl;

```

```

pmatrix("mul funciton: matrix*matrix:", mul(Mwc, Mcw));

std::cout<<"mul function: row * matrix"<<std::endl;
Row b = {3,3,3,3};
std::cout<<mul(b, Mcw)[0]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<mul(Mcw, b)[1]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<mul(b, Mcw)[2]<<std::endl;
std::cout<<mul(b, Mcw)[3]<<std::endl;

//main program
ImagePanel img;
img = init_img_panel(img);
img = foreach_pixel_exec(img, ray_tracing);
//print_img_panel(img);

return 0;
}
@

```

4 compile script

Furthermore, this is the command to link these files. Notice that I am using `-std=c++11` flag to enable c++ 11 features. The output binary executable is `bin/run`

```

<<compile.sh>>=
clang++ -std=c++11 -stdlib=libc++ -o bin/run src/main.cpp src/util.cpp
@

```