

Scalable Machine Learning in Python with H2O



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Introduction

- Statistician & Machine Learning Scientist at H2O.ai, in Mountain View, California, USA
- Ph.D. in Biostatistics with Designated Emphasis in Computational Science and Engineering from UC Berkeley (focus on Machine Learning)
- Worked as a data scientist at several startups

Agenda



- Who/What is H2O?
- H2O Machine Learning Platform
- New/active developments in H2O:
 - Deep Water (GPU Deep Learning)
 - AutoML (Automatic Machine Learning)
- H2O in Python: h2o Python module
- Python Tutorials: Intro, Grid





H2O.ai, the Company

- Founded in 2012
- Stanford & Purdue Math & Systems Engineers
- Headquarters: Mountain View, California, USA

H2O, the Platform

- Open Source Software (Apache 2.0 Licensed)
- R, Python, Scala, Java and Web Interfaces
- Distributed Algorithms that Scale to Big Data

Scientific Advisory Council



Dr. Trevor Hastie

- John A. Overdeck Professor of Mathematics, Stanford University
- PhD in Statistics, Stanford University
- Co-author, *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Prediction, Inference and Data Mining*
- Co-author with John Chambers, *Statistical Models in S*
- Co-author, *Generalized Additive Models*



Dr. Robert Tibshirani

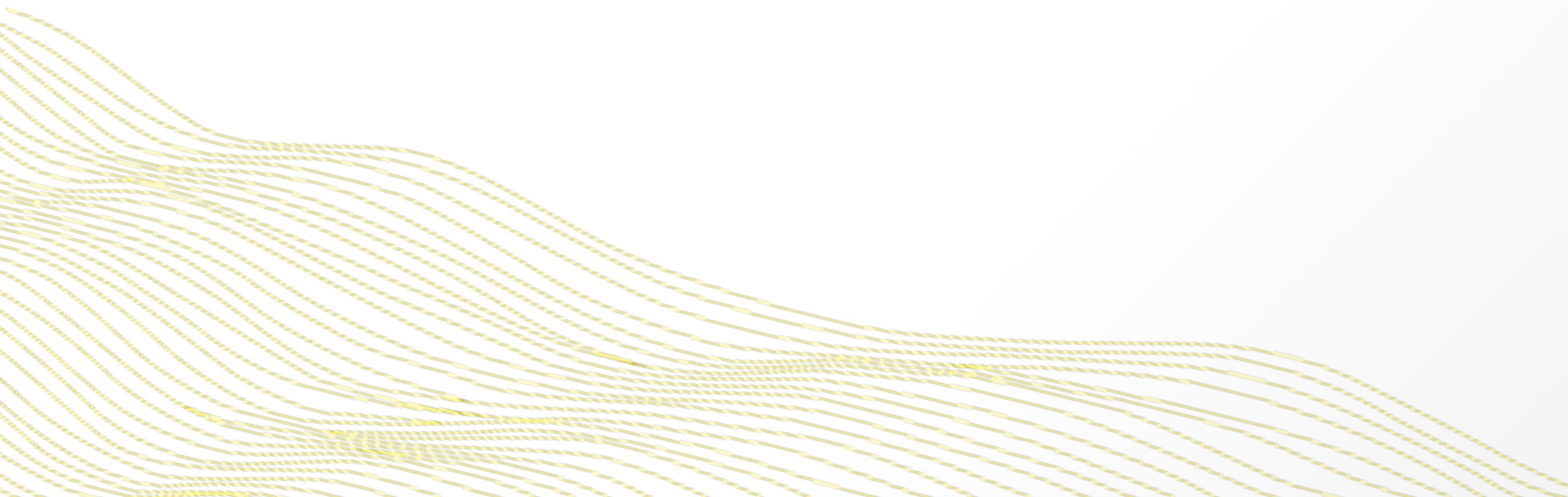
- Professor of Statistics and Health Research and Policy, Stanford University
- PhD in Statistics, Stanford University
- Co-author, *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Prediction, Inference and Data Mining*
- Author, *Regression Shrinkage and Selection via the Lasso*
- Co-author, *An Introduction to the Bootstrap*



Dr. Steven Boyd

- Professor of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Stanford University
- PhD in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, UC Berkeley
- Co-author, *Distributed Optimization and Statistical Learning via the Alternating Direction Method of Multipliers*
- Co-author, *Linear Matrix Inequalities in System and Control Theory*
- Co-author, *Convex Optimization*

H2O Platform



H2O Platform Overview

- Distributed implementations of cutting edge ML algorithms.
- Core algorithms written in high performance Java.
- APIs available in R, Python, Scala, REST/JSON.
- Interactive Web GUI called H2O Flow.
- Easily deploy models to production with H2O Steam.



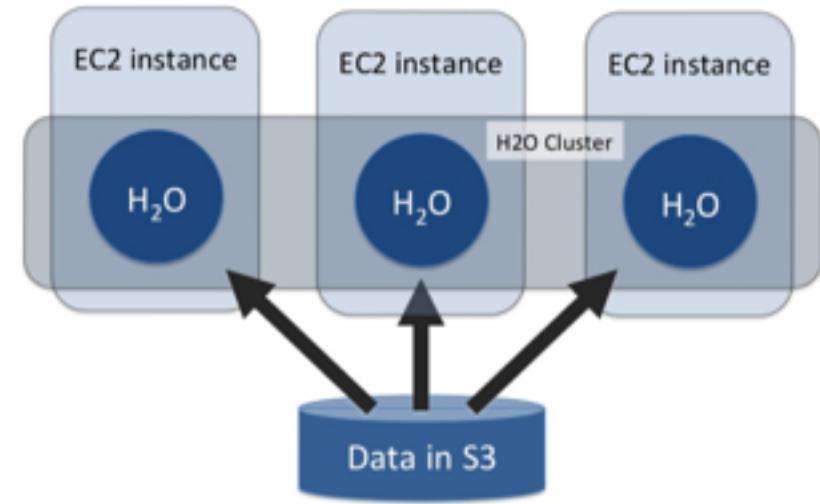
H2O Platform Overview

- Write code in high-level language like R (or use the web GUI) and output production-ready models in Java.
- To scale, just add nodes to your H2O cluster.
- Works with Hadoop, Spark and your laptop.



H2O Distributed Computing

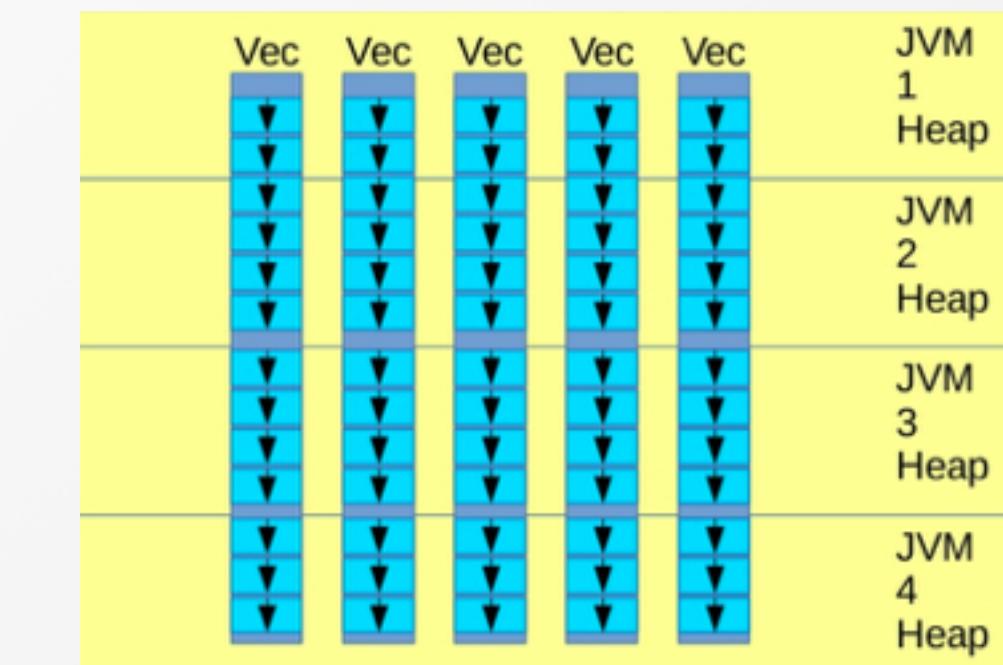
H2O Cluster



- Multi-node cluster with shared memory model.
- All computations in memory.
- Each node sees only some rows of the data.
- No limit on cluster size.

H2O Frame

- Distributed data frames (collection of vectors).
- Columns are distributed (across nodes) arrays.
- Works just like R's `data.frame` or Python Pandas `DataFrame`



Current Algorithm Overview

Statistical Analysis

- Linear Models (GLM)
- Naïve Bayes

Ensembles

- Random Forest
- Distributed Trees
- Gradient Boosting Machine
- R Package - Stacking / Super Learner

Deep Neural Networks

- Multi-layer Feed-Forward Neural Network
- Auto-encoder
- Anomaly Detection
- Deep Features

Clustering

- K-Means

Dimension Reduction

- Principal Component Analysis
- Generalized Low Rank Models

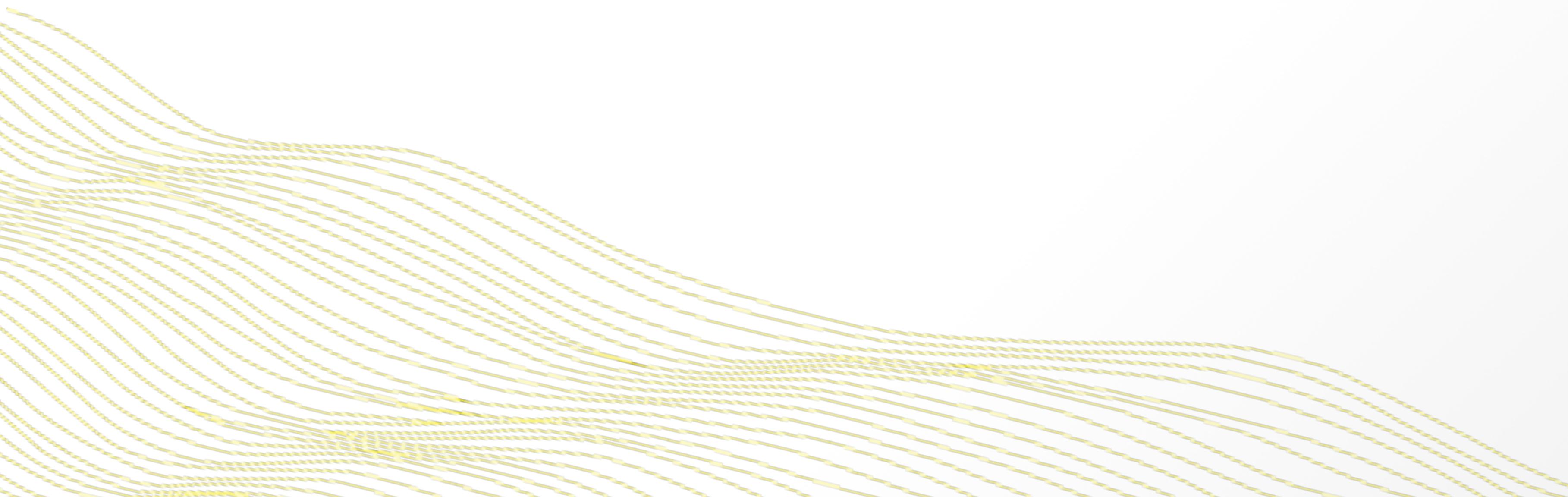
Solvers & Optimization

- Generalized ADMM Solver
- L-BFGS (Quasi Newton Method)
- Ordinary Least-Square Solver
- Stochastic Gradient Descent

Data Munging

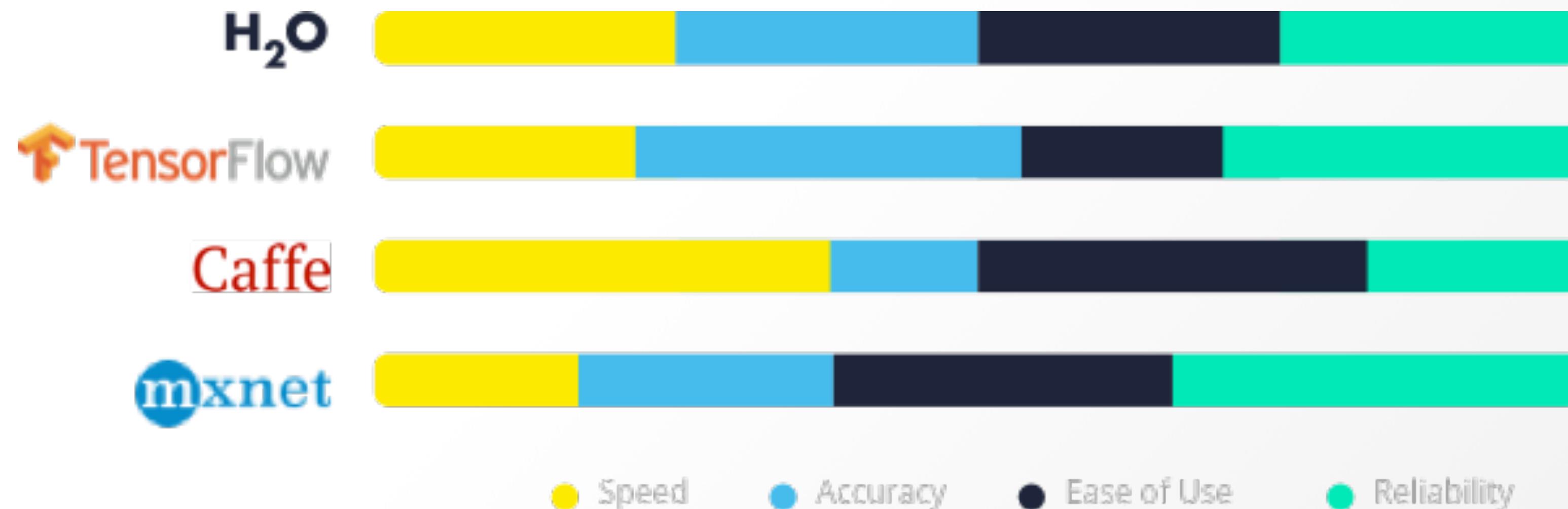
- Scalable Data Frames
- Sort, Slice, Log Transform

Deep Water



Deep Water

Project “Deep Water” is a unification of the top open source libraries for Deep Learning.

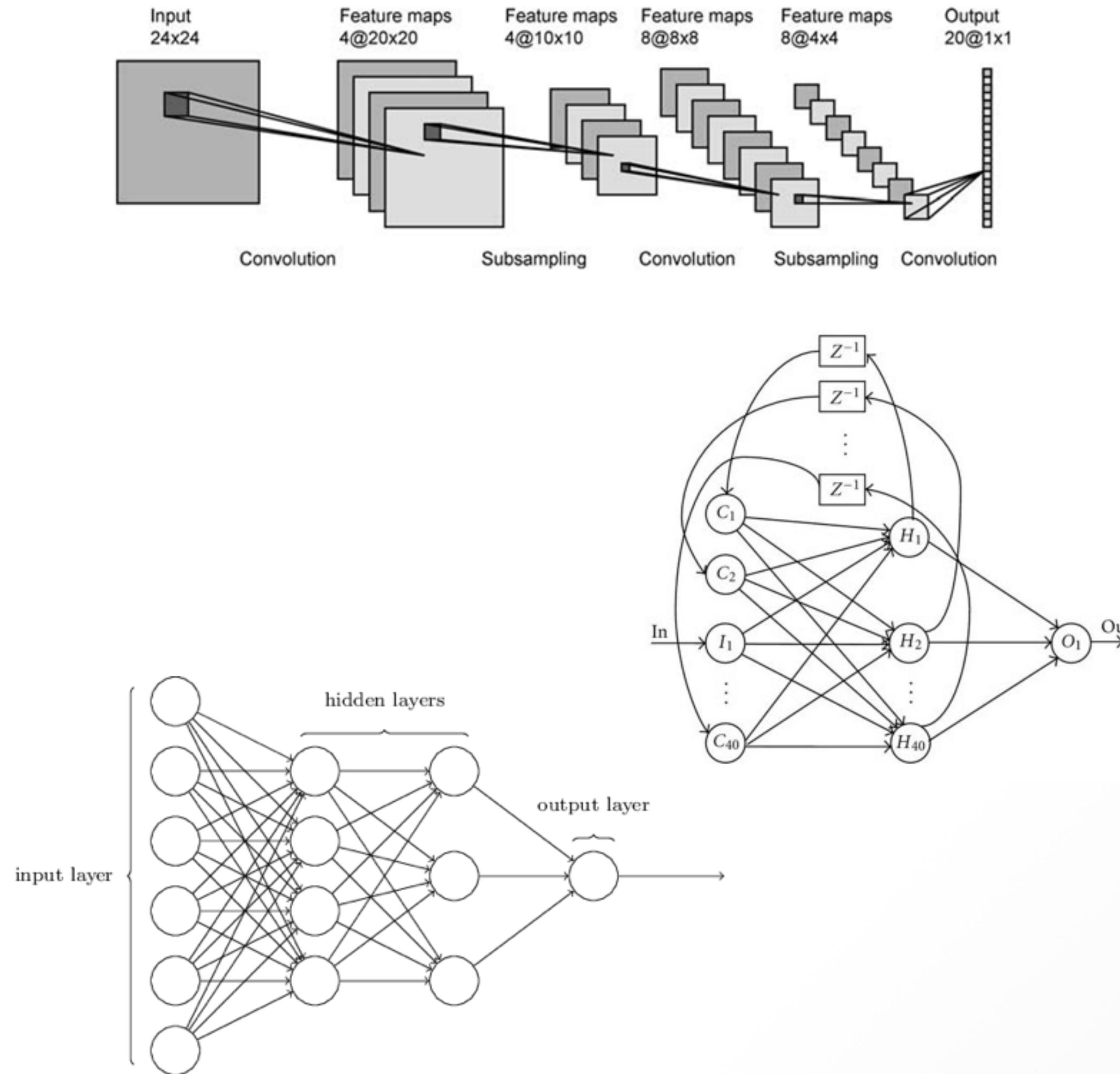


Deep Water

- Native implementation of Deep Learning models for GPU-optimized backends (mxnet, Caffe, TensorFlow, etc.)
- State-of-the-art Deep Learning models trained from the H2O Platform
- Provides an easy to use interface to any of the Deep Water backends.
- Extends the H2O platform to include Convolutional Neural Nets (CNNs) and Recurrent Neural Nets (RNNs) including LSTMs

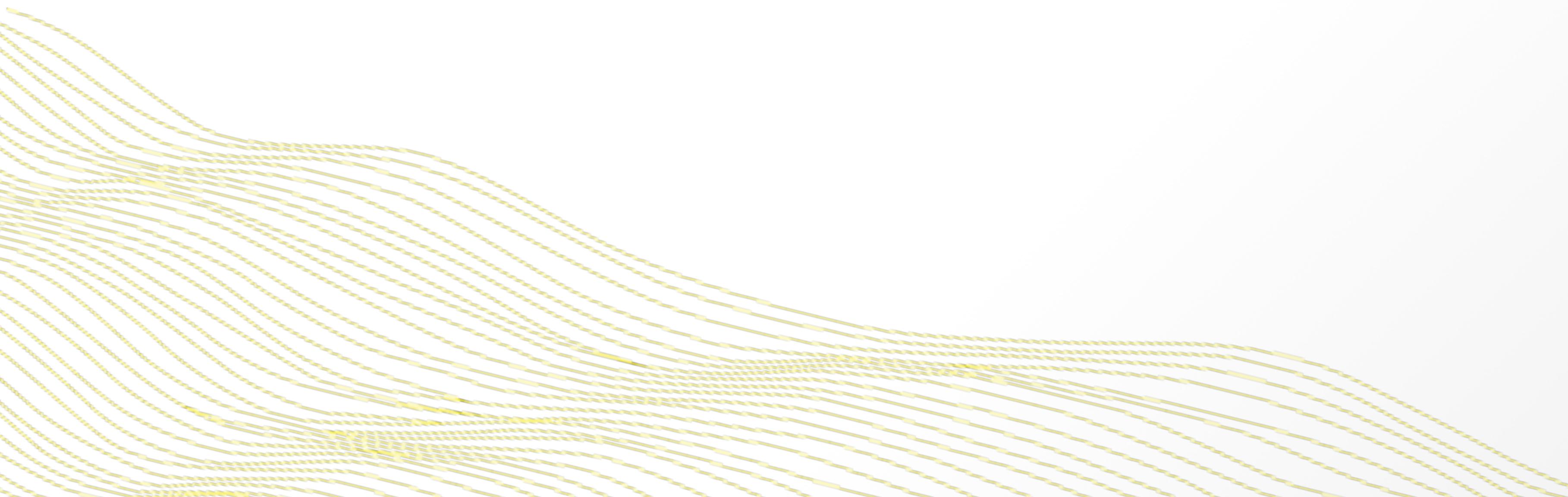
<https://github.com/h2oai/deepwater>

Deep Water Neural Architectures



- » Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), which are popular for image data.
- » Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs), including Long-Short-Term-Memory (LSTMs) for sequence learning including text, audio and video.
- » Multilayer Perceptrons (MLPs), fully connected multilayer artificial neural networks, useful for numeric data.

AutoML



H2O AutoML

- AutoML stands for “Automatic Machine Learning”
- The idea here is to remove most (or all) of the parameters from the algorithm, as well as automatically generate derived features that will aid in learning.
- Single algorithms are tuned automatically using a combination of grid search and Bayesian Optimization algorithms.
- If ensembles are permitted, then a Super Learner will be constructed.

Public code coming soon!

H2O in Python



h2o Python Module



Installation

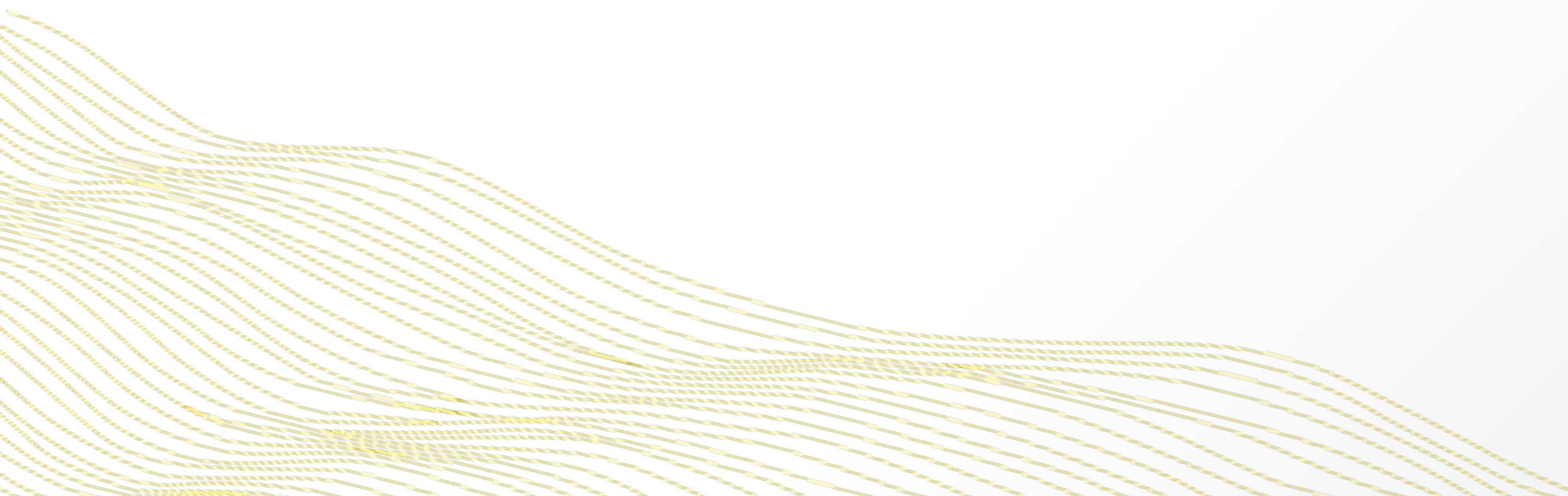
- Java 7 or later; Python 2.7, 3.5; Linux, Mac, Windows
- The easiest way to install the h2o Python module is PyPi.
- Latest version: <http://www.h2o.ai/download/h2o/python>

Design

All computations are performed in highly optimized Java code in the H2O cluster, initiated by REST calls from R.

H2O Python Tutorials

<http://tinyurl.com/h2o-tutorials-py>



Tutorial: Intro to H2O Algorithms

The “Intro to H2O” tutorial introduces five popular supervised machine learning algorithms in the context of a binary classification problem.

The training module demonstrates how to train models and evaluate model performance on a test set.

- Generalized Linear Model (GLM)
- Random Forest (RF)
- Gradient Boosting Machine (GBM)
- Deep Learning (DL)
- Naive Bayes (NB)

Tutorial: Grid Search for Model Selection

```
> print(gbm_gridperf)
H2O Grid Details
=====
Grid ID: gbm_grid2
Used hyper parameters:
- sample_rate
- max_depth
- learn_rate
- col_sample_rate
Number of models: 72
Number of failed models: 0

Hyper-Parameter Search Summary: ordered by decreasing auc
  sample_rate max_depth learn_rate col_sample_rate      model_ids          auc
1           1         3       0.19  1 gbm_grid2_model_38 0.685166598389755
2           0.9       3       0.15  1 gbm_grid2_model_53 0.684956999713052
3           0.8       5       0.06  1 gbm_grid2_model_22 0.684843506375254
4           0.6       4       0.07  1 gbm_grid2_model_4   0.684327718715252
5           0.95      4       0.13  1 gbm_grid2_model_48 0.684042497773235
```

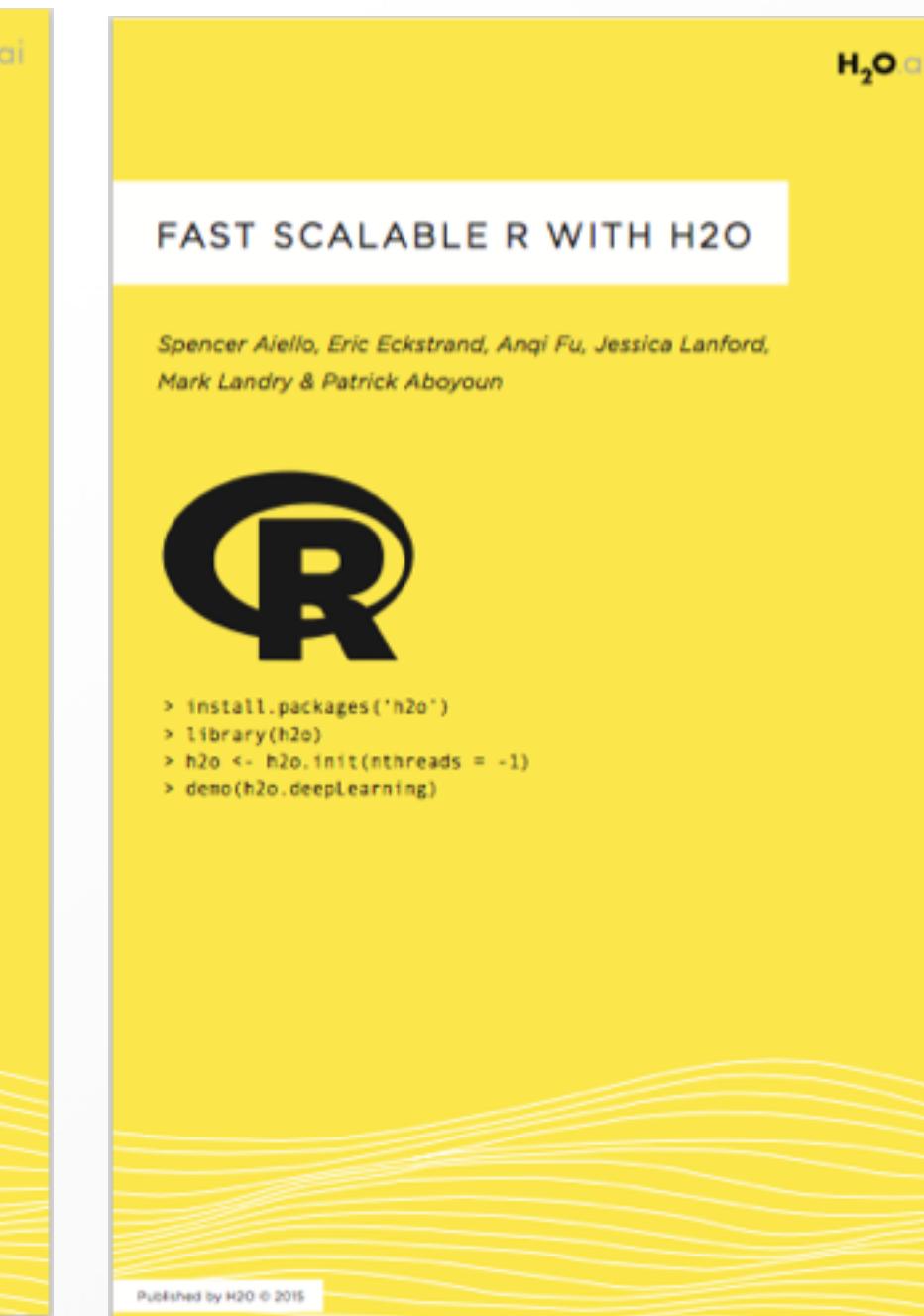
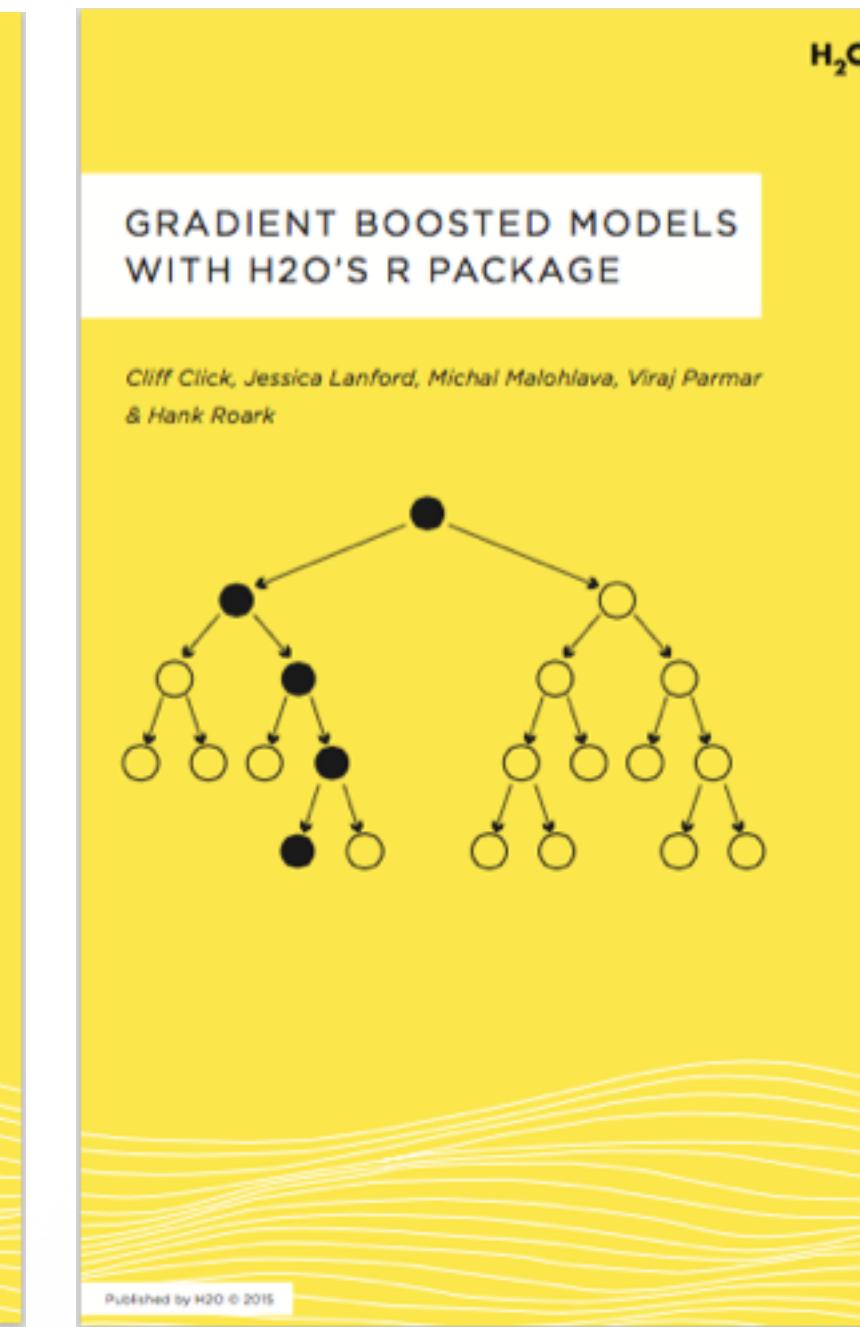
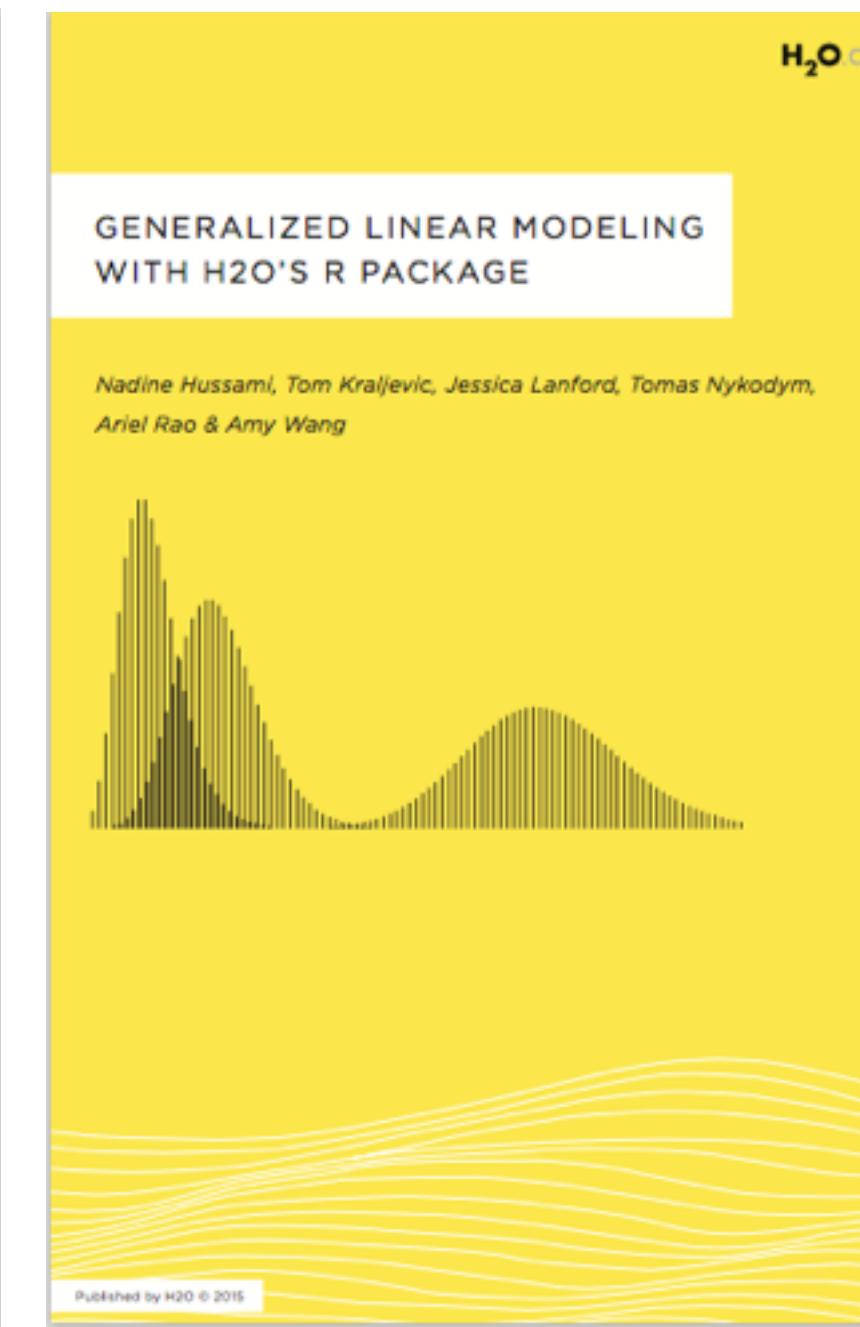
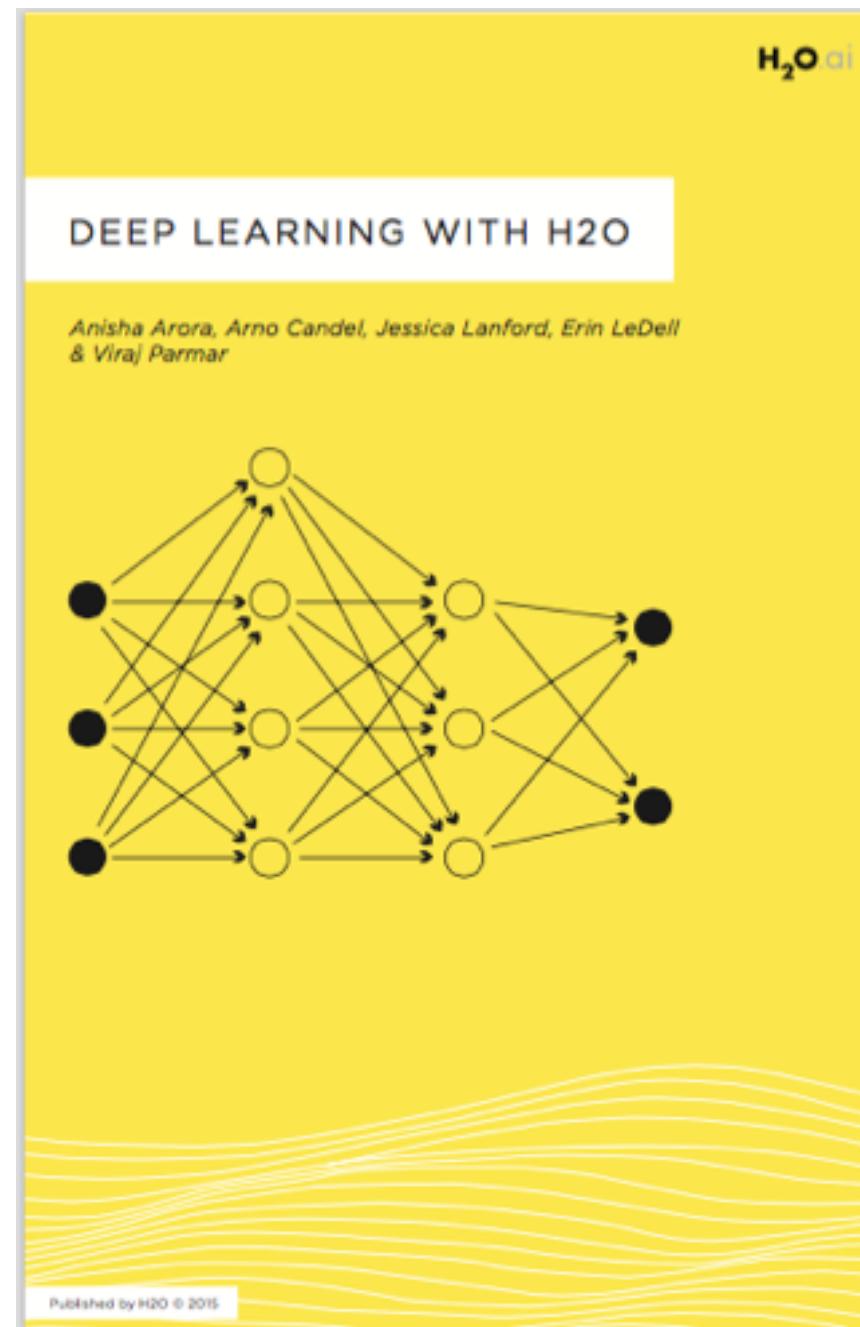
The second training module demonstrates how to find the best set of model parameters for each model using Grid Search.

H2O Resources

- H2O Online Training: <http://learn.h2o.ai>
- H2O Tutorials: <https://github.com/h2oai/h2o-tutorials>
- H2O Slidedecks: <http://www.slideshare.net/0xdata>
- H2O Video Presentations: <https://www.youtube.com/user/0xdata>
- H2O Community Events & Meetups: <http://h2o.ai/events>



H2O Booklets



<http://docs.h2o.ai/>

Thank you!

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