# UNSUPERVISED LEXICON-BASED SENTIMENT ANALYSIS & TOPIC MODELING ON YELP REVIEW DATASET

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#### **UNSUPERVISED LEXICON-BASED SENTIMENT & TOPIC MODELING (ULSTM)**

Assesses the sentiment of a Yelp review by assigning a sentiment score based on semantic meaning and syntactic structure of the review, followed by Latent Dirichlet Allocation to extract global topics as highlights and/or opportunities for improvement of the restaurants.

Lexicon-Based Sentiment Model Sentiment S

based on score categories

#### **UNSUPERVISED SENTIMENT**

The model is essentially an <u>unsupervised</u> sentiment model, as it does not require any prior knowledge or label on the data of interest, which is not readily available for all types of sentiment task. Moreover, people's quantifications of the same sentiment are highly subjective, and it's not feasible to standardize these sentiment measures, which makes unsupervised sentiment analysis a superior model as the sentiment score is entirely based on the semantic meaning and syntactic structure of the review.



was OK.'



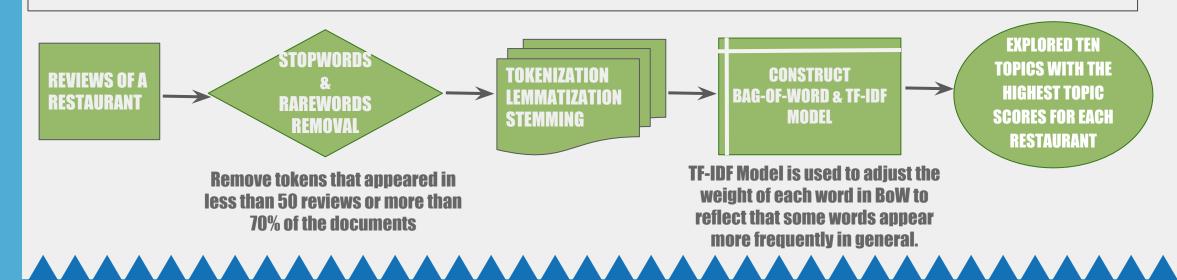
#### LATENT DIRICHLET ALLOCATION

Categorized them into three sentiment levels (positive, neutral, negative) based on magnitude of sentiment scores.

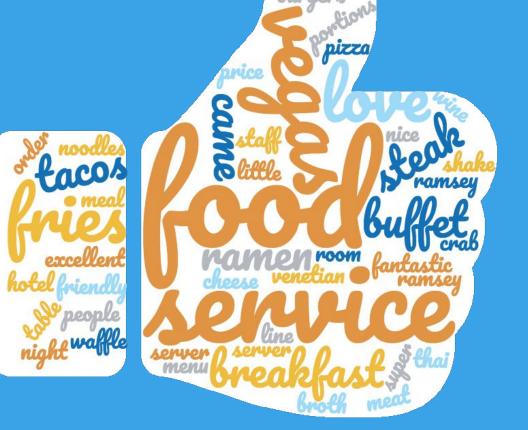
Applies LDA on reviews from the same restaurant to extract latent topics of each review and obtained the most frequently mentioned topics.

Each topic can be treated as an aspect of dining experience in that specific restaurant (taste, price, service, environment, etc)

These aspects reflect areas that a restaurant needs to maintain the quality of or make immediate improvements on.



#### **SELECTED TOPICS**



**HIGHLIGHTS OF 'SkinnyFATS'** 

## **FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS OF WickedSpoon"**

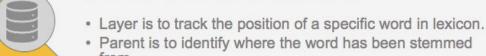


#### **ESTABLISH SENTIMENT LEXICON**

We developed a sentiment lexicon more pertinent to a restaurant setting based on original Yelp Review dataset.



DEFINE LAYER & PARENT



from.

GROW WORD TREES

• Find synonyms of 'parent' to grow dictionary to the next

#### Assumntions

- 1. Synonyms of a word share identical semantic orientation with parent.
- 2. When a word can be stemmed from a positive word AND a negative word,
- sentiment will be prioritized to the one that appears at an earlier layer.

  3. When a word simultaneously occurs under positive (or negative) and neutral, then sentiment will be prioritized to non-neutral one.

### SENTIMENT SCORE EXAMPLES

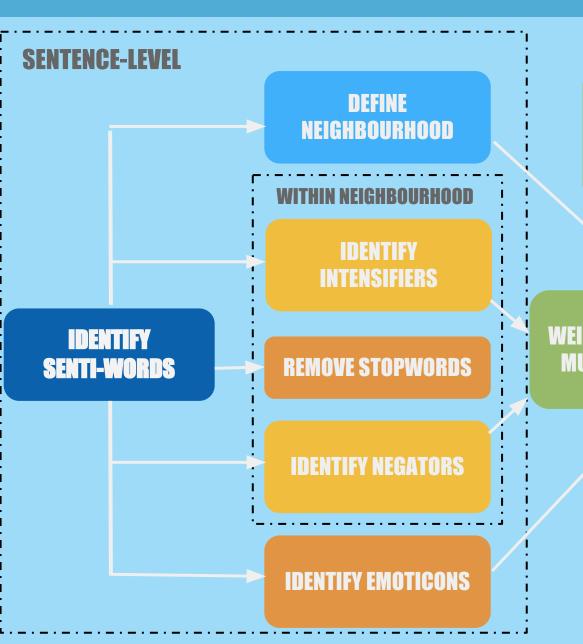
REVIEWS	SENTIMENT SCORE	LABEL	REVIEW STARS
The service is terrible and while walking to the bathroom I got a glimpse off the kitchen it was so dirty and disgusting how the health department has not shut them down yet I have no idea I know for a fact I will never there again.	-4	NEGATIVE	*
Excellent food+ excellent service, everyone is very nice and helpful especially our nice and friendly host Constantinel. We will definitely come back again next time we are in Vegas.	5.825	POSITIVE	***
Makis are good but globally meals are over-priced \& hyped. Go off-strip if you want to have Japanese for half the price!	0.5	NEUTRAL	**

#### SENTIMENT CALCULATOR

- Numerical Expressions: Positive (+1), Negative (-1), Neutral (0)
- Neighbourhood:
   Words in the independent clause of the
   'Senti-word' with a max distance of 7 from
   'Senti-Word'.
- Intensifiers and negators affect ONLY the 'Senti-Word' within neighbourhood.
- Emoticons are treated as special 'Senti-Words' which won't be affected by intensifiers and negations.

An example with sentiment score =  $(1.5)^*1 + 2 = 3.5$ : (x 1.5) (+1) (+1)

The food here tastes very good | and fresh :)



Downweight sentiment if a sentence does not describe the reviewed business

WEIGHTED AVERAGE FOR MULTIPLE SENTENCES

'To\_truecase' function from StanfordNLP to identify proper nouns

## **EXAMPLES OF SENTI-WORD TREES**

