

## Chapter 4, Section 2

James Lee

August 9, 2025

1. Use (2.5.3) to show that  $\mathbf{P}^n$  is simply connected.
2. *Classification of Curves of Genus 2.* Fix an algebraically closed field  $k$  of characteristic  $\neq 2$ .
  - (a) If  $X$  is a curve of genus 2 over  $k$ , the canonical linear system  $|K|$  determines a finite morphism  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{P}^1$  of degree 2 (Ex. 1.7). Show that it is ramified at exactly 6 points, with ramification index 2 at each one. Note that  $f$  is uniquely determined, up to an automorphism of  $\mathbf{P}^1$ , so  $X$  determines an (unordered) set of 6 points of  $\mathbf{P}^1$ , up to an automorphism of  $\mathbf{P}^1$ .
  - (b) Conversely, given six distinct elements  $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_6 \in k$ , let  $K$  be the extension of  $k(x)$  determined by the equation  $z^2 = (x - \alpha_1) \cdots (x - \alpha_6)$ . Let  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{P}^1$  be the corresponding morphism of curves. Show that  $g(X) = 2$ , the map  $f$  is the same as the one determined by the canonical linear system, and  $f$  is ramified over the six points  $x = \alpha_i$  of  $\mathbf{P}^1$ , and nowhere else.