



Model FR-D700 tudonghoa24.com

OBAL ST





Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Nagoya Works is a factory certified for ISO14001 (standards for environmental management systems) and ISO9001(standards for quality assurance management systems)





GLOBAL STANDARD

New standard of inverter

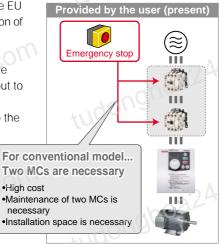
High reliability is realized!

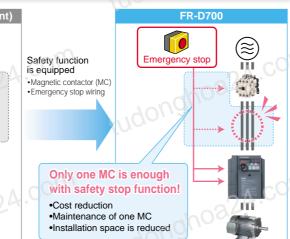
(1) Safety stop function

The FR-D700 series is compliant to the EU Machinery Directive without the addition of previously required external devices. Operation of an external Emergency Stop device results in a highly reliable immediate shutoff of the D700's output to

This safety stop function conforms to the following standards.

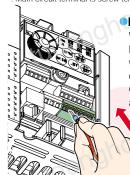
EN954-1 (ISO13849-1) Category 3 IEC60204-1 Stop Category 0





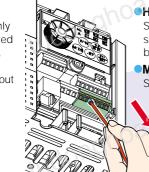
(2) Spring clamp terminal (control circuit terminal)

Highly reliable and easy wiring is realized by the incorporation of spring clamp terminals.



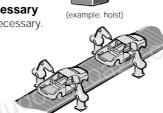
Easy wiring

Wiring is completed only by inserting wires treated with bar terminal (max, diameter 1.5mm) Capable of wiring without a bar terminal.



High reliability Spring structure in terminal contact section inside prevents contact fault by vibration.

Maintenance is unnecessary Screw retightening is unnecessary.



example: automobile production line)

(3) Long-life design

- The design life of the cooling fan has been extended to 10 years 1. The life of the fan can be further extended utilizing the it's ON/OFF
- The longevity of the capacitors has been extended to 10 vears by the adoption of a capacitor with a specification of 5000 hours and 105°C surrounding air temperature*1,*2.
- *1: Surrounding air temperature : annual average 40°C (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt) Since the design life is a calculated value, it is not a guaranteed value
- *2: Output current : 80% of the inverter rated current
- Life indication of critical components

Elic indication of critical co	Imponents	
Components	Guideline of the FR-D700 Life	Guideline of JEMA
Cooling fan	10 years	2 to 3 years
Main circuit smoothing capacitor	10 years	5 years
Printed board smoothing capacitor	10 years	5 years

*3: Excerpts from "Periodic check of the transistorized inverter" of JEMA (Japan Electrical

Most advanced life check

- Degrees of deterioration of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, and inrush current limit circuit can be monitored
- Trouble can be avoided with the self-diagnostic alarm 4 that is output when the life span is near.
- *4: If any one of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, inrush current restriction circuit or cooling fan reaches the output level, an alarm is output. Capacity of the main circuit capacitor can be measured by setting parameter at a stop and turning the power from off to on. Measuring the capacity enables alarm to be output. The cooling fan outputs alarm by using fan speed detection

Password function

Registering 4-digit password can limit parameter read/write.

It is effective for parameter setting



This is Mitsubishi new standard

Equipped with small class highest level of function/performance!!

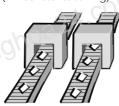
150%/1Hz high starting torque by general -purpose magnetic flux vector control

General-purpose magnetic flux vector control and auto tuning function are available

It ensures operation that requires high starting torque, such as transfer machine including conveyer, hoist, lift, etc., washing machine, and agitators.

- High torque 150%/1Hz and 200%/3Hz are realized
- Auto tunina

Many kinds of motors can be optimally controlled with Mitsubishi original "non-rotation" auto tuning function. (R1 constants tuning)



(2) Brake resistor can be connected

A brake transistor is built-in to the 0.4K or more. Connecting an optional brake resistor increases regeneration capability.

It is useful for deceleration time reduction of a machine with a large inertia, such as fan, and operation of lift, etc.



Enhanced function

New functions and useful functions from superior models support all sorts of applications.

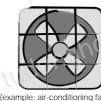
 Regeneration avoidance function For a pressing machine and fan rotated faster than the set speed due to the effect of another fan, a trip can be

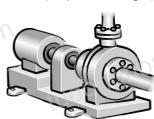
made less likely to occur by automatically increasing frequency at regeneration.

Optimum excitation control

This control enables the motor efficiency to its optimum. More energy saving is possible in applications with variable load torque characteristic such as fan and pump.







Power failure-time deceleration-to-stop function

The motor can be decelerated to a stop when a power failure or undervoltage occurred to prevent the motor from coasting.

For fail-safe of machine tool, etc., it is effective to stop the motor when a power failure has occurred.

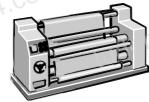


Dancer control

Entering position detection signal of dancer roll to use PID control enables tension control by dancer roll.

Traverse function

Traverse function for wind-up drum of spinning machine and wiredrawing machine prevents unevenness and deformation at thread winding.





Features

Standard specifications

Outline dimension drawings

Terminal connection Terminal specification

explanation

Operation panel Parameter unit

Parameter list

Protective functions

Option and peripheral devices

Precautions for operation/selection Precautions for peripheral

device selection

FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

Warranty International

FA Center

3 Easy use and time saving build in as standard

(1) Quick setup with the setting dial

Mitsubishi inverter has a setting dial of course.

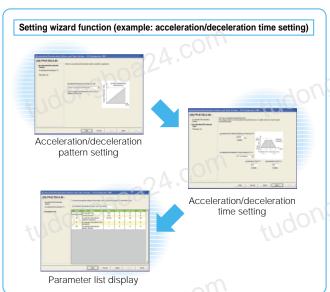
- The scrolling speed of the dial was made to variable for more improved operability.
- The nonslip setting dial is easier to turn.

(2) Setting is easily done from a personal computer using the FR Configurator (option) (available soon)

Connecting a personal computer and the inverter via RS-485 communication realizes setting with wizard (interactive) function of the FR Configurator (inverter setup software).

In addition, a parameter setting can be converted from the FR-S500 series to the FR-D700 series by "convert" function.

Displays monitor data in waveform. [Graph]





(3) Enclosure surface operation panel FR-PA07 (option)

Optional enclosure surface operation panel (FR-PA07) can be connected. In addition, an operation panel for the FR-E500 series can be connected.

The operation panel of the inverter can not be removed. A parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB20) is separately necessary.

(4) Parameter unit FR-PU07 (option)

An optional parameter unit (FR-PU07) can be connected as well A parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB201) is separately necessary.

 Setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function are usable.

Eight languages can be displayed.

- Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.
- A battery pack type (FR-PU07BB(-L)) allows parameter setting and parameter copy without powering on the inverter. (available soon)
- •To use a parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB) outside Japan, order a "FR-PU07BB-L" (parameter unit type indicated on the package has L at the end).

Since enclosed batteries may conflict with laws in countries to be used (new EU Directive on batteries and accumulators, etc.), batteries are not enclosed with an FR-PU07BB except Japan.

(5) Enhanced communication function

Modbus and Mitsubishi inverter protocol

Supports Modbus RTU

Communication speed of RS-485 has been improved (communication at 38.4kbps is available)

"Multi command mode" has been added to Mitsubishi inverter protocol (data processing time of the inverter has been reduced to 1/4)

4 Compact and space saving

(1) Easily replaceable compact body

Installation size is the same as that of the FR-S500 series which is the smallest model of the Mitsubishi inverter.





Space can be saved by side by side no clearance installation*

*: Use the inverter at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less.



5 Easy maintenance

(1) Easy replacement of cooling fan

A cooling fan is provided on top of the inverter of all capacities requiring a cooling fan (1.5K or more).

A cooling fan can be easily replaced without disconnecting main circuit wires.



(2) Combed shaped wiring cover

Since a cover can be fitted after wiring, wiring work is easily done.



6 Global standard environment conscious

(1) RoHS Directive compliant

Human and environment-friendly inverter in compliant with RoHS Directive.

RoHS Directive requires member nations must guarantee that new electrical and electronic equipment sold in the market after July 1, 2006 do not contain lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBBE) flame retardants

<G> mark indicating RoHS Directive compliance is printed on the package.

(3) EMC filter integrated model (to be released)

The lineup of EMC filter integrated models.

(3) Complies with UL, cUL,EN (LVD) standards





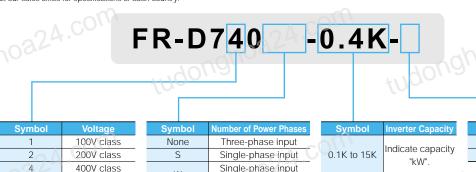
Lineup

The lineup of three phase 200V/400V class goes to 15K.

For the FR-D700 series, North American (NA), EU (EC), and Chinese (CHT) specifications also are supported.

This catalog explains based on the Japanese specifications.

Consult our sales office for specifications of each country.



louble voltage output)

Power Supply	Inverter Type	Inverter Capacity	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
Three phase		Enclosed structure (IP20)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200V	FR-D720-□K	Totally-enclosed structure (IP40)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Three phase	ED D740 EW	Enclosed structure (IP20)		<u>۸ (</u>	D.♠.,	•	•	•	•	\bullet_{Λ}	•	0	0
400V	FR-D740-□K	Totally-enclosed structure (IP40)	5 2	4.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Single phase 200V *	FR-D720S-□K	Enclosed structure (IP20)	•	•	•	•	.30	0	$U_{\overline{O}}$	_	_	_	_
Single phase 100V *	FR-D710W-□K	Enclosed structure (IP20)	0	0	0	0	<u>Mo</u>	_	_	_	_	_	<u>t</u> U

^{*:} Output of the single-phase 200V and single-phase 100V input models is three-phase 200V.

:Available models

O :Models to be released

None

d — :Not availab

Enclosed-type structure IP20

Totally enclosed structure IP40

3

Ratii ● Thi	ree-phase 400V power supp	oly ²⁴	.com		. 200	ghoa24.com				
	Model FR-D740-□K(-C)∗6	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
	Model FR-D740-□-NA	012	022	036	050	080	120	160		
	Model FR-D740-□-EC	012	022	036	050	080	120	160		
	Model FR-D740-□K-CHT	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
Applic	cable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
R	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	1.2	2.0	3.0	4.6	7.2	9.1	13.0		
Output	Rated current (A)	1.2	2.2	3.6	5.0	8.0	12.0	16.0		
of G	Overload current rating*3		150% 609	s, 200% 0.5	s (inverse-time characteristics)					
	/oltage _* 4			Three-p	hase 380	hase 380 to 480V				
<u>≥</u> R	Rated input voltage/frequency		Th	ree-phase	380 to 480	V 50Hz/60	Hz			
Supply Right	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation			325 to	528V 50H	z/60Hz				
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation		- 100		±5%			200		
Power	ower supply capacity (kVA)*5	1,5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	120	17		
Protec	ctive structure (JEM1030)	Enc	losed type	IP20). IP40	0 for totally	enclosed s	structure se	ries.		
Coolir	ng system	Self-c	cooling		For	Forced air cooling				
Appro	oximate mass (kg)	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	3.1	3.1		

- The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.
- The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 440V.
- The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about $\sqrt{2}$ that of the power supply.
- The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).
- Totally enclosed structure series ends with -C.

Single-phase 200V power supply

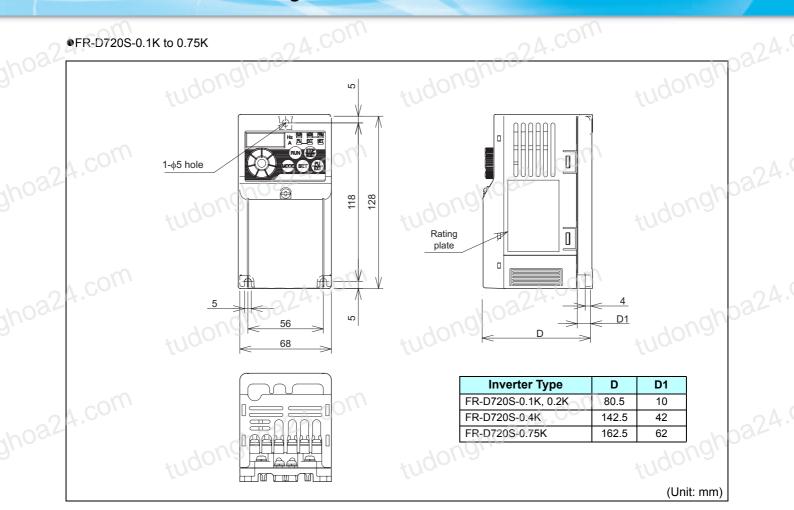
۸ (Model FR-D720S-□K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
-1"	Model FR-D720S-□-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100		
	Model FR-D720S-□-EC	008	014	025	042	070	100		
	Model FR-D720S-□K-CHT	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
App	licable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.8	3.8		
Output	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	7.0	10.0		
Out	Overload current rating*3	150% 60s, 200% 0.5s (inverse-time characteristics)							
4.	Voltage*4	Three-phase 200 to 240V							
oly	Rated input voltage/frequency	25	Single-p	hase 200 t	o 240V 50I	Hz/60Hz			
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation		1	70 to 264V	50Hz/60H	z			
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation			+ ±5	%				
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*5	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.3	4.0	5.2		
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20).							
Coc	oling system	Self-cooling Forced air cooling							
App	roximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.9		
-									

- The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.
- The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V.
- The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.
- The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about $\sqrt{2}$ that of the power supply.
- tudonghoa24.9 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables). tudonghoa2 tudonghoa2

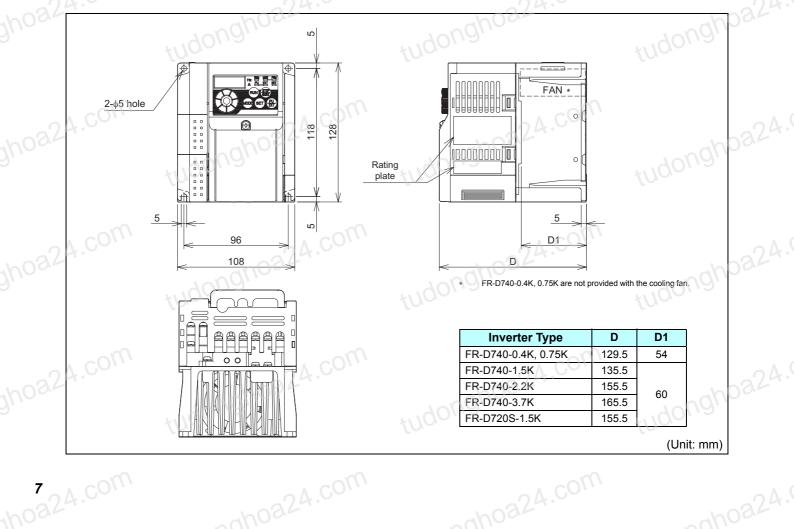
Çc	ommon spec	ifications	
7.		ما	
	Control method		Soft-PWM control/high carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, general-purpose magnetic flux vector control, optimum excitation control can be selected)
	Output frequency r	ange	0.2 to 400Hz
S	Frequency setting	Analog input	0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 10V/10bit) 0.12Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 5V/9bit)
ion	resolution		0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal4: 0 to 20mA/10bit)
specifications	Frequency	Digital input Analog input	0.01Hz Within ±1% of the max. output frequency (25°C ±10°C)
ecil	accuracy	Digital input	Within 0.01% of the set output frequency
_	Voltage/frequency	characteristics	Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz
2	Starting torque		Constant torque/variable torque pattern can be selected 150% or more (at 1Hz)when general-purpose magnetic flux vector control and slip compensation is set
ဝိ	Torque boost	100,13	Manual torque boost
	Acceleration/decele	ration time setting	0.1 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/deceleration mode can be selected.
	DC injection brake		Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) variable
	Stall prevention op	eration level	Operation current level can be set (0 to 200% adjustable), whether to use the function or not can be selected
	Frequency setting signal	Analog input	Two points Terminal 2: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V can be selected Terminal 4: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, 4 to 20mA can be selected
		Digital input	Entered from operation panel and parameter unit. Frequency setting increments is selectable
-	Start signal	<u> </u>	Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected.
	Input signal		Five points You can select from among multi-speed selection, remote setting, second function selection, terminal 4 input selection, JOG operation selection, PID control valid terminal, external thermal input, PU-external operation switchover, V/F switchover, output stop, start self-holding selection, traverse function selectiom, forward rotation, reverse rotation command, inverter reset, PU-NET operation switchover, external-NET operation switchover, command source switchover, inverter operation enable signal, and PU operation external interlock
Operation specifications	Operational function	ons	Maximum/minimum frequency setting, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selection, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, remote setting, second function, multi-speed operation, regeneration avoidance, slip compensation, operation mode selection, offline auto tuning function, PID control, computer link operation (RS-485), optimum excitation control, power failure stop, speed smoothing control, Modbus-RTU
on sp	Output signal points	Open collector output	One point
rati		Relay output	One point
odo	Operating statu	s	You can select from among inverter operation, up-to-frequency, overload alarm, output frequency detection, regenerative brake prealarm, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, inverter operation ready, output current detection, zero current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward/reverse rotation output, fan alarm*2, heatsink overheat pre-alarm, deceleration at an instantaneous power failure, PID control activated, PID output interruption, during retry, life alarm, current average value monitor, remote output, alarm output, fault output 3, and maintenance timer alarm
	For meter Output points	Pulse output	MAX 2.4kHz: one point
	For meter	ngome	You can select from among output frequency, motor current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, reference voltage output, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, output power, PID deviation, Motor thermal load factor, Inverter thermal load factor Pulse train output (1440 pulses/s/full scale)
\	Operation panel Parameter unit	Operating status	You can select from among output frequency, motor current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, PID deviation, inverter I/O terminal monitor, output power, cumulative power, motor thermal load factor, inverter thermal load factor, PTC thermistor resistance.
ខ	(FR-PU07)	Fault definition	Fault definition is displayed when the fault occurs and the past 8 fault definitions (output voltage/current/ frequency/cumulative energization time right before the fault occurs) are stored
ngi	Additional display	Operating status	Not used
	by the parameter	Fault definition	Output voltage/current/frequency/cumulative energization time immediately before the fault occurs
	unit (FR-PU04/FR- PU07) only	Interactive guidance	Function (help) for operation guide
١.	rotective/warning function		<protective functions=""> Overcurrent during acceleration, overcurrent during constant speed, overcurrent during deceleration, overvoltage during acceleration, overvoltage during deceleration, inverter protection thermal operation, motor protection thermal operation, heatsink overheat, input phase failure *4 *5, output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start*4, output phase failure, external thermal relay operation *4, PTC thermistor operation*4, parameter error, PU disconnection, retry count excess *4, CPU fault, brake transistor alarm, inrush resistance overheat, analog input error, stall prevention operation, output current detection value exceeded <warning functions=""> Fan alarm*2, overcurrent stall prevention, overvoltage stall prevention, PU stop, parameter write error,</warning></protective>
			regenerative brake prealarm *4, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, maintenance output *4, undervoltage, operation panel lock, password locked, inverter reset
ent	Surrounding air ter	nperature	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing) (-10°C to +40°C for totally-enclosed structure feature) *3
틸	Ambient humidity Storage temperatur	re*1	90%RH maximum (non-condensing) -20°C to +65°C
o S	ago tomperatur	- 1	
ξ	Atmosphere Altitude/vibration		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)

- Temperatures applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.
- As the 0.75K or less is not provided with the cooling fan, this alarm does not function.
- When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0cm clearance).
- This protective function does not function in the initial status.
- This protective function is available with the three-phase power input specification model only. ahna24.com moa24.com anna24.com

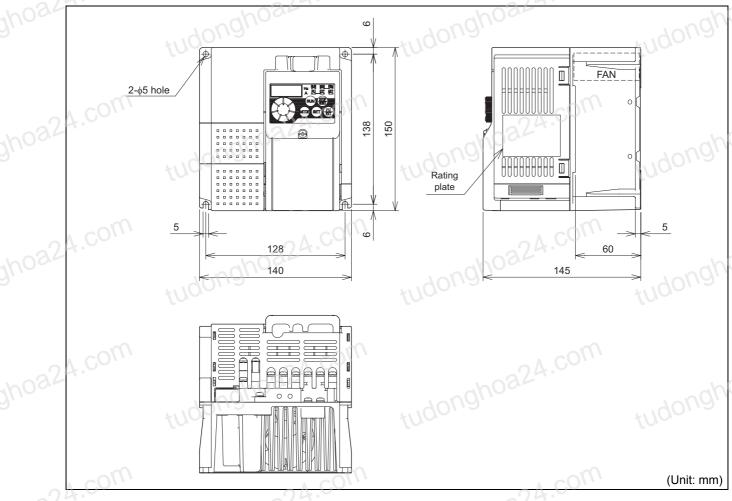
•FR-D720S-0.1K to 0.75K



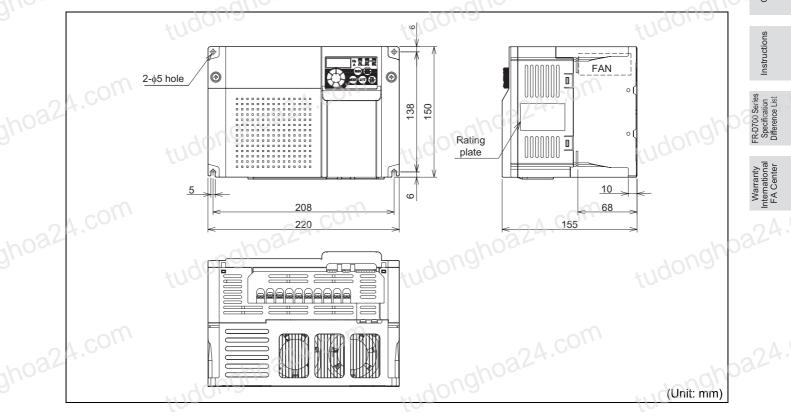
- ●FR-D740-0.4K to 3.7K
- ●FR-D720S-1.5K



•FR-D720S-2.2K

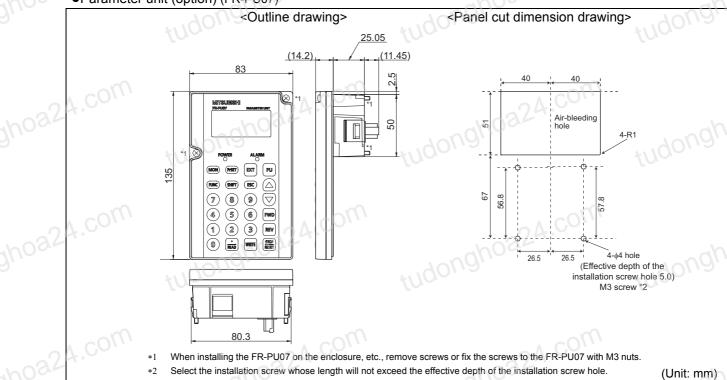


●FR-D740-5.5K, 7.5K

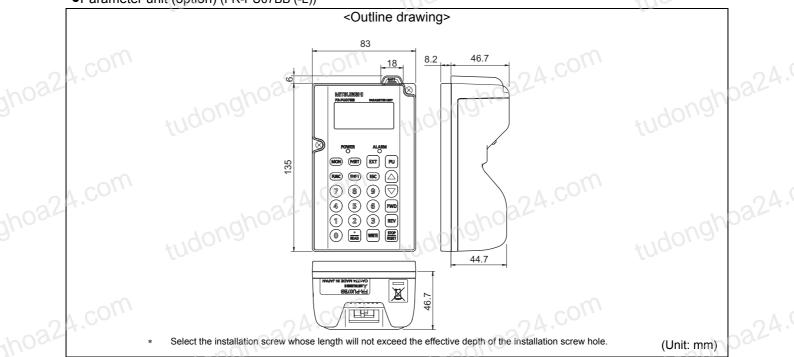


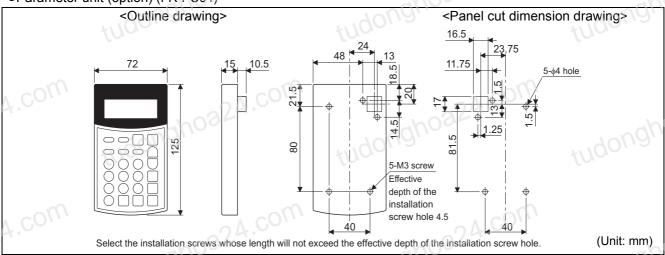
Instructions FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

Parameter unit (option) (FR-PU07)

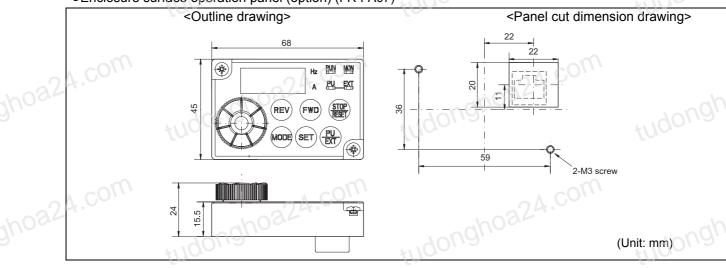


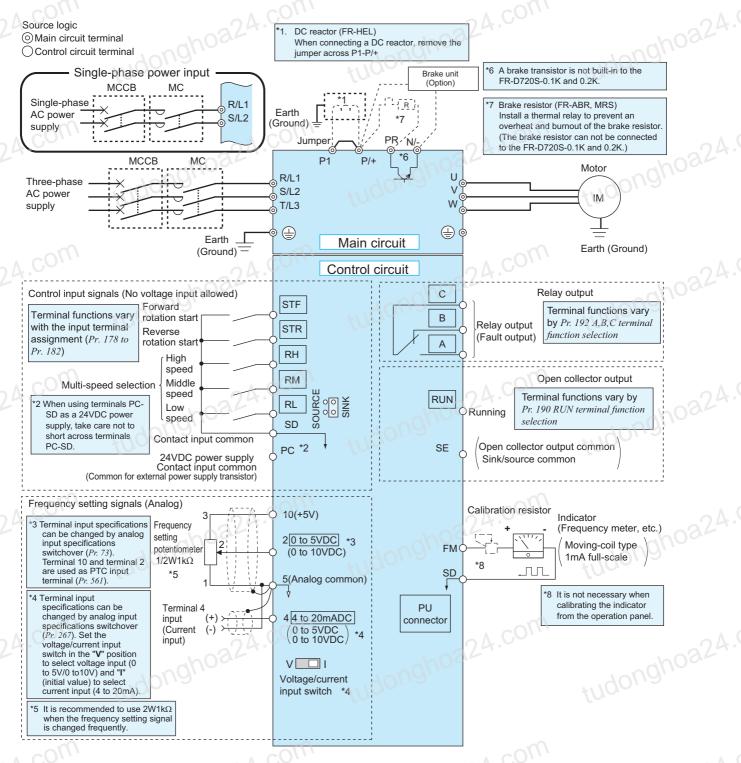
●Parameter unit (option) (FR-PU07BB (-L))





•Enclosure surface operation panel (option) (FR-PA07)







- To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables.
 - After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.
- Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- To ensure safety, for single-phase power input specification model, connect the power input to the inverter via a magnetic contactor and earth leakage circuit breaker or moulded case circuit breaker, and use the magnetic tudonghoa24.9 contactor to switch power on-off.
- The output of the single-phase power input specification is three-phase 200V. tudonghe

Standard	Specifications

T	pe	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description							
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply. Keep these terminals ope factor converter (FR-HC) or power regeneration common converter * When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/L	(FR-CV).						
:	=	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.	- 2.						
	Main circuit	P/+, PR	Brake resistor	Connect a brake transistor (MRS, FR-ABR) across terminals P/+-Pf	₹.						
•	ਰ	F/+, FK	connection	(The brake resistor can not be connected to the FR-D720S-0.1K an							
	ᄪ	P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common confactor converter (FR-HC).	verter (FR-CV) or high power						
	È_(P/+, P1	DC reactor connection	Remove the jumper across terminals P/+-P1 and connect a DC read	ctor.						
			Forth (Ground)	O DE CO							
			Earth (Ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Must be earthed (grounding)	indea).						
		STF	Forward rotation start	Turn on the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it off to stop.	When the STF and STR signals						
		STR 👊	Reverse rotation start	Turn on the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it off to stop.	are turned on simultaneously, the stop command is given.						
		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of RH, RI							
	_		Contact input common (sink) (initial setting)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (sink logic) and terminal	I FM.						
	indui)(() SD	External transistor common (source)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such as a programmab when source logic is selected, connect the external power supply common for transistor terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.							
4	Contact input		24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC terminal Isolated from terminals 5 and SE.	al).						
nal	ပိ		External transistor		nsistor output (open collector output), such as a programmable controller,						
sig		4.4	common	when sink logic is selected, connect the external power supply com	nect the external power supply common for transistor output to this						
5		PC	(sink) (initial setting)	terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.	100						
d		10	Contact input common	Common terminal for contact input terminal (source logic).	erminal (source logic).						
₹			(source)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
ಕ	-	-00	24VDC power supply	Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.							
Control circuit/input signal	C	10	Frequency setting power supply	Used as power supply when connecting potentiometer for frequency (speed setting) from outside of the inverter.	current 10mA						
Con	setting	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V) and makes input and output proportional. Use <i>Pr.</i> 73 to switch between input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10VDC input.	Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC						
	Frequency setting		Frequency setting (current)	Inputting 0 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V / 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is on (terminal 2 input is invalid). Use <i>Pr. 267</i> to switch from among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to 10V).	Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage $20VDC$ Current input: Input resistance $233\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ Maximum permissible current $30m$						
7		5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminals 2 or 4). Do not earth (ground).						
PTC	thermistor	10 2	PTC thermistor input	For connecting PTC thermistor output. When PTC thermistor protection is valid ($Pr. 561 \neq$ "9999"), terminal 2 is not available for frequency setting.	Adaptive PTC thermistor resistance: $100\Omega \text{ to } 30\text{k}\Omega$						
signal	Relay	A, B, C	Relay output (fault output)	1 changeover contact output indicates that the inverter fault occurs. Fault: discontinuity across B-C (continuity across A-C), Normal: con across A-C) Contact capacity 230VAC 0.3A (power factor = 0.4) 30V							
Control circuit/output signa	collector	RUN	Inverter running	Switched low when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the starting frequency (initial value 0.5Hz). Switched high during stop or DC injection brake operation. (Low indicates that the open collector output transistor is on (conducts). High indicates that the transistor is off (does not conduct))	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is on)						
cic	Open	SE {/	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RUN and FU.	tula						
Contro	Pulse	FM	For meter	Select one e.g. output frequency from monitor items. (Not output during inverter reset.) The output signal is proportional to the magnitude of the corresponding monitoring item.	Permissible load current 1mA 1440 pulses/s at 60Hz						
	Communication	_ D <u>uu</u>	PU connector	With the PU connector, RS-485 communication can be made. Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) Transmission format: Multi-drop link Communication speed: 4800 to 38400bps Overall extension: 500m	n dongh						
		S1	JO.	1000	(UO)						
Terminal for inverter	manufacturer setting	S2	Keep these open. Otherwise,	the inverter may be damaged.							
힏	ture	- 80	Do not remove wires for short	ting across terminal S1 and SC, across terminal S2 and SC. If one of	these wires is removed, the						
ina	ufac	so	inverter cannot be operated.								
ern	Jan	SC	0/								
-	_		-0/-	-0/-							

- Set Pr. 267 and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting. Applying a voltage with voltage/current input switch in "I" position (current input is selected) or a current with switch in "V" position (voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of output devices.
 The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring.
 indicates that terminal functions can be selected using Pr. 178 to Pr. 182, Pr. 190, Pr. 192 (I/O terminal function selection).
 Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.
- uhna24.com

The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter.

Operation mode indication

PU: Lit to indicate PU operation mode. EXT: Lit to indicate external operation

NET: Lit to indicate network operation mode

PU, EXT: Lit to indicate external/PU combined operation mode 1, 2.

Unit indication

Hz: Lit to indicate frequency. (Flickers when the set frequency monitor is displayed.)

A: Lit to indicate current.

(Both "Hz" and "A" turn off when other than the above is displayed.)

Monitor (4-digit LED)

Shows the frequency, parameter number,

Setting dial

(Setting dial: Mitsubishi inverter dial) Used to change the frequency setting and parameter values.

Press to display the following.

- Displays the set frequency in the monitor mode
- Currently set value is displayed during calibration
- Displays the order in the faults history mode

Mode switchover

Used to change each setting mode.

Pressing (PU)

simultaneously changes

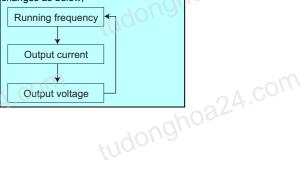
oa24.com

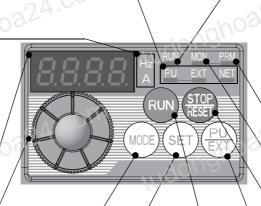
the operation mode

Pressing for a while (2s) can lock operation.

Determination of each setting

If pressed during operation, monitor changes as below;





Operating status display

Lit or flicker during inverter operation. *

tudonghoa24.com On: Indicates that forward rotation operation is being performed. Slow flickering (1.4s cycle): Reverse rotation operation

Fast flickering (0.2s cycle):

When (RUN) was pressed or the start command was given, but the operation can not be made.

- When the frequency command is less than the starting frequency.
- · When the MRS signal is input.

Parameter setting mode

Lit to indicate parameter setting mode.

Monitor indication

Lit to indicate monitoring mode.

Stop operation

Used to stop Run command. Fault can be reset when protective function is activated (fault).

Operation mode switchover

Used to switch between the PU and external operation mode.

When using the external operation mode (operation using a separately connected frequency setting potentiometer and start signal), press this key to light up the EXT indication.

(Press (MODE) simultanesouly (0.5s) or

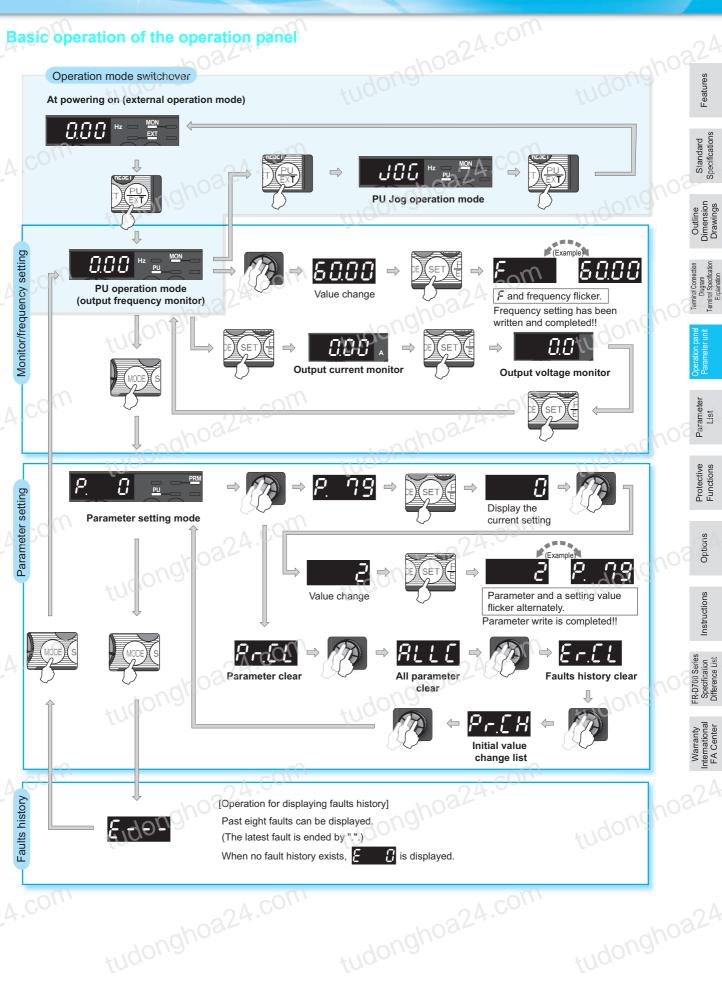
change Pr. 79 setting to change to combined mode .)

PU: PU operation mode EXT: External operation mode Cancels PU stop also.

Start command

The rotation direction can be selected by setting Pr. 40.

Basic operation of the operation panel

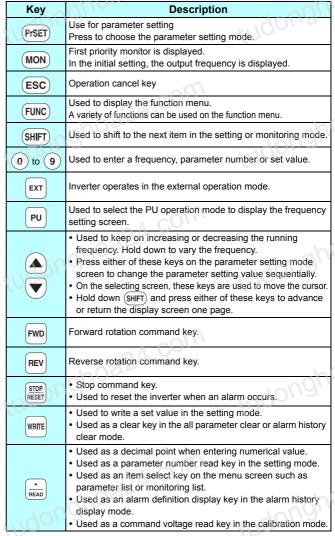


tudonghoa24.9

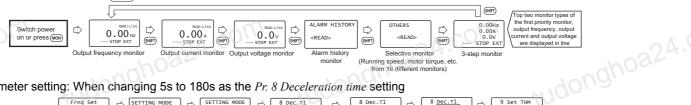
Parameter unit (FR-PU07), parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB(-L) (available soon))

- The parameter unit is a convenient tool for inverter setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function. Eight languages can be displayed.
- Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.
- With the FR-PU07BB(-L), parameter check and setting change can be made without connecting a power supply to the inverter. Use AA nickel hydride batteries, AA alkali batteries, or AC adapter separately available as power supply.
- To use a parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB) outside Japan, order a "FR-PU07BB-L" (parameter unit type indicated on the package has L at the end). Since enclosed batteries may conflict with laws in countries to be used (new EU Directive on batteries and accumulators, etc.), batteries are not enclosed with an FR-PU07BB except Japan.
- Since the shape is specially designed for portable use, it is easy to work with the FR-PU07BB(-L) in hand.
- The parameter unit connection cable FR-CB20□ is required for connecting to the inverter.

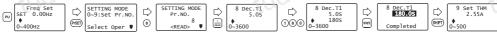




•Monitor: Merely pressing (SHIFT) calls 6 different monitor screens in sequence.



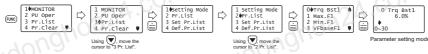
Parameter setting: When changing 5s to 180s as the Pr. 8 Deceleration time setting



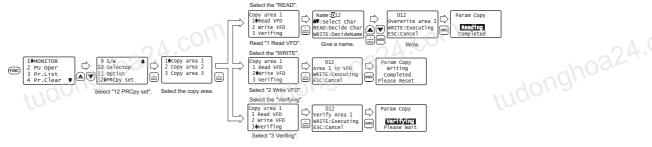
●Pr. List:

Displays the parameters list.

You can select the parameter from the list to read and write the parameter setting.



You can read the parameter settings of the inverter into the FR-PU07 and store the settings of maximum •Multiple copies: three inverters. You can also copy the stored parameter settings to another inverter of the same series.



Features

Specifications

Outline Dimensior Drawings

Terminal Connection
Diagram
Terminal Specification
Explanation

Parameter unit

Paramete List

Functions

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from the operation panel. For details of parameters, refer to the instruction manual.

This catalog explains based on the Japanese specifications.



POINT

Only simple mode parameter can be displayed using *Pr. 160 Extended function display selection*. (All parameters are displayed with the initial setting. Set *Pr. 160 Extended function display selection* as required.

Simple mode parameter

Parameter Number Name		Setting	Minimum Setting	Initial	Application
Number	Name	Range	Increments	Value	Application
4.com	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	6%/4%/3%*	Set when you want to increase a starting torque or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1].
	tudonghe		17	^{nqo} uð,	 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (0.75K or less/1.5K to 3.7K/5.5K, 7.5K)
1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited.
1.C2M	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.
3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	Set when the rated motor frequency is 50Hz. Check the motor rating plate.
4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	Set when changing the preset
5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	speed in the parameter with a terminal.
4.06	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	10Hz	24.00
7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5s/10s*	Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.
8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5s/10s*	 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (3.7K or less/5.5K, 7.5K)
4.C9M	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	The inverter protects the motor from overheat. Set the rated motor current.
79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	1	'gougi	Select the start command location and frequency command location.
125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (5V initial value) can be changed.
126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	Frequency for the maximum current input (20mA initial value) can be changed.
160	Extended function display selection	0, 9999	1 1	9999	Parameter which can be read from the operation panel and parameter unit can be restricted.

Extended mode parameter

> REMARKS

- ø indicates simple mode parameters.
- hoa24.com • The shaded parameters in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.

	Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting	nghoa24.
		© 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/3% *1		ahoar
		© 1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	20	U0,
		@ 2	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	41 JOP	
	2	© 3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz		
	Basic functions	© 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz		
	nuc	© 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz		
	c fu	© 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	10Hz		
	asi	© 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10s *2		0 Δ .
	Ш	® 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10s *2		102L
		© 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	tudo	nghoa24.
	noi	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	3Hz		
	DC injection brake	11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0.5s		
	2	12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	0.1%	4%		nghoa24.
	_	13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz		ahoar
	_	14	Load pattern selection	0 to 3	1	0	20	Wa, ,
	G ation	15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz	MOL	
	JOG operation	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	0.5s		
	_	17	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	1	0		
	1 - 	18	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz		_ ^ (
		19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999		224.
	Acceleration/ deceleration time	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	iudc	nghoa24.
	III	22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%		-22A.
	Stall prevention	23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	00%, 9999 0.1% 9999		40	nghoa
	-	24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	100	
	eec g	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		1
	ulti-spee setting	26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		-
	Multi-speed setting	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	4.0	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2	0224.0	0		nghoa24.
	_	30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	1	0		adhos
	۵	31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	I. IAC	11/3
	Frequency jump	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	(Or	1
	cy j	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	ren	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	ıbə.	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	L.	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		nghoa24.
	7.	37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0.001	0		1 2224.
	_	40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	10001	0		adhoas
	cy n	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%	L.AC	112.
	tio	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz	(Mo.]
	Frequency detection	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
17 noa2	4.CC	om	anoa24.com	\	10a24.C	ow		anhoa24.
			20112	200	10			

Operation panel Parameter unit

Parameter List

I	. ~)[]	100			$^{\circ}$	
a2	Func- tion	Parameter	Name 2	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Custome Setting
		44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10s *2	41101
	ons	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
	ncti	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	d fu	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	Second functions	48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
24	S	51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	
	ions	52	DU/PU main display data selection	0, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 20, 23 to 25, 52 to 55, 61, 62, 64, 100	1	0	tud
	Monitor functions	54	FM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52, 53, 61, 62	1	1	
	itor	55	Frequency monitoring reference	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
22	Moni	56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
, -	Automatic restart functions	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	0.1s	9999	d
	Auto res func	58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	0.1s	1s	COL
	_	59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	
	_	60	Energy saving control selection	0, 9	1	0	
	1 TO	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	1 A C	0 0	
22	4.0	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	^	67	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	1	0	10
	Retry	68	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 600s	0.1s	1s	10118
	æ	69	Retry count display erase	0	1	0	60.
	_	70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 to 30%	0.1%	0%	
	_	71	Applied motor	0, 1, 3, 13, 23, 40, 43, 50, 53	1	0	
	Λ - C\	72	PWM frequency selection	0 to 15	1 A C	1	
24	1-	73	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	024	1	
0.	_	74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1	1	
	_	75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	0 to 3, 14 to 17	1	14	tude
	_	77	Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
	_	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
	_	© 79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	1	0	
	· · C	80	Motor capacity	0.1 to 7.5kW, 9999	0.01kW	9999	
2	ants	82	Motor excitation current	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	
000	Motor constants	83	Motor rated voltage	0 to 1000V	0.1V	200V/ 400V*6	1
	tor	84	Rated motor frequency	10 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	11707
	Mo	90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999	.0.
		96	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 11, 21	1	0	
	on	117	PU communication station number	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	1	0	
	cati	118	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	1	192	
-0	uni	119	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	<u> </u>	U' 1	
124	nmı	120	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	024	2	
	cor	121	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	
	tor	122	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	0	1407
	Jec	123	PU communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	1	9999	ſO.
	PU connector communication	124	PU communication CR/LF selection	0, 1, 2	1	1	
22	<u>4</u> -C ⁰	© 125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
,0,-	_	©126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	

	л C.		V CO//		A C	O_{fff}				
a^2	Func- tion	Parameter	Name 24	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting	nghoa2		
		127	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	tulore			
	п	128	PID action selection	0, 20, 21, 40 to 43	1	0				
	atio	129	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%				
	PID operation	130	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s				
	10	131	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999		nghoa2		
24	PII	132	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999		1024		
		133	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	0.01%	9999		ndlio		
		134	PID differential time	0.01 to 10.00s, 9999	0.01s	9999	2011	1119		
	PU	145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1	0	(Oran			
	_	146 *5	Built-in potentiometer switching	0, 1	1	1		1		
		150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%		1		
	Current detection	151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0s		nghoa2		
24	Cur lete	152	Zero current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	5%		ma4		
	р	153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.01s	0.5s	10	ndli		
_	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	1	0	10113	1113			
	_	157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0.1s	0s				
	_	© 160	Extended function display selection	0, 9999	1	9999				
_	_	161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0				
a2	c restart ions	162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	0224.0	1		nghoa2		
	Automatic restart functions	165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	iudic	1/19		
0	Current detection	166	Output current detection signal retention time	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	0.1s		0		
24	Current	167	Output current detection operation selection		024	0	:dc	nghoa2		
	_	168 169	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do	not set.						
	lative clear	170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	1	9999				
a^2	Cumulative monitor clear	171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	0274.0	9999		nghoa2		
	nction :	178	STF terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 60, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	60	ingc	<i>U</i> .		
	Input terminal function assignment	179	STR terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 61, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	61				
	ter	180	RL terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	44.0	0		nghoa2		
24	puí	181	RM terminal function selection	14, 16, 18, 24, 25,	024	1		10024		
	L	182	RH terminal function selection	62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	2		ndling		
			1101131		1		tude	1110		

I	. ~	1077	DOO:				
noa2	Func- tion	Parameter	Name 24	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Custom
noa2	Output terminal function assignment	190	RUN terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 190, 191, 193, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1 ,0224.C	om ⁰	<i>iuo</i>
- 22	Output terminal f	192	A,B,C terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 90, 91, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 190, 191, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1 -024.0	99	iud
000°		232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	ing	233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	٨
	etti	234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	1110
	Multi-speed setting	235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	bee	236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	ti-s	237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	/Inli	238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	150	239	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
-024		240	Soft-PWM operation selection	0, 1	084	1	
UO_{α}		241	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	1	0	
		244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1	1	1.10
			10.	. 100			- Chro
	ation	245	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
	Slip compensation	246	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10s	0.01s	0.5s	
	cor	247 Constant-power range slip compensation selection		0, 9999	JA.C	9999	
-024	_	249	Earth (ground) fault detection at start	0, 1	021	0	
	_	250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	0.1s	9999	tud
	_	251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	
	Ø	255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	1	0	
	osi	256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
	Life diagnosis	257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
\sim	dia	258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
00°00	Life	259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	0 1	0	
/ /		260	PWM frequency automatic switchover	0, 1	1	0	
	Power failure stop	261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	-(UiO
	Po	M	200	\		-m	
	A C	267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	-1A-C	0	
2024		268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	024	9999	
110		269	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do				
			. 1110	0, 0.01, 0.10, 1.00,			4110
	_	295	Magnitude of frequency change setting	10.00	0.01	0	100
	Password function	296	Password lock level	1 to 6, 101 to 106, 9999	1	9999	
	Password function	297	Password lock/unlock	1000 to 9999 (0 to 5, 9999)	1 A C	9999	
02	4_	298	Frequency search gain	0 to 32767, 9999	-21	9999	
100 m		299	Rotation direction detection selection	0, 1, 9999	1	0	

Remote Second motor	10 495 496 496 502	Communication operation command source Communication speed command source Communication startup mode selection Communication EEPROM write selection Communication error count Second applied motor Remote output selection Remote output data 1	0, 1 0, 1, 2 on 0, 1, 10 0, 1 — 0, 1, 9999	1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0	(NQ)	nghoai
Remote Second motor	to the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of	source Communication startup mode selection Communication EEPROM write selection Communication error count Second applied motor Remote output selection	on 0, 1, 10 0, 1 — 0, 1, 9999	1 2 1	0 0 0	(Ude	nghoa
Remote Second motor	to the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of	Communication startup mode selection Communication EEPROM write selection Communication error count Second applied motor Remote output selection	0, 1 — 0, 1, 9999	1 A.C	0	tude	nghoa
Remote Second motor	to the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of	Second applied motor Remote output selection	0, 1, 9999	1	0	(Ude	nghosi
Remote Second motor	to the total transfer of the transfer of the total transfer of the transfer of	Second applied motor Remote output selection	M			tude	nghos
Remote	10 495 496 496 502	Remote output selection	M	1	9999	tuoe	
a24	_ 502	hoar	0 1 10 11		om		
324	_ 502	Remote output data 1	0, 1, 10, 11	22A.	0		. 02
			0 to 4095	1	0	40	nghoal
	4)	Stop mode selection at communication error	n 0, 1, 2	1	0	(Ore-	
	503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	1	0		
!	Mainter 504	Maintenance timer alarm output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	0224.0	9999		nghoai
	549	Protocol selection	0,1	1	0	. 40	ngrio
	549 551	PU mode operation command source selection	2, 4, 9999	1	9999	[0,-	
rage	<u>555</u>	Current average time	0.1 to 1s	0.1s	1s		nghoal
ent average	time monitor 556	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0.1s	0s	ing ₆	<i>U</i> 3,
Curre	557	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current		
	561	PTC thermistor protection level	0.5 to 30kΩ , 9999	0.01Ω	9999		1
a / 	563 564	Energization time carrying-over times	,	14.0	0		-07
0,00	- 564 - 571	Operating time carrying-over times Holding time at a start	(0 to 65535) 0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	9999		alpoia,
	F7F	Output interruption detection time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	200	nghoa
PD	575 576	Output interruption detection level	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	M. O.	
п.	577	Output interruption cancel level	900 to 1100%	0.1%	1000%		
	611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.170 0.1s	9999		
	653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0.1%	0		
a4	– 665	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100		nghoa
Protective	functions 872 *	ingoine.	0, 1	1	0	(UO)O	119
ace	882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	1 C	0100		
voida	883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	0.1V	400VDC/ 780VDC *6		-hoa
ration a	luction 885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	on 0 to 10Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	6Hz	rudo	nghoai
Regeneration avoidance	886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain		0.1%	100%		

noa2	Function Parameter Name		Name 24	Setting Range	Minimum Setting increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
	Free rameter	888	Free parameter 1	0 to 9999	1	9999	illac
	Free parameter	889	Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	1	9999	
-21	4.50	891	Cumulative power monitor digit shifted times	0 to 4, 9999	24.G	9999	
1097		C0 (900) *5	FM terminal calibration	- Longh	0.97	_	10
		C2 (902) *5	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	iUOC
		C3 (902) *5	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	
-0	A.C	125 (903) *5	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
noa2	φ	C4 (903) *5	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	Calibration parameters	C5 (904) *5	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	tuoic
	on para	C6 (904) *5	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	20%	
-0	alibrati	126 (905) *5	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
noa2	Ö	C7 (905) *5	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
		C22 (922) *4*5	Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0	tuoic
		C23 (922) *4*5	Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	0	
0	Δ.C	C24 (923) *4*5	Frequency setting voltage gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
1022		C25 (923) *4*5	Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	J	990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1	1	10114
	PU	991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	1	58	10.
	rs e list	Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
	Clear parameters Initial value change l	ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	1	000	
022	Clear para tial value	Er.CL	Faults history clear	0, 1	0224.	0	
7000	פ פ						

Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.75K or less

4%: 1.5K to 3.7K

3%: 5.5K, 7.5K

Differ according to capacities.

5s: 3.7K or less

10s: 5.5K, 7.5K

Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.1K, 0.2K

4%: 0.4K to 7.5K

- tudonghoa24.com Set this parameter when calibrating the operation panel built-in potentiometer for the FR-E500 series operation panel (PA02) connected with
- The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU04/ tudonghoa24.9 FR-PU07).
- The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (200V class, 400V class)
- Available only for the three-phase power input specification model.

Protective Functions

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to any of the following fault or alarm indications.

	Function Name	Description	Display
Ð	Operation panel lock	Appears when operation was tried during operation panel lock.	HOLA
ssag	Password locked	Appears when a password restricted parameter is read/written.	F009
Error message *2	Parameter write error	Appears when an error occurred during parameter writing.	Er 1 to Er 4
ш	Inverter reset	Appears when the RES signal is on.	Err.
	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	Appears during overcurrent stall prevention.	0L
	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	Appears during overvoltage stall prevention. Appears while the regeneration avoidance function is activated.	οL
gg	Regenerative brake prealarm *7	Appears if the regenerative brake duty reaches or exceeds 85% of the <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> value. If the regenerative brake duty reaches 100%, a regenerative overvoltage (E. OV_) occurs.	C40
Warnings *3	Electronic thermal relay function prealarm	Appears when the electronic thermal O/L relay has reached 85% of the specified value.	ſΗ
M	PU stop	Appears when (STOP) on the operation panel was pressed during external operation.	Ρ5
	Maintenance signal output *7	Appears when the cumulative energization time has exceeded the maintenance output timer set value.	nr
	Undervoltage	Appears when the main circuit power became low voltage.	Uо
Alarms *4	Fan fault	Appears when the cooling fan remains stopped when operation is required or when the speed has decreased.	٤٠
	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during acceleration.	E.00 T
	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during constant speed operation.	5.00.3
	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	E.D.C.3
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during acceleration.	E.D o 1
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during constant speed operation.	£.0∪2
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	€.003
	Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal relay function)	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for inverter element protection was activated.	Е.Г.Н.Г
	Motor overload trip (electronic thermal relay function) *1	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for motor protection was activated.	E.C.H.O.
	Fin overheat	Appears when the heatsink overheated.	8.81 n
4.0	Input phase loss *7 *8	Appears if one of the three phases on the inverter input side opened. It may function if phase-to- phase voltage of the three-phase power input becomes largely unbalanced.	EJ LF
	Stall prevention	Appears when the output frequency drops to 1Hz as a result of deceleration due to the excess motor load.	E.OL F
Fault *5	Brake transistor alarm detection	This function stops the inverter output if an alarm occurs in the brake circuit, e.g. damaged brake transistors. In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately.	Е. ЬЕ
	Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start *7	Appears when an earth (ground) fault occurred on the inverter's output side. (detects only at a start)	E. GF
	Output phase loss	Appears if one of the three phases on the inverter output side opened.	E. LF
	External thermal relay operation*6 *7	Appears when the external thermal relay connected to the OH signal was activated.	E.0HF
	PTC thermistor operation *7	Appears when resistance of PTC thermistor connected between terminal 2 and terminal 10 is more than the value set in <i>Pr. 561 PTC thermistor protection level</i> .	E.P.C.
	Parameter storage device fault	Appears when operation of the element where parameters stored became abnormal. (control board)	E. PE
	PU disconnection	Appears when a communication error between the PU and inverter occurred, the communication interval exceeded the permissible time during the RS-485 communication with the PU connector, or communication errors exceeded the number of retries during the RS-485 communication.	<i>E.PUE</i>
	Retry count excess *7	Appears when the operation was not restarted within the set number of retries.	8,581
	CPU fault	Appears during the CPU and peripheral circuit errors occurred.	E.C.P.U
	Output current detection value exceeded *7	Appears when output current exceeded the output current detection level set by the parameter.	6.E d Q
	Inrush current limit circuit fault	Appears when the resistor of the inrush current limit circuit overheated.	EJ OH
	4013	Appears when voltage is input (7.3V or more for 5s or more) with the terminal 4 set to current input.	E.RI E

- *1 Resetting the inverter initializes the internal thermal integrated data of the electronic thermal relay function.
- *2 The error message shows an operational error. The inverter output is not shut off.
- *3 Warnings are messages given before fault occur. The inverter output is not shut off.
- *4 Alarms warn the operator of failures with output signals. The inverter output is not shut off.
- *6 The external thermal operates only when the OH signal is set in *Pr. 178* to *Pr. 182* (input terminal function selection).

 *8 This protective function is excelled in the initial status.
- *8 This protective function is available with the three-phase power input specification model only.

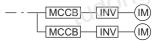
	Name A009	Туре	Applications, Specifications, etc.	Applicabl
	Parameter unit (8 languages)	FR-PU07 FR-PU04	Interactive parameter unit with LCD display	Shared amon
	Parameter unit with battery pack	FR-PU07BB(-L)	This parameter unit enables parameter setting without connecting the inverter to power supply.	Shared among all models (Available soo
	Enclosure surface operation panel	FR-PA07	This operation panel enables inverter operation and monitoring of frequency, etc. from the enclosure surface	Shared amon
	Parameter unit connection cable	FR-CB20□	Cable for connection of operation panel or parameter unit ☐ indicates a cable length. (1m, 3m, 5m)	all models
	AC reactor	FR-HAL	For harmonic current reduction and inverter input power factor improvement (total power factor approx. 88%)	According to
	DC reactor	FR-HEL	For harmonic current reduction and inverter input power factor improvement (total power factor approx. 93%)	capacities
	Radio noise filter	FR-BIF(H)	For radio noise reduction (connect to the input side)	Ob a seed a seed
3	Line noise filter	FR- BSF01 FR- BLF	For line noise reduction	Shared among all models
	Brake resistor	MRS type	For increasing the regenerative braking capability (permissible duty 3%ED)	~
	High-duty brake resistor	FR-ABR	For increasing the regenerative braking capability (permissible duty 10%/6%ED)	For the 0.4K o
	Brake unit Resistor unit Discharging resistor	FR-BU2 FR-BR GZG, GRZG type	For increasing the braking capability of the inverter (for high-inertia load or negative load) Brake unit, electrical-discharge resistor and resistor unit are used in combination	more
, ,	Power regeneration common converter Stand-alone reactor dedicated for the FR-CV	FR-CV FR-CVL	Unit which can return motor-generated braking energy back to the power supply in common converter system	According to
	High power factor converter	FR-HC	The high power factor converter switches the converter section on/off to reshape an input current waveform into a sine wave, greatly suppressing harmonics. (Used in combination with the standard accessory.)	- capacities
	Surge voltage suppression filter	FR-ASF FR-BMF	Filter for suppressing surge voltage on motor	400V: According to capacities 400V: For the
	DIN rail attachment	FR-UDA01 to 03	Attachment for installation on DIN rail	5.5K or more Compatible w the 3.7K or le
	Manual controller	FR-AX	For independent operation. With frequency meter, frequency potentiometer and	trie 3.7K or ie
	DC tach. follower	FR-AL	start switch. For synchronous operation (1.5VA) by external signal (0 to 5V, 0 to 10V DC)*	000
	Three speed selector	FR-AT	For three speed switching, among high, middle and low speed operation	-
ē	Motorized speed setter	FR-FK	(1.5VA)* For remote operation. Allows operation to be controlled from several places	_
텵	Ratio setter	FR-FH	(5VA)* For ratio operation. The ratios of five inverters can be set (3VA)*	
ទ	Speed detector	FR-FP	For tracking operation by a pilot generator (PG) signal (3VA)*	
speed controller	Master controller	FR-FG	Master controller (5VA) for parallel operation of multiple (maximum 35) inverters.*	4000
•	Soft starter	FR-FC	For soft start and stop. Enables acceleration/deceleration in parallel operation (3VA)*	Shared amon all models
	Deviation detector	FR-FD	For continuous speed control operation. Used in combination with a deviation sensor or synchro (5VA)*	-
	Preamplifier	FR-FA	Used as an A/V converter or arithmetic amplifier (3VA)*	†
(Pilot generator	QVAH-10	For tracking operation. 70V/35VAC 500Hz (at 2500r/min)	
	Deviation sensor	YVGC-500W-NS	For continuous speed control operation (mechanical deviation detection) Output 90VAC/90°C	
	Frequency setting potentiometer	WA2W 1kΩ	For frequency setting. Wire-wound 2W 1kΩ type B characteristic	1000
	Analog frequency meter (64mm × 60mm)	YM206NRI 1mA	Dedicated frequency meter (graduated to 120Hz). Moving-coil type DC ammeter	QO
,	Calibration resistor	RV24YN 10kΩ	For frequency meter calibration. Carbon film type B characteristic	
	FR Configurator SW3(VFD setup software)	FR-SW3-SETUP- WE	Supports an inverter startup to maintenance.	Shared amon all models

^{*} Rated power consumption. The power supply specifications of the FR series manual controllers and speed controllers are 200VAC 50Hz, 220V/220VAC 60Hz, and 115VAC 60Hz.

Peripheral devices/cable size list

Re	eripheral device	ces/cable	e size list com						
		40ng	Moulded Case Circuit lor Earth Leakage Curre	Breaker (MCCB)*1 nt Breaker (ELB)*2	_	netic or (MC)*3		les, etc.	John
	Inverter type	Motor Output	Reactor con	nection	Reactor of	LUC(m	ļ		
		(kW)	Without	With	Without	With	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3*4	U, V, W	
	FR-D740-0.4K	0.4	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	
400V	FR-D740-0.75K	0.75	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	$\sim \Lambda$
	FR-D740-1.5K	1.5	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	226
phase	FR-D740-2.2K	2.2	30AF 15A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	Oc.
è-p	FR-D740-3.7K	3.7	30AF 20A	30AF 15A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	
Three-	FR-D740-5.5K	5.5	30AF 30A	30AF 20A	S-N20	S-N11, S-N12	3.5	2	
	FR-D740-7.5K	7.5	30AF 30A	30AF 30A	S-N20	S-N20	3.5	3.5	
>	FR-D720S-0.1K	0.1	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	1
2007	FR-D720S-0.2K	0.2	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	
phase	FR-D720S-0.4K	0.4	30AF 10A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	
	FR-D720S-0.75K	0.75	30AF 15A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	\circ
Single	FR-D720S-1.5K	1.5	30AF 30A	30AF 15A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	25
ŝ	FR-D720S-2.2K	2.2	30AF 40A	30AF 30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N10	3.5	2	00.

Select an MCCB according to the inverter power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter.



- For installations in the United States or Canada, use the class T type fuse certified by the UL and cUL.
- Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.
 - When using the MC for emergency stop during motor driving or using on the motor side during commercial-power supply operation, select the MC with class AC-3 rated current for the motor rated current.
- When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/L2.



- When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter type and cable and reactor according to the motor output.
- tudonghoa24. When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power on the breaker.

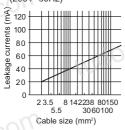
When using the earth leakage current breaker with the inverter circuit, select its rated sensitivity current as follows, independently of the PWM carrier frequency.

- Breaker designed for harmonic and surge suppression Rated sensitivity current I∆n≥10×(Ig1+Ign+Igi+Ig2+Igm)
- Standard breaker

Rated sensitivity current $I\Delta n \ge 10 \times \{Ig1+Ign+Igi+3X(Ig2+Igm)\}$

- Ig1, Ig2: Leakage currents in wire path during commercial power supply operation
- Ign : Leakage current of inverter input side noise filter
- Igm : Leakage current of motor during commercial power supply operation
- gi : Leakage current of inverter unit

Example of leakage current of cable path per 1km during the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit (200V 60Hz)



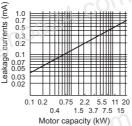
Example of leakage current per 1km during

the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit

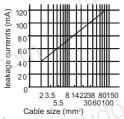
(Three-phase three-wire delta

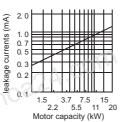
connection 400V60Hz)

Example of leakage current of three-phase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation (200V 60Hz)



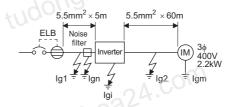
Example of leakage current of threephase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation (Totally-enclosed fan-cooled type motor 400V60Hz)





For "\" connection, the amount of leakage current is appox.1/3 of the above value.

Example



(Note) 1 Install the earth leakage breaker (ELB) on the input side of the inverter.

2 In the \(\subset\$ connection earthed-neutral system, the sensitivity current is blunt against an earth (ground) fault in the inverter output side. Earthing (Grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards)

Selection example

(in the case of the above figure (400V class 人 connection))

nqona,	Breaker Designed for Harmonic and Surge Suppression	Standard Breaker
Leakage current Ig1 (mA)	$\frac{1}{3} \times 66 \times \frac{5m}{1000}$	= 0.11
Leakage current Ign (mA)	0 (without n	oise filter)
Leakage current lgi (mA)	224: 1	
Leakage current Ig2 (mA)	$\frac{1}{3} \times 66 \times \frac{60r}{1000}$	= 1.32
Motor leakage current Igm (mA)	0.3	6
Total leakage current (mA)	2.79	6.15
Rated sensitivity current (mA) (\geq Ig \times 10)	30 CO	100
		tudor

Precautions for use of the inverter

♠ Safety Precautions

- To operate the inverter correctly and safely, be sure to read the "instruction manual" before starting operation.
- This product has not been designed or manufactured for use with any equipment or system operated under life-threatening conditions.
- Please contact our sales office when you are considering using this product in special applications such as passenger mobile, medical, aerospace, nuclear, power or undersea relay equipment or system.
- Although this product is manufactured under strict quality control, safety devices should be installed when a serious accident or loss is expected by a failure of this product.
- The load used should be a three-phase induction motor only.

Operation

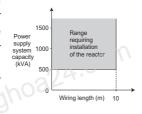
- A magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side should not be used to make frequent starts and stops. It could cause the inverter to fail.
- However, at this time, the motor cannot be brought to a sudden stop. Hence, provide a mechanical stopping/holding mechanism for the machine/equipment which requires an emergency stop.
- It will take time for the capacitor to discharge after shutoff of the inverter power supply. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check to make sure that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like.

Wiring

- Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Therefore, fully check the wiring and sequence to ensure that wiring is correct, etc. before powering on.
- The terminals P/+, PR, P1, N/- are provided for connection of a dedicated option. Connect only a dedicated option. Do not short the frequency setting power supply terminal 10 and common terminal 5 or the terminal PC and terminal SD.

Power supply

 When the inverter is connected under a large-capacity power transformer (500kVA or more transformer) or when a power capacitor is to be switched over, an excessive peak current may flow in the power input circuit, damaging the inverter.



To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).

 If a surge voltage occurs in the power supply system, this surge energy may flow into the inverter, causing the inverter to display overvoltage protection (E.OV□) and come to an inverter trip. To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).

Installation

- Avoid hostile environment where oil mist, fluff, dust particles, etc. are suspended in the air, and install the inverter in a clean place or put it in an ingress-protected "enclosed" enclosure. When placing the inverter in an enclosure, determine the cooling system and panel dimensions so that the surrounding air temperature of the inverter is within the permissble value. (refer to page 6 for the specified value)
- Do not install the inverter on wood or other combustible material as it will be hot partly.
- Install the inverter in the vertical orientation.

Setting

- The inverter can be operated as fast as a maximum of 400Hz by parameter setting. Therefore, incorrect setting can cause a danger. Set the upper limit using the maximum frequency limit setting function.
- A setting higher than the initial value of DC injection brake operation voltage or operation time can cause motor overheat (electronic thermal relay error).
- Do not set Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty except for using the optional brake resistor. This function is used to protect the brake resistor from overheating. Do not set the value exceeding permissible duty of the brake resistor.

Precautions for selection

Inverter capacity selection

 When operating a special motor or more than one motor in parallel with a single inverter, select the inverter capacity so that 1.1 times the total rated motor current is less than the rated output current of the inverter.

Starting torque of the motor

• The start and acceleration characteristics of the motor driven by the inverter are restricted by the overload current rating of that inverter. Generally the torque characteristic is less than when the motor is started by a commercial power supply. If torque boost adjustment or general-purpose magnetic flux vector control cannot provide enough torque when a large starting torque is necessary, select the inverter of one rank higher capacity or increase the capacities of both the motor and inverter

Acceleration/deceleration times

- The acceleration/deceleration time of the motor depends on the motor-generated torque, load torque and moment of inertia of the load (J).
- When the stall prevention function is activated during acceleration/deceleration, increase the acceleration/ deceleration time as the actual time may become longer.
- To decrease the acceleration/deceleration time, increase the torque boost value (setting of a too large value may activate the stall prevention function at a start, longer the acceleration time), use the general-purpose magnetic flux vector control or increase the inverter and motor capacities. To decrease the deceleration time, it is necessary to add optional brake resistor FR-ABR (for the 0.4K or more), the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), or a similar device to absorb braking energy.

Power transfer mechanism (reduction gear, belt, chain, etc.)

• When an oil-lubricated gear box, speed change/reduction gear or similar device is used in the power transfer system, note that continuous operation at low speed only may deteriorate oil lubrication, causing seizure. When performing fast operation at higher than 60Hz, fully note that such operation will cause strength shortage due to the noise, life or centrifugal force of the power transfer mechanism.

Instructions for overload operation

• When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current.

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Installation and selection of moulded case circuit breaker

Install a moulded case circuit breaker (MCCB) on the power receiving side to protect the wiring of the inverter input side. For MCCB selection, refer to page 25 since it depends on the inverter power supply side power factor (which changes depending on the power supply voltage, output frequency and load). Especially for a completely electromagnetic MCCB, one of a slightly large capacity must be selected since its operation characteristic varies with harmonic currents. (Check it in the data of the corresponding breaker.) As an earth leakage current breaker, use the Mitsubishi earth leakage current breaker designed for harmonics and surge suppression. (Refer to page 26)

When installing a moulded case circuit breaker on the output side of the inverter, contact each manufacturer for selection of the moulded case circuit breaker.

Handling of the inverter input side magnetic contactor

- For operation via external terminal (terminal STF or STR used), provide an input side MC to prevent an accident caused by a natural restart at power recovery after a power failure, such as an instantaneous power failure, and to ensure safety for maintenance work. Do not use this magnetic contactor to make frequent starts and stops. (The switching life of the inverter input circuit is about 1,000,000 times.) For parameter unit operation, an automatic restart after power failure is not made and the MC cannot be used to make a start. Note that the primary side MC may be used to make a stop but the regenerative brake specific to the inverter does not operate and the motor is coasted to a stop.
- Installation of a magnetic contactor on the primary side is recommended. Since when cycle operation or heavy-duty operation is performed with an optional brake resistor connected, overheat and burnout of the electrical-discharge resistor can be prevented if a regenerative brake transistor is damaged due to insufficient heat capacity of the electricaldischarge resistor and excess regenerative brake duty. In this case, shut-off the magnetic contactor when fault occurs and inverter trips.

Handling of the inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned on while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When an MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it on/off after the inverter and motor have stopped.

Thermal relay installation

The inverter has an electronic thermal relay function to protect the motor from overheating. However, when running multiple motors with one inverter or operating a multi-pole motor, provide a thermal relay (OCR) between the inverter and motor. In this case, set the electronic thermal relay function of the inverter to 0A. And for the setting of the thermal relay, add the line-to line leakage current (refer to page 30) to the current value on the motor rating plate. For low-speed operation where the cooling capability of the motor reduces, it is recommended to use a thermal relay protector incorporated motor.

Measuring instrument on the output side

When the inverter-to-motor wiring length is large, especially in the 400V class, small-capacity models, the meters and CTs may generate heat due to line-to-line leakage current. Therefore, choose the equipment which has enough allowance for the current rating.

Disuse of power factor improving capacitor (power capacitor)

The power factor improving capacitor and surge suppressor on the inverter output side may be overheated or damaged by the harmonic components of the inverter output. Also, since an excessive current flows in the inverter to activate overcurrent protection, do not install a capacitor or surge suppressor. For power factor improvement, use a DC reactor.

Wire thickness and wiring distance

When the wiring length between the inverter and motor is long, use thick wires so that the voltage drop of the main circuit cable is 2% or less especially at low frequency output. (A selection example for the wiring distance of 20m is shown on page 25) Especially at a long wiring distance, the maximum wiring length should be within the length in the table below since the overcurrent protection function may be misactivated by the influence of a charging current due to the stray capacitances of the wiring. (The overall wiring length for connection of multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.)

Pr. 72 Setting (carrier frequency)		0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K or more
1 or less	200V	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m	_
1 01 1633	400V	_	_	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m
2 to 15	200V	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m	500m	_
2 to 15	400V	_	_	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m

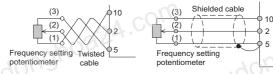
When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with wiring length exceeding below, select "without frequency search" (Pr.162 = "1, 11").

ĺ	Motor Capacity	0.1K	0.2K	0.4K or more		
	Wiring Length	20m	50m	100m		

Use the recommended connection cable when connecting the parameter unit.

For remote operation via analog signal, wire the control cable between the operation box or operation signal and inverter within 30m and away from the power circuits (main circuit and relay sequence circuit) to prevent induction from other devices.

When using the external potentiometer instead of the parameter unit to set the frequency, use a shielded or twisted cable, and do not earth (ground) the shield, but connect it to terminal 5 as shown below.



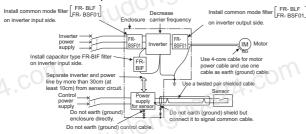
When the inverter is run in the low acoustic noise mode, more leakage currents occur than in the non-low acoustic noise mode due to high-speed switching operation. Be sure to earth (ground) the inverter and motor before use. In addition, always use the earth (ground) terminal of the inverter to earth (ground) the inverter. (Do not use the case and chassis)

Noise

When performing low-noise operation at higher carrier frequency, electromagnetic noise tends to increase. Therefore, refer to the following measure example and consider taking the measures. Depending on the installation condition, the inverter may be affected by noise in a non-low noise (initial) status.

- The noise level can be reduced by decreasing the carrier frequency (Pr. 72).
- As measures against AM radio broadcasting noise, radio noise filter FR-BIF produces an effect.
- As measures against sensor malfunction, line noise filter FR-BSF01, FR-BLF produces an effect.
- As measures against induction noise from the power cable of the inverter, an effect is produced by putting a distance of 30cm (at least 10cm) or more and using a twisted pair shielded cable as a signal cable. Do not earth (ground) shield but connect it to signal common cable.

Noise reduction examples



Leakage currents

Capacitances exist between the inverter I/O cables, other cables and earth and in the motor, through which a leakage current flows. Since its value depends on the static capacitances, carrier frequency, etc., low acoustic noise operation at the increased carrier frequency of the inverter will increase the leakage current. Therefore, take the following measures. Select the earth leakage current breaker according to its rated sensitivity current, independently of the carrier frequency setting. (Refer to page 26)

To-earth (ground) leakage currents

Type	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	Leakage currents may flow not only into the inverter's own line but also into the other line through the earth (ground) cable, etc. These leakage currents may operate earth (ground) leakage circuit breakers and earth leakage relays unnecessarily. Countermeasures If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection to make the sound inoffensive. By using earth leakage circuit breakers designed for harmonic and surge suppression in the inverter's own line and other line, operation can be performed with the carrier frequency kept high (with low noise).
Undesirable current path	Power supply Leakage breaker NV1 Motor + C Mot

Line leakage current

Т	уре	Influence and Measures
Influe	ence and	 This leakage current flows via a static capacitance between the inverter output cables. The external thermal relay may be operated unnecessarily by the harmonics of the leakage current. When the wiring length is long (50m or more) for the 400V class model, the external thermal relay is likely to operate unnecessarily because the ratio of the leakage current to the rated motor current increases. Countermeasures Use Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay.
tude	ou ₀ ,	If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive. To ensure that the motor is protected against line-to-line leakage currents, it is recommended to use a temperature sensor to directly detect motor temperature.
curre	esirable nt path	Power supply Inverter Inverter Line-to-line leakage currents path
tud	ongl	noa24.com tudongh

Harmonic suppression guideline

Harmonic currents flow from the inverter to a power receiving point via a power transformer. The harmonic suppression guideline was established to protect other consumers from these outgoing harmonic currents.

The three-phase 200V input specifications 3.7kW or less are previously covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" and other models are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage". However, the transistorized inverter has been excluded from the target products covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" in January 2004 and "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" was repealed on September 6, 2004.

All capacity and all models of general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage".

 "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage"

This guideline sets forth the maximum values of harmonic currents outgoing from a high-voltage or especially high-voltage consumer who will install, add or renew harmonic generating equipment. If any of the maximum values is exceeded, this guideline requires that consumer to take certain suppression measures.

Users who use models other than the target models are not covered by the guideline. However, we ask to connect an AC reactor or a DC reactor as before to the users who are not covered by the guideline. For compliance to the harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage

/\ \ ;			
Inp Pow Sup	er	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
4.C	OU	1	Make a judgment based on "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage" issued by the Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (formerly Ministry of International Trade and Industry) in September 1994 and take measures if necessary. For calculation method of power supply harmonics, refer to materials below.
Three-p	hase	All	Reference materials
400V		capacities	"Harmonic suppression measures of the inverter"
4.C'		ין	Jan. 2004 Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association "Calculation method of harmonic current of the general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers" JEM-TR201 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association

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Calculation of outgoing harmonic current

Outgoing harmonic current = fundamental wave current (value converted from received power voltage) × operation ratio × harmonic content

 Operation ratio: Operation ratio = actual load factor operation time ratio during 30 minutes

•Harmonic content: Found in Table.

Table 1: Harmonic Contents (Values at the fundamental current of 100%)

Reactor	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th
Not used	65	41	8.5	7.7	4.3	3.1	2.6	1.8
Used (AC side)	38	14.5	7.4	3.4	3.2	1.9	1.7	1.3
Used (DC side)	30	13	8.4	5.0	4.7	3.2	3.0	2.2
Used (AC, DC sides)	28	9.1	7.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.6	1.4

Table 2: Rated Capacities and Outgoing Harmonic Currents for Inverter Drive

	,	Rated Current [A]	Current 6kV (mA)	(KVA)	Outgoing Harmonic Current Converted from 6.6kV (mA) (No reactor, 100% operation ratio)							24.	
17	Applied Motor kW	400V	Fundamental Wave Current Converted from 6.6kV (mA)	Rated Capacity (kVA)	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th	D'a2
	0.4	0.81	49	0.57	31.85	20.09	4.165	3.773	2.107	1.519	1.274	0.882	
	0.75	1.37	83	0.97	53.95	34.03	7.055	6.391	3.569	2.573	2.158	1.494	
	1.5	2.75	167	1.95	108.6	68.47	14.20	12.86	7.181	5.177	4.342	3.006	
	2.2	3.96	240	2.81	156.0	98.40	20.40	18.48	10.32	7.440	6.240	4.320	
	3.7	6.50	394	4.61	257.1	161.5	33.49	30.34	16.94	12.21	10.24	7.092	_ ^ (
	5.5	9.55	579	6.77	376.1	237.4	49.22	44.58	24.90	17.95	15.05	10.42	074.
	7.5	12.8	776	9.07	504.4	318.2	65.96	59.75	33.37	24.06	20.18	13.97	0.00
IJ	yd.	ougi.							tU	90	JU.	3	

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Traverse Function

Pr.592 to Pr.597

Without

	Item	Japanese Specification	NA Specification	EC Specification	CHT Specification		
1	Applicable Capacity	FR-D740-0.4K to 7.5K	FR-D740-012 to 160-NA	FR-D740-012 to 160-EC	FR-D740-0.4K to 7.5K-CHT		
		FR-D720S-0.1K to 2.2K	FR-D720S-008 to 100-NA	FR-D720S-008 to 100-EC	FR-D720S-0.1K to 2.2K-CHT		
	Туре	Type: Rated capacity (kW)	Type : Rated current value	Type : Rated current value	Type : Rated capacity (kW)		
	Main Circuit Terminal		In.		LOIO.		
	Name	R, S	s T	L1, L2, L3			
	AC Power Input	Ιλ, λ	J, I				
	Three-phase Input			an a			
ı	Single-phase Input	A R,	S	A COL1, N			
ł	Brake Unit	,h02/2 P.	N	+,-			
	Connection	-ndhos F,	1 - 10	anos	· ndh		
Ī	Control Terminal Logic	Sink logic	Sink logic	Source logic	Sink logic		
	Initial Setting	Sink logic	Sink logic	Source logic	Sink logic		
	Control Terminal				SD		
(Contact Input Common	SD	SD	PC			
	Terminal	סט	ow an	PC			
	Initial Setting	OA.C	011	OV.CO.			
	Monitor Output	EM (Dinital autous)	ΛΛΛ (Λασίσου συνέσυνέ)	AM (Analan autaut)	AAA (Amalam autuut)		
	Terminal For Indicator	FM (Digital output)	AM (Analog output)	AM (Analog output)	AM (Analog output)		
	Parameter ү 🕔	0.	+1100.		+1100		
	Pr.3, Pr.4, Pr.20,				50Hz		
	Pr.55, Pr.66, Pr.84,	0011	0011	5011			
	Pr.125, Pr.126, Pr.903,	60Hz	60Hz	50Hz			
	Pr.905, Pr.923		$O(U_I)$	1000			
	Initial Value	24.0		24.00			
	Pr.19 Initial Value	9999	9999	8888	9999		
	Pr.145 Initial Value	043,0	1 400	9 1	1009		
	Pr.160 Initial Value	9999	0/1/0/	9999	9999		
	Pr.249 Initial Value	0	0	1	1		
		Pr.54 FM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function		
	Indicator Output	selection,	selection,	selection,	selection,		
	Terminal Function	Pr.900 FM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal		
		calibration	calibration	calibration	calibration		

Without

With

With

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1. Gratis warranty period and coverage

[Gratis warranty period]

Note that an installation period of less than one year after installation in your company or your customer's premises or a period of less than 18 months (counted from the date of production) after shipment from our company, whichever is shorter, is selected.

[Coverage]

(1) Diagnosis of failure

As a general rule, diagnosis of failure is done on site by the customer.

However, Mitsubishi or Mitsubishi service network can perform this service for an agreed upon fee upon the customer's request.

There will be no charges if the cause of the breakdown is found to be the fault of Mitsubishi.

(2) Breakdown repairs

There will be a charge for breakdown repairs, exchange replacements and on site visits for the following four conditions, otherwise there will be a charge.

- 1)Breakdowns due to improper storage, handling, careless accident, software or hardware design by the customer.
- 2)Breakdowns due to modifications of the product without the consent of the manufacturer.
- 3)Breakdowns resulting from using the product outside the specified specifications of the product.
- 4)Breakdowns that are outside the terms of warranty.

Since the above services are limited to Japan, diagnosis of failures, etc. are not performed abroad.

If you desire the after service abroad, please register with Mitsubishi. For details, consult us in advance.

2. Exclusion of opportunity loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, compensation to opportunity losses incurred to your company or your customers by failures of Mitsubishi products and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products and other services are not covered under warranty.

3. Repair period after production is discontinued

Mitsubishi shall accept product repairs for seven years after production of the product is discontinued.

4. Terms of delivery

In regard to the standard product, Mitsubishi shall deliver the standard product without application settings or adjustments to the customer and Mitsubishi is not liable for on site adjustment or test run of the product.

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Standard Specifications

Drawings

Terminal Connection
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Parameter unit

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Warranty International FA Center