≡>

Q1 Team Name

0 Points

```
INFINITY
```

Q2 Commands

10 Points

List the commands used in the game to reach the ciphertext

```
go, enter, pluck, back, give, back, back, thrnxxtzy, read
```

Q3 Analysis

50 Points

Give a detailed analysis of how you figured out the password? (Explain in less than 500 words)

```
Let's say:
(a, x) = (429, 431955503618234519808008749742)
(b, y) = (1973, 176325509039323911968355873643)
(c, z) = (7596, 98486971404861992487294722613)
Also p = 455470209427676832372575348833
Also, say password is represented by {f P}.
All the calculations are being done in the prime field of prime p.
Given:
Pg^a = x
Pg^b = y
Pg^c = z
As gcd(x, p), gcd(y, p) and gcd(z, p) is 1, therefore their inverse exists.
Dividing equation {f 2} by equation {f 1} and equation {f 3} by equation {f 2}, we get:
g^{b-a} = yx^{-1}
g^{c-b} = zy^{-1}
Let m=b-a=\mathbf{1544} and n=c-b=\mathbf{5623}, where m and n are the two distinct
powers of the g, then above equations become:
g^m = yx^{-1}
                       [4]
g^n = zy^{-1}
As GCD(m,n) is 1, then according to Extended\ Euclidean\ Algorithm there
exists i and j such that:
mi + nj = gcd(m, n) = 1
Thus we get i=-2298 and j=631
Taking i powers of equation {f 4} and j powers of equation {f 5} and multiplying them together,
we get:
(g^m)^i(g^n)^j = (yx^{-1})^i(zy^{-1})^j

g^{mi+nj} = x^{-i}y^{i-j}z^j
Therefore, g = x^{-i}y^{i-j}z^j
On putting the values of i,j,x,y,z we get \mathbf{g} = \mathbf{52565085417963311027694339}
The GCD of g and p also comes to be 1, hence its inverse also exists.
We get g^{-1} = \mathbf{386506431948388234043577899453}
Hence, password can be obtained as:
P = xg^{-a} = yg^{-b} = zg^{-c}
On putting values of g^{-1}, x, a we get, {\bf P}{=}{\bf 134721542097659029845273957}
```

Q4 Password

10 Points

What was the final command used to clear this level?

```
134721542097659029845273957
```

Q5 Codes

0 Points

47

Upload any code that you have used to solve this level

```
▲ Download

▼ INFINITY_CS641a.py
     def euclidean_gcd(m, n):
         if m == 0:
 2
             return (0, 1)
         else:
 4
 5
             x, y = euclidean_gcd(n % m, m)
             return (y - (n//m) * x, x)
 6
 7
 8
 9
     (a,x) = (429,431955503618234519808008749742)
     (b,y) = (1973,176325509039323911968355873643)
10
     (c,z) = (7596,98486971404861992487294722613)
     p = 455470209427676832372575348833
12
13
    # Powers of g = (m=a-b \text{ and } n=c-b)
14
    m = b-a
    n = c-b
16
     print("m = ", m , "and n = ", n)
17
18
     # Using Extended Euclidean theorem, we got i and j such that mi+nj=1
19
    i, j = euclidean_gcd(m, n)
20
     print("i = ", i , "and j = ", j)
21
22
23 x_inverse, _ = euclidean_gcd(x, p)
24 y_inverse, _ = euclidean_gcd(y, p)
    z inverse, = euclidean gcd(z, p)
25
     print("x_inverse = ", x_inverse , ", y_inverse = ", y_inverse, "and z_inverse = ",
     z inverse)
27
     #i is positive and j is negative
28
     g = (pow(x_inverse, i, p)*pow(y, i-j, p)*pow(z_inverse, -1*j, p))%p
29
     print("g = ", g)
31
     g_inverse, _ = euclidean_gcd(g, p)
32
     print("g_inverse = ", g_inverse)
33
34
     password = (x * pow(g_inverse, a, p))%p
35
     print("password = ", password)
36
37
38
39
     # Output
     \# m = 1544 \text{ and } n = 5623
40
     \# i = -2298 \text{ and } j = 631
     # x_inverse = 70749996790223471732904681640 , y_inverse =
     -226523059948924229766221663708 and z_inverse = 105171748371597409614445194812
    # g = 52565085417963311027694339
43
     # g_inverse = -68963777479288598328997449380
44
45
     # password = 134721542097659029845273957
46
```