

도커 응용~

- 핵심 키포인트 : 웹서버, 데이터베이스를 도커 이미지화해서 컨테이너로 띄운 후 링크로 연결시켜 배포한다!

실습

```
➔ project docker pull ubuntu
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/ubuntu
898c46f3b1a1: Pull complete
63366dfa0a50: Pull complete
041d4cd74a92: Pull complete
6e1bee0f8701: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:017eef0b616011647b269b5c65826e2e2ebddbe5d1f8c1e56b3599fb14fabec8
Status: Downloaded newer image for ubuntu:latest
➔ project █
```

- docker pull ubuntu -> 우분투 이미지 가져오기

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
ubuntu	latest	94e814e2efa8	8 days ago	88.9MB

- docker images - > 이미지 확인

ubuntu 실행

- docker run
 - run 은 컨테이너를 생성하고 시작하는 명령어
 - create, start 명령어 두개를 한꺼번에 실행해줌
 - run으로 명령을 주었을 시에 생성은 되는데 시작이 안되면 명령 옵션을 잘 못 준것임
 - 컨테이너 볼륨 공유 설정을 잘못했을때
 - -p로 중복되는 포트 할당했을때
 - 단일 어플리케이션을 위한 컨테이너(mysql) 같은 경우 -e옵션 안준경우
 - docker run [option] [name] [command line] [기타..]

option 종류

- -c : —cpu-share : cpu 사용 얼마나 할건지 , 기본값 1024M
- -m : 메모리 제한 - 해당 메모리 넘어가면 자동종료 50m으로 하게되면 우분투 베이스 컨테이너도 종료

```
docker run -t -i --name node_server ubuntu:latest /bin/bash
```

```
→ project docker run -t -i --name node_server ubuntu:latest /bin/bash
root@90827c97582d:/#
```

-t 랑 -i 가 뭐예요?

-i : interactive -> 해당 옵션을 안쓰게 되면 명령을 쳐도 보이지않음 -t : terminal 형식으로 실행되게 해줌 (tty)

컨테이너 exit 안걸고 나오기

CTRL Q + P

node 설치

```
apt-get update

apt-get install -y curl

curl -sL https://deb.nodesource.com/setup_9.x | bash -

apt-get install nodejs

npm install -g express-generator
```

```
root@90827c97582d:/# npm install -g express-generator
/usr/bin/express -> /usr/lib/node_modules/express-generator/bin/express-cli.js
+ express-generator@4.16.0
added 10 packages in 1.036s
```

```
express myapp
cd myapp
npm install
```

```
^Croot@90827c97582d:~/myapp# nohup npm start &
[1] 4131
root@90827c97582d:~/myapp# nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'
root@90827c97582d:~/myapp# exit
```

node 서버 이미지 생성

```

→ project docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE               COMMAND             CREATED             STATUS              PORTS              NAMES
90827c97582d       ubuntu:latest      "/bin/bash"        34 hours ago       Exited (0) 2 minutes ago              node_server
→ project docker commit node_server ubuntu-nodejs:nodejs
sha256:832b336fdeab8fbd3b8e5d8fa21229e22a5e21fbc9e7df103cd964b66c0267cb
→ project docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG                IMAGE ID           CREATED            SIZE
ubuntu-nodejs       nodejs             832b336fdeab      6 seconds ago     242MB

```

node 이미지로 포트 열어서 실행해보기

- 실행중인 상태로 컨테이너 빠져나오기 -> ctrl p + q

```

→ project docker run --name ubuntu-nodejs -p 3000:3000 -i -t ubuntu-nodejs:nodejs /bin/bash
root@3c694d8348e3:/#
root@3c694d8348e3:/#
root@3c694d8348e3:/# cd ~/myapp/
root@3c694d8348e3:~/myapp# npm start

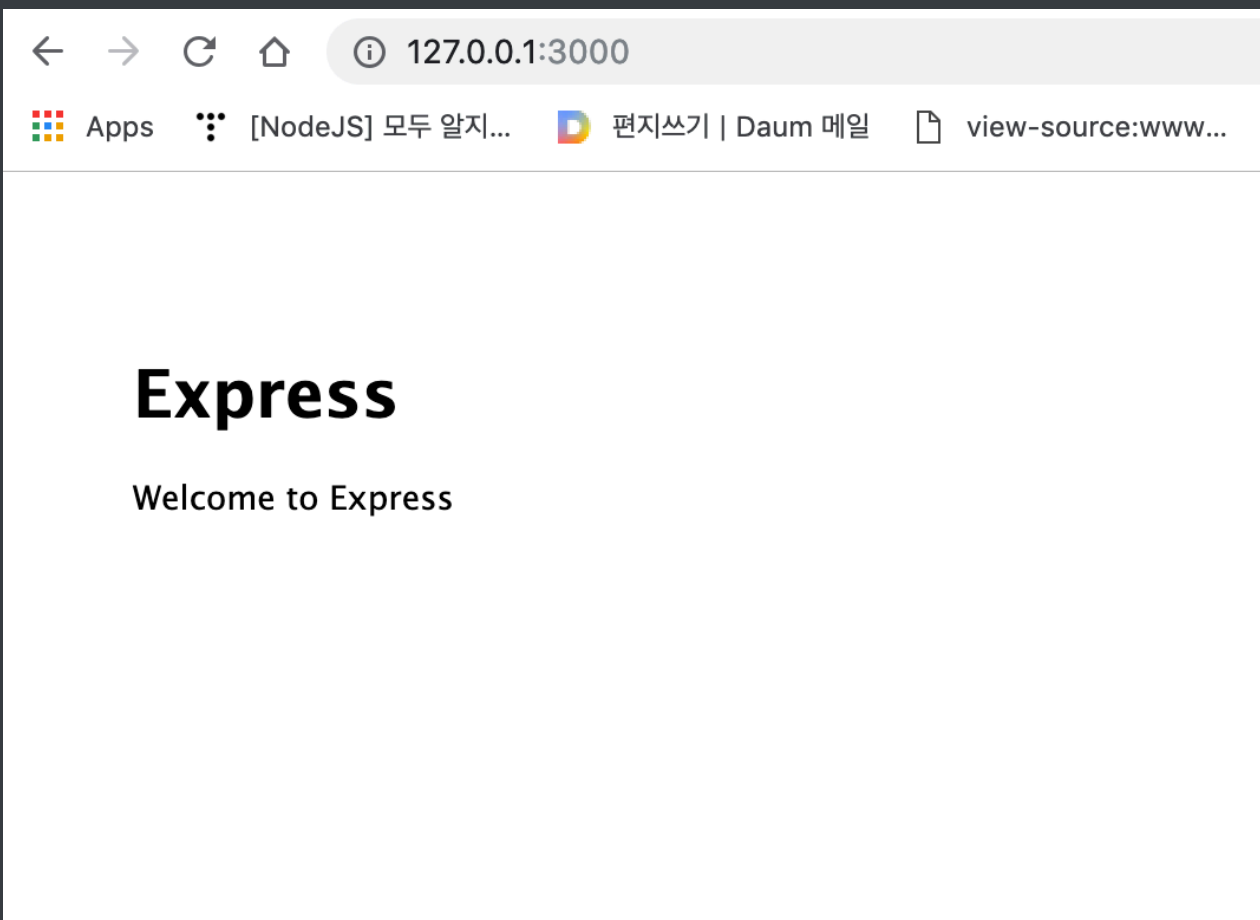
> myapp@0.0.0 start /root/myapp
> node ./bin/www

^Croot@3c694d8348e3:~/myapp# nohup npm start &
[1] 28
root@3c694d8348e3:~/myapp# nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'

root@3c694d8348e3:~/myapp# ↵
→ project
→ project docker ps
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE               COMMAND             CREATED             STATUS              PORTS              NAMES
3c694d8348e3       ubuntu-nodejs:nodejs "/bin/bash"        About a minute ago  Up About a minute  0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp  ubuntu-nodejs
→ project

```

확인



mysql 컨테이너 생성

```
→ project docker run -d --name db1 -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=prography mysql
0be21cda9993d905c0a038f79a13624fd8f42ed2049f9f330b1bbf5c45c501
→ project docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
0be21cda9993	mysql	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	5 seconds ago	Up 4 seconds	3306/tcp, 33060/tcp	db1
3c694d8348e3	ubuntu-nodejs:nodejs	"/bin/bash"	About an hour ago	Up About an hour	0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp	ubuntu-nodejs

mysql-server 설치

docker exec -it db1 bash apt update apt-get install mysql-server

링크걸기 & 실행

```
→ node_test docker run --name node_server -v $(pwd):/src -it -p 3000:3000 --link db1:db1 ubuntu-nodejs:nodejs /bin/bash
root@1fb14c15ae2d:/#
```

- v 옵션 : volume 호스트의 directory 와 컨테이너의 디렉토리 위치 공유

```
→ node_test docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
1fb14c15ae2d	ubuntu-nodejs:nodejs	"/bin/bash"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute	0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp	node_server
0be21cda9993	mysql	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	13 hours ago	Up 13 hours	3306/tcp, 33060/tcp	db1

```
→ node_test
```

- 링크 확인

```
→ node_test docker inspect --format "{{.HostConfig.Links}}" node_server
[/db1:/node_server/db1]
```

- 컨테이너끼리 통신가능함

mysql-client 설치

```
root@1fb14c15ae2d:/# apt-get install mysql-client
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  libaio1 libedit2 libnuma1 mysql-client-5.7 mysql-client-core-5.7 mysql-common
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  libaio1 libedit2 libnuma1 mysql-client mysql-client-5.7 mysql-client-core-5.7 mysql-common
0 upgraded, 7 newly installed, 0 to remove and 3 not upgraded.
Need to get 9416 kB of archives.
After this operation, 65.6 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 libedit2 amd64 3.1-20170329-1 [76.9 kB]
Get:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 libnuma1 amd64 2.0.11-2.1 [21.6 kB]
Get:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 libaio1 amd64 0.3.110-5 [6448 B]
Get:4 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main amd64 mysql-client-core-5.7 amd64 5.7.25-0ubuntu0.18.04.2 [6982 kB]
Get:5 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 mysql-common all 5.8+1.0.4 [7308 B]
Get:6 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main amd64 mysql-client-5.7 amd64 5.7.25-0ubuntu0.18.04.2 [2312 kB]
Get:7 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main amd64 mysql-client all 5.7.25-0ubuntu0.18.04.2 [9824 B]
Fetched 9416 kB in 9s (1025 kB/s)
debconf: delaying package configuration, since apt-utils is not installed
```

접속, 테이블 생성

```

root@628b58589d66:~/myapp# mysql -u root -h db1
ERROR 1045 (28000): Access denied for user 'root'@'172.17.0.2' (using password: NO)
root@628b58589d66:~/myapp# mysql -u root -h db1 -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 12
Server version: 8.0.15 MySQL Community Server - GPL

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> ls
      -> exit
exit
^C
mysql> █

```

Mysql 8버전은 현재 노드에서 연결 지원이 잘 안되어서 5.7 태그 버전을 사용하여 테스트

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/50373427/node-js-cant-authenticate-to-mysql-8-0>

create database test1;

use test1;

```

mysql> create table table1(print_text varchar(100) primary key) ENGINE=InnoDB
      -> ;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> insert into table1 value("I love Prography")
      -> ;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from table1;
+-----+
| print_text |
+-----+
| I love Prography |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> █

```

나와서 로컬 \$(pwd) 경로이동

→ node_test nvm use v8

Now using node v8.15.0 (npm v6.4.1)

→ node_test express --ejs myapp

warning: option '--ejs' has been renamed to '--view=ejs'

```
create : myapp/  
create : myapp/public/  
create : myapp/public/javascripts/  
create : myapp/public/images/  
create : myapp/public/stylesheets/  
create : myapp/public/stylesheets/style.css  
create : myapp/routes/  
create : myapp/routes/index.js  
create : myapp/routes/users.js  
create : myapp/views/  
create : myapp/views/error.ejs  
create : myapp/views/index.ejs  
create : myapp/app.js  
create : myapp/package.json  
create : myapp/bin/  
create : myapp/bin/www
```

change directory:

```
$ cd myapp
```

install dependencies:

```
$ npm install
```

run the app:

```
$ DEBUG=myapp:* npm start
```

→ node_test █

router/index.js 수정

```

1 var express = require('express');
2 var router = express.Router();
3
4 const mysql = require('mysql');
5 const connection=mysql.createConnection({
6     host: 'db1',
7     port: '3306',
8     user: 'root',
9     password: '1234',
10    database: 'test1'
11    });
12
13
14 /* GET home page. */
15 router.get('/', function(req, res, next) {
16     console.log(connection)
17     connection.query('select * from table1', function(err, rows){
18         console.log(rows)
19         if (err) {
20             res.render('index', { title: 'Error', print_text: 'error' });
21         }
22         console.log(rows[0].print_text);
23         res.render('index', { title: 'Express', print_text: rows[0].print_text });
24     })
25 });
26
27 module.exports = router;

```

views/index.ejs 수정

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title><%= title %></title>
    <link rel='stylesheet' href='/stylesheets/style.css' />
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1><%= title %></h1>
    <p><%= print_text%></p>
  </body>
</html>

```

실행

Express

I love Prography!

끝~~

결론

Dockerfile을 이용하자

- 해당 프로그램을 실행시키기위한 환경을 한눈에 볼 수 있다.
- 설치 순서를 통해 어떤 프로그램이 돌아가는지 확인할 수 있다.
- 소스파일의 명시 - 어떤 소스파일이 뭔지 알 수 있음
- 환경변수, 포트등 환경변수 확인 가능