

COMP710: Studio Session 02 – Exercise:

EXERCISE: Using Enumerations

Add a new C++ Project named "Using Enumerations" to your "SSO2" Visual Studio Solution for this exercise. Create a main.cpp and add the following source code to the file:

```
#include <iostream>
enum PLAYER RANK
{
    PR IRON,
    PR BRONZE,
    PR SILVER,
    PR GOLD,
    PR PLATINUM,
    PR DIAMOND
};
enum MEMBERSHIP TIER
    MT GOLD,
    MT SILVER,
    MT FREE,
    MT BANNED
};
void DisplaySizeChecks();
void PrintMembership(MEMBERSHIP TIER membershipTier);
MEMBERSHIP TIER UpgradeMembershipOneTier (MEMBERSHIP TIER current);
void PrintPlayerRank(PLAYER RANK playerRank);
void PromotePlayer(PLAYER RANK& playerRank);
void DemotePlayer(PLAYER RANK& playerRank);
int main()
{
    MEMBERSHIP TIER exampleMembership = MT FREE;
    PrintMembership (exampleMembership) ;
    exampleMembership = UpgradeMembershipOneTier(exampleMembership);
    PrintMembership(exampleMembership);
    DisplaySizeChecks();
    return 0;
}
void DisplaySizeChecks()
    std::cout << "sizeof(PLAYER_RANK) is " << sizeof(PLAYER_RANK);</pre>
    std::cout << " bytes." << std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout << "sizeof(MEMBERSHIP STATUS) is ";</pre>
    std::cout << sizeof(MEMBERSHIP_TIER) << " bytes." << std::endl;</pre>
}
```



```
void DisplaySizesChecks()
    std::cout << "sizeof(PLAYER RANK) is " << sizeof(PLAYER RANK);</pre>
    std::cout << " bytes." << std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout << "sizeof(MEMBERSHIP STATUS) is ";</pre>
    std::cout << sizeof(MEMBERSHIP TIER) << " bytes." << std::endl;</pre>
}
MEMBERSHIP TIER UpgradeMembershipOneTier (MEMBERSHIP TIER current)
    if (current > MT GOLD)
        current = static cast<MEMBERSHIP TIER>(current - 1);
    return current;
}
void PrintMembership(MEMBERSHIP TIER membershipTier)
    switch (membershipTier)
    case MT GOLD:
        std::cout << "Member is gold level!" << std::endl;</pre>
        break;
    case MT SILVER:
        std::cout << "Member is silver level." << std::endl;</pre>
    case MT FREE:
        std::cout << "Member is freemium." << std::endl;</pre>
        break:
    case MT BANNED:
        std::cout << "Member is banned!" << std::endl;</pre>
        break:
    default:
        std::cout << "Unknown membership!" << std::endl;</pre>
        break:
}
```

Compile, link and run the above program source code, the output should be exactly as follows:

```
Member is freemium.
Member is silver level.
sizeof(PLAYER_RANK) is 4 bytes.
sizeof(MEMBERSHIP_STATUS) is 4 bytes.
```

Note the size of each enumerated type in this program is 4 bytes. Also note that the enumerated constant values for MEMBERSHIP_TIER are each prefixed with the MT_ naming style, and the PLAYER_RANK is similarly prefixed with PR_. This is a usual programming practice in C++ prior to C++11, without this practice, this program would attempt to declare two enumerated constant values for the identifier GOLD, which would cause a compiler error due to the name conflict.

Firstly, implement the functions **PrintPlayerRank**, **PromotePlayer**, and **DemotePlayer**. The prototype declarations for each of these has been made above the **main** function, so do not change these signatures (the return type, function name, or parameter list). Implement the function definitions for these three functions after the **PrintMembership** function definition. Review the



implementations of **PrintMembership** and **UpgradeMembershipOneTier** for inspiration, however, note that the **PromotePlayer** and **DemotePlayer** functions take in a **PLAYER_RANK** by reference — so these two functions will use pass-by-reference behaviour, altering the caller's data via the parameter, rather than simply returning a value via return type, as in the case of the **UpgradeMembershipOneTier** function.

Next, add some test code into the main function prior to the <code>DisplaySizeChecks</code> call to experiment with creating an enumerated type variable of <code>PLAYER_RANK</code> type, and then pass this into the <code>PrintPlayerRank</code>, <code>PromotePlayer</code>, and <code>DemotePlayer</code>, functions to robustly test their functionality.

Build your project and check the output makes sense – and again check that your testing of your new player rank printing, player promotion and demotion functions work as intended. Test your program robustly to ensure the output matches your testing expectations.

An example of the completed program may be as follows, however your test cases may be different:

```
Member is freemium.

Member is silver level.

IRON

BRONZE

SILVER

BRONZE

SILVER

GOLD

PLATINUM

DIAMOND

DIAMOND

sizeof(PLAYER_RANK) is 4 bytes.

sizeof(MEMBERSHIP_STATUS) is 4 bytes.
```