Reproducible Research: Peer Assessment 1

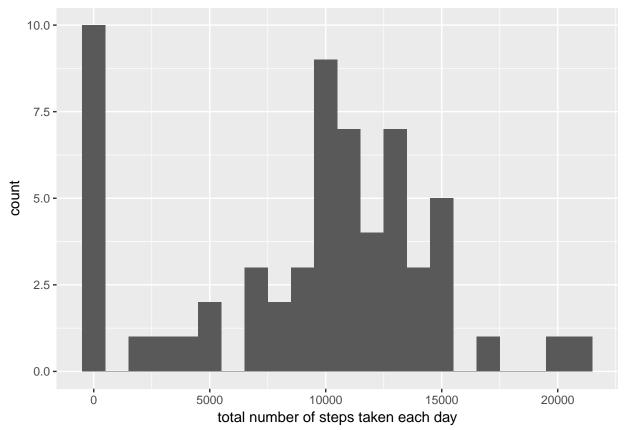
Hai Yang
December 27, 2017

Q1 Code for reading in the dataset and/or processing the data

```
unzip(zipfile = "activity.zip")
data <- read.csv("activity.csv")</pre>
```

Q2 Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day

```
library(ggplot2)
total.steps <- tapply(data$steps, data$date, FUN = sum, na.rm = TRUE)
qplot(total.steps, binwidth = 1000, xlab = "total number of steps taken each day")</pre>
```



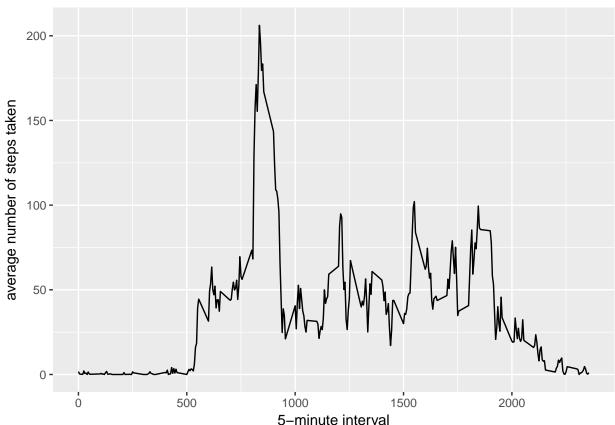
Q3 Mean and median number of steps taken each day

```
mean(total.steps, na.rm = TRUE)
## [1] 9354.23
```

```
median(total.steps, na.rm = TRUE)
## [1] 10395
```

Q4 Time series plot of the average number of steps taken

```
library(ggplot2)
averages <- aggregate(x = list(steps = data$steps), by = list(interval = data$interval), FUN = mean, na
ggplot(data = averages, aes(x = interval, y = steps)) + geom_line() + xlab("5-minute interval") +
    ylab("average number of steps taken")</pre>
```



 $\mathbf{Q5}$ The 5-minute interval that, on average, contains the maximum number of steps

```
averages[which.max(averages$steps), ]
## interval steps
## 104 835 206.1698
```

Q6 Code to describe and show a strategy for imputing missing data

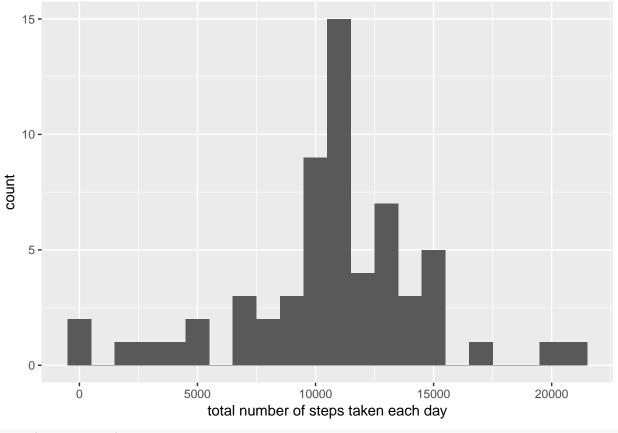
```
## Imputing missing values
missing <- is.na(data$steps)
# How many missing
table(missing)

## missing
## FALSE TRUE
## 15264 2304

# Replace each missing value with the mean value of its 5-minute interval
fill.value <- function(steps, interval) {
   filled <- NA
   if (!is.na(steps))
      filled <- c(steps) else filled <- (averages[averages$interval == interval, "steps"])
   return(filled)
}
filled.data <- data
filled.data$steps <- mapply(fill.value, filled.data$steps, filled.data$interval)</pre>
```

Q7 Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day after missing values are imputed

```
total.steps <- tapply(filled.data$steps, filled.data$date, FUN = sum)
qplot(total.steps, binwidth = 1000, xlab = "total number of steps taken each day")</pre>
```

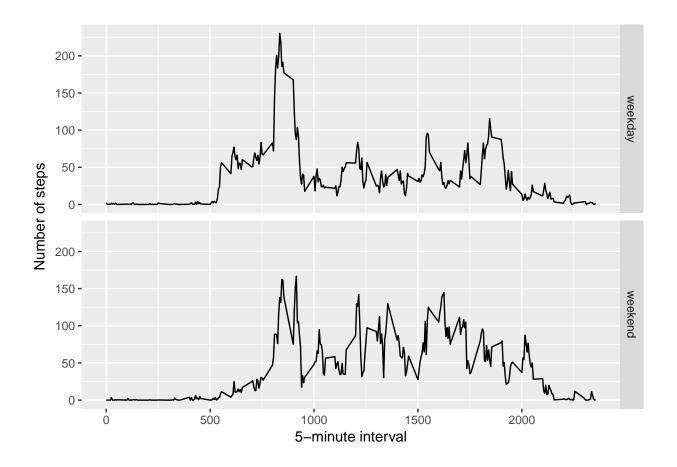


```
mean(total.steps)
## [1] 10766.19
median(total.steps)
## [1] 10766.19
```

Q8 Panel plot comparing the average number of steps taken per 5-minute interval across weekdays and weekends

```
weekday.or.weekend <- function(date) {
    day <- weekdays(date)
    if (day %in% c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday"))
        return("weekday") else if (day %in% c("Saturday", "Sunday"))
        return("weekend") else stop("invalid date")
}
filled.data$date <- as.Date(filled.data$date)
filled.data$day <- sapply(filled.data$date, FUN = weekday.or.weekend)

averages <- aggregate(steps ~ interval + day, data = filled.data, mean)
ggplot(averages, aes(interval, steps)) + geom_line() + facet_grid(day ~ .) +
        xlab("5-minute interval") + ylab("Number of steps")</pre>
```



 $\mathbf{Q9}$ All of the R code needed to reproduce the results (numbers, plots, etc.) in the report

All of the R code reproducing the results (numbers, plots, etc.) in the report is list above.