```
Class Mapper
```

```
method initialized()

H = new AssociationArray

Method map(docId a, doc r)

for all v in r do

for all w in window(v) do

if(H{v,w} is null)

H{v,w} = 1

else

H{v,w} = H{v,w} + 1

Method close()

for all (v,w) in H do
```

emit((v,w),H{v,w})

```
Class Mapper
```

```
method initialized()
H = new \ Association Array
Method \ map(docld \ a, \ doc \ r)
for \ all \ v \ in \ r \ do
h = new \ Association Array
for \ all \ w \ in \ window(v) \ do
h\{w\} = h\{w\} + 1
if(H\{v\} == null)
H\{v\} = 1
else
H\{v\} = H\{v\} + 1
Method \ close()
for \ all \ v \ in \ H \ do
```

emit(v,H{v})

Q3. Assume that there are two input spits and two reducers. Note that Mapper 1 and Reducer 1 run on the same machine. Mapper 2 and Reducer 2 run on the same machine.

1

```
93.
 a. Illustrate Paix approach:
   · Input-Split 1:
                                         · Input-Split 2:
     1 Cat, mat, rat, cat]
                                          {Cat, rat, bat, rat}
     { cat, bat, cat, pat}
                                           Ebat, mak pat, bat?
     { cut, bat, rat, bal}
                                           [pat, cat, bat, mat]
   · Mapper Output 1: (input-Split 1)
     -Record 1
                                                      -Record 3
                               -Record 1
      ((cat, mat), 1)
                                ((cat, bat), 1)
                                                      ((cot, bat), 1)
      ( (cat, rat), 1)
                                (1 bat, cat), 1)
                                                      ( (cat, rat), 1)
      ( (mat, rat), 1)
                                ((bat, pat), 1)
                                                      ((cat, bat), 1)
      ((mat, cat), 1)
                                ((cat, pat), 1)
                                                      ((not, bat), 1)
      ((rat, cat), 1)
   · Mapper Output 2: (Input-Split 2)
    -Record I
                                -Record 2
                                                       -Record 3
      ((cat, rat), 1)
                                 ((bab, map), 1)
                                                      ((pat, cat), 1)
       ((cat, bat), 1)
                                 ((bat, pat), 1)
                                                    ((pat, bat), 1)
       ((cut, rat), 1)
                                 (mat, pat), 1)
                                                       ((pat, mat), 1)
       ( (rat, bat), 1)
                                 ((mat, bat), 1)
                                                       ( (cat, bat), 1)
       ((bat, rat), 1)
                                ((pat, bat), 1)
                                                       ((cat, mat), 1)
                                                       ((but, mat), 1)
```

-Reducer [(Input) > X (K ((bat, cat), [1]) ((bat, mat), [1, 1]) ((bat, pat), [1, 1]) ((bat, vat), [1, 1])	[5-5] -Reducer 2 (Input) -> 2 > K ((mat, bat), [1]) ((mat, cat), [1]) ((mat, pat), [1]) ((mat, rat), [1])
((cat, bat), [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]) ((cat, mat), [1, 1]) ((cat, pat), [1]) ((cat, rat), [1, 1, 1, 1])	((pat, bat),[1]) ((pat, cat), [1]) ((pat, mat), [1]) ((pat, bat), [1, 1]) ((rut, cat), [1])
Reducer 1 (Output) ((bat, cat), 1) ((bat, mat), 2) ((bat, pat), 2) ((bat, mat), 2) ((cat, bat), 5) ((cat, mat), 2) ((at, pat), 1) ((at, rat), 4)	-Roducer 2 (Output) ((mat, bat), 1) ((mat, cat), 1) ((mat, pat), 1) ((mat, rat), 1) ((pat, bab), 2) ((pat, cat), 1) ((pat, mat), 1) ((rat, bat), 2) ((rat, cat), 1)

b. Illustrate In-Mapper Combining Version of the Pair approach.

- Mapper Output 1: (Input-Split 1)

((cat, map), 1)

((cat, rat), 2)

((cat, bat), 3)

((mat, rat), 1)

((mat, cat), 1)

((mat, cat), 1)

((rat, bat), 1)

((rat, bat), 1)

((rat, cat), 1)

((rat, cat), 1)

((rat, bat), 1)

- Mapper Outpot2(Input-Split 2)

((at, rat), 2)

((cat, bat), 2)

((rat, bat), 1)

((rat, bat), 1)

((bat, rat), 1)

((mat, pat), 1)

((rat, mat), 1)

((rat, mat), 1)

((rat, mat), 1)

((rat, mat), 1)

((pat, bat), 2)

i

-Reducer 1 (Input) -> 22
((bat, cat), [1])
((bat, mat), [2])
((bat, Pat), [1, 1))
((bat, rat), [1, 1])
((Cat, mat), [1,1]))
((cat, bat), [3, 2])
((cat, pat), [1])
((at, rat), [2, 2])

K

Ce Illustrate Stape Approach: - Mapper Output 1 (Cat, 12 11) (cat, []) (cat, [1] [1]) (bat, [] [] (bat, III) (mat, [13] 1) (rat, III) (Cat, []]) (rat, 131) -Marpher Output 2 (bat, mat pat ((cat, 12 11) (mat, [11] II (rat, 151) (pat, [] tat]) (but, Int) -Reducer 1 (Input 1) (bat, [III), Icat Pat , cut but mot] -Reducer 2 (Input 2) (mat, [IIII], milli]

(pat, [cab but mut))

-Reducer (Output 2)

(mort, Tillill)

(Pat, Lab at mf

(rat, Tab bat

(rat, Tillill)

d. Illustrate In-Mapper Combining Version of the Stripe Approach -Mapper Output 1 - Mapper Output 2 (Cat, III 2 1 3 1 4 1) (Cost, Religion mate) (mat, rat cut) (bat, III 2 17 (rat, [III]) -Reducer Impul 1 (but, [at put ration, set not Pat]) (Cat, [mat rat 3 11 1 19 [17 th but nut] -Reduces Input 2 (mat, [ret cut, net but]) (Pat, [pat out mat 7) (rat, [at bat] bat]) - Reducer Output I (bat, let put nut mut) - Reducer Output 2 (mat, [] [] [] [] [] (cat, 12 14 5 14) (pat, bab cat mat (rat, cat but