



Digital Design Verification

FYP/Internship Program

Lab # 03

Arrays & Functions

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TASK1:

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

#define N 100
#define PI 3.14159265

double v[N];

void initialize_signal() {
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        double t = (double)i / N;
        v[i] = sin(2 * PI * t);
    }
}

double compute_dc_value() {
    double sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        sum += v[i];
    }
    return sum / N;
}

void detect_crossings() {
    for (int i = 0; i < N - 1; i++) {
        if ((v[i] > 0 && v[i + 1] < 0) || (v[i] < 0 && v[i + 1] > 0)) {
            printf("Zero crossing at index %d\n", i);
        }
    }
}

void detect_glitches() {
    for (int i = 1; i < N - 1; i++) {
        if (fabs(v[i] - v[i - 1]) > 0.5 && fabs(v[i] - v[i + 1]) > 0.5) {
            printf("Possible glitch detected at index %d\n", i);
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    initialize_signal();
    printf("DC Value: %lf\n", compute_dc_value());
    printf("\nDetecting Zero Crossings:\n");
    detect_crossings();
    printf("\nDetecting Glitches:\n");
    detect_glitches();
    return 0;
}
```

SS:



```
# ./main.exe
DC Value: 0.000000

Detecting Zero Crossings:
Zero crossing at index 25

Detecting Glitches:
```

TASK2:

CODE:

String.h

```
#ifndef STRING_H
#define STRING_H

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define MAX_LEN 100 // Define MAX_LEN correctly

int findLength(const char *str);
void toLowercase(char *str);
void toUppercase(char *str);
int countWords(const char *str);
int countVowels(const char *str);
void vowelFrequency(const char *str, int freq[5]);

#endif // STRING_H
```

String.c

```
#include "string.h"

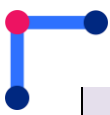
int findLength(const char *str) {
    return strlen(str);
}

void toLowercase(char *str) {
    for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        str[i] = tolower(str[i]);
    }
}

void toUppercase(char *str) {
    for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        str[i] = toupper(str[i]);
    }
}

int countWords(const char *str) {
    int count = 0, inWord = 0;

    for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        if (isspace(str[i])) {
            inWord = 0;
        } else if (!inWord) {
            count++;
            inWord = 1;
        }
    }
}
```



```
        inWord = 1;
        count++;
    }
}
return count;
}

int countVowels(const char *str) {
    int count = 0;
    char vowels[] = "aeiouAEIOU";

    for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        if (strchr(vowels, str[i])) {
            count++;
        }
    }
    return count;
}

void vowelFrequency(const char *str, int freq[5]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) freq[i] = 0;

    for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        switch (tolower(str[i])) {
            case 'a': freq[0]++; break;
            case 'e': freq[1]++; break;
            case 'i': freq[2]++; break;
            case 'o': freq[3]++; break;
            case 'u': freq[4]++; break;
        }
    }
}
```

Main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "string.h"

int main() {
    char sentence[MAX_LEN];

    printf("Enter a sentence (max 100 characters): ");
    fgets(sentence, MAX_LEN, stdin);

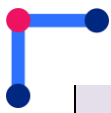
    // Removing the newline character if present
    int len = findLength(sentence);
    if (sentence[len - 1] == '\n') {
        sentence[len - 1] = '\0';
    }

    printf("\nLength of sentence: %d\n", findLength(sentence));

    char lowercase[MAX_LEN], uppercase[MAX_LEN];
    strcpy(lowercase, sentence);
    strcpy(uppercase, sentence);

    toLowercase(lowercase);
    toUppercase(uppercase);

    printf("Sentence in lowercase: %s\n", lowercase);
}
```



```
printf("Sentence in uppercase: %s\n", uppercase);
printf("Number of words: %d\n", countWords(sentence));
printf("Number of vowels: %d\n", countVowels(sentence));
```

```
int freq[5] = {0};
vowelFrequency(sentence, freq);

printf("Vowel frequencies: A: %d, E: %d, I: %d, O: %d, U: %d\n",
      freq[0], freq[1], freq[2], freq[3], freq[4]);

return 0;
}
```

SS:

```
Enter a sentence (max 100 characters): RED DEAD REDEMPTION 2 was the game of the year in 2020
Length of sentence: 54
Sentence in lowercase: red dead redemption 2 was the game of the year in 2020
Sentence in uppercase: RED DEAD REDEMPTION 2 WAS THE GAME OF THE YEAR IN 2020
Number of words: 12
Number of vowels: 16
Vowel frequencies: A: 4, E: 8, I: 2, O: 2, U: 0
```

TASK3:

CODE:

image_processing.h

```
#ifndef IMAGE_PROCESSING_H
#define IMAGE_PROCESSING_H

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define WIDTH 5    // Example width
#define HEIGHT 5   // Example height

// Function Prototypes
void findPixelType(int r, int g, int b);
void rgbToGrayscale(int image[HEIGHT][WIDTH][3], int
    grayscale[HEIGHT][WIDTH]);
void applyConvolution(int grayscale[HEIGHT][WIDTH], int
    output[HEIGHT][WIDTH]);

#endif
```

image_processing.c

```
#include "image_processing.h"

// Function to find pixel type (0 - Black, 1 - White, 2 - Yellow)
void findPixelType(int r, int g, int b) {
    if (r == 0 && g == 0 && b == 0) {
        printf("Pixel is Black\n");
    } else if (r == 255 && g == 255 && b == 255) {
        printf("Pixel is White\n");
    } else if (r == 255 && g == 255 && b == 0) {
        printf("Pixel is Yellow\n");
    } else {
        printf("Pixel is of an unknown type\n");
    }
}
```



```
// Convert RGB image to Grayscale using a weighted average
void rgbToGrayscale(int image[HEIGHT][WIDTH][3], int
    grayscale[HEIGHT][WIDTH]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < HEIGHT; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {
            int r = image[i][j][0];
            int g = image[i][j][1];
            int b = image[i][j][2];
            grayscale[i][j] = (0.299 * r + 0.587 * g + 0.114 * b); //
                Weighted average
        }
    }
}

// Perform 2D Convolution using an averaging filter
void applyConvolution(int grayscale[HEIGHT][WIDTH], int
    output[HEIGHT][WIDTH]) {
    int filter[3][3] = {{1, 1, 1}, {1, 1, 1}, {1, 1, 1}};
    int filterSize = 3;
    int sum, x, y;

    // Initialize output array to zero
    for (int i = 0; i < HEIGHT; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {
            output[i][j] = 0;
        }
    }

    for (int i = 1; i < HEIGHT - 1; i++) {
        for (int j = 1; j < WIDTH - 1; j++) {
            sum = 0;
            for (x = 0; x < filterSize; x++) {
                for (y = 0; y < filterSize; y++) {
                    sum += grayscale[i + x - 1][j + y - 1] * filter[x][y];
                }
            }
            output[i][j] = sum / 9; // Normalize with filter sum (9)
        }
    }
}
```

main.c

```
#include "image_processing.h"

int main() {
    int image[HEIGHT][WIDTH][3] = {
        {{0, 0, 0}, {255, 255, 255}, {255, 255, 0}, {128, 128, 128}, {100,
            200, 50}},
        {{255, 0, 0}, {0, 255, 0}, {0, 0, 255}, {255, 255, 255}, {0, 0,
            0}},
        {{255, 255, 0}, {255, 255, 255}, {0, 0, 0}, {128, 128, 128}, {50,
            100, 200}},
        {{0, 255, 255}, {255, 0, 255}, {255, 255, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {255, 255,
            255}},
        {{100, 100, 100}, {50, 50, 50}, {200, 200, 200}, {0, 0, 0}, {255,
            255, 255}}
    };
}
```



```
int grayscale[HEIGHT][WIDTH];
int output[HEIGHT][WIDTH];

printf("Finding Pixel Types:\n");
findPixelType(0, 0, 0);      // Black
findPixelType(255, 255, 255); // White
findPixelType(255, 255, 0);  // Yellow
findPixelType(0,0,0);        // Unknown

printf("\nConverting to Grayscale...\n");
rgbToGrayscale(image, grayscale);

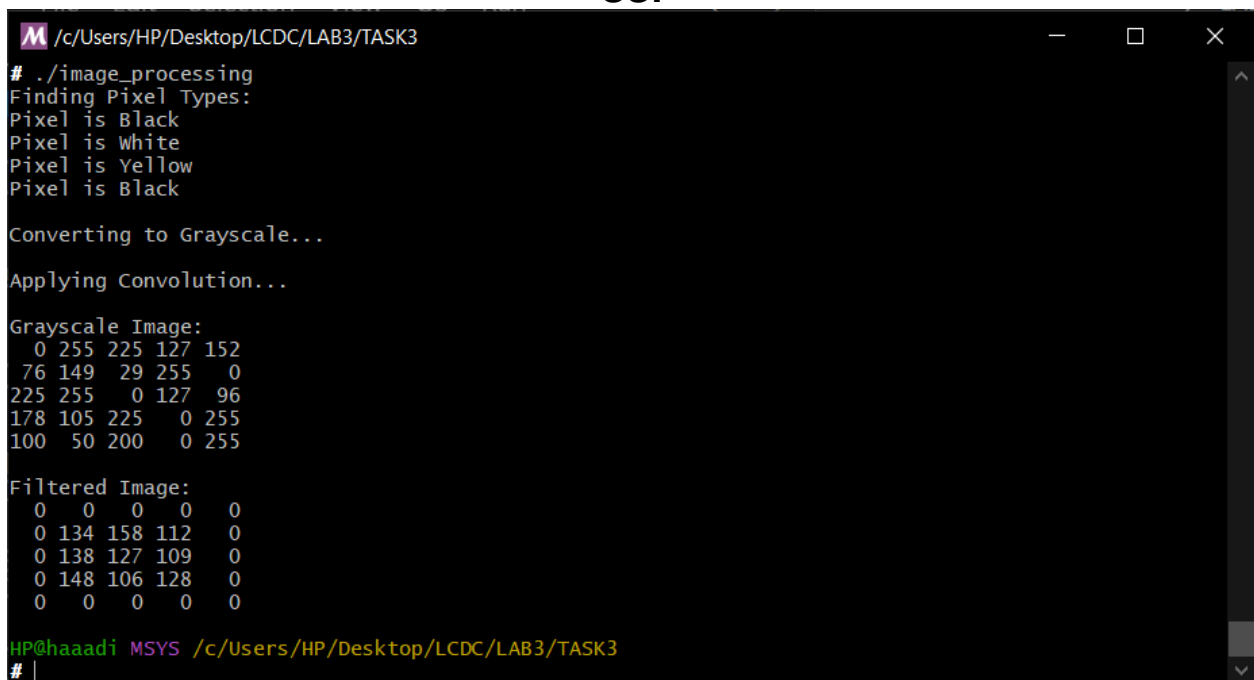
printf("\nApplying Convolution...\n");
applyConvolution(grayscale, output);

printf("\nGrayscale Image:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < HEIGHT; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {
        printf("%3d ", grayscale[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

printf("\nFiltered Image:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < HEIGHT; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {
        printf("%3d ", output[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

return 0;
}
```

SS:



```
M /c/Users/HP/Desktop/LCDC/LAB3/TASK3
# ./image_processing
Finding Pixel Types:
Pixel is Black
Pixel is White
Pixel is Yellow
Pixel is Black

Converting to Grayscale...

Applying Convolution...

Grayscale Image:
 0 255 225 127 152
76 149  29 255  0
225 255  0 127  96
178 105 225  0 255
100  50 200  0 255

Filtered Image:
0 0 0 0 0
0 134 158 112 0
0 138 127 109 0
0 148 106 128 0
0 0 0 0 0

HP@haaadi MSYS /c/Users/HP/Desktop/LCDC/LAB3/TASK3
# |
```

CONCLUSION:

In this lab we used basic arrays and did some projects using it.