Documenting SW projects

One approach – Use this one, or define and follow a better one

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Principles or goals for good SW documentation

- Maintainable
- = > Generate what you can generate automatically
- Document only to the needed level
- Avoid documentation that can be made unnecessary by other means
- School methods are often different ones, as they often introduce phases of some step-wise learning process
 - Nothing bad in that, and while learning even necessary. But leads often to unmaintained and bloated documentation
- In real project add only the documentation and visualization that is necessary
- Just link if the information is available elsewhere
- Provide Table of Contents where each developer can find just the interesting parts
 - Divide the content to shorter modules for easier learning but also for selection based on need and interest
- Optimize understanding and project reading speed, 'never' project writing speed
 - (Exception: Of course there might be elegant shorter solutions evailable)

Parts of project documentation

- Environment, tool and project information
- Architecture introduction
- Data model database design and visualization
- Program code comments
- API documentation

Environment, tool and project information

- Handover is important in all projects. We never know who might continue with the project
- README.md is our project information de-facto standard.
 - Some Markdown markup examples given on the course. Check them out. Test whether works on GitHub pages.
- Make your project installation and configuration clear to the reader. An average IT professional has to be able to setup everything without further assistance!
- Don't write redundant information. Thus no instructions on how to e.g. install Docker. Just list it as prerequisites and possibly give link to elsewhere.
- Remember to explain the git-ignored secrets config! (But no real values to the git repo (history)!)
 - E.g. .env or .env.local file location and model structure with fake values
- Be modular in your explanations, link to the other .md files in the project.

Architecture introduction

- Give just the big picture, put the reader on the map
- It's a lot easier to study the project folders and code when one has some kind of idea what to look for
- Maybe some rough visualization of the architecture and very brief explanations of each part or module?
- Thus: Less detail than e.g. in exam question explaining the architecture, which is proof of learning.
- Possible just in this level: Frontend: React, MaterialUI, AJAX with Axios, react-router-dom (v6 routing contexts used).
 - Would it be possible to link to e.g. the library list in package.json of a Node project?
- Keep this simple and as short as possible.
- Keep this so generic that there should not be much need for changes later.

Database design and visualization

- In school you have learned good long processes for database design. From conceptual level ER diagrams, to logical level design, normalization, database diagrams, etc.
- Those are to some extent for learning the database design
- Some developers just do the database design and implementation at once (database diagram or just SQL DDL scripts). This of course requires some expertise and experience.
- Many tools offer generation of diagrams based on SQL DDL Create table statements.
 - E.g. DBeaver offers adding more diagrams to the project and selecting which tables you want to include in there.
 DBeaver calls them ER diagrams, but they are actually logical level database diagrams, table diagrams.
- In addition to generated database diagrams we need some data dictionary for:
 - a) avoided aliases/synonyms in project documentation, code and UI (customer, client, buyer, consumer, lead)
 - b) agreeing on the units/limits etc. flightHeight: ft? m? km? max? min? accuracy?
 - c) general understanding of some complicated business case concept.
- Many databases offer the COMMENT ON feature of the SQL standard. Comments on tables and columns.
- Then we could avoid having separate database documents at all? All generated from scripts?

Program code comments

- First rule: Avoid need for code comments. Rather try to make your code clear with naming conventions and folder structure
 - Folder structure
 - Naming: Folders, files, classes, modules, functions, variables, attributes of objects
- Then, if still needed, explain the confusing, irregular/unconventional/ or complicated parts only
- Less is more. Quality over quantity. Think from reader's point of view and starting point, not yours.
- Try to understand thing incorrectly, if possible, improve.
- Sometimes writing longer code helps, optimize reading speed, never the writing speed.
- E.g. changing from the a ? b : c ternary operator to if-else might help the readability of the code and e.g. allow using explanatory variable names and comments next to lines

API documentation

- Libraries exist for generating API documentation based on the API (the interface)
- We just need to add possible commentation as some kind of annotation or javadoc-kind of comments
 - (Javadoc: Write comments on certain style and they go to the javadoc tool generated HTML etc. Documentation)
 - Microsoft had similar thing called "XML comments"
 - Someting like /** **/ instead of /* */ and with parameter annotation comments
- Thus, maybe use a library instead of non-updating Word document.

Didn't we agree on this presentation mostly that we can almost totally remove non-generated, non-code or script linked documentation?