

Q1 (38%)

(a)4%

(b)6%

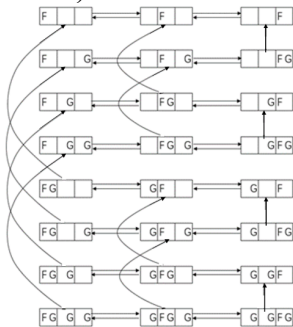
RFRF

(c)6%

RRFLFLF or LLFRFRF or ...

(d)8%

State space graph: F for knight and G for monster (24 states)



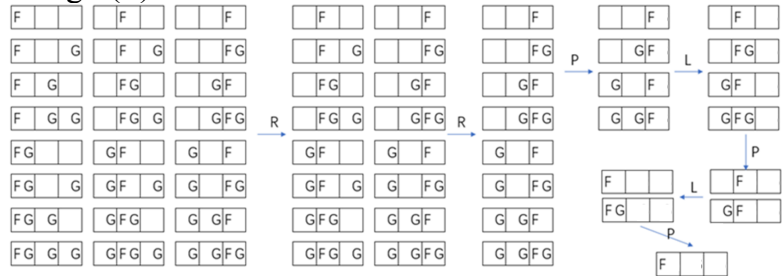
(e)6%

Current believe state: (24 states)

F				F				F	
F			G		F		G		FG
F		G			FG				GF
F		G	G		FG		G		GF
FG				GF			G		F
FG		G		GF		G			FG
FG		G		GF	G			G	GF
FG	G	G		GF	G		G		GF

(f)8%

P: fight(F)



Q2 (30%)

(a)3%

Yes, because the goal is to find the shortest path. The straight-line distance is heuristic admissible.

(b)9%

1. Internally, the agent function of an intelligent agent is implemented by an agent program. Concrete implementation and running on the agent architecture.

Rational Agent

2. The one that does the right thing
3. Every entry of the agent function is filled out correctly

Utility-based Agent: The agent selects action optimizing a utility which evaluates how far we are from the goal.

(b)4%

Performance Measures vs. Utility function

1. A performance measure (typically **imposed by the designer**) is used to **evaluate the behavior of the agent in environment**. It tells does agent do what it's supposed to do in the environment.
2. A utility function is used **by an agent itself** to evaluate how desirable states are. Some paths to the goal are better (more efficient) than others –which path is the best
3. Does agent do what it's supposed to do vs. does agent do it in optimal way
4. The utility function may not be the same as the performance measure
5. An agent may have no explicit utility function at all, whereas there is always a performance measure

(c)4%

P: Taste of coffee, Production speed, etc.

E: Coffee beans, Water, Milk, etc.

A: Grinding of the machine, Filter cooking and extraction, etc.

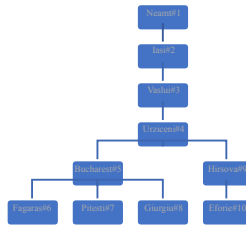
S: Bean Grinder, Thermostat, etc.

Q4 (20%)

(a)8%

Oradea-Sibiu-Rimnicu Vilcea-Pitesti

(b)8%



deep=1
deep=5

deep=2
deep=6

deep=3

deep=4

(c)4%

Reasonable answers are accepted.

Relatively fast running speed.

Require to store all nodes generated, memory consumption is high.