# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 4\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 20 Marks Obtained: 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What are the applications of dequeue?

**Answer** 

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

#### Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp.getNext();Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

#### Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
 int* arr;
   int front:
   int rear:
   int size:
 } Queue:
Queue* createQueue() {
   Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = -1;
   queue->rear = -1;
   queue->size = 0;
   return queue;
int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
```

```
return (queue->size == 0);
}
int main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
    return 0;
}
Answer
Is the queue empty? 1
Status: Correct
Marks: 1/1
```

6. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

#### Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
   int* arr;
   int front;
   int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
   Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = 0;
   queue->size = 0;
```

```
return queue;
int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("%d", queue->size);
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
   0
   Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
   8. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an
array-based queue?
   Answer
   Dequeue
   Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
   9. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to
   contain?
   InsertFront(10);
   InsertFront(20);
InsertRear(30);
   DeleteFront();
   InsertRear(40);
   InsertRear(10);
   DeleteRear();
   InsertRear(15);
   display();
   Answer
```

10 30 40 15

Status: Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

**Answer** 

**ABCD** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Stack

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

12. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX\_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX\_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

**Answer** 

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

**Answer** 

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

#### Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

### Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

#### Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
{
   Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
   if(isEmpty())
   {
      head.setNext(temp);
      temp.setNext(trail);
   }
   else
   {
```

```
Node cur=head.getNext();
while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
{
    cur=cur.getNext();
}
cur.setNext(temp);
}
size++;
}

Answer
Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1
```

19. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

#### Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
   int arr[MAX_SIZE];
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
} Queue;

void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
   if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
      return;
   }
}
```

```
queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
queue->arr[queue->rear] = data:
      queue->size++;
    int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
      if (queue->size == 0) {
         return -1;
      int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
      queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      queue->size--;
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      return data;
int main() {
      Queue queue;
      queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
      queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
enqueue(&queue, 4);
printf("%d " doc
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      return 0:
    }
    Answer
    1234
    Status: Correct
```

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Marks: 1/1

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